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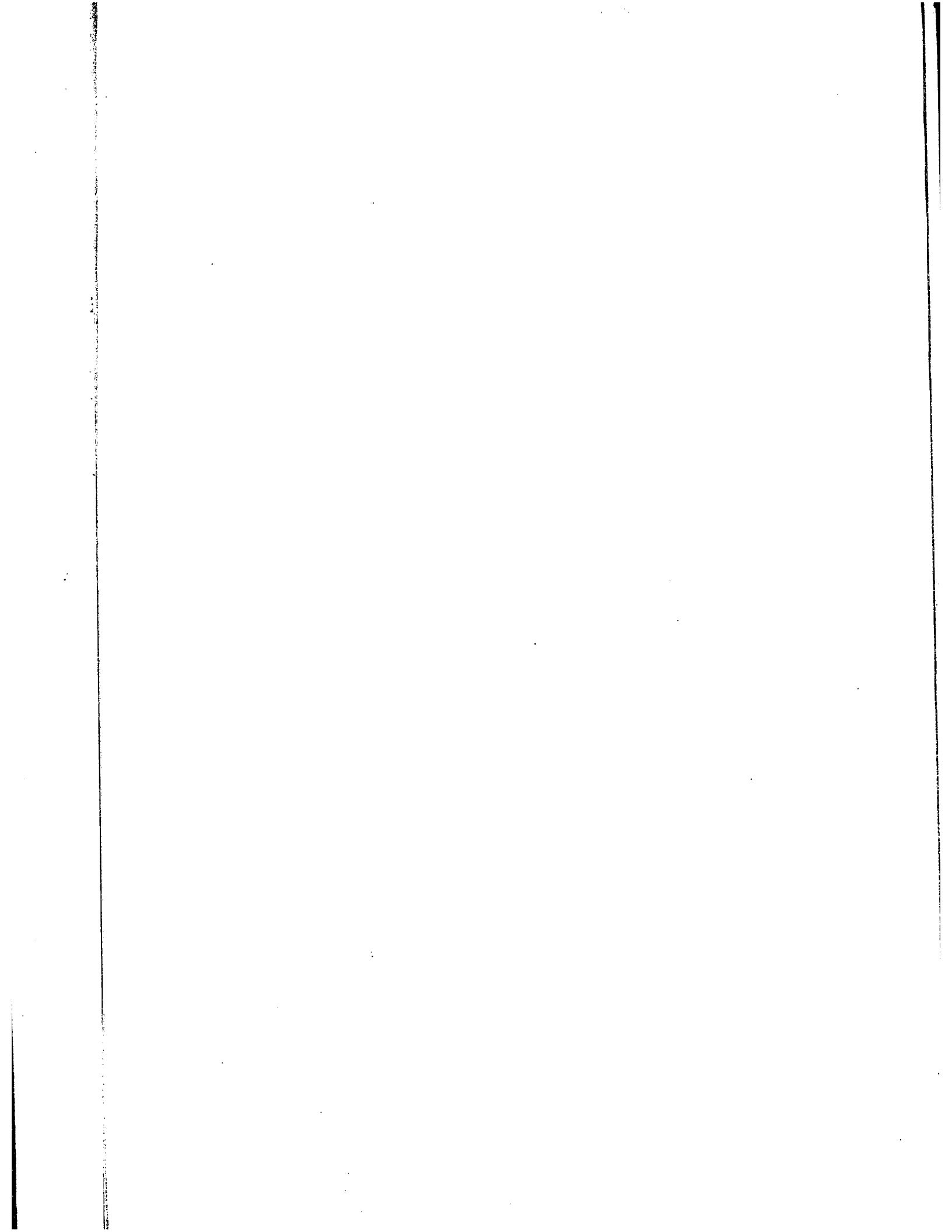
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TRITICUM AESTIVUM (VAR. MARQUIS AND RIDÉAU)

THE EFFECT OF IMBIBITION AND VERNALIZATION ON SOME

PARAMETERS OF ROOT GROWTH

BY

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A THESIS

SUBMITTED TO THE

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STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

OVER THE PAST THREE DECADES THE MAJOR STUDIES ON THE EFFECT OF VERNALIZATION ON CEREAL GROWTH HAVE EMPHASISED THE EFFECT OF CHILLING ON HASTENING THE ONSET OF FLOWERING AND HAVE STRESSED ATTENDANT MORPHOLOGICAL CHANGES IN THE SHOOT GROWTH OF TREATED PLANTS.

LITTLE INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE HOWEVER ON THE SPECIFIC EFFECT OF VERNALIZATION ON ROOT GROWTH. WORT (1940) VISUALLY NOTED AN INCREASE IN THE TOTAL ROOTING SYSTEM OF A SPRING WHEAT AND INCREASED DRY WEIGHT MEASUREMENTS FOLLOWING VERNALIZATION. WEINBERGER AND GODIN (1963) FOUND THAT VERNALIZATION INCREASED CELL COUNTS IN A 10 MM. SEGMENT OF THE ROOT APEX.

THE PRESENT STUDY WAS UNDERTAKEN IN ORDER TO ELUCIDATE WHETHER VERNALIZATION DID IN FACT HAVE ANY EFFECT, (WHETHER LARGE OR SMALL), UPON THE GROWTH OF THE PRIMARY ROOTING SYSTEM. A SPRING AND WINTER WHEAT WERE SELECTED AND EXPOSED TO TWO IMBIBITION PERIODS IN ORDER TO ASCERTAIN WHETHER THERE WAS A VARIETAL DIFFERENCE IN THE ROOTING RESPONSE TO VERNALIZATION, AND TO DETERMINE WHETHER THIS WAS MODIFIED BY THE IMBIBITION PERIOD. THE PARAMETERS SELECTED WERE CHANGES IN LENGTH OF THE WHOLE PRIMARY ROOT AND OF SEVEN 0.5 MM. DELINEATED ROOT TIP SEGMENTS TOGETHER WITH CHANGES IN CELL NUMBER, FRESH AND DRY WEIGHTS OF EACH OF THESE SEGMENTS WITH TIME. THIS PRIMARY DATA YIELDED INFORMATION ON CHANGES IN CELL NUMBER, AVERAGE CELL LENGTH, AND AVERAGE CELL FRESH AND DRY WEIGHTS WITH DISTANCE FROM THE ROOT APEX.

ABSTRACT

THE EFFECT OF A VERNALIZING TEMPERATURE ON THE EARLY ROOT GROWTH OF SPRING AND WINTER WHEAT (VAR. MARQUIS AND RIDEAU) HAS BEEN EXAMINED FOLLOWING TWO IMBIBITION PERIODS (5 AND 14 HOURS), AND 1-7 WEEKS OF COLD TREATMENT.

COMPLETION OF THE THERMO-PHASE, AS VERIFIED BY TWO STANDARD BIOCHEMICAL METHODS, VARIED WITH THE SEED VARIETY AND THE IMBIBITION PERIOD.

FOUR WEEKS OF PRIOR COLD TREATMENT PROVIDED THE MAXIMAL IMPETUS TO GERMINATION REGARDLESS OF THE CEREAL VARIETY, IMBIBITION PERIOD, OR THERMO-PHASE REQUIREMENT.

A MARKED INCREASE IN CELL NUMBER AND A PROLONGATION OF THE "MITOTIC-STATE" WAS OBSERVED TO BE CO-INCIDENTAL WITH THE COMPLETION OF THE THERMO-PHASE IN BOTH GRAIN VARIETIES. CHANGES IN SEGMENT LENGTH, AVERAGE CELL LENGTH, FRESH WEIGHT AND DRY WEIGHT PER SEGMENT AND PER AVERAGE CELL OF THE PRIMARY ROOT OF THESE WHEAT VARIETIES WERE ALSO SHOWN TO BE CORRELATED WITH THE COMPLETION OF VERNALIZATION.

RÉSUMÉ

L'EFFET DE LA TEMPÉRATURE DE VERNALIZATION SUR LA CROISSANCE INITIALE DE LA RACINE DU BLÉ DE PRINTEMPS (VAR. MARQUIS) ET DU BLÉ D'HIVER (VAR. RIDEAU) FUT ÉTUDIÉ AU MOYEN DE DEUX PÉRIODES D'IMBIBITION (5 ET 14 HEURES) ET D'UN TRAITEMENT AU FROID VARIANT DE 1 À 7 SEMAINES. LA DURÉE DE LA "THERMO-PHASE" (VÉRIFIÉE PAR DEUX ÉPREUVES BIOCHIMIQUES), S'AVÉRA DIFFÉRENTE SELON LA VARIÉTÉ DE GRAINE ET LA PÉRIODE D'IMBIBITION.

QUATRE SEMAINES DE RÉFRIGÉRATION DONNENT L'IMPULSION MAXIMALE À LA GERMINATION, INDÉPENDEMMENT DE LA VARIÉTÉ DE CÉRÉALE, DE LA PÉRIODE D'IMBIBITION OU DE LA DURÉE DE LA "THERMO-PHASE". UNE AUGMENTATION MARQUÉE DU NOMBRE DES CELLULES ET LA PROLONGATION DU STADE MITOTIQUE ACCOMPAGNENT L'ACHÈVEMENT DE LA "THERMO-PHASE" DANS LES DEUX VARIÉTÉS DE CÉRÉALE. LE TERME DE LA VERNALIZATION EST ASSOCIÉ À DES CHANGEMENTS DANS LA LONGUEUR DES SEGMENTS, DANS LA LONGUEUR MOYENNE DES CELLULES, DANS LE POIDS FRAIS ET LE POIDS SEC DES RACINES.

LIST OF CODE USED IN THE TEXT

- K : CONTROL SEEDLING - EXPOSED TO CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT CABINET TEMPERATURE ONLY.
- C.E.C. : CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT CABINET.
- C₁ : SEEDS VERNALIZED ONE WEEK AT $2 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- C₂ : SEEDS VERNALIZED TWO WEEKS AT $2 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- C₃ : SEEDS VERNALIZED THREE WEEKS AT $2 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- C₄ : SEEDS VERNALIZED FOUR WEEKS AT $2 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- C₅ : SEEDS VERNALIZED FIVE WEEKS AT $2 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- C₆ : SEEDS VERNALIZED SIX WEEKS AT $2 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- C₇ : SEEDS VERNALIZED SEVEN WEEKS AT $2 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- M₅ : MARQUIS WHEAT (SPRING VAR.) IMBIBED 5 HOURS PRIOR TO VERNALIZATION.
- R₅ : RIDEAU WHEAT (WINTER VAR.) IMBIBED 5 HOURS PRIOR TO VERNALIZATION.
- R₁₄ : RIDEAU WHEAT (WINTER VAR.) IMBIBED 14 HOURS PRIOR TO VERNALIZATION.
- M₅K, R₅K, R₁₄K : - CONTROL SEED OF MARQUIS AND RIDEAU WHEAT, FIVE AND FOURTEEN HOUR IMBIBED.
- M₅C₁₋₇, R₅C₁₋₇, R₁₄C₁₋₇ : TREATED SEED OF MARQUIS AND RIDEAU WHEAT, FIVE AND FOURTEEN HOUR IMBIBED, VERNALIZED FROM 1-7 WEEKS.

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PART ONE

INTRODUCTION

IN TEMPERATE COUNTRIES THE SEEDS OF WINTER CEREALS MUST BE PLANTED IN THE FALL, OR BEFORE THE END OF WINTER, FOR THE PLANTS TO FLOWER DURING THE FOLLOWING SUMMER. IF THEY ARE PLANTED IN SPRING, WINTER CEREALS DO NOT COME TO FLOWER UNTIL THE LATE FALL, AND DO NOT EAR UNTIL EARLY NOVEMBER. THIS LATE EARING MAKES HARVESTING OF THE WHEAT ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE BECAUSE OF THE ONSET OF THE RAIN AND SNOW OF WINTER. SPRING CEREALS, ON THE OTHER HAND, WHICH GENERALLY CAN NOT SURVIVE THE PROLONGED COLD OF WINTER, ARE SOWN IN SPRING, AND THE CEREALS FLOWER IN MID-SUMMER OF THE SAME YEAR.

SINCE THE LAST CENTURY, MANY SCIENTISTS HAVE STUDIED THE TWO DIFFERENT TYPES OF CEREALS (16,17,24,25,35). CONSISTENTLY, THEY HAVE FOUND THAT IT IS THE LOW TEMPERATURES OF THE WINTER PERIOD WHICH HASTENS THE SUBSEQUENT FLOWERING.

THE TERM "VERNALIZATION" WAS ORIGINALLY COINED BY LYSENKO 1928 (23) TO DESCRIBE THE ACCELERATION OF THE REPRODUCTIVE STAGE OF GROWTH BY CHILLING THE WINTER CEREAL SEEDS OR SEEDLINGS. EFFECTIVE CHILLING TEMPERATURES ARE IN THE RANGE OF -5°C TO $+10^{\circ}\text{C}$ (16,17,35,36). THE MAXIMAL RESPONSE BEING ELICITED BETWEEN 0°C AND $+3^{\circ}\text{C}$. PURVIS NOTED THAT RYE SEEDS OR SEEDLINGS MAINTAINED AT TEMPERATURES BELOW -6°C DECAYED AFTER PLANTING. A NEUTRAL RESPONSE WAS OBTAINED FROM 13°C TO 15°C AND DEVERNALIZATION OCCURRED IN RYE AT TEMPERATURES HIGHER

THAN 18°C (24).

UNDER NATURAL CONDITIONS, THE VARIOUS CEREAL SPECIES HAVE DIFFERENT CHILLING TIME REQUIREMENTS WHICH DEPEND UPON THEIR NATIVE CLIMATE (34). SEEDS MAY THUS BE PARTIALLY VERNALIZED BEFORE REAPING. BECAUSE OF THIS, THE SAME VARIETY OF WHEAT GROWN IN DIFFERENT REGIONS, MAY HAVE DIFFERENT REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DURATION OF COLD TREATMENT IN ORDER TO COMPLETE THE VERNALIZATION PROCESS.

THE EFFECTIVENESS OF CHILLING IN BOTH WINTER AND SPRING CEREALS IS DEPENDENT UPON THE WATER SUPPLY AVAILABLE TO THE SEEDS AT THE TIME OF IMBIBITION, AS WELL AS ON THE TEMPERATURE TO WHICH THE SEEDS ARE SUBSEQUENTLY EXPOSED (34). USUALLY AN OPTIMAL RESPONSE IS OBTAINED WHEN THE AMOUNT OF WATER USED IS EQUAL TO 50-60% OF THE AIR DRY WEIGHT OF THE SEED (34).

GREGORY AND PURVIS 1938 (16) NOTED THAT CHILLING AFFECTED THE MERISTEMATIC CELLS OF THE EMBRYO, BUT THE LATENT CHANGES ONLY BECAME MORPHOLOGICALLY EVIDENT DURING SUBSEQUENT GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT.

IN STUDYING THE EARLY STAGES OF SEED GROWTH, IT IS IMPORTANT TO DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN THE GERMINATION PROCESS AS SUCH AND SUBSEQUENT SEEDLING GROWTH. IN THIS THESIS, GERMINATION IS DEFINED AS ENCOMPASSING THOSE PROCESSES WHICH START WITH THE IMBIBITION OF THE SEED AND END WITH THE PROTRUSION OF THE ROOT THROUGH THE PERICARP. THE LATER STAGES OF GERMINATION INEVITABLY OVERLAP THE EARLY STAGES OF ROOT GROWTH. MANY DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES TAKE PLACE INSIDE THE SEED

AND PREPARE THE EMBRYO FOR SUBSEQUENT GROWTH (16). IT IS KNOWN THAT WINTER CEREALS AND SOME SPRING CEREALS ARE ABLE TO BE BROUGHT TO EARLIER FLOWERING ONLY AFTER CERTAIN METABOLIC CHANGES HAVE BEEN INDUCED BY EXPOSURE TO LOW TEMPERATURE (16). BIOCHEMICALLY, LITTLE IS KNOWN ABOUT THE METABOLIC SEQUENCE ASSOCIATED WITH VERNALIZATION.

TWO EMPIRICAL BIOCHEMICAL TESTS HAVE BEEN DEVISED FOR USE ON CEREAL EMBRYOS IN ORDER TO DETECT THE COMPLETION OF THE VERNALIZATION REQUIREMENT OF THE SEEDS. ONE OF THESE METHODS WAS DEVISED BY BASSARSKAJA (1). HE USED A STAINING REACTION BASED ON THE PRECIPITATION OF PRUSSIAN BLUE WITHIN THE EMBRYO TISSUES FOLLOWING ADDITION OF FERRIC CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM FERROCYANIDE. RICHTER (26) USED A TECHNIQUE BASED UPON THE DISPLACEMENT OF THE ISO-ELECTRIC POINT OF THE EMBRYO TISSUES TO DETERMINE THE COMPLETION OF THE VERNALIZATION REQUIREMENT.

TEMPERATURE AFFECTS GROWTH IN VARIOUS WAYS. WORKING IN THE GENERAL FIELD OF ROOT GROWTH, MENT (34) FOUND THAT A DAILY VARIATION IN TEMPERATURE (CIRCA 25°C DURING THE DAY, AND 17° - 20°C AT NIGHT) PROVIDED OPTIMAL TEMPERATURE CONDITIONS FOR ROOT GROWTH OF THE PLANTS STUDIED. BURSTRÖM (5) NOTE THAT UNDER HIGH TEMPERATURES THE FINAL LENGTH OF THE CELLS OF MANY ROOTS WAS REDUCED BECAUSE OF THE SHORTER PERIOD OF CELL ELONGATION.

IN STUDYING THE NATURE OF GROWTH AND DIFFERENTIATION OF APICAL MERISTEMS, ROOT MERISTEMS SPECIFICALLY, HAVE RECEIVED MUCH ATTENTION BY EARLY WORKERS (11, 19, 20). CHANGES IN GROWTH ARE MORE EASILY FOLLOWED HERE SINCE ROOTS ARE NOT OBSCURED OR COMPLICATED BY FOLIAR

EMERGENCES. EACH REGION MELTS SOMEWHAT INTO THE NEXT SO THAT NO CLEAR CUT LINE OF DEMARCATION IS ACTUALLY VISIBLE.

USUALLY, THE ROOT TIP IN LONGITUDINAL SECTION IS SOMEWHAT ARBITRARILY DIVIDED INTO FOUR REGIONS, NAMELY, THE ROOT CAP (0 MM. TO 0.5 MM.), THE MERISTEMATIC ZONE (0.5 TO THE 4.0 MM.), ZONE OF ELONGATION (4.0 MM. TO 10 MM.) AND THE ZONE OF DIFFERENTIATION OR MATURATION (BEYOND 10 MM.) (11,19,28). GROWTH IN A MULTICELLULAR ORGAN OR PLANT USUALLY INVOLVES AN INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF CELLS AND/OR AN INCREASE IN THE SIZE OF ITS CONSTITUENT CELLS. THE RELATIVE CONTRIBUTION OF CELL DIVISION AND CELL EXPANSION TOWARDS LONGITUDINAL GROWTH IN THE APICES OF ROOTS HAS BEEN INVESTIGATED IN SEVERAL WAYS.

GRAY AND SCHOLES 1951 (15) FOLLOWED ROOT GROWTH BY COUNTING THE NUMBER OF CELLS IN MITOSIS AND INTERPHASE IN CONSECUTIVE ROOT TIP SECTIONS. BROWN AND RICKLESS 1949 (4) ASSESSED THE ROOT GROWTH OF THEIR EXCISED MATERIAL BY MEASURING THE ROOT AND THEN MACERATING IT IN A KNOWN VOLUME OF CHROMIC ACID. SAMPLES OF THE CELLULAR SUSPENSION WERE TAKEN, COUNTED ON A HEMOCYTOMETER SLIDE, AND FROM THIS COUNT THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CELLS CONTAINED IN KNOWN LENGTHS OF ROOT WERE COMPUTED.

IN ORDER TO ESTABLISH THE CHANGING PATTERN OF GROWTH WITH TIME, ANALYSES HAVE ALSO BEEN MADE OF CAMERA LUCIDA DRAWINGS OR OF PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORDS OF MARKED EPIDERMAL CELLS, OR OF INK MARKS ON THE SURFACE OF THE ROOTS. THIS APPROACH HAS BEEN APPLIED BY

ERICKSON AND COWORKERS (8, 9, 10, 11) AND GOODWIN AND AVERS 1956. THEY USED A FINE CAMEL HAIR BRUSH AND MARKED THE ROOTS WITH LAMP BLACK AT 0.5 MM. INTERVALS FROM THE ROOT TIPS. CONTINUOUS PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORDS OF THE SUBSEQUENT DISPLACEMENT OF THESE MARKINGS PROVIDED THE BASIC DATA FOR COMPUTING GROWTH RATES.

GROWTH HAS ALSO BEEN ASSESSED IN TERMS OF CHANGING FRESH AND DRY WEIGHTS. WORKING WITH ZEA ROOTS, COOK (6) FOUND THAT THE FRESH WEIGHT INCREASED FROM 44 μ G. PER CELL IN THE ZONE OF CELL DIVISION, (THE MERISTEMATIC ZONE), TO 88 μ G. PER CELL IN THE ZONE OF EXTENSION GROWTH. WHEN MAXIMAL CELL SIZE WAS REACHED, AN INCREASE IN DRY WEIGHT WAS ALSO OBSERVED. IN THE CASE OF ZEA, THIS INCREASE VARIED FROM 2.2 μ G. IN THE MERISTEMATIC ZONE TO 8.3 μ G. PER CELL IN THE ZONE OF ELONGATION (28).

MANY BIOCHEMICAL ANALYSES OF GROWING TISSUES HAVE ALSO BEEN FOLLOWED. SOME OF THESE HAVE DESCRIBED CHANGES IN DNA, RNA, PROTEINS (14), AMINO ACIDS (21), THIOLS (2), ENZYMES (37), AND CELL WALL CONSTITUENTS WITH GROWTH.

LITTLE INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE, HOWEVER, ON THE SPECIFIC EFFECT OF VERNALIZATION ON ROOT GROWTH. WORT 1939 (35) CURSORILY NOTED THAT VERNALIZATION WAS FOLLOWED BY MORE VIGOROUS ROOT GROWTH AS OBSERVED VISUALLY, AND BY INCREASED DRY WEIGHT MEASUREMENTS ON WHOLE ROOT SYSTEMS. WEINBERGER AND GODIN 1963 (32) INDICATED THAT IN WINTER WHEAT (VAR. RIDEAU) VERNALIZATION OF THE SEED CAUSED A

MARKED CHANGE IN THE METABOLISM OF THE SEEDLING AND THEIR WORK INDICATED AN EFFECT ON CELL DIVISION IN ROOT APICES WITH CHILLING. HOWEVER, THE EMPHASIS OF THEIR WORK WAS ON LEAF GROWTH. FROM THEIR STUDY IT APPEARED AS IF THE PRIMARY EFFECT OF THE COLD TREATMENT WAS TO GET GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OFF TO A MORE RAPID START.

RELATIVELY FEW CONCISE AND ANNOTATED OBSERVATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE IN THE FIELD OF ROOT GROWTH RESPONSE TO VERNALIZATION. THE MAIN OBJECTIVE OF THE PRESENT WORK WAS TO STUDY, IN DEPTH, THE EFFECT OF VERNALIZATION AND TWO IMBIBITION PERIODS ON SELECTED PARAMETERS OF ROOT GROWTH.

THIS INVESTIGATION REPRESENTS A STUDY IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF CELLS AT THE ROOT APEX, FROM THE MERISTEMATIC TO THE FULLY VACUOLATED STATE, IN ROOTS DERIVED FROM THE SEED CHILLED FROM 1-7 WEEKS AT $2 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$.

A SPRING AND WINTER WHEAT WERE SELECTED IN ORDER TO ASCERTAIN WHETHER THERE WAS A DIFFERENCE IN RESPONSE BETWEEN THESE VARIETIES. AN ATTEMPT WAS MADE IN THIS WAY TO ESTABLISH FIRSTLY, WHETHER VERNALIZATION DOES IN FACT HAVE SOME EFFECT (WHETHER LARGE OR SMALL) ON THE EARLY GROWTH OF THESE CEREAL ROOT SYSTEMS, SECONDLY, WHETHER THE YOUNG ROOTS OF SPRING AND WINTER WHEAT VARIETIES RESPOND IN A SIMILAR WAY TO VERNALIZATION, AND FINALLY, TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE PRECONDITIONING TREATMENT OF THE SEED (IN THIS CASE THE DURATION OF THE IMBIBITION PERIOD) AFFECTED THE SUBSEQUENT ROOT GROWTH RESPONSE TO COLD.

THE SPRING AND WINTER WHEATS SELECTED WERE VARIETIES WHICH ARE MOST COMMONLY SOWN IN THIS REGION, NAMELY TRITICUM AESTIVUM VAR. MARQUIS AND VAR. RIDEAU. IN THIS WAY THE EFFECT OF VERNALIZATION ON THE INITIAL ROOT GROWTH OF TWO TYPES OF ECONOMICALLY IMPORTANT CEREAL VARIETIES WAS FOLLOWED.

PART TWO

A. MATERIALS AND METHODSI. TREATMENT OF SEEDS AND SEEDLINGS

MARQUIS (SPRING) AND RIDEAU (WINTER) WHEATS WERE USED THROUGHOUT THE STUDY IN PARALLEL EXPERIMENTS. SEED WAS OBTAINED FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, DIVISION OF FORAGE CROPS, THROUGH THE COURTESY OF DR. D.J.C. FRIEND.

METHOD OF SEED SOWING - FIVE GRAMS OF MEDIUM SIZED SEEDS WERE WEIGHED FOR EACH TREATMENT. THEY WERE THEN EVENLY SPACED IN 9 CM. DIAMETER BLACK PAINTED PETRI DISHES LINED WITH WHATMAN NO. 1 FILTER PAPER. THE GENERAL DESIGN WAS SIMILAR TO THE VERNALIZATION DISHES USED BY PURVIS AND GREGORY 1952 (24). SOWINGS WERE ARRANGED SO THAT DETERMINATIONS ON TREATED AND CONTROL ROOTS OF MARQUIS AND RIDEAU WHEAT COULD BE MADE ON SIXTY ROOTS EVERY TWO HOURS OVER A 48 HOUR EXPERIMENTAL PERIOD.

METHOD OF IMBIBITION - GLASS-DISTILLED WATER WAS ADDED TO THE SEEDS IN THE PETRI DISHES UP TO A TOTAL OF 60 PER CENT OF THEIR AIR-DRIED WEIGHT. THE SEEDS WERE THEN LEFT TO GERMINATE AT 25°C. IN THE CASE OF RIDEAU WHEAT SEEDS, TWO IMBIBITION PERIODS WERE EMPLOYED, NAMELY FIVE AND FOURTEEN HOURS. FOR MARQUIS WHEAT SEEDS, A FIVE HOUR IMBIBITION PERIOD ONLY WAS FOLLOWED (C.F. RESULTS P. 16).

PERCENTAGE GERMINATION - THE PERCENTAGE OF GERMINATION OF TREATED AND CONTROL SEED WAS OBTAINED OVER THE INITIAL 48 HOUR PERIOD IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING IMBIBITION AND TREATMENT.

CONDITIONS OF VERNALIZATION - THE PETRI DISHES CONTAINING THE IMBIBED SEEDS WERE STORED FOR ONE TO SEVEN WEEKS IN A REFRIGERATOR AT A TEMPERATURE OF $2 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$. THE LIDS OF THE PETRI DISHES WERE REMOVED DAILY AND THE SEEDS AERATED FOR A FEW SECONDS. FOLLOWING THE EXPERIMENTAL PERIOD IN THE COLD, SUBSEQUENT GROWTH OF THE PRIMARY ROOT WAS FOLLOWED IN A CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT GROWTH CABINET.

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT GROWTH CABINET - A SIXTEEN HOUR DAY AND EIGHT HOUR NIGHT WAS MAINTAINED FOR ALL THE EXPERIMENTAL MATERIAL FOLLOWING THE STATED PERIODS OF VERNALIZATION (18). LIGHT WAS PROVIDED BY FLUORESCENT TUBES WITH THE ADDITION OF 35 PER CENT OF INCANDESCENT LIGHT ON A LAMP-WATTAGE BASIS AT AN INTENSITY OF 1750 C. THE TOTAL OUTPUT RATE IN THE SPECTRAL REGION 400-720 M μ . WAS 0.0054 CAL. CM.⁻² MIN.⁻¹ (81 MICROWATT. CM.⁻²) PER 100 FT. C. THE TEMPERATURE WAS MAINTAINED CONSTANT AT $24.5 \pm 0.75^{\circ}\text{C}$ DURING THE DAY AND $18 \pm 0.75^{\circ}\text{C}$ AT NIGHT (53). THE RELATIVE HUMIDITY WAS MAINTAINED AT 80 ± 5 PER CENT. CONTROL SEED WAS PLACED IN THE CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT CHAMBER IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE IMBIBITION PERIOD.

GERMINATION PROCEDURES - FOLLOWING THE IMBIBITION PERIOD THE SWOLLEN GRAIN WAS CAREFULLY SPREAD ON CHEESE CLOTH COVERED SCREENS FITTED ON TOP OF BLACKENED 250 ML. BEAKERS. EACH BEAKER CONTAINED 100 ML. OF DISTILLED WATER. A WICK OF CHEESE CLOTH WAS PROVIDED FROM THIS WATER SOURCE UP TO THE CHEESE CLOTH SCREEN SUPPORTING THE IMBIBED SEEDS. DRYING OF THE SEEDS WAS FURTHER PREVENTED BY

COVERING THEM WITH A LAYER OF COTTON WOOL, WETTED (BUT NOT "SOAKED") WITH DISTILLED WATER. SEEDS WERE PLACED CLOSELY TOGETHER BUT DID NOT ACTUALLY TOUCH ONE ANOTHER. BEAKERS AND SEEDS WERE THEN PLACED IN LARGE 20" X 30" BLACK PAINTED CONTAINERS AND PLACED IN THE CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT CHAMBER AND ALLOWED TO GERMINATE.

SELECTION OF SEEDLINGS - SEEDLINGS WERE DISCARDED IF THEIR PRIMARY ROOT SHOWED ANY CURVATURE FROM THE VERTICAL. OF THE REMAINDER, ONLY THOSE SEEDLINGS WITH PRIMARY ROOTS OF 1.5 ± 0.2 CM. IN LENGTH WERE SELECTED FOR FURTHER STUDY. IN THIS WAY IT WAS ASSURED THAT ALL THE MATERIAL WOULD BE OF A SIMILAR PHYSIOLOGICAL AGE.

2. EMBRYO TESTS

THE EMBRYOS OF CONTROL AND VERNALIZED WHEAT SEED (CHILLED ONE TO SEVEN WEEKS) OF BOTH WINTER AND SPRING VARIETIES (RIDEAU AND MARQUIS) WERE TESTED IN ORDER TO ASCERTAIN THE DEGREE OF COMPLETION OF THE THERMO-PHASE ASSOCIATED WITH VERNALIZATION WITHIN THE SEED. TWO PARALLEL METHODS WERE USED; THESE WERE MINOR MODIFICATIONS OF THOSE INITIATED BY BASSARSKAJA (1) AND RICHTER (26). THESE METHODS INDICATE PROGRESSIVE CHANGES IN THE EMBRYO TISSUES OF TREATED GRAIN BY MEANS OF SERIAL ALTERATIONS IN THEIR STAINING AND ISO-ELECTRIC POINT PROPERTIES RESPECTIVELY.

SECTIONS OF CONTROL AND TREATED EMBRYOS WERE CUT AT A THICKNESS OF 75 μ USING A FREEZING MICROTOME. MEDIAN SECTIONS WERE THEN MOUNTED ON STANDARD GLASS SLIDES USING A GELATIN FIXATIVE AS ADHESIVE.

COLOR TEST - THE SLIDES WERE TREATED WITH 5% FERRIC CHLORIDE FOR 3 MINUTES, RINSED THOROUGHLY SEVERAL TIMES WITH DISTILLED WATER AND THEN IMMERSSED FOR 3 MINUTES IN A 5% POTASSIUM FERROCYANIDE SOLUTION.

TREATED IN THIS WAY THE CONTROL, PARTIALLY VERNALIZED, AND FULLY VERNALIZED SEEDS OF BOTH RIDEAU AND MARQUIS WHEAT SHOWED DIFFERENCES IN REACTION. THE CHANGE IN COLOR WAS FOLLOWED VISUALLY. VISUAL RATINGS WERE GIVEN BY COMPARING A SERIES OF SECTIONS OF VARYING COLOR DENSITIES. PRELIMINARY ATTEMPTS TO DISSOLVE OUT THE COLORS AND RATE THEM MORE OBJECTIVELY ON A COLOR METER PRESENTED SOME DIFFICULTIES, DEPENDENT MAINLY ON THE POOR SOLUBILITY OF PRUSSIAN BLUE.

CHANGE OF THE ISO-ELECTRIC POINT - THE SLIDES WERE TREATED FOR 15 MINUTES WITH McILWAIN'S BUFFER SOLUTIONS OF PH 3.0 TO 7.0 WITH INTERVALS OF 0.2 PH UNITS. FOLLOWING THIS, SECTIONS WERE STAINED FOR 5 MINUTES IN AN AQUEOUS SOLUTION FORMED BY MIXING EQUAL VOLUMES OF A 1% SOLUTION OF EOSIN AND A 1% SOLUTION OF METHYLENE BLUE AT THE MOMENT OF STAINING. AFTER STAINING, THE SLIDES WERE RINSED IN DISTILLED WATER AND RETURNED TO THE BUFFER SOLUTION FOR 6 HOURS. AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE 6 HOUR PERIOD THE PH OF THE BUFFERS WAS DETERMINED USING A COLEMAN GLASS ELECTRODE APPARATUS.

3. METHODS OF MARKING AND MEASURING

THE GENERAL TECHNIQUE USED HAS BEEN TO TAKE SEVEN SERIAL SECTIONS 0.5 MM. THICK ALONG 3.5 MM. OF THE COURSE OF A ROOT FROM THE

APEX TOWARDS THE BASE, AND TO DETERMINE ON DIFFERENT, BUT CORRESPONDING, GROUPS OF SECTIONS, THEIR LENGTH, THE NUMBER OF CELLS THEY CONTAIN, THEIR FRESH AND DRY WEIGHTS. MEASUREMENTS WERE MADE EVERY 2 HOURS TO A TOTAL OF 48 HOURS. FROM THESE DATA THE MEASUREMENTS PER CELL WERE OBTAINED BY DIVIDING THE APPROPRIATE VALUE FOR THE SECTION BY THE NUMBER OF CELLS IT CONTAINED. THIS PROCEDURE YIELDED A FIGURE WHICH WAS AN AVERAGE MEASURE FOR THE CELLS IN ANY PARTICULAR ZONE OF THE ROOT AND DOES NOT REPRESENT DATA RELEVANT TO ANY PARTICULAR CELL TYPE. RECOGNIZING THEIR LIMITATIONS, THESE TECHNIQUES DO AFFORD A METHOD OF RELATING LINEAR MEASUREMENTS TO MEASUREMENTS OF OTHER ASPECTS OF GROWTH AND PROVIDES A MEANS OF ASSESSING THE EFFECT OF SEED CHILLING ON SUBSEQUENT ROOT GROWTH.

MARKING PROCEDURE - THE PRIMARY ROOT OF EACH OF THE SELECTED SEEDLINGS WAS SUPPORTED ON SLIDES COVERED WITH FOUR LAYERS OF MOISTENED CHEESE CLOTH. THE SLIDES WERE THEN PLACED ON THE STAGE OF A BINOCULAR MICROSCOPE EQUIPPED WITH A MICROMETER EYE PIECE. USING A VERY FINE NYLON THREAD (5-10 μ DIAMETER) SOAKED IN INDIA INK, SEVEN MARKINGS WERE MADE AT 0.5 MM. INTERVALS FROM THE ROOT TIP BACKWARDS. SUBSEQUENTLY, EACH SEED WAS LIGHTLY BOUND AND SUPPORTED ON A CHEESE CLOTH COVERED SLIDE. EACH SLIDE WAS THEN PLACED IN A VERTICAL POSITION IN A 250 ML. BLACK-PAINTED BEAKER CONTAINING 20 ML. OF GLASS DISTILLED WATER. THE TOP OF THE BEAKER WAS LOOSELY COVERED WITH JOSEPH'S PAPER. AT NO TIME DURING THE EXPERIMENTAL PERIOD DID THE ROOTS COME INTO PHYSICAL CONTACT WITH

THE WATER LAYER, BUT AN EFFECTIVE HUMIDITY CHAMBER WAS THUS PROVIDED. FOLLOWING THIS THE BEAKERS WERE PLACED IN THE GROWTH CABINET.

CELL COUNTING TECHNIQUE - THE METHOD USED FOR THE ESTIMATION OF CELL NUMBERS WAS THAT PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED BY BROWN AND RICKLESS (4). USING A SHARP EDGED RAZOR THE EXPERIMENTAL AREA OF THE ROOT TIP OF BOTH CEREAL VARIETIES WAS CUT INTO ITS CONSTITUENT MARKED SEGMENTS FOLLOWING ALL TREATMENTS AT EACH EXPERIMENTAL PERIOD. USING PARALLEL EXPERIMENTS, SEGMENTS WERE DETACHED IN THIS WAY EVERY TWO HOURS TO A TOTAL OF 48 HOURS. SAMPLES WERE LABELLED AND WERE PLACED BY SEGMENT NUMBER IN SEPARATE VIALS CONTAINING 5% CHROMIC ACID (0.5 CC. PER 10 SEGMENTS). THEY WERE LEFT TO STAND AT ROOM TEMPERATURE FOR 18 TO 24 HOURS. AFTER TREATMENT WITH THE ACID SOLUTION, THE TISSUE WAS BROKEN UP INTO A FINE SLURRY BY MANIPULATING IT WITH A THICK, SLIGHTLY ROUGHENED GLASS ROD AGAINST THE SIDES OF THE VESSEL. THE SLURRY OF CELLS WAS MIXED WITH THE FLUID AND THE FINAL SUSPENSION, ON WHICH THE COUNT WAS TO BE MADE, WAS OBTAINED BY SQUIRTING THE FLUID RAPIDLY, SEVERAL TIMES, THROUGH THE NARROW ORIFICE OF A PIPETTE. COUNTS WERE MADE IN A HEMOCYTOMETER SLIDE.

SEGMENT AND AVERAGE CELL LENGTH - THE CHANGE IN THE LENGTH OF THE SEGMENTS WAS FOLLOWED USING A BINOCULAR MICROSCOPE EQUIPPED WITH A MICROMETER EYEPIECE TO AN ACCURACY ± 0.075 MM. AVERAGE CELL LENGTHS WERE COMPUTED FROM THE PRIMARY DATA ON THE LENGTH AND THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CELLS PER SEGMENT.

SEGMENT AND AVERAGE CELL FRESH WEIGHTS - DETERMINATIONS OF THE FRESH AND DRY WEIGHTS WERE MADE ON 30 SEGMENTS AT EACH PERIOD. THE FRESH WEIGHTS OF EACH SEGMENT WERE OBTAINED AFTER EACH 2 HOURS OF GROWTH FOR A TOTAL PERIOD OF 48 HOURS. RAPID SECTIONING WAS CARRIED OUT UNDER A BINOCULAR MICROSCOPE. AT ALL TIMES CARE WAS TAKEN TO MINIMIZE LOSS OF WATER DUE TO EVAPORATION FROM THESE SMALL SEGMENTS. AVERAGE CELL FRESH WEIGHTS WERE COMPUTED.

SEGMENT AND AVERAGE CELL DRY WEIGHT - DRY WEIGHTS WERE OBTAINED AFTER HEATING THE SEGMENTS IN AN OVEN FOR 24 HOURS AT $95 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ ON SMALL ALUMINUM DISCS. WEIGHTS WERE TAKEN TO AN ACCURACY OF ± 0.01 MG. ON AN ANALYTICAL BALANCE AFTER EQUILIBRATING WITH ATMOSPHERIC HUMIDITY. THE ACCURACY OF THE METHOD HAS BEEN EXAMINED BY COMPARING THESE RESULTS WITH OTHERS OBTAINED BY A FREEZE - DRYING METHOD. THE RESULTS FROM THE TWO METHODS DID NOT DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY. AN ESTIMATE OF THE CHANGE IN AVERAGE CELL DRY WEIGHT WAS ALSO CALCULATED.

STATISTICAL DATA - MOST OF THE DATA PRESENTED IN PART 2 WERE SUBJECTED TO AN ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE. WHEREVER THE F VALUE WAS FOUND TO BE SIGNIFICANT AT THE 5% LEVEL, THE DUNCAN MULTIPLE RANGE TEST (7) WAS USED TO LOCATE THE SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE AT THIS LEVEL.

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B. RESULTS

I. GERMINATION AND EARLY ROOT GROWTH

THE IMBIBITION PERIOD - MARQUIS AND RIDEAU WHEAT SEEDS WERE ALLOWED TO IMBIBE WATER AT A LEVEL OF 90 PER CENT OF THEIR AIR DRY WEIGHT AT 25°C (34). AFTER 5 HOURS OF IMBIBITION THE MARQUIS (SPRING) WHEAT SEEDS (M₅) WERE FULLY SWOLLEN, PROLONGING THE IMBIBITION PERIOD FURTHER RESULTED IN THE CONTINUED EMERGENCE OF THE PRIMARY ROOT. RIDEAU (WINTER) CEREAL SEEDS AFTER 5 HOURS IMBIBITION (R₅) UNDER THE SAME CONDITIONS OF WATER AND TEMPERATURE WERE STILL VERY WRINKLED IN APPEARANCE. FURTHER PROLONGING THE IMBIBITION PERIOD TO 14 HOURS (R₁₄) PRODUCED AN APPEARANCE IN THE GRAIN SIMILAR TO THAT OBTAINED FOR MARQUIS SEED AFTER 5 HOURS TREATMENT. EXTENDING THE IMBIBITION PERIOD STILL FURTHER RESULTED IN THE EMERGENCE OF THE PRIMARY ROOT. PHYSIOLOGICALLY THEN, A FIVE HOUR IMBIBITION PERIOD IN MARQUIS SEED (M₅) UNDER THE STATED CONDITIONS PARALLELED THOSE STAGES OF GERMINATION OBSERVED IN RIDEAU SEED AFTER 14 HOURS (R₁₄). IN BOTH CASES THE CARYOPSES AT THIS STAGE WAS MILKY, THE EMBRYO FULLY HYDRATED, AND PROLONGING THE IMBIBITION PERIODS FURTHER RESULTED IN THE EMERGENCE OF THE PRIMARY ROOT. BECAUSE OF THIS, TWO PARALLEL IMBIBITION PERIODS WERE USED FOR RIDEAU WHEAT, NAMELY 5 AND 14 HOURS (R₅ AND R₁₄) AND ONLY ONE FIVE HOUR PERIOD FOR MARQUIS (M₅).

PERCENTAGE GERMINATION - THE PERCENTAGE GERMINATION OF CONTROL SEED OF SPRING (MARQUIS) AND WINTER (RIDEAU) WHEAT FOLLOWING ALL

TREATMENTS WAS OBTAINED. GERMINATION WAS ASSESSED TO BE COMPLETED WHEN THE RADICLE HAD PIERCED THE PERICARP. THE RESULT OF TREATMENT ON GERMINATION IS SHOWN IN TABLE I.

TABLE I

THE VARIATION OF PERCENTAGE GERMINATION OF MARQUIS AND RIDEAU WHEAT WITH INHIBITION, VERNALIZATION AND SEED VARIETY.

DATA REPRESENT TRIPPLICATE DETERMINATIONS OF 20 SEEDS TO A TOTAL OF 60.

SEED VARIETY	VERNALIZATION (WEEKS)								
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
M5	92	90	92	92	91	92	92	91	
R5	93	94	92	92	91	93	91	91	
R14	91	90	92	90	90	91	90	91	

IT IS EVIDENT THAT APPROXIMATELY 90-93 PER CENT GERMINATION WAS OBTAINED UNDER ALL CONDITIONS OF TREATMENT. NEITHER THE INHIBITION PERIOD, NOR THE DURATION OF THE COLD TREATMENT AFFECTED THE GERMINATION CAPACITY OF THE SEEDS.

RATE OF GROWTH OF THE PRIMARY ROOT - UNLIKE PERCENTAGE GERMINATION, THE RATE OF GROWTH OF THE PRIMARY ROOT OF EACH VARIETY OF SEED

FOLLOWING RUPTURE OF THE PERICARP WAS DEPENDENT UPON THE IMBIBITION PERIOD AND THE DURATION OF VERNALIZATION. THE TIME REQUIRED FOR THE SEEDS, UNDER ALL TREATMENTS, TO REACH 1.5 CM. IN LENGTH IS GIVEN IN TABLE 2. IN ALL CASES SIXTY SEEDS WERE OBSERVED (TRIPPLICATE DETERMINATIONS ON TWENTY SEEDS.)

TABLE 2

MARQUIS WHEAT (M₅), RIDEAU WHEAT (R₅) AND (R₁₄). VARIABLE SCHEDULES TO REACH 1.5 CM IN LENGTH WITH TWO IMBIBITION PERIODS AND VERNALIZATION.

DUNCAN'S TEST (5% LEVEL)

VERNALIZATION (WEEKS)	TIME (HOURS)		
	R ₅	M ₅	R ₁₄
0	44.0 ± 0.5	40.5 ± 0.5	28.0 ± 0.5
1	<u>R₅</u> 29.5 ± 0.5	<u>R₁₄</u> 28.0 ± 1.0	<u>M₅</u> 26.5 ± 0.5
2	<u>R₅</u> 28.0 ± 0.5	<u>R₁₄</u> 27.0 ± 0.5	<u>M₅</u> 24.0 ± 0.5
3	<u>R₅</u> 25.0 ± 0.5	<u>R₁₄</u> 24.0 ± 0.8	<u>M₅</u> 19.0 ± 0.4
4	<u>R₁₄</u> 24.0 ± 0.5	<u>R₅</u> 23.0 ± 0.5	<u>M₅</u> 16.0 ± 0.7
5	<u>R₅</u> 24.0 ± 0.4	<u>R₁₄</u> 23.0 ± 1.0	<u>M₅</u> 17.0 ± 0.3
6	<u>R₁₄</u> 24.0 ± 0.5	<u>R₅</u> 23.0 ± 0.7	<u>M₅</u> 16.0 ± 0.8
7	<u>R₁₄</u> 23.0 ± 1.0	<u>R₅</u> 22.0 ± 0.8	<u>M₅</u> 18.0 ± 0.5

CHILLING ELICITED A SIMILAR PATTERN IN THE TIMES TAKEN FOR THE PRIMARY ROOTS OF FIVE HOUR IMBIBED SPRING AND WINTER WHEAT TO REACH 1.5 ± 0.2 CM. IN LENGTH, NAMELY, $C_7=C_6=C_5=C_4=C_3 < C_2=C_1 < K$. THIS SEQUENTIAL RESPONSE DID NOT HOLD IN THE CASE OF THE FOURTEEN HOUR IMBIBED RIDEAU SERIES WHERE $K=C_1 > C_2 > C_3 - C_7$. THE PRIMARY ROOT OF THE CONTROL SEEDS IN THIS LATER SERIES ATTAINED THE LENGTH OF 1.5 ± 0.2 CM. IN ONLY 28 HOURS AS AGAINST 44 AND 40 HOURS IN THE OTHER RIDEAU AND MARQUIS SERIES.

THE RATE OF THE EARLY ROOT GROWTH OF THE RADICLE WAS THUS SHOWN TO BE HIGHLY DEPENDENT UPON THE IMBIBITION PERIOD. CHILLING MODIFIED THIS PRIMARY RESPONSE.

2. DIAGNOSIS OF THE VERNALIZED STATE

THE EARLY ADVANCE IN DEVELOPMENT OF A GERMINATING SEED IS NOT ALWAYS EVIDENCED BY MORPHOLOGICAL CHANGES. THIS IS PARTICULARLY TRUE IN THE CASE OF VERNALIZED CEREAL SEED WHICH IS MORPHOLOGICALLY INDISTINGUISHABLE FROM UNTREATED CONTROL GRAIN. THE DATA ON ROOT EMERGENCE AS PRESENTED IN TABLE 2 INDICATED THAT 3-7 WEEKS OF CHILLING WAS OPTIMAL FOR THE EARLY ROOT GROWTH OF BOTH SPRING AND WINTER VARIETIES OF WHEAT. A DIAGNOSIS OF THE VERNALIZED STATE OF THESE SEEDS WAS THEREFORE UNDERTAKEN USING A MODIFICATION OF THE METHODS EMPLOYED BY BASSARSKAJA (1) AND RICHTER (26).

THE FERRIC CHLORIDE - POTASSIUM FERROCYANIDE COLOR TEST - THE METHOD DETAILED PREVIOUSLY (P. 10) WAS EMPLOYED ON MARQUIS (R₅) AND RIDEAU (R₅ AND R₁₄) WHEAT SEEDS. TREATED IN THIS WAY THE

VERNALIZED AND UNVERNALIZED SEEDS SHOWED DIFFERENCES IN REACTION. AS THE SEEDS PASSED TOWARDS COMPLETION OF VERNALIZATION THE COLOR OF THE GROWING POINT CHANGED FROM YELLOW TO GREEN WITH AREAS OF YELLOW, AND FINALLY TO A DARK BLUE. THE BLUE COLOR WAS OBTAINED WHEN VERNALIZATION (VERIFIED BY PARALLEL GROWTH EXPERIMENTS) WAS COMPLETED. TISSUES OTHER THAN THE GROWING POINT STAINED BLUE FROM THE BEGINNING. THESE CHANGES ARE DETAILED IN TABLE 3, A.B.C.

TABLE 3

MARQUIS WHEAT (M₅), RIDEAU WHEAT (R₅ AND R₁₄). VISUAL RATING OF THE CHANGE OF COLOR OF THE GROWING POINT WITH IMBIBITION, VERNALIZATION AND SEED VARIETY.

A) MARQUIS WHEAT (M₅)

COLOR	TREATMENT (WEEKS)						
	M ₅ K	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆
Y	+	+					
YG	+		+				
G		+	+	+	+		
GB			+	+	++	+++	+
B		+	+	++	++	+++	++++

B) RIDEAU WHEAT (R₅)

COLOR	TREATMENT (WEEKS)						
	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₁	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆
Y	+++	+	+				
YG		+	++	++			
G			+	+			
GB				+++	++++	+	+
B					+++	+++	++++

C) RIDEAU WHEAT (R₁₄)

COLOR	TREATMENT (WEEKS)						
	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₁	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆
Y	++	+					
YG		++	+				
G			+	+			
GB			+	++	+++		
B				+	++	+++	+++

Y: YELLOW; YG: YELLOW GREEN; G: GREEN; GB: GREEN BLUE; B: BLUE.
+: VISUAL RATINGS OF COLOR DENSITY.

THE COLOR TEST RELIES ON A CHANGE IN REACTIVITY OF CEREAL EMBRYO TISSUE TOWARDS FERRIC CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM FERROCYANIDE DURING THE COURSE OF COMPLETION OF VERNALIZATION. FULLY VERNALIZED TISSUE ALLOWS DEPOSITION OF PRUSSIAN BLUE IN THE REGION OF THE GROWING POINTS. IN THIS SERIES, IT IS APPARENT THAT THE MARQUIS (SPRING) WHEAT USED HERE HAD A CHILLING REQUIREMENT OF AT LEAST ONE WEEK IN ORDER TO COMPLETE VERNALIZATION. THE DURATION OF THE CHILLING PERIOD TO COMPLETE THIS PHASE IN RIDEAU WHEAT APPEARED TO BE INFLUENCED BY THE PRIOR PERIOD OF SEED IMBIBITION. SEEDS IMBIBED FOR 5 AND FOURTEEN HOURS REQUIRED FOUR AND THREE WEEKS RESPECTIVELY OF CHILLING FOR COMPLETION OF THEIR VERNALIZATION REQUIREMENT AS EVIDENCED BY THE FIRST APPEARANCE OF WHOLLY BLUE AREAS IN THE EMBRYO.

THE CHANGE IN COLOR WAS FOLLOWED VISUALLY, VISUAL RATINGS WERE GIVEN BY COMPARING A SERIES OF SECTIONS OF VARYING COLOR DENSITIES. PRELIMINARY ATTEMPTS TO DISSOLVE OUT THE COLORS AND RATE THEM MORE OBJECTIVELY ON A COLORIMETER PRESENTED SOME DIFFICULTIES, DEPENDENT MAINLY ON THE POOR SOLUBILITY OF PRUSSIAN BLUE.

PARALLEL EXPERIMENTS WERE UNDERTAKEN IN ORDER TO VERIFY THESE FINDINGS ON THE VERNALIZATION REQUIREMENT OF THE GRAIN. THE TEST EMPLOYED WAS THAT DEVISED BY RICHTER (43). THIS METHOD IS DEPENDENT UPON SERIAL ISO-ELECTRIC POINT CHANGES OF SEED TISSUES AS VERNALIZATION ADVANCES TO COMPLETION.

CHANGE OF ISO-ELECTRIC POINT - DURING THE COURSE OF EXPOSURE

TO. COLD TREATMENT IT WAS OBSERVED THAT AS THE THERMOPHASE OF VERNALIZATION ADVANCED TO COMPLETION THE PH REACTION OF THE TISSUE PROGRESSIVELY CHANGED. THIS CHANGE WAS EVIDENCED BY AN ACTUAL CHANGE IN PH MEASUREMENTS AND BY A VISUAL CHANGE IN THE COLOR OF THE TISSUE. AT PH 5.32 SECTIONS FROM UNVERNALIZED SEEDS STAINED BLUE WHEN TREATED WITH EOSIN AND METHYLENE BLUE BUT AT THE SAME PH SECTIONS OBTAINED FROM COLD TREATED SEED STAINED PINK. DURING THE COURSE OF VERNALIZATION THE PH AT WHICH THE SECTIONS STAINED BLUE DROPPED. ON COMPLETION OF VERNALIZATION THE EMBRYOS IN ALL CASES (M₅, R₅, R₁₄) STAINED BLUE AT PH 4.88. IT THUS APPEARS AS IF THE ISO-ELECTRIC POINT OF THE EMBRYO TISSUES CHANGED FROM PH 5.32 TO PH 4.88 DURING THE COURSE OF VERNALIZATION.

THE RESULTS FOR THE TREATED WHEATS ARE SHOWN IN TABLE 4, A.B.C.

TABLE 4

MARQUIS WHEAT (M₅), RIDEAU WHEAT (R₅) AND (R₁₄). CHANGE OF ISO-ELECTRIC POINT WITH IMBIBITION AND VERNALIZATION.

A. MARQUIS WHEAT (M₅)
VERNALIZATION

(WEEKS)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
PH	5.32	4.88	4.88	4.88	4.88	4.88	4.88	4.88

B. RIDEAU WHEAT (R₅)
VERNALIZATION

(WEEKS)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
PH	5.32	5.16	5.14	4.92	4.88	4.88	4.88	4.88

C. RIDEAU WHEAT (R₁₄)
VERNALIZATION

(WEEKS)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
PH	5.32	5.16	5.14	4.92	4.90	4.88	4.88	4.88

THEY INDICATE THAT VERNALIZATION WAS COMPLETE AFTER 1 WEEK IN MARQUIS (M₅), AND 4 AND 5 WEEKS RESPECTIVELY IN THE RIDEAU SERIES R₅ AND R₁₄. THESE RESULTS, EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF R₁₄, ARE COMPARABLE TO THOSE OBTAINED USING THE FERRIC CHLORIDE-POTASSIUM FERROCYANIDE METHOD (C.F. TABLE 3).

IN ORDER TO DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN PATTERNS OF ROOT GROWTH OVERLAPPING THE LATER STAGES OF GERMINATION, AND THE PROCESSES OF ROOT GROWTH PER SE, FURTHER STUDIES WERE UNDERTAKEN SOLELY ON ROOTS THAT HAD ATTAINED 1.5 ± 0.2 CM. IN LENGTH AT THE BEGINNING OF THE EXPERIMENTAL PERIOD.

3 MEASURES OF GROWTH WITH TIME AND WITH DISTANCE FROM THE ROOT APEX

INCREASE IN CELL NUMBER WITH TIME

CONTROL SERIES

THE DATA IN TABLE 5 AND FIGURE 1 SHOW THE CHANGE IN THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CELLS IN EACH SUCCESSIVE 0.5 MM. SECTION OF CONTROL ROOTS WITH TIME. THE DATA INDICATE THAT MOST SEGMENTS OF ALL SERIES CONTAIN COMPARABLE NUMBERS OF CELL IN EACH SUCCESSIVE SEGMENT.

VERNALIZED SERIES

MARQUIS WHEAT (M₅):- CELL COUNTS PER SEGMENT WITH TIME, OBTAINED FROM OPTIMALLY VERNALIZED MARQUIS WHEAT AND COMPARATIVE DATA FROM THE RIDEAU SERIES IS GIVEN IN TABLE 6.

THERE WAS A SPECTACULAR INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF CELLS IN ALL SEGMENTS OF MARQUIS WHEAT AFTER ONE WEEK OF CHILLING. WITH FEW EXCEPTIONS THE INCREASE OVER THE FIRST 18 HOUR GROWTH PERIOD WAS AT LEAST A 100% OVER THAT OF CONTROL SEGMENTS OBTAINED FROM NON-

TABLE 5 (Part I)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ of each segment of the primary root of Marquis (M_5K)
Rideau (R_5K $R_{14}K$) wheat with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.
Control Data.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hours)							
	2		4		6		8	
1	M_5K	4.56	R_5K	4.78	R_5K	7.11	R_5K	7.11
	R_5K	3.11	$R_{14}K$	4.72	$R_{14}K$	4.83	$R_{14}K$	5.00
	$R_{14}K$	2.89	$M_{14}K$	2.39	M_5K	3.27	M_5K	4.22
2	$R_{14}K$	10.11	$R_{14}K$	7.72	R_5K	14.39	R_5K	14.50
	M_5K	6.50	R_5K	6.72	$R_{14}K$	12.61	$R_{14}K$	13.22
	R_5K	6.22	M_5K	3.44	M_5K	7.44	M_5K	8.89
3	$R_{14}K$	8.28	R_5K	9.84	R_5K	14.78	R_5K	15.50
	M_5K	7.17	$R_{14}K$	9.56	$R_{14}K$	12.50	$R_{14}K$	13.00
	R_5K	6.89	M_5K	5.22	M_5K	9.22	M_5K	10.44
4	$R_{14}K$	3.50	R_5K	4.84	R_5K	8.22	R_5K	8.50
	R_5K	3.39	M_5K	4.22	$R_{14}K$	6.94	$R_{14}K$	7.11
	M_5K	1.17	$R_{14}K$	4.17	M_5K	5.06	M_5K	5.78
5	$R_{14}K$	5.11	$R_{14}K$	5.78	R_5K	5.82	R_5K	6.11
	M_5K	5.00	M_5K	5.44	$R_{14}K$	4.61	$R_{14}K$	4.89
	R_5K	4.18	R_5K	4.83	M_5K	4.44	$M_{14}K$	4.89
6	$R_{14}K$	2.33	R_5K	2.67	R_5K	3.67	R_5K	3.79
	R_5K	1.78	$R_{14}K$	2.22	$R_{14}K$	2.39	$R_{14}K$	2.50
	M_5K	1.34	M_5K	1.28	M_5K	2.20	M_5K	2.33
7	$R_{14}K$	1.94	R_5K	2.22	R_5K	2.83	R_5K	3.00
	R_5K	1.61	$R_{14}K$	2.22	M_5K	1.67	$R_{14}K$	2.44
	M_5K	1.56	M_5K	1.67	$R_{14}K$	1.39	M_5K	1.79

TABLE 5 (Part II)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ of each segment of the primary root Marquis (M_5K) and Rideau (R_5K and $R_{14}K$) wheat with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hours)			
	10	12	14	16
1	R_5K 7.33	R_5K 7.44	R_5K 7.44	R_5K 7.50
	$R_{14}K$ 5.89	$R_{14}K$ 6.11	M_5K 6.89	$R_{14}K$ 7.22
	M_5K 5.00	R_5K 6.00	$R_{14}K$ 6.50	M_5K 6.79
2	R_5K 14.79	R_5K 15.00	R_5K 15.50	R_5K 14.79
	$R_{14}K$ 13.79	$R_{14}K$ 14.00	$R_{14}K$ 14.79	$R_{14}K$ 14.22
	M_5K 9.78	M_5K 10.60	M_5K 10.89	M_5K 12.00
3	R_5K 17.00	R_5K 16.11	R_5K 15.44	R_5K 14.50
	$R_{14}K$ 13.50	$R_{14}K$ 14.11	$R_{14}K$ 13.67	$R_{14}K$ 13.33
	M_5K 12.50	M_5K 13.78	M_5K 13.50	M_5K 13.11
4	R_5K 8.89	R_5K 8.11	$R_{14}K$ 8.44	R_5K 8.00
	$R_{14}K$ 7.79	R_5K 8.11	M_5K 8.22	$R_{14}K$ 8.00
	M_5K 6.11	M_5K 7.00	R_5K 7.50	M_5K 7.50
5	R_5K 6.79	R_5K 7.50	R_5K 6.11	R_5K 5.67
	$R_{14}K$ 5.11	$R_{14}K$ 5.68	M_5K 5.11	$R_{14}K$ 4.79
	M_5K 5.00	M_5K 4.67	$R_{14}K$ 4.50	M_5K 4.50
6	R_5K 4.11	R_5K 4.33	R_5K 4.00	R_5K 3.50
	$R_{14}K$ 2.79	$R_{14}K$ 3.00	M_5K 2.68	$R_{14}K$ 2.50
	M_5K 2.50	M_5K 2.79	$R_{14}K$ 2.67	M_5K 2.50
7	R_5K 3.22	R_5K 3.50	R_5K 3.11	R_5K 2.79
	$R_{14}K$ 2.11	$R_{14}K$ 2.10	M_5K 1.89	$R_{14}K$ 1.79
	M_5K 1.90	M_5K 2.00	$R_{14}K$ 1.79	M_5K 1.71

TABLE 5 (Part III)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ of each segment of the primary root Marquis (M_5K) and Rideau (R_5K and $R_{14}K$) wheat with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's Test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hours)							
	18		24		36		48	
1	M_5K	8.22	R_5K	12.22	M_5K	22.11	M_5K	23.11
	R_5K	7.33	M_5K	12.11	R_5K	20.11	R_5K	28.79
	$R_{14}K$	7.22	$R_{14}K$	12.00	$R_{14}K$	19.11	$R_{14}K$	26.50
2	R_5K	14.33	M_5K	15.89	M_5K	28.89	M_5K	14.50
	$R_{14}K$	13.39	R_5K	15.33	R_5K	24.11	R_5K	17.33
	M_5K	13.22	$R_{14}K$	14.79	$R_{14}K$	22.11	$R_{14}K$	11.00
3	R_5K	13.78	M_5K	10.00	M_5K	7.78	M_5K	7.78
	$R_{14}K$	12.50	R_5K	9.79	R_5K	6.50	R_5K	6.50
	M_5K	12.11	$R_{14}K$	9.78	$R_{14}K$	6.22	$R_{14}K$	6.00
4	M_5K	7.89	M_5K	6.72	M_5K	6.50	M_5K	6.44
	$R_{14}K$	7.50	R_5K	6.56	R_5K	5.78	R_5K	5.50
	R_5K	7.33	$R_{14}K$	6.11	$R_{14}K$	5.80	$R_{14}K$	5.11
5	M_5K	4.56	R_5K	4.11	M_5K	3.80	M_5K	3.44
	$R_{14}K$	4.44	$R_{14}K$	3.44	R_5K	3.11	R_5K	3.11
	R_5K	4.33	M_5K	3.22	$R_{14}K$	3.00	$R_{14}K$	3.00
6	R_5K	3.06	R_5K	2.89	R_5K	2.11	R_5K	2.00
	$R_{14}K$	2.50	$R_{14}K$	2.11	$R_{14}K$	2.00	$R_{14}K$	2.00
	M_5K	2.39	M_5K	1.78	M_5K	1.71	M_5K	1.79
7	R_5K	2.22	R_5K	2.00	R_5K	1.79	$R_{14}K$	1.78
	$R_{14}K$	2.00	$R_{14}K$	1.89	$R_{14}K$	1.79	R_5K	1.00
	M_5K	1.59	M_5K	1.22	M_5K	1.11	M_5K	1.22

FIGURE 1

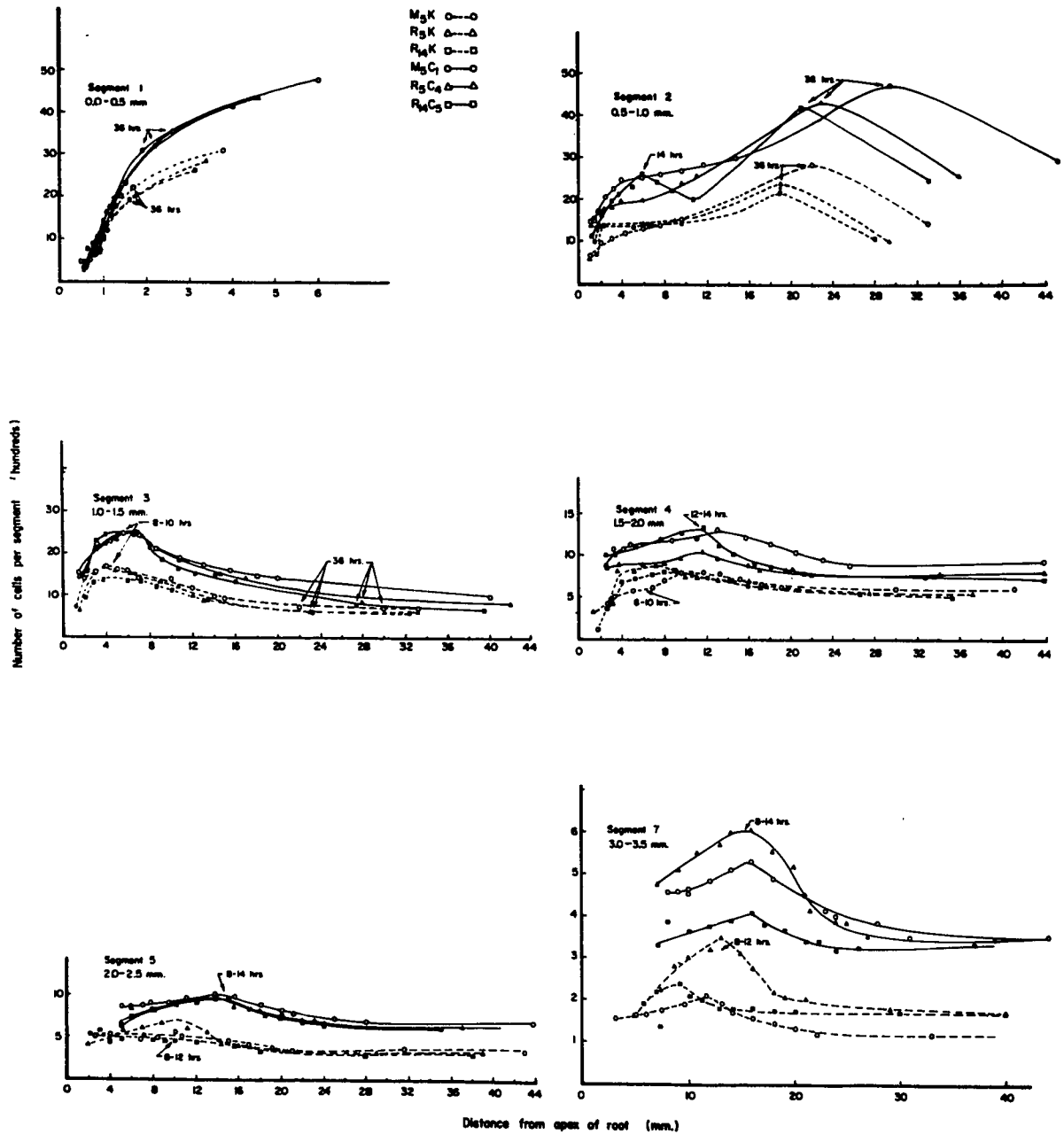


TABLE 6 (Part I)

Marquis Wheat (M_5) Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}). The cell number $\times 10^2$ of each segment of the Primary Root with time, imbibition and vernalization. Control data on Marquis Wheat included (M_5K) Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hours)							
	2		4		6		8	
1	M_5C_1	11.61	M_5C_1	5.17	M_5C_1	5.18	M_5C_1	7.11
	M_5K	4.56	R_5C_1	3.78	R_5C_1	4.78	R_5C_1	6.50
	R_5C_1	2.22	M_5K	2.39	$R_{14}C_1$	3.33	$R_{14}C_1$	4.22
	$R_{14}C_1$	2.11	$R_{14}C_1$	2.06	M_5K	3.27	M_5K	4.22
2	M_5C_1	14.78	M_5C_1	11.72	M_5C_1	14.72	M_5C_1	17.22
	$R_{14}C_1$	6.67	$R_{14}C_1$	5.72	R_5C_1	13.17	R_5C_1	14.00
	M_5K	6.50	R_5C_1	4.00	$R_{14}C_1$	9.83	$R_{14}C_1$	12.22
	R_5C_1	5.22	M_5K	3.44	M_5K	7.44	M_5K	8.89
3	M_5C_1	15.56	M_5C_1	12.56	M_5C_1	22.57	M_5C_1	23.78
	M_5K	7.17	$R_{14}C_1$	7.22	R_5C_1	13.61	R_5C_1	14.11
	$R_{14}C_1$	7.11	R_5C_1	6.61	$R_{14}C_1$	10.17	$R_{14}C_1$	12.11
	R_5C_1	5.56	M_5K	5.22	M_5K	9.22	M_5K	10.44
4	M_5C_1	8.61	M_5C_1	10.89	M_5C_1	10.89	M_5C_1	11.22
	R_5C_1	5.00	M_5K	4.22	R_5C_1	8.11	R_5C_1	8.00
	$R_{14}C_1$	2.89	R_5C_1	3.72	M_5K	5.06	$R_{14}C_1$	6.11
	M_5K	1.17	$R_{14}C_1$	3.00	$R_{14}C_1$	5.00	M_5K	5.78
5	M_5C_1	8.83	M_5C_1	8.78	M_5C_1	8.78	M_5C_1	9.00
	M_5K	5.00	M_5K	5.44	R_5C_1	4.78	R_5C_1	5.11
	$R_{14}C_1$	4.11	$R_{14}C_1$	4.11	M_5K	4.44	$R_{14}C_1$	6.11
	R_5C_1	3.06	R_5C_1	3.37	$R_{14}C_1$	3.89	$R_{14}C_1$	3.79
6	M_5C_1	4.00	M_5C_1	6.94	M_5C_1	6.94	M_5C_1	7.11
	$R_{14}C_1$	1.44	R_5C_1	2.11	R_5C_1	2.39	R_5C_1	3.00
	M_5K	1.39	M_5K	1.28	M_5K	2.28	M_5K	2.33
	R_5C_1	1.11	$R_{14}C_1$	1.22	$R_{14}C_1$	1.89	$R_{14}C_1$	1.66
7	M_5C_1	4.56	M_5C_1	4.59	M_5C_1	4.61	M_5C_1	4.89
	M_5K	1.56	M_5K	1.67	M_5K	1.67	R_5C_1	1.79
	$R_{14}C_1$	1.44	$R_{14}C_1$	1.11	R_5C_1	1.28	M_5K	1.79
	R_5C_1	1.11	R_5C_1	1.10	$R_{14}C_1$	1.00	$R_{14}C_1$	1.50

TABLE 6 (Part II)

Marquis Wheat (M_5) Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}). The cell number $\times 10^2$ of each segment of the Primary Root with time, imbibition and vernalization. Control data on Marquis Wheat included (M_5K). Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hour)							
	10		12		14		16	
1	M_5C_1	9.00	M_5C_1	10.28	M_5C_1	11.78	M_5C_1	13.50
	R_5C_1	6.44	R_5C_1	6.89	R_5C_1	7.00	R_5C_1	7.22
	M_5K	5.00	M_5K	6.11	M_5K	6.89	M_5K	7.22
	$R_{14}K$.67	$R_{14}C_1$	5.11	$R_{14}C_1$	5.27	$R_{14}C_1$	5.50
2	M_5C_1	20.11	M_5C_1	22.50	M_5C_1	24.67	M_5C_1	25.78
	R_5C_1	13.50	R_5C_1	14.11	R_5C_1	13.79	R_5C_1	13.50
	$R_{14}C_1$	12.11	$R_{14}C_1$	13.79	$R_{14}C_1$	13.11	$R_{14}C_1$	13.50
	M_5K	9.78	M_5K	10.00	M_5K	10.89	M_5K	12.00
3	M_5C_1	25.89	M_5C_1	24.11	M_5C_1	21.44	M_5C_1	19.11
	R_5C_1	16.00	R_5C_1	15.50	R_5C_1	14.33	R_5C_1	13.79
	$R_{14}C_1$	12.50	M_5K	13.78	M_5K	13.50	M_5K	13.33
	M_5C_1	12.50	$R_{14}C_1$	12.79	$R_{14}C_1$	12.11	$R_{14}C_1$	11.39
4	M_5C_1	11.78	M_5C_1	12.00	M_5C_1	13.11	M_5C_1	12.44
	R_5C_1	7.50	R_5C_1	7.00	M_5K	8.22	M_5K	8.00
	$R_{14}C_1$	6.11	M_5K	7.00	$R_{14}C_1$	7.22	R_5C_1	6.79
	M_5C_1	6.11	$R_{14}C_1$	7.00	R_5C_1	6.79	$R_{14}C_1$	6.18
5	M_5C_1	9.79	M_5C_1	10.11	M_5C_1	9.78	M_5C_1	9.00
	R_5C_1	5.44	R_5C_1	6.22	R_5C_1	5.22	M_5K	4.79
	M_5K	5.00	M_5K	5.68	M_5K	5.11	R_5C_1	4.22
	$R_{14}C_1$	4.22	$R_{14}C_1$	3.79	$R_{14}C_1$	3.11	$R_{14}C_1$	3.22
6	M_5C_1	7.50	M_5C_1	7.78	M_5C_1	7.20	M_5C_1	6.79
	R_5C_1	3.50	R_5C_1	3.22	R_5C_1	3.22	R_5C_1	2.79
	M_5K	2.50	M_5K	2.79	M_5K	2.68	M_5K	2.50
	$R_{14}C_1$	1.79	$R_{14}C_1$	2.00	$R_{14}C_1$	1.50	$R_{14}C_1$	1.11
7	M_5C_1	5.11	M_5C_1	5.33	M_5C_1	4.89	M_5C_1	4.50
	R_5C_1	2.22	R_5C_1	2.50	R_5C_1	2.22	R_5C_1	1.79
	M_5K	1.90	M_5K	2.10	M_5K	1.89	M_5K	1.71
	$R_{14}C_1$	1.79	$R_{14}C_1$.50	$R_{14}C_1$	1.11	$R_{14}C_1$	1.22

TABLE 6 (Part III)

Marquis Wheat (M_5) Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}). The cell number $\times 10^2$ of each segment of the Primary Root with time, imbibition and vernalization. Control data on Marquis Wheat included (M_5K). Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hour)							
	18		24		36		48	
1	M_5C_1	15.33	M_5C_1	23.11	M_5C_1	35.50	M_5C_1	48.44
	M_5K	8.22	M_5K	12.11	M_5K	22.11	M_5K	31.11
	$R_{14}C_1$	6.11	R_5C_1	10.00	R_5C_1	18.50	R_5C_1	26.50
	R_5C_1	4.84	$R_{14}C_1$	9.89	$R_{14}C_1$	18.00	$R_{14}C_1$	24.44
2	M_5C_1	26.06	M_5C_1	30.11	M_5C_1	48.50	M_5C_1	29.11
	R_5C_1	73.44	R_5C_1	16.99	M_5K	28.89	M_5K	14.50
	M_5K	13.22	M_5K	15.89	R_5C_1	21.00	R_5C_1	10.00
	$R_{14}C_1$	11.22	$R_{14}K$	15.79	$R_{14}C_1$	20.50	$R_{14}C_1$	9.67
3	M_5C_1	17.50	M_5C_1	14.44	M_5C_1	9.89	M_5C_1	9.79
	R_5C_1	12.72	M_5K	10.00	M_5K	7.78	M_5K	7.78
	M_5K	12.11	R_5C_1	7.79	R_5C_1	5.79	R_5C_1	5.50
	$R_{14}C_1$	10.22	$R_{14}C_1$	7.79	$R_{14}C_1$	5.11	$R_{14}C_1$	5.11
4	M_5C_1	11.61	M_5C_1	8.78	M_5C_1	9.44	M_5C_1	9.50
	M_5K	7.89	M_5K	6.22	M_5K	6.50	M_5K	6.44
	R_5C_1	6.44	R_5C_1	5.11	R_5C_1	5.50	R_5C_1	4.50
	$R_{14}C_1$	5.89	$R_{14}C_1$	5.00	$R_{14}C_1$	5.11	$R_{14}C_1$	4.44
5	M_5C_1	8.28	M_5C_1	6.79	M_5C_1	7.11	M_5C_1	7.00
	M_5K	4.56	M_5K	3.22	M_5K	3.80	M_5K	3.44
	R_5C_1	3.77	R_5C_1	3.22	R_5C_1	2.44	R_5C_1	2.50
	$R_{14}C_1$	3.50	$R_{14}C_1$	2.56	$R_{14}C_1$	2.44	$R_{14}C_1$	2.22
6	M_5C_1	6.28	M_5C_1	4.11	M_5C_1	4.22	M_5C_1	5.11
	R_5C_1	2.78	R_5C_1	2.22	M_5K	1.71	M_5K	1.79
	M_5K	2.39	M_5K	1.78	R_5C_1	1.50	R_5C_1	1.50
	$R_{14}C_1$	1.89	$R_{14}C_1$	1.11	$R_{14}C_1$	1.50	$R_{14}C_1$	1.50
7	M_5C_1	4.11	M_5C_1	3.56	M_5C_1	4.11	M_5C_1	4.11
	R_5C_1	1.78	R_5C_1	1.77	M_5K	1.22	M_5K	1.22
	M_5K	1.59	$R_{14}C_1$	1.50	$R_{14}C_1$	1.22	$R_{14}C_1$	1.22
	$R_{14}C_1$	1.50	M_5K	1.22	R_5C_1	1.11	R_5C_1	1.11

VERNALIZED SEED.

THE STIMULATION IN CELL DIVISION GROWTH AS SHOWN BY THE HIGHER CELL COUNT WAS ESPECIALLY EVIDENT IN SEGMENTS 1 AND 2. THE DATA FOR SEGMENTS 1-5 AND 7 IS PLOTTED IN FIGURE 1. IT CAN BE SEEN THAT THE LOG PHASE OF CELL DIVISION GROWTH WAS CONTINUED FOR A LONGER PERIOD OF TIME IN THE FIRST TWO SEGMENTS RESULTING IN A SUBSTANTIALLY HIGHER CELL COUNT.

DATA RELATING THE CHANGE IN CELL COUNT PER SEGMENT WITH TIME, FOR CHILLING PERIODS OF 1-4 WEEKS ARE GIVEN IN TABLE A₁₋₁₂ IN THE APPENDIX SECTION. CHILLING STIMULATED THE CELL DIVISION PHASE OF GROWTH, EVEN IN THOSE SEGMENTS MOST DISTANT FROM THE APEX. THE TREND WAS USUALLY OBSERVED THAT $C_1 > C_2 > C_3 > C_4 > K$.

RIDEAU WHEAT (R₅):- THE CHANGE IN CELL NUMBER FOR ALL SEGMENTS OF OPTIMALLY VERNALIZED RIDEAU WHEAT (R₅) WITH TIME AND COMPARATIVE DATA FROM THE OTHER SERIES ARE GIVEN IN TABLE 7. STIMULATION OF THE CELL DIVISION PHASE OF GROWTH IN THE RANGE OF 50-200 PER CENT IS ALSO EVIDENT IN ALL SEGMENTS OF THIS SERIES. HOWEVER, UNLIKE THE MARQUIS SERIES, HIGH RATES OF CELL DIVISION WERE MAINLY CONFINED TO THE FIRST FOUR HOURS OF GROWTH. IN SEGMENTS NUMBER 5-7 WHERE THE CELLS ARE USUALLY TYPIFIED AS BEING IN THE LATER STAGES OF ELONGATION, THERE WAS AN 80-200 FOLD INCREASE IN THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CELLS AT EACH PERIOD UP TO 24 HOURS, AFTER WHICH A MORE OR LESS CONSTANT VALUE WAS OBTAINED.

TABLE 7 (Part I)

Marquis Wheat (M_5), Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}).

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ of each segment of the primary Root with time, imbibition and vernalization. Duncan test lines placed vertically.

Control data on Rideau Wheat included (R_5K).

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hours)							
	2		4		6		8	
1	M_5C_4	9.18	R_5C_4	11.61	R_5C_4	12.61	R_5C_4	8.00
	R_5C_4	9.17	R_5K	4.78	R_5K	7.11	R_5K	7.11
	R_5K	3.11	M_5C_4	4.33	$R_{14}C_4$	4.78	M_5C_4	5.28
	$R_{14}C_4$	2.83	$R_{14}C_4$	4.11	M_5C_4	4.28	$R_{14}C_4$	5.00
2	R_5C_4	14.78	R_5C_4	15.83	R_5C_4	16.72	R_5C_4	17.22
	M_5C_4	9.17	M_5C_4	7.44	R_5K	14.39	R_5K	14.50
	$R_{14}C_4$	7.67	R_5K	6.72	$R_{14}C_4$	12.61	$R_{14}C_4$	13.00
	R_5K	6.22	$R_{14}C_4$	6.72	M_5C_4	9.17	M_5C_4	10.50
3	R_5C_4	15.11	R_5C_4	16.50	R_5C_4	21.22	R_5C_4	22.79
	M_5C_4	9.17	$R_{14}C_4$	8.89	R_5K	14.78	R_5K	15.00
	$R_{14}C_4$	8.22	R_5K	8.83	$R_{14}C_4$	11.94	M_5C_4	13.11
	R_5K	6.89	M_5C_4	6.39	M_5C_4	11.67	$R_{14}C_4$	12.79
4	R_5C_4	8.74	R_5C_4	3.77	R_5C_4	8.94	R_5C_4	5.11
	M_5C_4	6.72	M_5C_4	6.78	R_5K	8.22	R_5K	8.50
	$R_{14}C_4$	3.39	R_5K	4.84	M_5C_4	7.61	M_5C_4	8.50
	R_5K	3.39	$R_{14}C_4$	4.22	$R_{14}C_4$	6.39	$R_{14}C_4$	7.00
5	R_5C_4	6.72	R_5C_4	8.89	R_5C_4	8.44	R_5C_4	9.00
	M_5C_4	5.39	M_5C_4	5.83	M_5C_4	6.28	M_5C_4	6.89
	$R_{14}C_4$	5.00	$R_{14}C_4$	5.22	R_5K	5.54	R_5K	6.11
	R_5K	4.18	R_5K	4.83	$R_{14}C_4$	4.44	$R_{14}C_4$	4.50
6	R_5C_4	5.66	R_5C_4	7.34	R_5C_4	7.40	R_5C_4	7.78
	$R_{14}C_4$	2.11	R_5K	2.67	M_5C_4	4.39	M_5C_4	4.79
	R_5K	1.78	M_5C_4	2.42	R_5K	3.67	R_5K	3.79
	M_5C_4	1.72	$R_{14}C_4$	2.00	$R_{14}C_4$	2.89	$R_{14}C_4$	2.22
7	R_5C_4	4.78	R_5C_4	5.11	R_5C_4	5.50	R_5C_4	5.70
	M_5C_4	1.80	R_5K	2.22	M_5C_4	2.50	R_5K	3.00
	$R_{14}C_4$	1.61	M_5C_4	2.11	R_5K	1.67	M_5C_4	2.78
	R_5K	1.56	$R_{14}C_4$	2.00	$R_{14}C_4$	1.22	$R_{14}C_4$	2.22

TABLE 7 (Part II)

Marquis Wheat (M_5), Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}).

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ of each segment of the primary Root with time, imbibition and vernalization.

Control data on Rideau Wheat included (R_5K). Duncan's test (5% level).

Segment	Experimental period (hours)							
	10		12		14		16	
1	R_5C_4	8.11	R_5C_4	9.79	R_5C_4	11.22	R_5C_4	12.78
	R_5K_4	7.33	R_5K_4	7.44	M_5C_4	8.44	M_5C_4	9.89
	M_5C_4	6.28	M_5C_4	7.22	R_5K_4	7.44	R_5K_4	7.50
	$R_{14}C_4$	5.50	$R_{14}C_4$	5.79	$R_{14}C_4$	6.22	$R_{14}C_4$	6.50
2	R_5C_4	17.77	R_5C_4	18.50	R_5C_4	19.11	R_5C_4	19.79
	R_5K_4	14.79	R_5K_4	15.00	R_5K_4	15.50	M_5C_4	15.78
	$R_{14}C_4$	13.50	$R_{14}C_4$	14.00	M_5C_4	14.89	R_5K_4	14.79
	M_5C_4	12.00	M_5C_4	13.50	$R_{14}C_4$	14.00	$R_{14}C_4$	14.11
3	R_5C_4	23.57	R_5C_4	25.11	R_5C_4	22.79	R_5C_4	18.44
	R_5K_4	17.00	R_5K_4	16.11	M_5C_4	18.79	M_5C_4	16.22
	M_5C_4	15.22	M_5C_4	16.00	R_5K_4	15.44	R_5K_4	14.50
	$R_{14}C_4$	13.11	$R_{14}C_4$	14.20	$R_{14}C_4$	13.50	$R_{14}C_4$	12.50
4	R_5C_4	9.79	R_5C_4	10.50	M_5C_4	10.50	M_5C_4	10.00
	R_5K_4	8.89	M_5C_4	9.11	R_5C_4	9.79	R_5C_4	9.00
	M_5C_4	8.50	R_5K_4	8.11	$R_{14}C_4$	8.11	$R_{14}C_4$	7.89
	$R_{14}C_4$	7.50	$R_{14}C_4$	7.79	R_5K_4	7.50	R_5K_4	7.50
5	R_5C_4	9.50	R_5C_4	10.00	R_5C_4	8.79	R_5C_4	8.11
	M_5C_4	7.11	M_5C_4	7.80	M_5C_4	7.79	M_5C_4	7.79
	R_5K_4	6.79	R_5K_4	7.50	R_5K_4	6.11	R_5K_4	5.67
	$R_{14}C_4$	5.00	$R_{14}C_4$	4.50	$R_{14}C_4$	4.11	$R_{14}C_4$	4.22
6	R_5C_4	7.79	R_5C_4	7.11	R_5C_4	6.79	R_5C_4	6.22
	M_5C_4	5.11	M_5C_4	5.44	M_5C_4	5.11	M_5C_4	5.00
	R_5K_4	4.11	R_5K_4	4.33	R_5K_4	4.00	R_5K_4	3.50
	$R_{14}C_4$	2.60	$R_{14}C_4$	2.79	$R_{14}C_4$	2.44	$R_{14}C_4$	2.22
7	R_5C_4	6.00	R_5C_4	6.11	R_5C_4	5.50	R_5C_4	5.22
	R_5K_4	3.22	M_5C_4	3.67	M_5C_4	3.72	M_5C_4	3.50
	M_5C_4	3.00	R_5K_4	3.50	R_5K_4	3.11	R_5K_4	2.79
	$R_{14}C_4$	2.00	$R_{14}C_4$	1.79	$R_{14}C_4$	1.79	$R_{14}C_4$	1.60

TABLE 7 (Part III)

Marquis Wheat (M_5), Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}).

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ of each segment of the primary root with time, imbibition and vernalization.

Control data on Rideau Wheat included (R_5K).

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hours)			
	18	24	36	48
1	R_5C_4 16.11	R_5C_4 20.11	R_5C_4 32.11	R_5C_4 44.50
	M_5C_4 11.28	M_5C_4 18.89	M_5C_4 31.22	M_5C_4 40.50
	R_5K_4 7.33	R_5K_4 12.22	R_5K_4 20.11	R_5K_4 28.79
	$R_{14}C_4$ 7.00	$R_{14}C_4$ 10.56	$R_{14}C_4$ 19.00	$R_{14}C_4$ 26.00
2	R_5C_4 20.89	R_5C_4 26.50	M_5C_4 44.89	M_5C_4 26.79
	M_5C_4 16.44	M_5C_4 20.22	R_5C_4 44.44	R_5C_4 26.11
	R_5K_4 14.33	R_5K_4 15.33	R_5K_4 24.11	R_5K_4 11.33
	$R_{14}C_4$ 13.22	$R_{14}C_5$ 15.11	$R_{14}C_4$ 21.79	$R_{14}C_4$ 10.50
3	R_5C_4 15.44	R_5C_4 14.50	M_5C_4 8.50	M_5C_4 8.44
	M_5C_4 14.17	M_5C_4 13.79	R_5C_4 8.22	R_5C_4 8.11
	R_5K_4 13.78	R_5K_4 9.79	R_5K_4 6.50	R_5K_4 6.50
	$R_{14}C_4$ 12.41	$R_{14}C_4$ 9.22	$R_{14}C_4$ 6.00	$R_{14}C_4$ 5.79
4	M_5C_4 9.17	R_5C_4 7.79	M_5C_4 8.88	M_5C_4 8.67
	R_5C_4 8.56	M_5C_4 7.11	R_5C_4 8.11	R_5C_4 7.79
	R_5K_4 7.33	R_5K_4 6.56	R_5K_4 5.79	R_5K_4 5.50
	$R_{14}C_4$ 7.22	$R_{14}C_4$ 5.79	$R_{14}C_4$ 4.79	$R_{14}C_4$ 5.00
5	M_5C_4 7.72	R_5C_4 6.79	R_5C_4 6.79	R_5C_4 6.50
	R_5C_4 7.44	M_5C_4 6.00	M_5C_4 6.22	M_5C_4 6.11
	R_5K_4 4.83	R_5K_4 4.11	R_5K_4 3.11	R_5K_4 3.11
	$R_{14}C_4$ 4.22	$R_{14}C_4$ 3.22	$R_{14}C_4$ 2.79	$R_{14}C_4$ 2.79
6	R_5C_4 5.94	R_5C_4 4.00	R_5C_4 3.79	R_5C_4 3.50
	M_5C_4 4.89	R_5K_4 2.89	M_5C_4 2.50	M_5C_4 2.44
	R_5K_4 3.06	M_5C_4 2.79	R_5K_4 2.11	R_5K_4 1.79
	$R_{14}C_4$ 2.45	$R_{14}C_4$ 2.00	$R_{14}C_4$ 2.00	$R_{14}C_4$ 1.79
7	R_5C_4 4.11	R_5C_4 3.50	R_5C_4 3.50	R_5C_4 3.11
	M_5C_4 3.72	M_5C_4 2.44	M_5C_4 2.44	M_5C_4 2.44
	R_5K_4 2.22	R_5K_4 2.00	R_5K_4 1.79	$R_{14}C_4$ 1.67
	$R_{14}C_4$ 1.89	$R_{14}C_5$ 1.72	$R_{14}C_4$ 1.50	R_5K_4 1.50

DATA RELATING THE CHANGE IN CELL COUNT PER SEGMENT WITH TIME, FOR ALL OTHER CHILLING PERIODS MAY BE FOUND IN TABLE B₁₋₁₂ IN THE APPENDIX SECTION. AT ALL TIMES, IN ALL THE SEGMENTS, A CLEAR PICTURE OF STIMULATION WAS OBSERVED TO BE AS FOLLOWS $R_5C_4 = R_5C_5 = R_5C_6 > R_5K = R_5C_3 = R_5C_2 = R_5C_1$. ALTHOUGH NO STATISTICAL DIFFERENCES WERE OBSERVED BETWEEN MEMBERS OF EACH GROUP, THE CONSISTENT ORDER OF STIMULATION OBSERVED THROUGHOUT MIGHT INDICATE A GENERAL TREND. IN ANY CASE IT WAS APPARENT THAT 4-6 WEEKS OF CHILLING RESULTED IN SIGNIFICANTLY HIGHER CELL COUNTS PER SEGMENT OVER THOSE OF CONTROL AND 1-3 WEEK CHILLED GRAIN.

RIDEAU WHEAT R₁₄:- IN TABLE B IS FOUND THE COMPARATIVE DATA ON THE SECOND SERIES OF RIDEAU WHEAT (R₁₄) FOLLOWING FIVE WEEKS CHILLING AND SUBSEQUENT GROWTH. CELL COUNT DATA ON MARQUIS WHEAT WAS NOT OBTAINED AT THIS CHILLING PERIOD. VERNALIZATION SIGNIFICANTLY STIMULATED AN INCREASE IN CELL DIVISION GROWTH IN ALL SEGMENTS AT ALL PERIODS OVER UNTREATED CONTROL ROOTS. HOWEVER, IT WAS ONLY IN SEGMENTS 3, 4 AND 5 THAT CONSISTENTLY HIGHER CELL COUNTS WERE OBTAINED AT ALL PERIODS IN THE R₁₄ SERIES AS COMPARED WITH THE OTHER RIDEAU SERIES.

DATA RELATING THE CHANGE IN CELL COUNT PER SEGMENT WITH TIME FOR ALL TESTED CHILLING PERIODS (I.E. 1-6 WEEKS) ARE GIVEN IN TABLE C₁₋₁₂ IN THE APPENDIX SECTION. APART FROM SEGMENTS 2 AND 3 FOLLOWING 2 HOURS OF GROWTH, CHILLING STIMULATED INCREASED CELL DIVISION GROWTH IN THE ORDER $C_5 = C_6 > K = C_4 = C_3 = C_2 = C_1$.

TABLE 8 (Part I)

Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14})Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ of each segment of the primary root with time, imbibition and vernalization.Control data on Rideau Wheat included ($R_{14}K$)

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hours)							
	2		4		6		8	
1	R_5C_5	8.73	R_5C_5	10.78	R_5C_5	12.56	R_5C_5	8.22
	$R_{14}C_5$	4.44	$R_{14}C_5$	7.83	$R_{14}C_5$	7.83	$R_{14}C_5$	7.79
	$R_{14}K$	2.89	$R_{14}K$	4.72	$R_{14}K$	4.83	$R_{14}K$	5.22
2	R_5C_5	14.39	R_5C_5	14.28	R_5C_5	16.11	R_5C_5	17.11
	$R_{14}C_5$	11.67	$R_{14}C_5$	11.78	$R_{14}C_5$	13.00	$R_{14}C_5$	15.11
	$R_{14}K$	10.11	$R_{14}K$	7.72	$R_{14}K$	12.61	$R_{14}K$	13.22
3	$R_{14}C_5$	15.33	$R_{14}C_5$	15.89	$R_{14}C_5$	23.33	$R_{14}C_5$	24.00
	R_5C_5	14.56	R_5C_5	14.61	R_5C_5	20.33	R_5C_5	21.50
	$R_{14}K$	8.28	$R_{14}K$	9.56	$R_{14}K$	12.50	$R_{14}K$	13.00
4	$R_{14}C_5$	10.11	$R_{14}C_5$	10.56	$R_{14}C_5$	11.39	$R_{14}C_5$	12.00
	R_5C_5	8.78	R_5C_5	7.22	R_5C_5	8.44	R_5C_5	8.79
	$R_{14}K$	3.50	$R_{14}K$	4.17	$R_{14}K$	6.94	$R_{14}K$	7.11
5	$R_{14}C_5$	6.89	R_5C_5	8.78	$R_{14}C_5$	8.72	$R_{14}C_5$	9.00
	R_5C_5	6.33	$R_{14}C_5$	7.61	R_5C_5	8.17	R_5C_5	8.79
	$R_{14}K$	5.11	$R_{14}K$	5.78	$R_{14}K$	4.61	$R_{14}K$	4.89
6	$R_{14}C_5$	5.22	R_5C_5	6.17	R_5C_5	7.67	R_5C_5	7.61
	R_5C_5	4.67	$R_{14}C_5$	5.29	$R_{14}C_5$	5.44	$R_{14}C_5$	5.79
	$R_{14}K$	2.33	$R_{14}K$	2.22	$R_{14}K$	2.39	$R_{14}K$	2.50
7	R_5C_5	4.22	R_5C_5	5.00	R_5C_5	5.44	R_5C_5	5.44
	$R_{14}C_5$	3.33	$R_{14}C_5$	3.89	$R_{14}C_5$	3.56	$R_{14}C_5$	3.79
	$R_{14}K$	1.94	$R_{14}K$	2.22	$R_{14}K$	1.39	$R_{14}K$	2.44

TABLE 8 (Part II)

Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14})Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ of each segment of the primary root with time, imbibition and vernalization.Control data on Rideau wheat included ($R_{14}K$)

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hours)			
	10	12	14	16
1	$R_{14}C_5$ 8.89	$R_{14}C_5$ 9.50	R_5C_5 11.00	R_5C_5 12.50
	R_5C_5 8.00	R_5C_5 9.44	$R_{14}C_5$ 10.78	$R_{14}C_5$ 12.00
	$R_{14}K$ 5.89	$R_{14}K$ 6.00	$R_{14}K$ 6.50	$R_{14}K$ 6.79
2	$R_{14}C_5$ 17.50	$R_{14}C_5$ 19.56	R_5C_5 21.22	$R_{14}C_5$ 23.11
	R_5C_5 17.11	R_5C_5 18.00	$R_{14}C_5$ 18.50	R_5C_5 19.00
	$R_{14}K$ 13.79	$R_{14}K$ 14.50	$R_{14}K$ 14.79	$R_{14}K$ 14.22
3	$R_{14}C_5$ 24.50	$R_{14}C_5$ 25.11	R_5C_5 21.79	$R_{14}C_5$ 18.11
	R_5C_5 22.79	R_5C_5 24.79	$R_{14}C_5$ 21.68	R_5C_5 17.79
	$R_{14}K$ 13.50	$R_{14}K$ 14.11	$R_{14}K$ 13.67	$R_{14}K$ 13.11
4	$R_{14}C_5$ 12.79	$R_{14}C_5$ 13.50	$R_{14}C_5$ 11.11	$R_{14}C_5$ 10.22
	R_5C_5 9.50	R_5C_5 10.11	R_5C_5 9.50	R_5C_5 8.79
	$R_{14}K$ 7.79	$R_{14}K$ 8.11	$R_{14}K$ 8.44	$R_{14}K$ 8.00
5	$R_{14}C_5$ 9.22	$R_{14}C_5$ 9.79	$R_{14}C_5$ 9.50	$R_{14}C_5$ 8.67
	R_5C_5 9.11	R_5C_5 9.79	R_5C_5 8.50	R_5C_5 8.00
	$R_{14}K$ 5.11	$R_{14}K$ 4.67	$R_{14}K$ 4.50	$R_{14}K$ 4.50
6	R_5C_5 7.79	R_5C_5 7.00	R_5C_5 6.67	R_5C_5 6.11
	$R_{14}C_5$ 6.11	$R_{14}C_5$ 6.22	$R_{14}C_5$ 5.60	$R_{14}C_5$ 5.44
	$R_{14}K$ 2.79	$R_{14}K$ 3.00	$R_{14}K$ 2.67	$R_{14}K$ 2.50
7	R_5C_5 5.79	R_5C_5 6.00	R_5C_5 5.00	R_5C_5 5.00
	$R_{14}C_5$ 3.90	$R_{14}C_5$ 4.11	$R_{14}C_5$ 3.79	$R_{14}C_5$ 3.67
	$R_{14}K$ 2.11	$R_{14}K$ 2.00	$R_{14}K$ 1.79	$R_{14}K$ 1.79

TABLE 8 (Part III)

Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14})
 Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ of each segment of the primary root with time,
 imbibition and vernalization.

Control data on Rideau Wheat included ($R_{14}K$)

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hours)			
	18	24	36	48
1	R_5C_5 15.00	R_5C_5 19.11	R_5C_5 31.50	R_5C_5 43.50
	$R_{14}C_5$ 13.33	$R_{14}C_5$ 19.00	$R_{14}C_5$ 31.11	$R_{14}C_5$ 42.22
	$R_{14}K$ 7.22	$R_{14}K$ 12.00	$R_{14}K$ 19.11	$R_{14}K$ 26.50
2	$R_{14}C_5$ 26.00	R_5C_5 21.50	$R_{14}C_5$ 42.44	R_5C_5 25.50
	R_5C_5 19.67	$R_{14}C_5$ 20.50	R_5C_5 42.22	$R_{14}C_5$ 25.11
	$R_{14}K$ 13.39	$R_{14}K$ 14.79	$R_{14}K$ 22.11	$R_{14}K$ 11.00
3	$R_{14}C_5$ 16.61	$R_{14}C_5$ 14.11	R_5C_5 8.00	R_5C_5 7.79
	R_5C_5 15.22	R_5C_5 14.11	$R_{14}C_5$ 7.79	$R_{14}C_5$ 7.11
	$R_{14}K$ 12.50	$R_{14}K$ 9.78	$R_{14}K$ 6.22	$R_{14}K$ 6.00
4	$R_{14}C_5$ 9.00	R_5C_5 8.11	R_5C_5 8.11	R_5C_5 7.50
	R_5C_5 8.44	$R_{14}C_5$ 8.00	$R_{14}C_5$ 7.79	$R_{14}C_5$ 7.11
	$R_{14}K$ 7.50	$R_{14}K$ 6.11	$R_{14}K$ 5.60	$R_{14}K$ 5.11
5	$R_{14}C_5$ 7.33	$R_{14}C_5$ 6.89	$R_{14}C_5$ 6.67	$R_{14}C_5$ 6.40
	R_5C_5 7.22	R_5C_5 6.79	R_5C_5 6.50	R_5C_5 6.11
	$R_{14}K$ 4.44	$R_{14}K$ 3.44	$R_{14}K$ 3.00	$R_{14}K$ 3.00
6	R_5C_5 5.28	$R_{14}C_5$ 4.00	$R_{14}C_5$ 3.67	$R_{14}C_5$ 3.22
	$R_{14}C_5$ 5.23	R_5C_5 3.79	R_5C_5 3.50	R_5C_5 3.11
	$R_{14}K$ 2.50	$R_{14}K$ 2.11	$R_{14}K$ 2.00	$R_{14}K$ 2.00
7	R_5C_5 4.00	$R_{14}C_5$ 3.33	$R_{14}C_5$ 3.44	$R_{14}C_5$ 3.00
	$R_{14}C_5$ 3.44	R_5C_5 3.22	R_5C_5 3.11	R_5C_5 3.00
	$R_{14}K$ 2.00	$R_{14}K$ 1.89	$R_{14}K$ 1.79	$R_{14}K$ 1.78

COMPARATIVE CELL COUNT DATA:- FOR PURPOSES OF COMPARISON, CELL COUNTS PER SEGMENT AT EACH 2 HOUR PERIOD OBTAINED FOLLOWING OPTIMAL CONDITIONS OF STIMULATION FOR THE THREE WHEAT SERIES ARE GROUPED IN TABLE 9.

IN ALL CASES AND AT ALL PERIODS, A 100-200 PER CENT INCREASE IN CELL COUNT PER SEGMENT WAS OBTAINED FOLLOWING OPTIMAL PERIODS OF VERNALIZATION. CELL COUNTS PER SEGMENT OBTAINED FROM THE OPTIMALLY VERNALIZED SERIES WERE SUBSTANTIALLY ALIKE, WHERE SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES WERE OBSERVED THE LEVEL OF DIFFERENCE WAS SLIGHT.

THE NUMBER OF CELLS FOUND IN SEGMENT 7 OF ALL SERIES FOLLOWING VERNALIZATION WAS COMPARABLE TO THOSE OBTAINED IN SEGMENT 5 IN THE NON-TREATED CONTROLS. THAT IS, VERNALIZATION STIMULATED A CONTINUANCE OF CELL DIVISION GROWTH IN THOSE SEGMENTS WHICH WOULD OTHERWISE HAVE PASSED OUT OF THIS GROWTH PHASE.

INCREASE IN CELL NUMBER WITH DISTANCE FROM THE ROOT APEX

THE DATA IN TABLE 10, AND FIGURE 2, SHOW THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CELLS IN SUCCESSIVE 0.5 MM. SECTIONS OF CONTROL AND OPTIMALLY VERNALIZED MARQUIS AND BIDEAU WHEAT. IN ALL CASES THE CELL NUMBER INCREASED RAPIDLY FROM THE ROOT APEX TO APPROXIMATELY 1 MM. THIS WAS FOLLOWED BY A RAPID DECREASE TO ABOUT 2 MM. AND A SLOWER DECREASE THEREAFTER TO 3-4 MM. WHEN A MORE OR LESS CONSTANT VALUE WAS MAINTAINED TO 5 MMS. FROM THE APEX, THIS REGION REPRESENTING

TABLE 9 (Part I)

Marquis Wheat (M_5) Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}) Comparative Data -
Cell counts at the control and maximum condition of stimulation of the cell
division phase of growth. Duncan's test (5% level). Cell count $\times 10^{-2}$

Segment	Experimental period (hours)							
	2		4		6		8	
1	M_5C_1	11.61	R_5C_4	11.61	R_5C_4	12.61	$R_{14}C_5$	8.22
	R_5C_4	9.17	$R_{14}C_5$	7.83	$R_{14}C_5$	7.83	R_5C_4	8.11
	M_5K	4.56	M_5C_1	5.17	R_5K	7.11	M_5C_1	7.11
	$R_{14}C_5$	4.44	R_5K	4.78	M_5C_1	5.18	R_5K	7.11
	R_5K	3.11	$R_{14}K$	4.72	$R_{14}K$	4.83	$R_{14}K$	5.22
	$R_{14}K$	2.89	M_5K	2.39	M_5K	3.27	M_5K	4.22
	2	M_5C_1	14.78	R_5C_4	15.83	R_5C_4	16.72	M_5C_1
R_5C_4		14.78	$R_{14}C_5$	11.78	M_5C_1	14.72	R_5C_4	17.22
$R_{14}C_5$		11.17	M_5C_1	11.72	R_5K	14.39	$R_{14}C_5$	15.11
$R_{14}K$		10.11	$R_{14}K$	7.72	$R_{14}C_5$	13.00	R_5K	14.50
M_5K		6.50	R_5K	6.72	$R_{14}K$	12.61	$R_{14}K$	13.22
R_5K		6.22	M_5K	3.44	M_5K	7.44	M_5K	8.89
3		M_5C_1	15.56	R_5C_4	16.50	$R_{14}C_5$	23.33	$R_{14}C_5$
	$R_{14}C_5$	15.33	$R_{14}C_5$	15.89	M_5C_1	22.57	M_5C_1	23.78
	R_5C_4	15.11	M_5C_1	12.56	R_5C_4	21.22	R_5C_4	22.79
	$R_{14}K$	8.28	$R_{14}K$	9.56	R_5K	14.78	R_5K	15.50
	M_5K	7.17	R_5K	3.83	$R_{14}K$	12.50	$R_{14}K$	13.00
	R_5K	6.89	M_5K	5.22	M_5K	9.22	M_5K	10.44
	4	$R_{14}C_5$	10.11	M_5C_4	10.89	$R_{14}C_5$	11.39	$R_{14}C_5$
M_5C_1		8.61	$R_{14}C_5$	10.56	M_5C_1	10.89	M_5C_1	11.22
R_5C_4		8.74	R_5C_4	8.78	R_5C_4	8.94	R_5C_4	9.11
$R_{14}K$		3.50	R_5K	4.88	R_5K	8.22	R_5K	8.50
R_5K		3.39	M_5K	4.22	$R_{14}K$	6.94	$R_{14}K$	7.11
M_5K		1.17	$R_{14}K$	4.17	M_5K	5.06	M_5K	5.78
5		M_5C_1	8.83	R_5C_4	8.89	M_5C_1	8.78	M_5C_1
	$R_{14}C_5$	6.39	M_5C_1	3.78	$R_{14}C_5$	3.77	R_5C_4	9.00
	R_5C_4	6.72	$R_{14}C_5$	7.61	R_5C_4	8.44	$R_{14}C_5$	9.00
	$R_{14}K$	5.11	$R_{14}K$	5.78	R_5K	5.83	R_5K	6.11
	M_5K	5.00	M_5K	5.44	$R_{14}K$	4.61	$R_{14}K$	4.89
	R_5K	4.18	R_5K	4.83	M_5K	4.44	M_5K	4.89
	7	R_5C_4	4.78	R_5C_4	5.11	R_5C_4	5.50	R_5C_4
M_5C_1		4.56	M_5C_1	4.59	M_5C_1	4.61	M_5C_1	4.89
$R_{14}C_5$		3.33	$R_{14}C_5$	3.89	$R_{14}C_5$	3.55	$R_{14}C_5$	3.79
$R_{14}K$		1.94	R_5K	2.22	$R_{14}K$	2.83	R_5K	3.00
R_5K		1.61	$R_{14}K$	2.22	M_5K	1.67	$R_{14}K$	2.44
M_5K		1.56	M_5K	1.67	R_5K	1.39	M_5K	1.79

Duncan test lines placed vertically to facilitate compression of the data.

TABLE 9 (Part II)

Marquis Wheat (M₅) Rideau Wheat (R₅) and (R₁₄) Comparative Data -
Cell counts at the control and maximum condition of stimulation of the cell
division phase of growth. Duncan's test (5% level). Cell count X 10⁻²

Segment	Experimental period (hours)			
	10	12	14	16
1	M ₅ C ₁ 9.00	M ₅ C ₁ 10.25	M ₅ C ₁ 11.78	M ₅ C ₁ 13.50
	R ₁₄ C ₅ 8.89	R ₅ C ₄ 9.79	R ₅ C ₄ 11.22	R ₅ C ₄ 12.78
	R ₅ C ₄ 8.11	R ₁₄ C ₅ 9.50	R ₁₄ C ₅ 10.78	R ₁₄ C ₅ 12.00
	R ₅ K 7.33	R ₄ K 7.44	R ₅ K 7.44	R ₅ K 7.50
	R ₁₄ K 5.89	M ₅ K 6.11	M ₅ K 6.89	M ₅ K 7.00
	M ₅ K 5.00	R ₁₄ K 6.00	R ₁₄ K 6.50	R ₁₄ K 6.79
2	M ₅ C ₁ 20.11	M ₅ C ₁ 22.50	M ₅ C ₁ 24.67	M ₅ C ₁ 25.78
	R ₅ C ₄ 17.79	R ₁₄ C ₅ 19.56	R ₁₄ C ₅ 21.22	R ₁₄ C ₅ 23.11
	R ₁₄ C ₅ 17.50	R ₅ C ₄ 18.50	R ₅ C ₄ 19.11	R ₅ C ₄ 19.79
	R ₅ K 14.79	R ₅ K 15.00	R ₅ K 15.50	R ₅ K 14.79
	R ₁₄ K 13.79	R ₁₄ K 14.50	R ₁₄ K 14.79	R ₁₄ K 14.22
	M ₅ K 9.78	M ₅ K 14.00	M ₅ K 10.89	M ₅ K 12.00
3	M ₅ C ₁ 25.89	R ₅ C ₁ 25.11	R ₅ C ₄ 22.79	M ₅ C ₁ 19.11
	R ₁₄ C ₅ 24.50	R ₁₄ C ₄ 25.11	R ₁₄ C ₅ 21.68	R ₅ C ₄ 18.44
	R ₅ C ₄ 23.57	M ₅ C ₅ 24.11	M ₅ C ₁ 21.44	R ₁₄ C ₅ 18.11
	R ₅ K 17.00	R ₅ K 16.11	R ₅ K 15.44	R ₄ K 14.50
	R ₁₄ K 13.50	R ₁₄ K 14.11	R ₁₄ K 13.67	M ₅ K 13.33
	M ₅ K 12.50	M ₅ K 13.78	M ₅ K 13.50	R ₁₄ K 13.11
4	R ₁₄ C ₅ 12.79	R ₁₄ C ₅ 13.50	M ₅ C ₁ 13.11	M ₅ C ₁ 12.44
	M ₅ C ₁ 11.78	M ₅ C ₁ 12.00	R ₁₄ C ₅ 11.11	R ₁₄ C ₅ 10.22
	R ₅ C ₄ 9.79	R ₅ C ₄ 10.50	R ₅ C ₄ 9.79	R ₅ C ₄ 9.00
	R ₅ K 8.89	R ₅ K 8.11	R ₁₄ K 8.44	M ₅ K 8.00
	R ₁₄ K 7.79	R ₁₄ K 8.11	M ₅ K 8.22	R ₁₄ K 8.00
	M ₅ K 6.11	M ₅ K 7.00	R ₅ K 7.50	R ₅ K 7.50
5	M ₅ C ₁ 9.79	M ₅ C ₁ 10.11	M ₅ C ₁ 9.79	M ₅ C ₁ 9.00
	R ₅ C ₄ 9.50	R ₅ C ₄ 10.00	R ₁₄ C ₅ 9.50	R ₁₄ C ₅ 8.67
	R ₁₄ C ₅ 9.22	R ₁₄ C ₅ 9.79	R ₅ C ₄ 8.79	R ₅ C ₄ 8.11
	R ₅ K 6.79	R ₅ K 7.50	R ₄ K 6.11	R ₅ K 5.67
	R ₁₄ K 5.11	M ₅ K 5.68	M ₅ K 5.11	M ₅ K 4.79
	M ₅ K 5.00	R ₁₄ K 4.67	R ₅ K 5.00	R ₁₄ K 4.50
7	R ₅ C ₄ 6.00	R ₅ C ₄ 6.11	R ₅ C ₄ 5.50	R ₅ C ₄ 5.22
	M ₅ C ₁ 5.11	M ₅ C ₁ 5.33	M ₅ C ₁ 4.89	M ₅ C ₁ 4.50
	R ₁₄ C ₅ 3.90	R ₁₄ C ₅ 4.11	R ₁₄ C ₅ 3.79	R ₁₄ C ₅ 3.67
	R ₅ K 3.22	R ₅ K 3.50	R ₅ K 3.11	R ₅ K 2.79
	R ₁₄ K 2.91	M ₅ K 2.10	M ₅ K 1.89	R ₁₄ K 1.79
	M ₅ K 1.90	R ₁₄ K 2.00	R ₁₄ K 1.79	M ₅ K 1.71

TABLE 9 (Part III)

Marquis Wheat (M_5) Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}) Comparative Data -
 Cell counts at the control and maximum condition of stimulation of the cell
 division phase of growth. Duncan's test (5% level). Cell count $\times 10^{-2}$

Segment	Experimental period (hours)							
	18	24	36	48				
1	M_5C_1	15.33	M_5C_1	23.11	M_5C_1	35.50	M_5C_1	48.44
	R_5C_4	14.11	R_5C_4	20.11	R_5C_4	32.11	R_5C_4	44.50
	$R_{14}C_5$	13.33	$R_{14}C_5$	19.00	$R_{14}C_5$	31.11	$R_{14}C_5$	42.22
	M_5K	8.22	R_5K	12.22	M_5K	22.11	M_5K	31.11
	R_5K	7.33	M_5K	12.11	R_5K	20.11	R_5K	28.79
	$R_{14}K$	7.22	$R_{14}K$	12.00	$R_{14}K$	19.11	$R_{14}K$	26.50
2	M_5C_1	26.06	M_5C_1	30.11	M_5C_1	48.50	M_5C_1	29.11
	R_5C_4	26.00	R_5C_4	26.50	R_5C_4	44.44	R_5C_4	26.11
	$R_{14}C_5$	25.89	$R_{14}C_5$	20.50	$R_{14}C_5$	42.44	$R_{14}C_5$	25.11
	M_5K	14.33	M_5K	15.89	M_5K	28.39	M_5K	14.50
	R_5K	13.39	R_5K	15.33	R_5K	24.11	R_5K	11.33
	$R_{14}K$	13.22	$R_{14}K$	14.79	$R_{14}K$	22.11	$R_{14}K$	11.00
3	M_5C_1	17.50	R_5C_4	14.50	M_5C_1	9.89	M_5C_1	9.79
	R_5C_4	16.61	M_5C_1	14.44	R_5C_4	8.22	R_5C_4	8.11
	$R_{14}C_5$	15.44	$R_{14}C_5$	14.11	$R_{14}C_5$	7.79	$R_{14}C_5$	7.11
	M_5K	13.78	M_5K	10.00	M_5K	7.78	M_5C_1	6.78
	R_5K	12.50	R_5K	9.79	R_5K	6.50	R_5C_4	6.50
	$R_{14}K$	12.11	$R_{14}K$	9.79	$R_{14}K$	6.22	$R_{14}C_5$	6.00
4	M_5C_1	11.61	M_5C_1	8.78	M_5C_1	9.44	M_5C_1	9.50
	R_5C_4	9.17	$R_{14}C_5$	8.00	R_5C_4	8.11	R_5C_4	7.79
	$R_{14}C_5$	8.96	R_5C_4	7.79	$R_{14}C_5$	7.79	$R_{14}C_5$	7.11
	M_5K	7.89	R_5K	6.56	M_5K	6.50	M_5K	6.44
	R_5K	7.50	M_5K	6.22	R_5K	5.78	R_5K	5.50
	$R_{14}K$	7.33	$R_{14}K$	6.11	$R_{14}K$	5.60	$R_{14}K$	5.11
5	M_5C_1	8.28	$R_{14}C_5$	6.89	M_5C_1	7.11	M_5C_1	7.00
	R_5C_4	7.72	M_5C_1	6.79	R_5C_4	6.79	R_5C_4	6.50
	$R_{14}C_5$	7.44	R_5C_4	6.79	$R_{14}C_5$	6.67	$R_{14}C_5$	6.40
	M_5K	4.56	R_5K	4.11	M_5K	3.80	M_5K	3.44
	R_5K	4.44	$R_{14}K$	3.44	R_5K	3.11	R_5K	3.11
	$R_{14}K$	4.33	M_5K	3.22	$R_{14}K$	3.00	$R_{14}K$	3.00
7	M_5C_1	4.11	M_5C_1	3.56	M_5C_1	4.11	M_5C_1	4.11
	R_5C_4	4.11	R_5C_4	3.50	R_5C_4	3.50	R_5C_4	3.11
	$R_{14}C_5$	3.44	$R_{14}C_5$	3.33	$R_{14}C_5$	3.44	$R_{14}C_5$	3.00
	M_5K	3.22	R_5K	2.00	R_5K	1.79	$R_{14}K$	1.79
	R_5K	2.00	$R_{14}K$	1.89	$R_{14}K$	1.79	R_5K	1.50
	M_5K	1.89	M_5K	1.22	M_5K	1.11	M_5K	1.22

TABLE 10

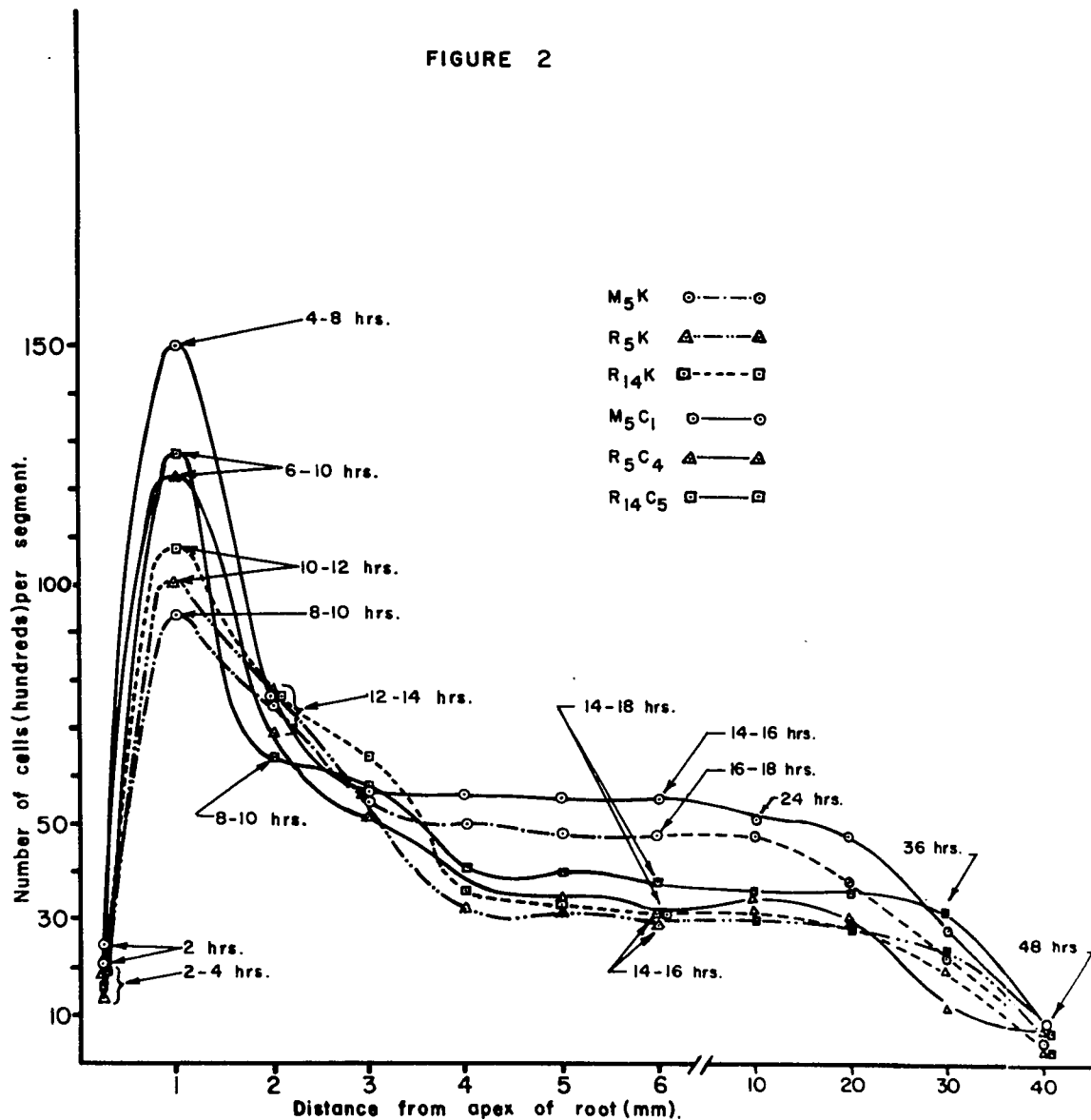
Marquis Wheat (M_5) Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}).

Variation in total cell count with distance from root apex at optimally vernalized periods. Cell counts $\times 10^{-2}$

Duncan's test (5% level)

Distance from apex of root (mm)	Vernalization (weeks)					
0.5	M_5K 25.50	M_5C_1 <u>21.96</u>	$R_{14}C_5$ <u>19.51</u>	R_5C_4 18.39	$R_{14}K$ <u>17.69</u>	R_5K 14.44
1.0	M_5C_1 153.95	$R_{14}C_5$ 128.38	R_5C_4 123.27	$R_{14}K$ 108.16	R_5K 101.21	M_5K 94.16
2.0	$R_{14}K$ <u>77.72</u>	R_5K 77.50	M_5K <u>75.22</u>	M_5C_1 <u>74.06</u>	R_5C_4 69.26	$R_{14}C_5$ 63.83
3.0	$R_{14}K$ 64.35	$R_{14}C_5$ <u>58.33</u>	M_5K <u>57.33</u>	R_5K 56.66	M_5C_1 <u>55.96</u>	R_5C_4 51.50
4.0	M_5C_1 59.34	M_5K 50.00	$R_{14}C_5$ <u>40.83</u>	R_5C_4 <u>40.34</u>	$R_{14}K$ 36.26	R_5K 33.38
5.0	M_5C_1 57.14	M_5K 48.33	$R_{14}C_5$ 40.00	R_5C_4 <u>35.00</u>	$R_{14}K$ 34.61	R_5K 31.40
6.0	M_5C_1 56.51	M_5K 47.5	$R_{14}C_5$ 38.00	$R_{14}K$ <u>31.20</u>	R_5C_4 31.00	R_5K 28.00
10.0	M_5C_1 50.60	M_5K 47.07	$R_{14}C_5$ <u>36.22</u>	R_5C_4 <u>34.89</u>	R_5K <u>32.22</u>	$R_{14}K$ 30.89
20.0	M_5C_1 48.50	M_5K <u>38.07</u>	$R_{14}C_5$ <u>36.10</u>	R_5C_4 <u>31.82</u>	R_5K <u>29.62</u>	$R_{14}K$ 29.35
30.0	$R_{14}C_5$ 32.81	M_5C_1 28.3	$R_{14}K$ <u>24.00</u>	M_5K <u>22.50</u>	R_5K 19.62	R_5C_4 11.50
40.0	M_5C_1 <u>8.50</u>	R_5C_4 <u>8.11</u>	$R_{14}C_5$ 7.11	M_5K 5.79	R_5K <u>3.50</u>	$R_{14}K$ 3.00

FIGURE 2



OBSERVATIONS MADE AFTER 16 HOURS OF GROWTH. FOLLOWING THIS, A SLOW DECREASE IN TOTAL CELL NUMBER TOOK PLACE OVER THE NEXT 16 HOURS REPRESENTING A REGION 20-30 MM. FROM THE ROOT APEX, AND THIS WAS FOLLOWED BY A MORE OR LESS RAPID DECLINE IN THE REGION 30-40 MM. FROM THE APEX AFTER 48 HOURS OF GROWTH. THE OUTSTANDING FEATURE HERE IS THE EFFECT OF IMBIBITION, SEED VARIETY AND VERNALIZATION ON THE BASIC CURVE.

CONTROL SERIES

OVER THE 1-3 MM. ROOT TIP REGION, STIMULATION OF CELL DIVISION, AS EVIDENCED BY INCREASED TOTAL CELL COUNTS, WAS ELICITED AS THE SERIES, $R_{14K} > R_{5K} > M_{5K}$. HOWEVER OVER THE SUCCEEDING 3-6 MM. REGION THE GREATEST NUMBER OF CELLS WAS FOUND IN MARQUIS SPRING WHEAT.

VERNALIZED SERIES

FOLLOWING VERNALIZATION, THE GENERALIZED PATTERN OF CELL DIVISION GROWTH WAS SIMILAR TO UNTREATED CONTROLS BUT SIGNIFICANTLY HIGHER LEVELS WERE OBTAINED IN ALL CASES ALONG THE COURSE OF THE ROOT.

INCREASE IN LENGTH WITH TIME

ROOT LENGTH

AT EACH 2 HOUR PERIOD TO 48 HOURS THE CHANGING TOTAL LENGTH OF THE ORIGINALLY MARKED 3.5 MM. ROOT TIP REGION WAS OBSERVED AT ALL CHILLING PERIODS. THIS DATA IS PRESENTED IN TABLE II. IT REPRESENTS THE SUMMATION OF THE CHANGING LENGTH OF EACH OF THE SEVEN ORIGINALLY MARKED 0.5 MM. PORTIONS OF THE ROOT TIP. IN ORDER TO

TABLE 11 (part I)

Marquis Wheat (M_5). Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}). Increase in total length in mms. of originally marked 3.5 mm. root tip with time, imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Vernalization (weeks)	Experimental period (hours)											
	2			4			6			8		
0	M_5K	4.28		$R_{14}K$	6.04		$R_{14}K$	7.28		$R_{14}K$	8.69	
	R_5K	4.35		M_5K	5.68		M_5K	6.88		M_5K	8.68	
	$R_{14}K$	4.55		R_5K	5.61		R_5K	6.87		R_5K	8.61	
1	M_5C_1	5.10		M_5C_1	7.46		M_5C_1	9.23		M_5C_1	11.82	
	$R_{14}C_1$	4.46		$R_{14}C_1$	5.57		$R_{14}C_1$	6.60		R_5C_1	7.95	
	R_5C_1	4.16		R_5C_1	5.23		R_5C_1	6.33		$R_{14}C_1$	7.87	
2	M_5C_2	5.05		M_5C_2	7.40		M_5C_2	9.93		M_5C_2	12.29	
	$R_{14}C_2$	4.50		$R_{14}C_2$	5.69		R_5C_2	6.75		R_5C_2	8.09	
	R_5C_2	4.19		R_5C_2	5.31		$R_{14}C_2$	6.44		$R_{14}C_2$	8.06	
3	M_5C_3	4.92		M_5C_3	6.91		M_5C_3	9.11		M_5C_3	11.63	
	$R_{14}C_3$	4.53		$R_{14}C_3$	5.75		$R_{14}C_3$	6.87		R_5C_3	8.30	
	R_5C_3	4.26		R_5C_3	5.43		R_5C_3	6.60		$R_{14}C_3$	8.21	
4	R_5C_4	5.05		R_5C_4	7.74		R_5C_4	10.53		R_5C_4	12.85	
	M_5C_4	4.81		M_5C_4	6.65		M_5C_4	8.70		M_5C_4	11.21	
	$R_{14}C_4$	4.61		$R_{14}C_4$	5.94		$R_{14}C_4$	7.15		$R_{14}C_4$	8.52	
5	$R_{14}C_5$	5.08		$R_{14}C_5$	7.28		R_5C_5	9.83		R_5C_5	12.04	
	R_5C_5	4.87		R_5C_5	7.13		$R_{14}C_5$	9.82		$R_{14}C_5$	11.94	
	M_5C_5	4.72		M_5C_5	6.36		M_5C_5	8.30		M_5C_5	10.76	
6	$R_{14}C_6$	4.92		$R_{14}C_6$	6.97		$R_{14}C_6$	9.33		$R_{14}C_6$	11.41	
	M_5C_6	4.64		R_5C_6	6.65		R_5C_6	8.78		R_5C_6	10.95	
	R_5C_6	4.56		M_5C_6	6.16		M_5C_6	7.97		M_5C_6	10.39	
7	$R_{14}C_7$	4.77		R_5C_7	6.61		$R_{14}C_7$	8.83		$R_{14}C_7$	10.87	
	M_5C_7	4.61		$R_{14}C_7$	6.59		R_5C_7	8.66		R_5C_7	10.80	
	R_5C_7	4.60		M_5C_7	6.02		M_5C_7	7.70		M_5C_7	10.01	

TABLE 11 (Part II)

Marquis Wheat (M_5). Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}). Increase in total length in mms. of originally marked 3.5 mm. root tip with time, imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Vernalization (weeks)	Experimental period (hours)							
	10		12		14		16	
0	M_5K	10.42	M_5K	11.91	M_5K	13.41	M_5K	15.30
	R_5K	10.37	R_5K	11.91	R_5K	13.19	R_5K	14.62
	$R_{14}K$	10.24	$R_{14}K$	11.60	$R_{14}K$	12.80	$R_{14}K$	14.13
1	M_5C_1	14.17	M_5C_1	16.40	M_5C_1	18.36	M_5C_1	20.95
	R_5C_1	9.64	R_5C_1	11.11	R_5C_1	12.33	R_5C_1	13.68
	$R_{14}C_1$	9.30	$R_{14}C_1$	10.32	$R_{14}C_1$	11.70	$R_{14}C_1$	12.91
2	M_5C_2	14.61	M_5C_2	16.83	M_5C_2	18.81	M_5C_2	21.35
	R_5C_2	9.80	R_5C_2	11.30	R_5C_2	12.53	R_5C_2	13.91
	$R_{14}C_2$	9.50	$R_{14}C_2$	10.79	$R_{14}C_2$	12.01	$R_{14}C_2$	13.16
3	M_5C_3	13.94	M_5C_3	16.13	M_5C_3	17.64	M_5C_3	20.16
	R_5C_3	10.03	R_5C_3	11.55	R_5C_3	12.80	R_5C_3	14.21
	$R_{14}C_3$	9.68	$R_{14}C_3$	10.98	$R_{14}C_3$	12.22	$R_{14}C_3$	13.49
4	R_5C_4	14.19	R_5C_4	16.17	R_5C_4	17.88	M_5C_4	20.04
	M_5C_4	13.50	M_5C_4	15.66	M_5C_4	17.54	R_5C_4	19.65
	$R_{14}C_4$	10.03	$R_{14}C_4$	11.37	$R_{14}C_4$	12.65	$R_{14}C_4$	13.96
5	R_5C_5	14.26	R_5C_5	16.22	R_5C_5	17.91	R_5C_5	19.66
	$R_{14}C_5$	14.13	$R_{14}C_5$	16.10	$R_{14}C_5$	17.67	M_5C_5	19.47
	M_5C_5	13.02	M_5C_5	15.15	M_5C_5	17.00	$R_{14}C_5$	19.22
6	R_5C_6	13.15	$R_{14}C_6$	15.48	$R_{14}C_6$	17.04	M_5C_6	19.02
	$R_{14}C_6$	13.14	R_5C_6	15.08	R_5C_6	16.74	$R_{14}C_6$	18.57
	M_5C_6	12.64	M_5C_6	14.74	M_5C_6	16.57	R_5C_6	18.48
7	$R_{14}C_7$	12.99	$R_{14}C_7$	14.86	$R_{14}C_7$	16.43	M_5C_7	13.61
	R_5C_7	12.98	R_5C_7	14.52	M_5C_7	16.18	$R_{14}C_7$	17.95
	M_5C_7	12.29	M_5C_7	14.38	R_5C_7	16.17	R_5C_7	17.88

TABLE 11 (Part III)

Marquis Wheat (M_5). Rideau Wheat (R_5) and (R_{14}). Increase in total length in mms. of originally marked 3.5 mm. root tip with time, imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Vernalization (weeks)	Experimental period (hours)							
	18		24		36		48	
0	M_5K	17.31	M_5K	23.26	M_5K	34.50	M_5K	44.80
	R_5K	16.29	R_5K	20.82	R_5K	30.64	R_5K	40.44
	$R_{14}K$	15.58	$R_{14}K$	20.60	$R_{14}K$	30.03	$R_{14}K$	39.26
1	M_5C_1	23.49	M_5C_1	30.93	M_5C_1	46.05	M_5C_1	65.97
	R_5C_1	15.29	R_5C_1	19.70	R_5C_1	29.35	R_5C_1	38.76
	$R_{14}C_1$	14.41	$R_{14}C_1$	18.53	$R_{14}C_1$	27.70	$R_{14}C_1$	36.59
2	M_5C_2	23.87	M_5C_2	31.13	M_5C_2	45.97	M_5C_2	65.51
	R_5C_2	15.54	R_5C_2	19.98	R_5C_2	29.71	R_5C_2	39.23
	$R_{14}C_2$	14.73	$R_{14}C_2$	18.92	$R_{14}C_2$	28.13	$R_{14}C_2$	37.07
3	M_5C_3	22.65	M_5C_3	29.92	M_5C_3	44.63	M_5C_3	60.18
	R_5C_3	15.35	R_5C_3	20.33	R_5C_3	30.14	R_5C_3	39.68
	$R_{14}C_3$	15.00	$R_{14}C_3$	19.73	$R_{14}C_3$	28.55	$R_{14}C_3$	37.53
4	M_5C_4	22.50	M_5C_4	29.67	M_5C_4	44.08	M_5C_4	59.47
	R_5C_4	21.78	R_5C_4	27.11	R_5C_4	39.12	R_5C_4	52.49
	$R_{14}C_4$	15.48	$R_{14}C_4$	19.78	$R_{14}C_4$	29.14	$R_{14}C_4$	38.30
5	M_5C_5	21.98	M_5C_5	29.00	M_5C_5	43.29	M_5C_5	58.58
	R_5C_5	21.65	R_5C_5	27.03	R_5C_5	39.25	R_5C_5	52.54
	$R_{14}C_5$	20.94	$R_{14}C_5$	25.95	$R_{14}C_5$	37.16	$R_{14}C_5$	49.07
6	M_5C_6	21.48	M_5C_6	28.46	M_5C_6	42.58	M_5C_6	57.82
	R_5C_6	20.43	R_5C_6	25.78	R_5C_6	37.64	R_5C_6	51.30
	$R_{14}C_6$	20.29	$R_{14}C_6$	25.25	$R_{14}C_6$	36.37	$R_{14}C_6$	47.21
7	M_5C_7	20.95	M_5C_7	27.80	M_5C_7	41.71	M_5C_7	56.89
	R_5C_7	19.81	R_5C_7	25.12	R_5C_7	36.94	R_5C_7	50.10
	$R_{14}C_7$	19.65	$R_{14}C_7$	24.58	$R_{14}C_7$	35.68	$R_{14}C_7$	47.45

COMPRESS THE DATA, DUNCAN TEST SIGNIFICANCE LINES WERE PLACED VERTICALLY.

FIGURE 3 GRAPHICALLY PRESENTS THIS ELONGATION GROWTH DATA PERTAINING SOLELY TO THE OPTIMAL PERIODS OF VERNALIZATION.

CONTROL SERIES

APART FROM THE 4-8 HOUR GROWTH PERIOD, ROOTS DERIVED FROM MARQUIS SPRING WHEAT SHOWED AN ACCELERATED RATE OF ELONGATION GROWTH WHICH BECAME STATISTICALLY SIGNIFICANT AFTER 18 HOURS OF GROWTH. GENERALLY, THE ORDER OF ELONGATION GROWTH IN THESE THREE SERIES FOLLOWED THE TREND $M_{5K} > R_{5K} > R_{14K}$.

VERNALIZED SERIES

AT ALL EXPERIMENTAL PERIODS, ONE TO THREE WEEKS OF PRIOR SEED CHILLING EVOKED AN ACCELERATED ELONGATION GROWTH RESPONSE OF THE PRIMARY ROOTS OF MARQUIS WHEAT. PROLONGING THE VERNALIZATION PERIOD TO 4 WEEKS RESULTED IN A HIGHER STIMULATED RESPONSE IN PIDEAU WINTER WHEAT (R_5). DURING THE FIRST 14 HOURS OF GROWTH, AFTER WHICH A GREATER RESPONSE WAS OBTAINED IN THE MARQUIS SERIES. FURTHER CHILLING (5-7 WEEKS) EVOKED A SIMILAR PATTERN OF RESPONSE IN THE OTHER PIDEAU SERIES (R_{14}) WHERE STIMULATED ELONGATION GROWTH WAS OBSERVED OVER THE FIRST 14 HOURS OF GROWTH, FOLLOWED BY A GREATER RESPONSE IN SPRING WHEAT TO 48 HOURS.

SEGMENT LENGTH

THE DATA REFERRING THE GROWTH VERNALIZATION RESPONSE OF EACH INDIVIDUALLY CONSECUTIVE SEGMENT OF MARQUIS ROOTS IS GIVEN IN TABLE D₁₋₇ IN THE APPENDIX SECTION. THE RESPONSE TREND TO THE DURATION OF PRIOR CHILLING IN ALL CASES WAS AS $C_1 > C_2 > C_3 > C_4 > C_5 > C_6 > C_7 > K$.

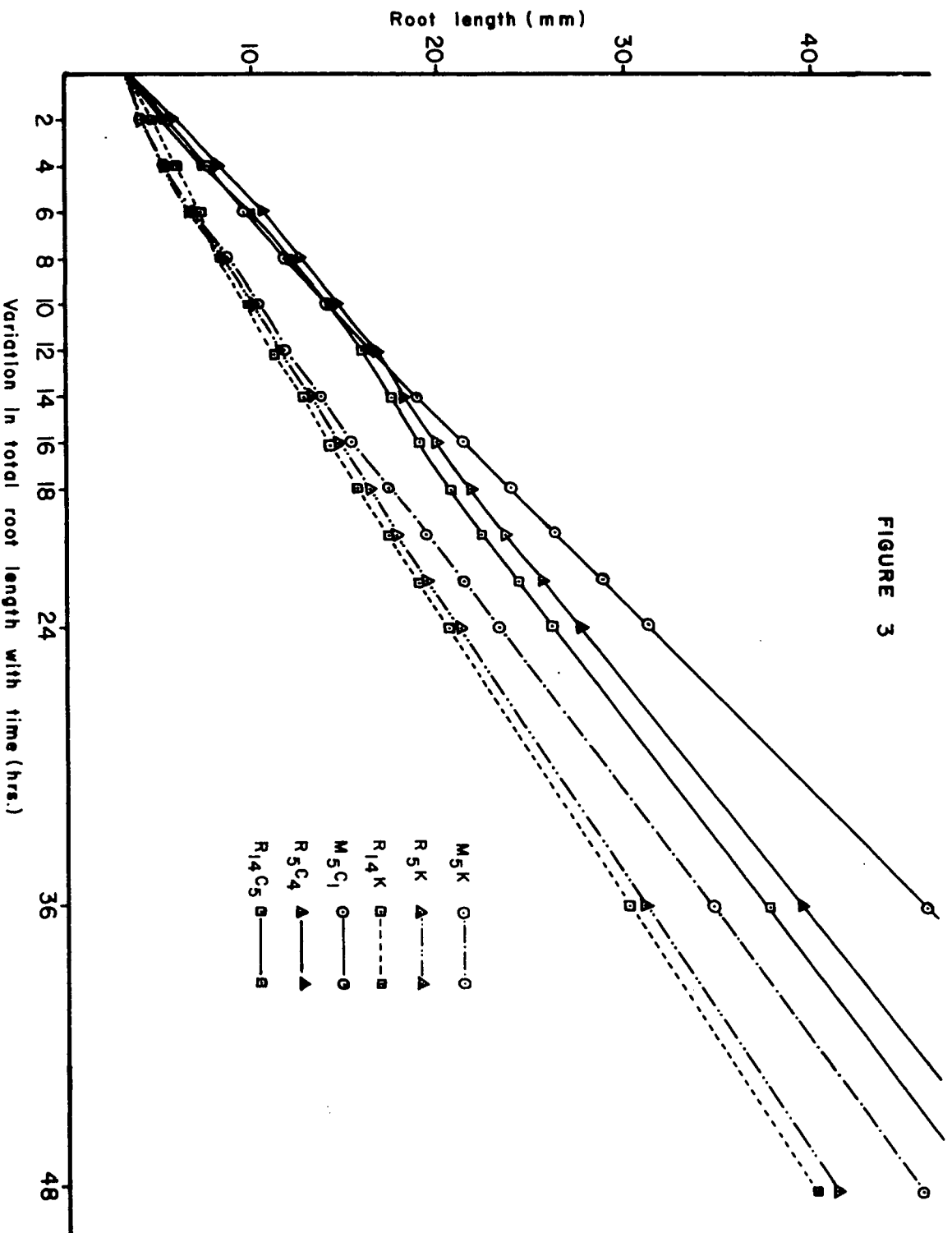


FIGURE 3

COMPARABLE DATA ON THE RIDEAU 5-HOUR-IMBIBED SERIES ARE GIVEN IN TABLE E₁₋₇ IN THE APPENDIX SECTION. THE SEQUENTIAL RESPONSE HERE WAS OF THE ORDER $C_4=C_5=C_6=C_7 > K=C_3=C_2=C_1$.

IN THE CASE OF THE RIDEAU 14 HOUR IMBIBED SERIES THE DATA ON SEGMENT RESPONSE WITH TIME AND VERNALIZATION ARE GIVEN IN TABLE F₁₋₇ IN THE APPENDIX SECTION. IN MOST CASES THE RESPONSE WAS OBSERVED TO FOLLOW THE SERIES $R_5=R_6=R_7 > K=C_4=C_3=C_2=C_1$

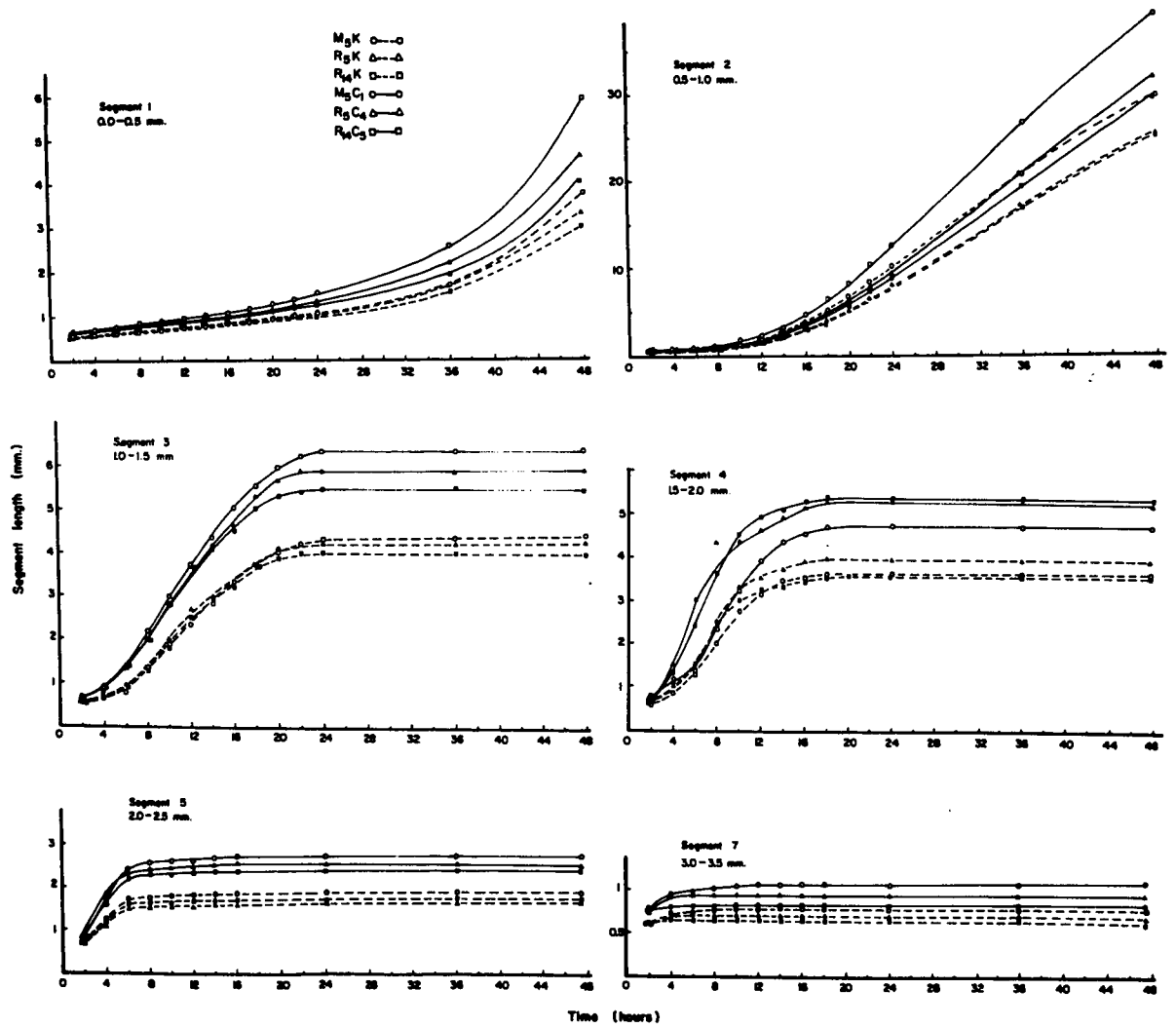
IT WAS THUS APPARENT THAT THERE OBTAINED A SIMILAR SEQUENTIAL RESPONSE TO THE CHILLING PERIODS FOR CELL DIVISION GROWTH AS WELL AS FOR ELONGATION GROWTH.

THE CHANGE IN SEGMENT LENGTH WITH TIME AT OPTIMAL PERIODS OF VERNALIZATION IS GIVEN IN FIGURE 4. IN SEGMENTS 1-6 CHILLING EVOKED AN INCREASE IN SEGMENT ELONGATION OVER THAT OBTAINED FOR CONTROL SEGMENTS WITHOUT ALTERING THE TYPICAL GROWTH CURVES. THIS PATTERN PARALLELS THE CELL DIVISION STIMULATED GROWTH RESPONSE DETAILED PREVIOUSLY (P. 38-41).

AVERAGE CELL LENGTH

THE DATA RELATING CHANGE IN AVERAGE CELL LENGTH WITH TIME WAS ALSO DETERMINED FOR ALL SERIES AND IS FOUND IN TABLE 12. AT MOST PERIODS THERE WAS A GREATER INCREASE IN THE AVERAGE CELL LENGTH OF CELLS DERIVED FROM SEGMENTS OF UNTREATED SEED. NO GENERALIZED PATTERN OF RESPONSE APPEARED TO BE EVOKED BY SEED VARIETY, THE TWO IMBIBITION PERIODS OR THE DURATION OF VERNALIZATION.

FIGURE 4



VARIATION IN SEGMENT LENGTH WITH TIME.

TABLE 12

MARQUIS WHEAT (M5), RIDEAU WHEAT (R5) AND (R14)

CHANGE IN AVERAGE CELL LENGTH (UMM) IN EACH SEGMENT OF THE PRIMARY ROOT WITH TIME.

DUNCAN'S TEST (5% LEVEL)

SEGMENT	EXPERIMENTAL PERIOD (HOURS)											
	4		12		18		24		36		48	
1	M5K	23.9	R14K	12.6	R14C5	12.5	R14K	9.0	R5K	8.7	M5C1	12.4
	M5C1	13.3	M5K	11.9	R5K	12.4	R5K	9.0	R14K	8.2	R5K	11.7
	R14K	12.5	R5K	10.3	M5K	10.9	M5K	9.0	M5K	7.7	R14K	11.5
	R5K	12.3	R14C5	9.3	R14C5	7.9	R14C5	6.7	M5C1	7.3	R5C14	10.3
	R14C5	8.3	R5C4	9.3	M5C1	7.6	R5C4	6.7	R5C4	6.8	M5K	9.7
	R5C4	5.7	M5C1	9.1	R5C4	6.8	M5C1	6.5	R14C5	6.1	R14C5	9.0
2	M5K	12.5	R5K	18.6	M5K	39.2	M5K	65.3	R14K	78.0	R14K	227.4
	R5K	9.2	R5C4	11.2	R5K	29.5	R14K	56.2	M5K	72.6	R5K	225.0
	R14K	8.3	R14K	11.1	R14K	29.3	R5K	53.1	R5K	71.9	M5K	206.8
	R14C5	6.1	R5K	11.0	M5C1	24.9	R14C5	44.1	M5C1	55.3	M5C1	134.5
	M5C1	5.4	M5C1	10.5	R5C4	24.4	M5C1	42.5	R5C4	46.9	R5C4	121.9
	R5C4	4.4	R14C5	10.1	R14C5	18.2	R5C4	36.5	R14C5	46.2	R14C5	116.9
3	M5K	12.3	R14K	17.8	R5C4	34.3	M5C1	44.3	M5C1	115.2	M5C1	116.4
	R14K	8.2	M5K	17.1	M5C1	31.9	R5K	43.5	R5C4	72.1	R14C5	77.5
	R5K	7.1	R5K	15.8	M5K	30.9	M5K	43.0	R14C5	70.7	R5C4	73.1
	M5C1	6.7	M5C1	15.5	R14C5	30.6	R14K	41.5	R5K	65.5	R14K	67.7
	R14C5	5.6	R5C4	14.9	R14K	29.9	R5C4	40.9	R14K	65.3	R5K	65.5
	R5C4	5.6	R14C5	14.8	R5K	27.9	R14C5	39.0	R5K	55.3	M5K	55.3
4	R14K	27.3	M5K	45.2	R5C4	52.0	R14C5	58.6	R14C5	70.5	R14C5	77.2
	R5K	21.8	R5C4	44.4	R14C5	60.4	R5C4	68.1	R5K	70.2	R5K	73.8
	M5K	20.4	R5K	44.1	R5K	55.4	R5K	61.9	R5C4	65.4	R14K	71.1
	R5C4	17.6	R14K	40.4	R14K	47.8	R14K	59.4	R14K	62.6	R5C4	68.1
	R14C5	12.6	R14C5	36.3	M5K	46.1	M5K	54.1	M5K	56.0	M5K	56.3
	M5C1	10.9	M5C1	32.9	M5C1	40.7	M5C1	53.9	M5C1	50.1	M5C1	49.8
5	M5K	22.5	R14K	36.9	M5K	41.3	M5K	58.4	R14K	58.0	R14K	58.0
	R5K	23.2	R5K	32.2	R14K	39.1	R14C5	50.5	R5K	52.8	M5K	54.6
	R14C5	21.4	M5C1	26.4	R5K	37.9	M5C1	40.6	M5K	49.5	R5K	52.8
	R5C4	21.0	R5C4	25.1	R5C4	34.7	R5K	40.9	M5C1	38.7	R5C4	39.8
	R14K	20.7	R14C5	33.3	M5C1	33.3	R5C4	38.1	R5C4	38.1	M5C1	39.4
	M5C1	20.1	R5K	21.2	R14C5	31.1	R14C5	34.9	R14C5	38.1	R14C5	37.6

INCREASE IN LENGTH WITH DISTANCE FROM THE ROOT APEX

AVERAGE CELL LENGTH

THE VARIATION IN AVERAGE CELL LENGTH AT INCREASING DISTANCES FROM THE APEX AT OPTIMAL PERIODS OF VERNALIZATION WAS ALSO DETERMINED AND IS SHOWN IN TABLE 13 AND FIGURE 5. VERNALIZATION APPEARED TO DEPRESS AVERAGE CELL ELONGATION GROWTH IN THE REGION OF 0-20 MM. ACTUALLY, HOWEVER, BECAUSE OF STIMULATED GROWTH BY CELL DIVISION AS NOTED ABOVE, A SIGNIFICANTLY GREATER NUMBER OF CELLS WAS FOUND IN THIS REGION. THEREFORE, THE APPARENTLY DEPRESSANT EFFECT OF VERNALIZATION ON AVERAGE CELL ELONGATION IS ACTUALLY AN ERRONEOUS IMPLICATION, AS EVIDENCED BY THE GREATER AVERAGE CELL LENGTHS OBTAINED IN ALL THE VERNALIZED SERIES OVER THEIR CONTROL FOLLOWING 36 HOURS OF GROWTH, AT A REGION 30 MMS. FROM THE APEX.

INCREASE IN FRESH WEIGHT WITH TIME

SEGMENT WEIGHT

THE CHANGE IN THE FRESH WEIGHT OF EACH SUCCESSIVE 0.5 MM. SEGMENT DERIVED FROM THE ROOTS OF CONTROL AND OPTIMALLY VERNALIZED MARQUIS AND BIDEAU WHEATS WAS OBSERVED AT THREE TIME PERIODS AND IS SHOWN IN TABLE 14. EACH VALUE REPRESENTS THE MEAN OF THIRTY DETERMINATIONS (TRIPPLICATE DETERMINATIONS ON 10 ROOTS.) DUNCAN'S TEST SIGNIFICANCE LINES WERE PLACED VERTICALLY IN ORDER TO ACCOMMODATE THE TOTAL DATA IN ONE TABLE. THE FRESH WEIGHTS WERE OBSERVED TO INCREASE COINCIDENTALLY WITH SEGMENT ELONGATION GROWTH.

TABLE 13

Marquis Wheat (M₅) Rideau Wheat (R₅) and (R₁₄).

Variation in cell length (μ) with distance from root apex at optimally vernalized periods.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Distance from apex of root (cm)	Vernalization (weeks)					
0.5	M ₅ K 21.0	M ₅ C ₁ 13.3	R ₁₄ K 12.5	R ₅ K 12.3	R ₁₄ C ₅ 8.3	R ₅ C ₄ 5.7
1	M ₅ K 12.4	R ₅ K 10.7	R ₁₄ K 8.4	M ₅ C ₁ 7.1	R ₅ C ₄ 7.0	R ₁₄ C ₅ 6.2
2	M ₅ K 13.0	R ₁₄ K 9.6	R ₅ K 7.9	M ₅ C ₁ 6.7	R ₅ C ₄ 6.2	R ₁₄ C ₅ 5.9
3	M ₅ K 19.5	R ₅ K 16.7	R ₁₄ K 10.8	M ₅ C ₁ 10.7	R ₁₄ C ₅ 10.1	R ₅ C ₄ 8.0
4	M ₅ K 23.5	R ₅ K 23.2	R ₁₄ K 22.1	R ₅ C ₁ 14.4	M ₅ C ₁ 14.0	R ₁₄ C ₅ 11.1
5	M ₅ K 29.0	R ₁₄ K 25.0	R ₅ K 23.1	R ₅ C ₄ 14.4	M ₅ C ₁ 14.0	R ₁₄ C ₅ 14.0
6	M ₅ K 39.2	R ₁₄ K 28.0	R ₅ K 25.0	R ₅ C ₄ 22.6	R ₁₄ C ₅ 19.8	M ₅ C ₁ 14.0
10	M ₅ K 43.0	R ₁₄ K 42.5	M ₅ C ₁ 42.0	R ₅ K 37.2	R ₁₄ C ₅ 37.0	R ₅ C ₄ 35.4
15	M ₅ K 54.0	M ₅ C ₁ 49.0	R ₅ K 45.0	R ₁₄ K 44.0	R ₁₄ C ₅ 44.0	R ₅ C ₄ 41.0
20	M ₅ K 65.0	R ₅ K 55.9	M ₅ C ₁ 55.0	R ₅ C ₄ 51.7	R ₁₄ K 50.0	R ₁₄ C ₅ 48.9

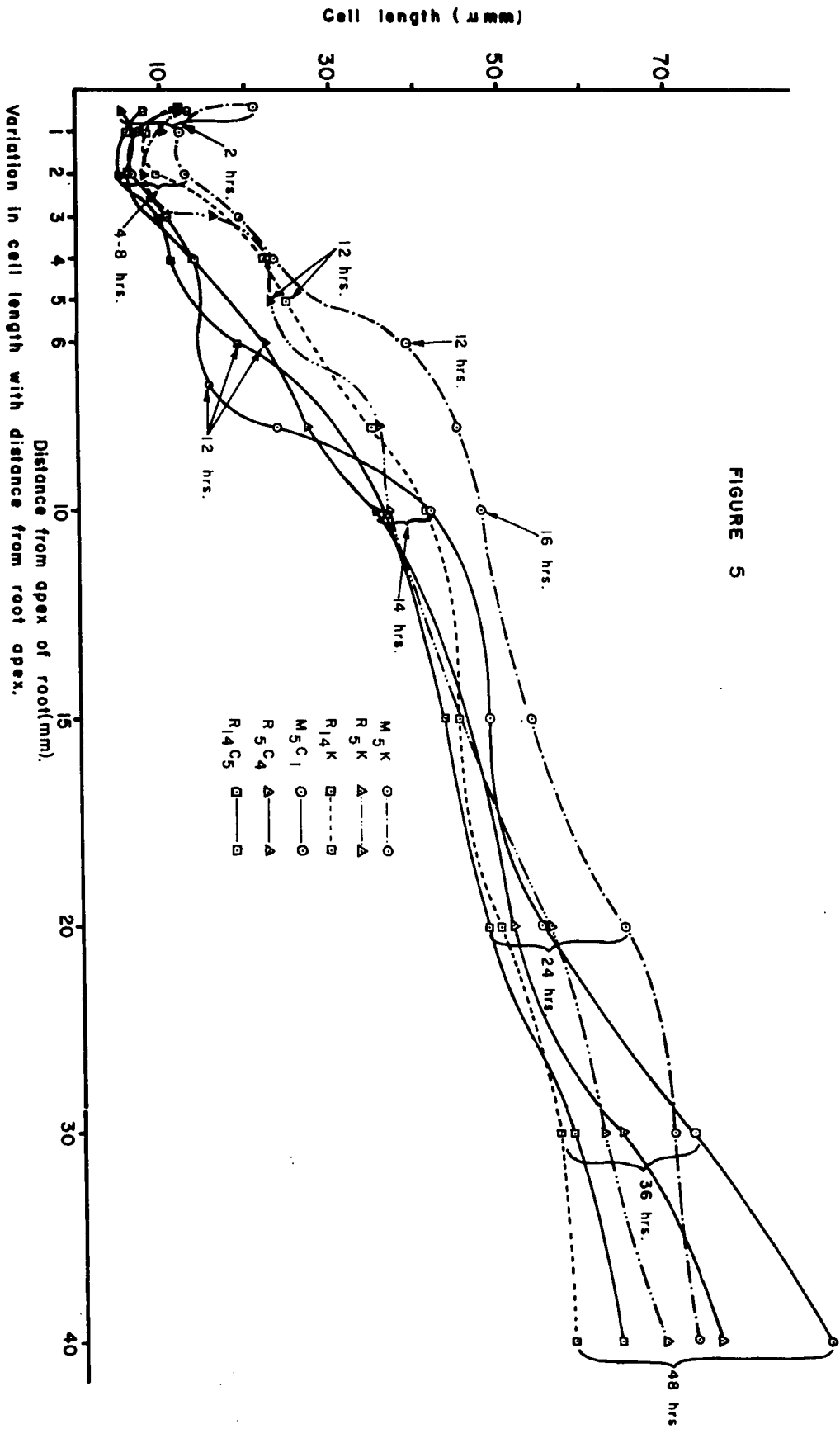


FIGURE 5

TABLE 14 (Part I)

Variation in Fresh weight mg. per 10 roots of each segment with time, wheat variety, imbibition, and vernalization, etc.

Triplicate determinations to a total of 30 segments per period.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Time (hours)	segment							
	1		2		3		4	
24	M ₅ C ₁	43.5±9	M ₅ C ₁	266.5±17	M ₅ C ₁	264.3±18	M ₅ K	153.2±19
	R ₅ K	35.5±7	R ₅ C ₄	220.1±14	M ₅ K	225.6±19	R ₁₄ K	127.0±18
	R ₁₄ C ₅	30.6±6	R ₁₄ C ₅	154.1±11	R ₅ C ₄	217.2±11	M ₅ C ₁	122.1±18
	M ₅ K	29.6±5	M ₅ K	144.4±5	R ₅ K	198.2±10	R ₅ C ₄	120.1±16
	R ₅ C ₄	27.9±5	R ₅ K	130.0±7	R ₁₄ C ₅	194.9±9	R ₁₄ C ₅	115.5±10
	R ₁₄ K	20.1±5	R ₁₄ K	87.9±5	R ₁₄ K	182.5±5	R ₅ K	93.5±11
36	R ₁₄ C ₅	65.6±14	R ₁₄ C ₅	458.8±79	M ₅ C ₁	365.5±28	M ₅ C ₁	194.5±15
	R ₅ K	63.4±10	R ₅ K	438.0±75	R ₅ K	325.6±25	R ₅ K	175.3±15
	R ₅ C ₄	58.6±9	R ₅ C ₄	401.0±24	R ₅ C ₄	318.8±18	R ₁₄ K	139.8±15
	R ₁₄ K	54.5±9	M ₅ K	390.5±12	R ₁₄ C ₅	280.4±18	M ₅ K	135.1±11
	M ₅ K	53.1±7	M ₅ C ₁	357.5±22	M ₅ K	251.2±17	R ₅ C ₄	133.5±11
	M ₅ C ₁	49.7±6	R ₁₄ K	333.6±20	R ₁₄ K	227.7±15	R ₁₄ C ₅	94.9±9
48	M ₅ C ₁	390.2±62	M ₅ C ₁	743.8±65	R ₁₄ C ₅	530.1±41	R ₅ C ₄	212.1±47
	R ₅ C ₄	220.0±45	R ₅ C ₄	683.9±49	M ₅ C ₁	440.4±32	M ₅ C ₁	167.4±41
	R ₁₄ C ₅	181.7±37	R ₁₄ C ₅	514.9±45	M ₅ K	353.4±30	R ₁₄ C ₅	147.2±34
	R ₁₄ K	102.1±32	R ₁₄ K	487.5±44	R ₅ C ₄	340.2±30	M ₅ K	139.7±31
	M ₅ K	81.0±30	M ₅ K	421.3±37	R ₁₄ K	265.1±25	R ₅ K	113.8±26
	R ₅ K	71.1±26	R ₅ K	394.3±27	R ₅ K	213.1±19	R ₁₄ K	93.5±15

TABLE 14 (Part II)

Variation in Fresh weight mg. per 10 roots of each segment with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Triplicate determinations to a total of 30 segments per period.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Time (hours)	Segment					
	5		6		7	
24	M ₅ K	80.1±24	M ₅ C ₁	26.6±13	M ₅ C ₁	22.2±7
	M ₅ C ₁	71.6±17	M ₅ K	26.2±13	M ₅ K	13.0±6
	R ₅ C ₄	49.9±14	R ₅ C ₄	20.7±8	R ₁₄ C ₅	10.5±5
	R ₁₄ C ₅	47.5±14	R ₁₄ K	16.8±8	R ₅ C ₄	10.1±5
	R ₁₄ K	44.2±14	R ₁₄ C ₅	16.6±8	R ₁₄ K	10.0±5
	R ₅ K	31.3±12	R ₅ K	9.9±4	R ₅ K	3.7±4
36	M ₅ C ₁	90.0±14	M ₅ C ₁	30.3±12	M ₅ K	22.8±8
	M ₅ K	68.3±10	M ₅ K	30.0±12	R ₅ K	21.3±8
	R ₅ K	60.2±9	R ₅ C ₄	27.5±3	M ₅ C ₁	19.0±5
	R ₅ C ₄	59.4±8	R ₁₄ K	25.9±8	R ₁₄ C ₅	17.9±5
	R ₁₄ K	56.2±8	R ₅ K	20.3±7	R ₁₄ K	14.1±4
	R ₁₄ C ₅	43.7±7	R ₁₄ C ₅	17.9±4	R ₅ C ₄	12.2±4
48	R ₁₄ C ₅	69.6±13	R ₅ C ₄	45.8±8	M ₅ C ₁	20.5±8
	M ₅ K	68.1±9	M ₅ C ₁	37.4±8	R ₅ C ₄	19.4±8
	M ₅ C ₁	66.7±9	M ₅ K	25.5±7	R ₁₄ C ₅	16.6±5
	R ₅ C ₄	55.8±9	R ₁₄ C ₅	25.0±7	M ₅ K	14.3±5
	R ₁₄ K	34.0±4	R ₅ K	15.7±6	R ₅ K	13.5±4
	R ₅ K	33.5±4	R ₁₄ K	11.5±4	R ₁₄ K	6.0±2

AVERAGE CELL FRESH WEIGHT

AVERAGE CELL FRESH WEIGHT MEASUREMENTS ARE GIVEN IN TABLE 15 AND FIGURE 6.

CONTROL SERIES

IN THE CONTROL SERIES THE AVERAGE FRESH WEIGHT PER CELL INCREASED RAPIDLY DURING THE FIRST 36 HOURS OF GROWTH, AND THIS CORRESPONDED TO A REGION APPROXIMATELY 30 MM. FROM THE ROOT APEX. FOLLOWING THIS PHASE A SLOWER INCREASE IN AVERAGE CELL FRESH WEIGHT WAS OBTAINED IN THE R_5K R_4K SERIES, WHEREAS A DECREASE WAS OBSERVED IN THE R_5K SERIES.

VERNALIZED SERIES

IN THE THREE VERNALIZED SERIES, IT WAS NOTED THAT THE ONSET OF INCREASE IN AVERAGE CELL FRESH WEIGHT OCCURRED AT A REGION MORE DISTANT FROM THE APEX THAN OBSERVED FOR THE UNTREATED CONTROL SERIES. ONCE INITIATED, THE INCREASE IN FRESH WEIGHT WAS RAPID AND ATTAINED LEVELS AT LEAST 100 FOLD OVER CONTROL.

THE "LAG" IN AVERAGE CELL FRESH WEIGHT INCREASE IN THE CELLS OF OPTIMALLY VERNALIZED SEED CORRESPONDED TO THE DELAY OF THE ONSET OF ELONGATION GROWTH. THE HIGHEST VALUE WAS OBTAINED IN MARQUIS WHEAT AT THE 48 HOUR GROWTH PERIOD REPRESENTING A REGION MORE DISTANT FROM THE APEX THAN OBTAINED IN THE RIDEAU SERIES. THIS DIFFERENCE MAY BE CORRELATED WITH THE INCREASE IN AVERAGE CELL LENGTH GROWTH AT THIS PERIOD AS NOTED PREVIOUSLY (C.F. FIGURE 5).

TABLE 15

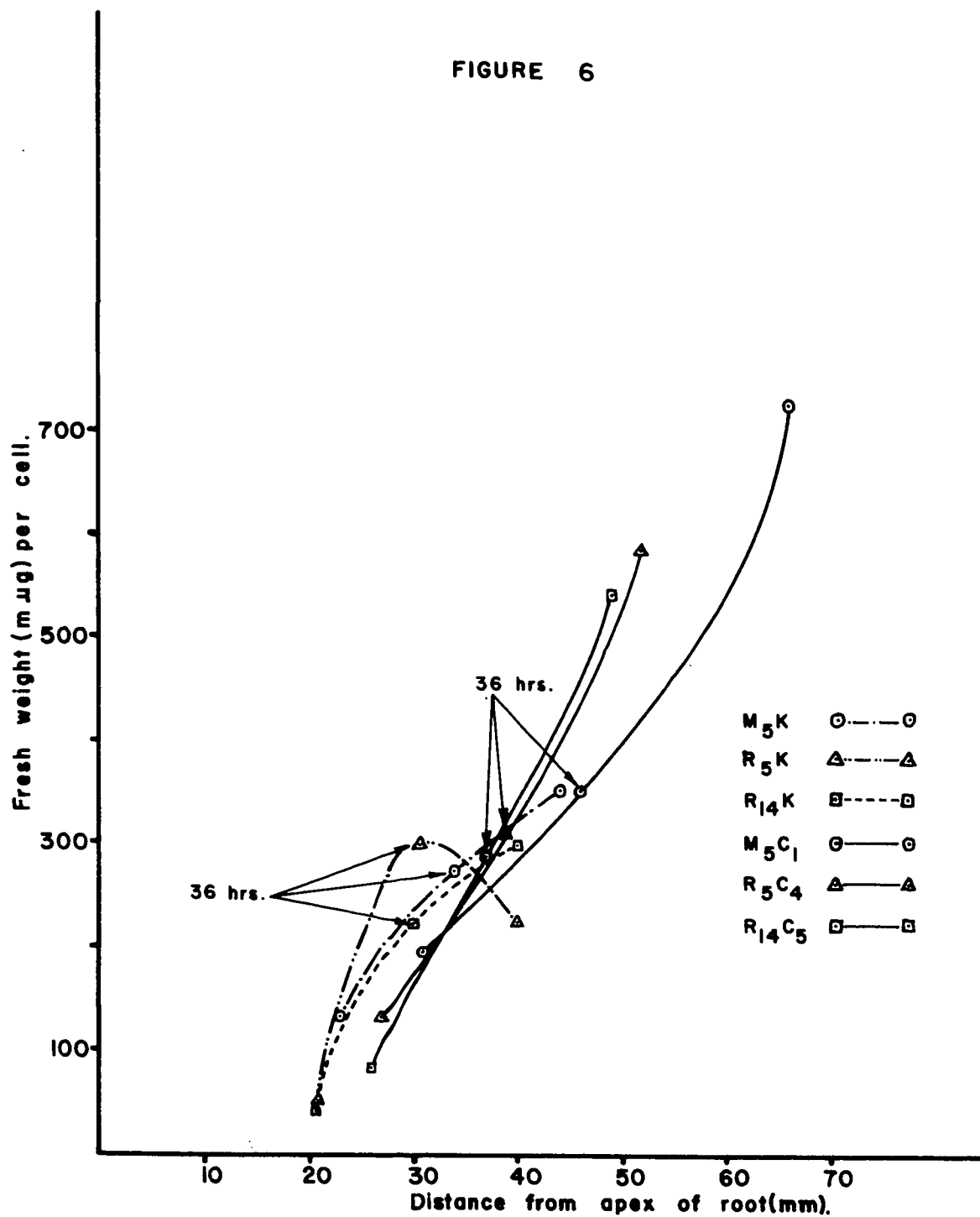
Marquis wheat (M₅), Rideau wheat (R₅) and (R₁₄)

Change in average cell fresh weight (mg) in each segment of the primary root with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's Test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hours)					
	24		36		48	
1	R ₅ K	29.09	R ₅ K	31.54	M ₅ C ₁	30.61
	M ₅ K	24.46	R ₁₄ K	28.53	R ₅ C ₄	49.13
	M ₅ C ₁	13.83	M ₅ K	24.02	R ₁₄ C ₅	43.05
	R ₁₄ K	16.75	R ₁₄ C ₅	21.09	R ₁₄ K	33.52
	R ₁₄ C ₅	16.10	R ₅ C ₄	13.25	M ₅ K	26.04
	R ₅ C ₄	13.88	M ₅ C ₁	14.00	R ₅ K	24.68
2	M ₅ K	90.81	R ₅ K	171.74	R ₁₄ K	443.18
	M ₅ C ₁	88.73	R ₁₄ K	150.95	R ₅ K	348.33
	R ₅ K	84.96	M ₅ K	135.12	M ₅ K	290.55
	R ₅ C ₄	83.05	R ₁₄ C ₅	108.20	R ₅ C ₄	262.03
	R ₁₄ C ₅	75.17	R ₅ C ₄	90.31	M ₅ C ₁	255.60
	R ₁₄ K	59.39	M ₅ C ₁	73.71	R ₁₄ C ₅	205.17
3	M ₅ K	225.64	R ₅ K	500.92	M ₅ K	453.07
	R ₅ K	202.24	R ₅ C ₄	388.78	M ₅ C ₁	449.33
	R ₁₄ K	156.32	M ₅ C ₁	369.19	R ₁₄ C ₅	446.61
	M ₅ C ₁	183.54	R ₁₄ K	367.25	R ₁₄ K	441.83
	R ₅ C ₄	149.79	R ₁₄ C ₅	359.43	R ₅ C ₄	420.00
	R ₁₄ C ₅	138.22	M ₅ K	322.05	R ₅ K	327.84
4	M ₅ K	228.65	R ₅ K	302.24	R ₅ C ₄	271.92
	R ₁₄ K	203.19	R ₁₄ K	249.64	M ₅ K	213.28
	R ₅ C ₄	153.97	M ₅ K	207.84	R ₁₄ C ₅	207.32
	R ₁₄ C ₅	144.37	M ₅ C ₁	206.91	R ₅ K	200.90
	R ₅ K	141.66	R ₅ C ₄	164.81	R ₁₄ K	183.33
	M ₅ C ₁	138.75	R ₁₄ C ₅	121.66	M ₅ C ₁	176.21
5	M ₅ K	250.31	R ₅ K	194.19	M ₅ K	200.27
	R ₁₄ K	130.00	R ₁₄ K	187.33	R ₁₄ K	113.33
	R ₅ K	76.34	M ₅ K	179.73	R ₁₄ C ₅	103.75
	M ₅ C ₁	75.83	M ₅ C ₁	126.76	R ₅ K	103.06
	R ₅ C ₄	73.38	R ₅ C ₄	87.35	R ₅ C ₄	85.34
	R ₁₄ C ₅	68.34	R ₁₄ C ₅	65.22	M ₅ C ₁	30.61

FIGURE 6



Variation in cell fresh weight with distance from root apex.

INCREASE IN DRY WEIGHT WITH TIME

SEGMENT WEIGHT

DRY WEIGHT DETERMINATIONS ON ALL DELINEATED SEGMENTS WAS OBTAINED AFTER 24, 36 AND 48 HOURS OF GROWTH FOR THE CONTROL AND OPTIMALLY VERNALIZED SERIES (I.E. M_5C_1 , R_5C_4 AND $R_{14}C_5$). THIS DATA IS PRESENTED IN TABLE 16. VERTICAL DUNCAN TEST SIGNIFICANCE LINES WERE AGAIN USED IN ORDER TO FACILITATE COMPRESSION OF THE DATA.

FEW STATISTICALLY SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES IN THE CHANGE OF DRY WEIGHT OF OPTIMALLY VERNALIZED AND CONTROL SEGMENTS WERE OBSERVED. WHERE REAL DIFFERENCES WERE PRESENT THEY COULD GENERALLY BE CORRELATED WITH SIGNIFICANTLY HIGHER LEVELS OF CELL DIVISION AND/OR SEGMENT ELONGATION GROWTH AS IN THE CASE OF M_5C_1 SEGMENTS 3 AND 4 AFTER 36 HOURS OF GROWTH, AND SEGMENT 1 OF THE SAME SERIES FOLLOWING 48 HOURS OF GROWTH (C.F. TABLES 9 AND 11). THE RELATIONSHIP DID NOT HOLD IN THE CASE OF SEGMENT 3 $R_{14}C_5$, AT THE 36 HOUR GROWTH PERIOD.

AVERAGE CELL DRY WEIGHT

THE CHANGE IN AVERAGE CELL DRY WEIGHT AFTER 24, 36 AND 48 HOURS OF GROWTH IS GIVEN IN TABLE 17 WHERE VERTICAL DUNCAN TEST SIGNIFICANCE LINES WERE USED.

APART FROM THE CELLS FOUND IN SEGMENT 3 AND 4 OF THE M_5C_1 SERIES AT 36 HOURS, VERNALIZATION APPEARED TO DEPRESS AN INCREASE IN AVERAGE CELL DRY WEIGHT. THIS APPARENTLY DEPRESSANT EFFECT, COULD BE CLOSELY CORRELATED WITH THE CHANGES IN AVERAGE CELL LENGTH (P. 50). A SIMILAR ERRONEOUS IMPLICATION COULD HAVE BEEN OBTAINED IF THIS PARAMETER OF GROWTH HAD BEEN STUDIED ALONE, AND OUT

TABLE 16 (Part I)

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Variation in Dry Weight mg. per 10 roots of each segment with time, imbibition and vernalization and seed variety. Triplicate determination to a total of 30 segments per period.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Time (hours)	Segment			
	1	2	3	4
24	M ₅ K 10.8±6	M ₅ C ₁ 17.0±4	M ₅ C ₁ 16.1±4	M ₅ K 14.0±2
	R ₅ K 6.8±5	M ₅ K 13.9±4	M ₅ K 14.6±3	R ₅ K 10.5±2
	R ₅ C ₄ 5.1±5	R ₅ K 11.0±3	R ₅ K 14.3±3	R ₁₄ K 8.7±2
	M ₅ C ₁ 4.5±4	R ₁₄ C ₅ 10.9±3	R ₁₄ C ₅ 12.8±2	R ₁₄ C ₅ 8.4±2
	R ₁₄ K 3.0±4	R ₁₄ K 8.6±3	R ₅ C ₄ 12.1±2	M ₅ C ₁ 5.9±1
	R ₁₄ C ₅ 1.6±3	R ₅ C ₄ 6.7±2	R ₁₄ K 10.8±1	R ₅ C ₄ 5.4±1
36	R ₁₄ C ₅ 14.7±5	R ₁₄ C ₅ 34.0±11	M ₅ C ₁ 39.0±6	M ₅ C ₁ 28.1±4
	R ₅ K 9.0±3	M ₅ K 21.9±7	R ₅ K 20.8±5	R ₅ K 11.7±3
	M ₅ K 8.6±3	R ₅ K 21.0±7	M ₅ K 20.2±5	R ₅ C ₄ 10.8±3
	R ₅ C ₄ 6.0±2	R ₅ C ₄ 20.6±7	R ₅ C ₄ 18.6±4	M ₅ K 10.5±3
	R ₁₄ K 4.8±2	R ₁₄ K 20.0±5	R ₁₄ K 13.8±3	R ₁₄ K 10.2±3
	M ₅ C ₁ 4.3±2	M ₅ C ₁ 15.1±3	R ₁₄ C ₅ 11.6±3	R ₁₄ C ₅ 8.1±2
48	M ₅ C ₁ 22.0±4	R ₅ C ₄ 42.4±15	R ₁₄ C ₅ 26.4±5	R ₅ C ₄ 11.0±3
	R ₅ C ₄ 16.1±4	M ₅ C ₁ 31.1±11	R ₅ C ₄ 21.9±5	R ₁₄ C ₅ 9.5±3
	R ₁₄ C ₅ 8.1±3	R ₅ K 26.5±11	M ₅ K 21.9±5	M ₅ K 9.5±3
	R ₁₄ K 8.0±3	R ₁₄ K 24.9±9	M ₅ C ₁ 20.8±4	R ₁₄ K 8.6±2
	R ₅ K 7.7±2	M ₅ K 23.6±7	R ₁₄ K 16.4±4	R ₅ K 7.7±2
	M ₅ K 7.6±2	R ₁₄ C ₅ 21.8±5	R ₅ K 15.0±4	M ₅ C ₁ 7.3±2

TABLE-16 (Part II)

63

Variation in Dry Weight mg. per 10 roots of each segment with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety. Triplicate determination to a total of 30 segments per period.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Time (hours)	Segment		
	5	6	7
24	M ₅ K 9.1±6	M ₅ K 6.8±1 ₁	M ₅ K 6.4±4
	R ₅ K 5.8±5	R ₅ K 5.9±4	R ₁₄ C ₅ 3.1±2
	R ₅ C ₄ 3.5±4	R ₁₄ C ₅ 3.5±2	R ₅ K 2.0±2
	R ₁₄ K 3.3±4	R ₅ C ₄ 3.4±2	M ₅ C ₁ 1.5±2
	M ₅ C ₁ 3.1±4	R ₁₄ K 3.1±2	R ₁₄ K 1.5±2
	R ₁₄ C ₅ 2.3±4	M ₅ C ₁ 1.9±1	R ₅ C ₄ 1.0±2
36	R ₅ K 7.6±3	M ₅ K 4.7±2	M ₅ K 5.7±2
	M ₅ K 5.9±3	R ₅ C ₄ 4.5±2	M ₅ C ₁ 3.0±1
	R ₄ C ₅ 5.3±3	R ₅ K 4.4±2	R ₁₄ K 2.9±1
	R ₁₄ K 5.1±3	M ₅ C ₁ 4.3±2	R ₁₄ C 2.9±1
	M ₅ C ₁ 2.8±1	R ₁₄ K 4.0±2	R ₅ K 2.7±1
	R ₁₄ C ₅ 2.5±1	R ₁₄ C ₅ 2.5±1	R ₅ C ₄ 2.7±1
48	R ₁₄ C ₅ 7.1±3	R ₁₄ C ₅ 4.0±2	R ₁₄ C ₅ 3.7±2
	M ₅ K 5.1±3	R ₅ C ₄ 2.6±1	R ₁₄ K 2.5±1
	M ₅ C ₁ 4.6±2	R ₁₄ K 2.5±1	M ₅ C ₁ 2.1±1
	R ₅ C ₄ 4.4±2	M ₅ C ₁ 2.5±1	R ₅ K 2.0±1
	R ₁₄ K 4.2±2	R ₅ K 2.4±1	M ₅ K 1.7±1
	R ₅ K 4.1±2	M ₅ K 2.2±1	R ₅ C ₄ 1.0±1

TABLE 17

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Marquis Wheat (M₅), Rideau Wheat (R₅) and (R₁₄).

Change in average cell dry weight (mg) in each segment of the primary root with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

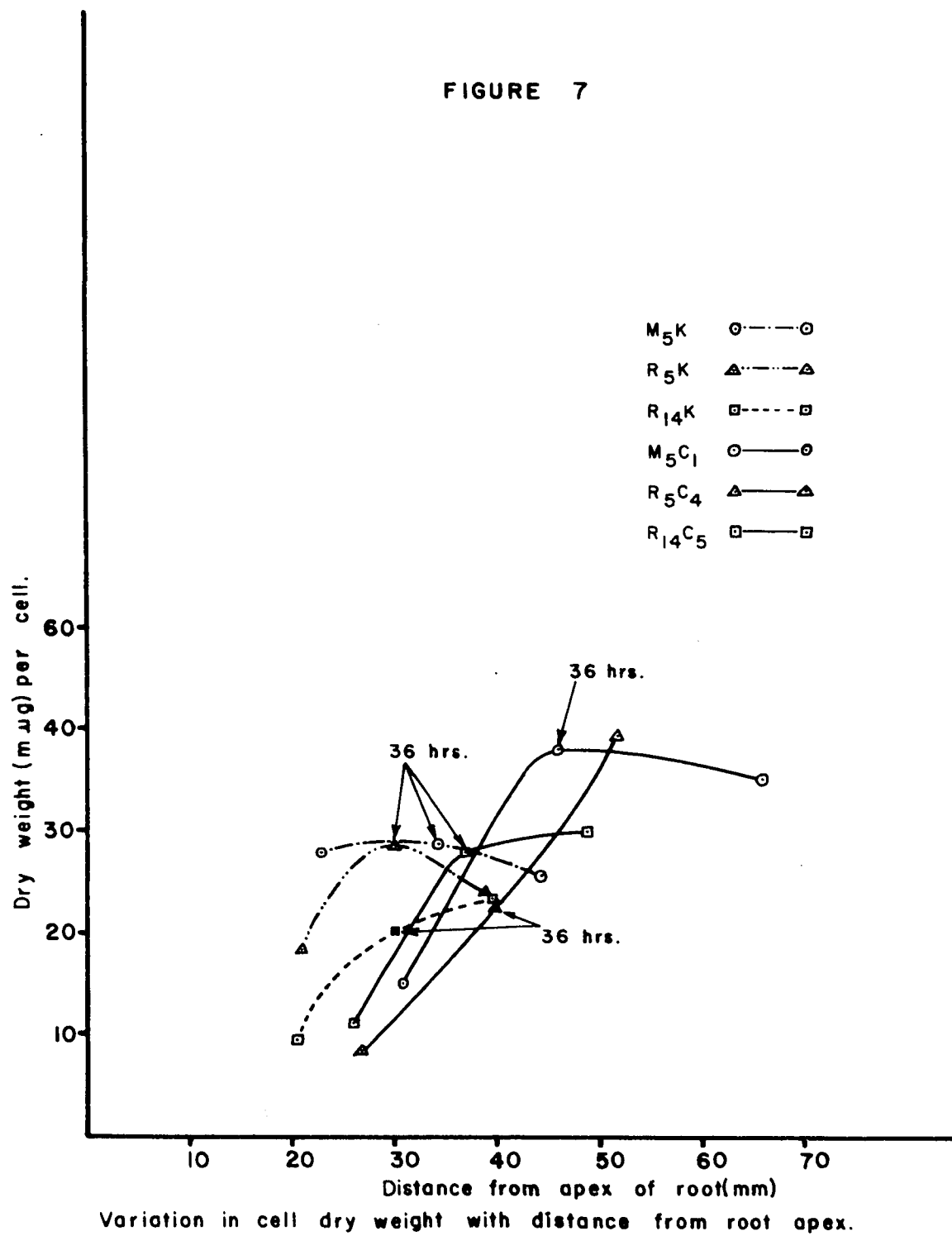
Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Experimental period (hours)					
	24		36		48	
1	M ₅ K	8.92	R ₁₄ K	4.72	M ₅ C ₁	4.54
	R ₅ K	4.57	R ₅ K	4.47	R ₅ C ₄	3.61
	R ₅ C ₄	2.53	M ₅ K	3.89	R ₁₄ K	3.01
	R ₁₄ K	2.50	R ₁₄ K	2.51	R ₅ K	2.67
	M ₅ C	1.94	R ₅ C ₄	1.86	M ₅ K	2.44
	R ₁₄ C	0.84	M ₅ C	1.21	R ₁₄ C ₅	1.91
2	M ₅ K	8.74	R ₁₄ K	9.04	R ₅ K	23.65
	R ₅ K	7.18	R ₅ K	8.71	R ₁₄ K	22.63
	R ₁₄ K	5.81	R ₁₄ C ₅	8.01	M ₅ K	16.27
	M ₅ C ₁	5.64	M ₅ K	7.57	R ₅ C ₄	16.24
	R ₁₄ C ₅	5.31	R ₅ C ₄	4.63	M ₅ C ₁	10.28
	R ₅ C ₄	2.52	M ₅ C ₁	3.11	R ₁₄ C ₅	8.68
3	M ₅ K	14.60	M ₅ C ₁	39.69	R ₁₄ C ₅	37.18
	R ₅ K	14.59	R ₅ K	32.00	R ₅ K	33.69
	M ₅ C ₁	11.18	M ₅ K	25.89	M ₅ K	28.07
	R ₁₄ K	19.02	R ₅ C ₄	22.68	R ₁₄ K	27.33
	R ₁₄ C ₅	9.07	R ₁₄ K	22.25	R ₅ C ₄	27.03
	R ₅ C ₄	8.34	R ₁₄ C ₅	14.87	M ₅ C ₁	21.22
4	M ₅ K	20.89	M ₅ C ₁	29.89	R ₁₄ K	16.86
	R ₅ K	15.90	R ₅ K	20.17	M ₅ K	14.84
	R ₁₄ K	14.26	R ₁₄ K	18.21	R ₅ C ₄	14.10
	R ₁₄ C ₅	10.62	M ₅ K	16.15	R ₅ K	14.00
	R ₅ C ₄	6.92	R ₅ C ₄	13.33	R ₁₄ C ₅	13.38
	M ₅ C ₁	6.70	R ₁₄ C ₅	10.38	M ₅ C ₁	7.68
5	M ₅ K	28.43	R ₅ K	24.51	M ₅ K	15.00
	R ₅ K	14.14	R ₁₄ K	17.00	R ₁₄ K	14.00
	R ₁₄ K	9.70	M ₅ K	15.52	R ₅ K	13.22
	R ₅ C ₄	5.14	R ₅ C ₄	7.77	R ₁₄ C ₅	11.09
	M ₅ C ₁	4.55	M ₅ C ₁	3.94	R ₅ C ₄	6.76
	R ₁₄ C ₅	3.62	R ₁₄ C ₅	3.73	M ₅ C ₁	6.57

OF CONTEXT WITH THE DYNAMIC PHASES OF CELL DIVISION AND CELL ELONGATION GROWTH.

THE CHANGE IN AVERAGE CELL DRY WEIGHT OVER THE 24-48 HOURS GROWTH PERIOD IS ALSO SHOWN IN FIGURE 7. IT IS INTERESTING TO NOTE HERE THE TIMES AT WHICH DRY WEIGHT CHANGES OCCURRED, AS WELL AS THE GENERAL SHAPE OF THE CURVES. IN THE CONTROL SERIES, OPTIMAL AVERAGE CELL DRY WEIGHTS WERE OBTAINED AT A REGION 25-35 MM. FROM THE ROOT APEX, AND THIS WAS ALWAYS CO-INCIDENT WITH THE 36 HOUR GROWTH PERIOD. IN THE VERNALIZED SERIES, APART FROM THE EXCEPTIONAL CASE OF THE RIDEAU FIVE-HOUR-IMBIBED SERIES (R_5), THE PEAK VALUES PER CELL WERE ALSO OBTAINED AFTER 36 HOURS OF GROWTH, BUT THIS REPRESENTED AREAS MORE DISTANT FROM THE APEX. AGAIN, A CLOSE CORRELATION PERTAINED BETWEEN THE DELAYED ONSET OF ELONGATION GROWTH IN THE VERNALIZED SERIES AND THE ACCELERATED ONSET OF INCREASE IN AVERAGE CELL FRESH WEIGHT.

FIGURE 7



DISCUSSION

IN A LECTURE TO THE SOCIETY OF AMERICAN NATURALISTS IN 1956 (29) THIMANN STRESSED THE FACT THAT ULTIMATELY, IF NOT DIRECTLY, MOST STUDIES ON GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT IN PLANTS ARE BASED ON SOME VERY GENERAL CHARACTERISTIC, SUCH AS INCREASE IN CELL NUMBER, LENGTH, FRESH OR DRY WEIGHT. SUCH INCREMENTS REPRESENT AN INTEGRATION OF A LARGE SERIES OF DIFFERENT REACTIONS THROUGHOUT THE PLANT. IF CHANGES IN THE ENVIRONMENT WERE TO AFFECT ALL THESE PROCESSES EQUALLY, THIS WOULD BE REFLECTED IN EQUAL CHANGES IN THE VARIOUS PARAMETERS OF GROWTH, AND THE PLANT WOULD BE UNALTERED. AS IS WELL KNOWN, THIS IS NEVER THE CASE, CHANGES IN THE ENVIRONMENT HAVE DIFFERENTIAL EFFECTS ON A MULTIPLICITY OF PROCESSES WHICH ULTIMATELY AFFECT ONE OR MORE OF THE FACETS OF GROWTH.

IT IS AN IMPORTANT FEATURE OF THIS SERIES THAT OBSERVATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE ON THE EFFECT OF CHILLING ON GERMINATION, AND ON THE LATER GROWTH OF THE ROOT. EVIDENTLY, THESE TWO GROWTH PROCESSES HAVE PHYSIOLOGICALLY DIFFERENT REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILLING. IT WOULD APPEAR AS IF A GERMINATION INHIBITOR PRESENT IN THE SEED OF RIDEAU WHEAT WERE LEACHED OUT, OR HYDRATED TO A NON-INHIBITING FORM AFTER 14 HOURS OF IMBIBITION, AND THAT ONE WEEK EXPOSURE TO CHILLING TEMPERATURE AFFECTED THE SAME CHANGE IN SEED OF RIDEAU AND MARQUIS WHEAT GIVEN A LESSER IMBIBITION PERIOD. THAT THE DECREASE IN INHIBITOR WAS VERY RAPID AT FIRST BUT THAT ITS DISAPPEARANCE WAS ONLY COMPLETE AFTER 3 WEEKS OF CHILLING IS EVIDENT FROM TABLE 2.

OBSERVATIONS ALSO COVERED THE EFFECT OF CHILLING ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CELL FROM THE MERISTEMATIC TO THE FULLY VACUOLATED STATE. ANATOMICAL OBSERVATIONS SHOW THAT WITHIN THE FIRST 1.0 MM. THE CELLS ARE ALL MERISTEMATIC EXCEPT FOR ROOT CAP CELLS. ALL SUCCEEDING REGIONS CONTAIN AN EVER INCREASING NUMBER OF VACUOLATED CELLS WHICH DO NOT DIVIDE.

IT HAS GENERALLY BEEN ACCEPTED THAT APICAL MERISTEMS ARE THE SITE OF "PERCEPTION" OF A LOW TEMPERATURE STIMULUS (16, 17, 35, 38). THE RECENT WORK OF WELLENSIEK STRONGLY SUPPORTS THE CONTENTION THAT VERNALIZATION PROCEEDS VIA DIVIDING CELLS ONLY. THIS IS FURTHER SUPPORTED BY THE ORIGINAL EMPIRICAL OBSERVATIONS OF LYSENKO THAT SEED VERNALIZATION TAKES PLACE ONLY IN GRAIN IN WHICH GERMINATION HAS BEEN INITIATED, TO SOME DEGREE, BY PRIOR EXPOSURE TO WATER. SCHWABE'S WORK (27) HAS INDICATED THAT THE VERNALIZATION STIMULUS DOES NOT REMAIN ALWAYS CONCENTRATED IN THE TERMINAL APICES OF THE PLANT.

IT IS AXIOMATIC, OF COURSE, AND AT THE FOUNDATION OF ANY UNDERSTANDING OF VERNALIZATION, THAT THE AFTER-EFFECT OF CHILLING MUST BE TRANSMITTED THROUGH CONTINUING CELL GENERATIONS, AFFECTING MANY ASPECTS OF GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT AND EVENTUALLY AFFECTING THE TIME OF REPRODUCTIVE MATURITY.

GRIF SHOWED THAT WINTER RYE COULD BE VERNALIZED AT -4°C AND PRESENTED CYTOLOGICAL EVIDENCE TO INDICATE THAT ALTHOUGH MITOTIC ACTIVITY WAS STOPPED AT -2°C , VERNALIZATION PROCEEDED NORMALLY (18). HE FURTHER REPORTED THAT SWOLLEN IMBIBED SEEDS IN WHICH PHASES OF

ACTIVE MITOSIS WERE NOT YET VISIBLE COULD BE VERNALIZED AT TEMPERATURES BELOW 0°C. FROM THIS GRIF CONCLUDED THAT THE OVERALL PROCESS OF VERNALIZATION IS INDEPENDENT OF MITOTIC ACTIVITY BEFORE FREEZING. MORE PRECISE CYTOLOGICAL STUDIES ON PLANTS KEPT AT TEMPERATURES BELOW 0°C IS REQUIRED BEFORE A DEFINITE AND IRREFUTABLE CONCLUSION CAN BE REACHED AS TO WHETHER DIVIDING CELLS HAVE TO BE PRESENT OR NOT FOR THE VERNALIZATION PROCESS TO PROCEED. MY OWN WORK TO DATE HAS ADDED NOTHING TO THIS CONTROVERSY EITHER WAY. FUTURE WORK, IT IS HOPE, WILL CLARIFY THE POSITION WITH RESPECT TO MARQUIS AND RIDEAU WHEATS.

THE STRIKING EFFECT OF VERNALIZATION ON ROOT GROWTH WAS RELATED TO THE PROLONGATION AND STIMULATION OF THE CELL DIVISION PHASE OF GROWTH. THE STIMULATION TO ACCELERATED DIVISION WAS EVIDENCED BY SPECTACULAR INCREASES IN CELL NUMBER AS SEEN IN FIGURE 2. THE EXTENT OF THIS ACTIVITY IS HIGHLIGHTED BY COMPARING CELL COUNTS DERIVED FROM UNTREATED CONTROL WITH THOSE OBTAINED FROM THE ROOTS OF THE OPTIMALLY VERNALIZED WHEATS. IN OPTIMALLY VERNALIZED GRAIN, EVEN THOSE SEGMENTS NORMALLY TYPIFIED AS CONTAINING MATURE CELLS. RETAINED A HIGH CAPACITY FOR CONTINUED CELL DIVISION. THIS WORK CLEARLY INDICATES THAT VERNALIZATION STIMULATED INCREASED CELL DIVISION GROWTH, SO THAT MORE CELLS WERE INVOLVED IN MITOSIS IN ANY GIVEN REGION ALONG THE MEASURED COURSE OF THE ROOT. OVER THE LATER PART OF THE EXPERIMENTAL PERIOD (36-48 HOURS), STIMULATED CELL ELONGATION GROWTH ALSO BECAME EVIDENT. CORRELATED WITH THIS, THERE

WAS AN INCREASE IN AVERAGE CELL DRY WEIGHT IN SEGMENTS 2 AND 3 AND A DECREASE IN SEGMENTS 4 AND 5, INDICATING AN ACCUMULATION OF METABOLITES PRIOR TO THE ONSET OF CELL ELONGATION GROWTH WHEN A UTILIZATION AND DEPLETION OF THIS METABOLIC STORE WAS OBSERVED. A DEPLETION OF DRY WEIGHT IN SEGMENT 1 COULD BE CORRELATED WITH VACUOLATION OF ROOT CAP INITIALS IN THIS SEGMENT.

THE PROGRESSIVE CHANGES IN FRESH WEIGHT MEASUREMENTS COULD AT ALL TIMES BE CORRELATED WITH THE PHASE OF CELL ELONGATION GROWTH. IN THIS WAY THE AVERAGE ROOT CELL FRESH WEIGHTS DERIVED FROM THE CONTROL SERIES ALWAYS SHOWED AN ACCELERATED INCREMENT OVER THE VERNALIZED SERIES. THIS DIFFERENCE COULD BE DIRECTLY CORRELATED, ON THE ONE HAND, WITH THE EARLIER ONSET OF ELONGATION GROWTH IN CELLS OF CONTROL ROOTS, AND ON THE OTHER, WITH THE DELAYED ONSET OF ELONGATION GROWTH DUE TO THE PROLONGATION OF ACTIVE MITOSIS IN ROOT TIP CELLS OF THE VERNALIZED WHEATS.

THE PROGRESSIVE INCREASE IN CELL NUMBER, COUPLED WITH SOME STIMULATION ON THE ELONGATING GROWTH PHASE OF THE NEWLY FORMED CELLS, TOGETHER WITH CONCOMITANT FRESH AND DRY WEIGHT CHANGES, ENABLED THE FULLY VERNALIZED SEED TO PRODUCE ROOTS WHICH GREW MORE QUICKLY. THIS RAPID GROWTH THEN SERVED TO PRODUCE A SEEDLING WITH A BETTER, MORE DEEPLY ENTHENCHED ROOT SYSTEM, AND IN THIS WAY, PROVIDED A MORE RAPID SUPPLY OF NUTRIENTS TO THE DEVELOPING SEEDLING. THE BOOST IN THE SHOOT SYSTEM GROWTH AS DETAILED BY WEINBERGER AND GODIN (32) WAS THEREFORE PRECEDED BY A MORE RAPID GROWTH IN THE ROOT

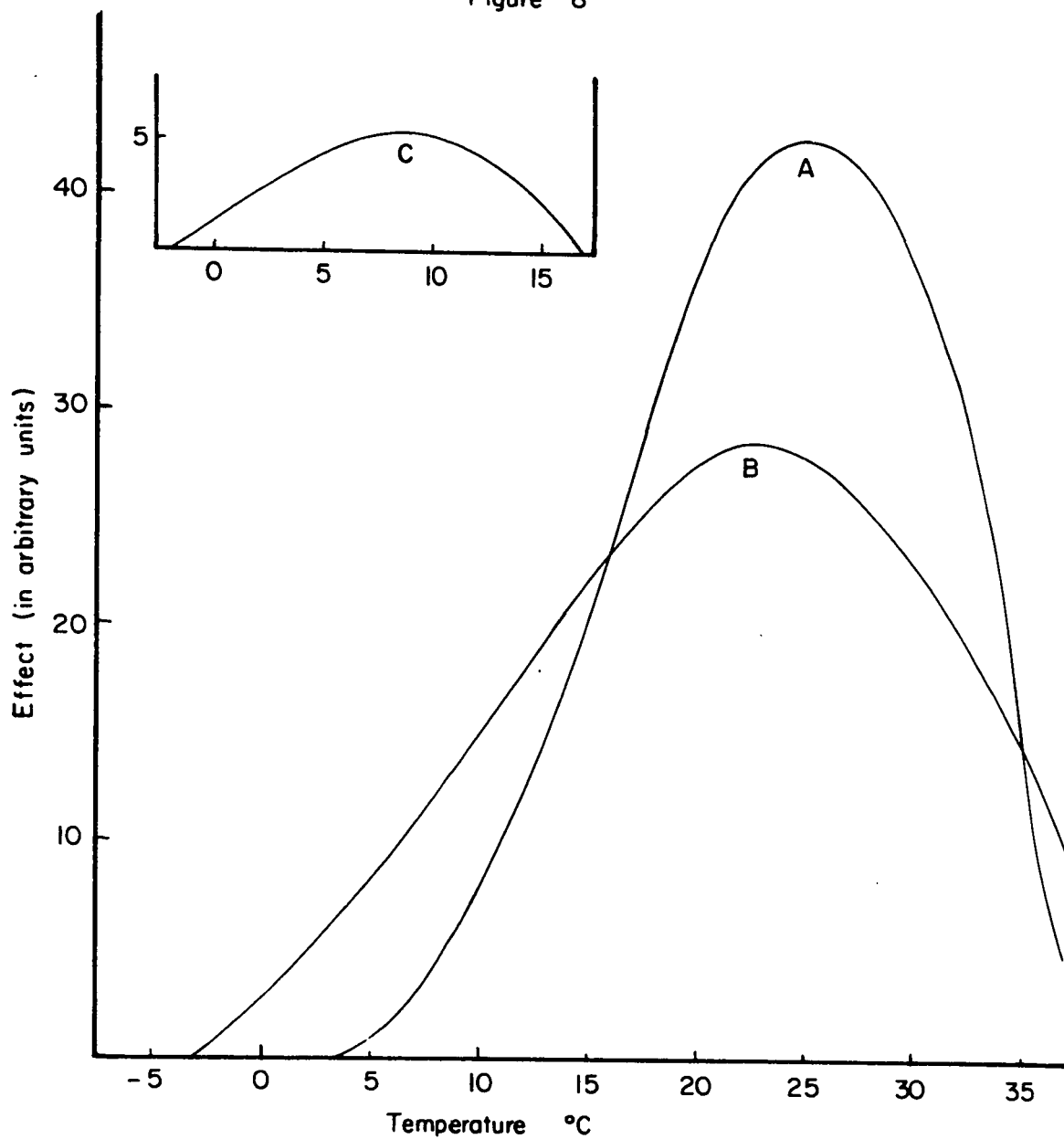
SYSTEM DUE TO THE CONTINUED STIMULATION OF MITOSIS AND ASSOCIATED PARAMETERS OF GROWTH.

LITTLE IS KNOWN OF THE BIOCHEMICAL IMPLICATIONS AND CHANGES WHICH ARE BROUGHT ABOUT BY VERNALIZATION. IT IS IMPLICIT IN THE BIOCHEMICAL TESTS UTILIZED HERE, AND IN THE SUBSEQUENT CHANGES IN THE PATTERN OF GROWTH, THAT VERY FUNDAMENTAL PROCESSES ARE INVOLVED.

MY OWN DATA TEND TO CONFIRM THIS, CLEARLY SHOWING THAT THE EFFECT OF VERNALIZATION IS ALSO TRANSMITTED TO PARTS SOME DISTANCE FROM THE APEX. IT IS EASY TO VISUALIZE TOO, THAT MANY INHERENT CHANGES MIGHT HAVE BEEN EVOKED BY VERNALIZATION, AND THAT SOME OF THESE WOULD ONLY FIND EXPRESSION AT A LATER STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT.

IT IS FAIRLY GENERALLY HELD THAT THE PROCESS OF VERNALIZATION IS DEPENDENT ON THE PRODUCTION OF A SINGLE END PRODUCT SOMETIMES CALLED VERNALIN. HOWEVER, IT WOULD SEEM UNLIKELY THAT THIS CAN DEPEND UPON A SINGLE ENZYME REACTION WITH A TEMPERATURE OPTIMUM AS LOW AS 0° TO 4°C . IT WOULD SEEM MORE PROBABLE THAT THE OPTIMUM IS SO LOW BECAUSE IT IS DETERMINED BY A COMPETITION BETWEEN TWO OR MORE REACTIONS WITH DIFFERENT TEMPERATURE RESPONSES. THE UNUSUALLY LOW OPTIMUM TEMPERATURE AND THE FLAT SHAPE OF THE RESPONSE CURVE IN RYE (12) SUGGEST THAT THE VERNALIZATION RESPONSE IS DUE TO A COMPETITION BETWEEN TWO REACTIONS, WHICH, PERHAPS, REQUIRE THE SAME SUBSTRATE AND WHICH MAY OPPOSE THEIR PRODUCTS; BOTH HAVING MORE NORMAL TEMPERATURE OPTIMA THAN THEIR RESULTANT. FIGURE 8 ILLUSTRATES THE POINT. THE OBSERVED RESPONSES MAY THEN BE DUE TO AN OVERLAP OF THE TWO

Figure 8



A scheme for vernalization. Curve B is the response to temperature of the promoting process; Curve A that of a second, opposing process, perhaps competing for the same substrate; Curve C, the outcome of these two, the actual vernalization response.

PORTIONS OF THE CURVES.

IT MAY BE THAT THE ENZYME (OR ENZYMES) RESPONSIBLE FOR THE VERNALIZATION EFFECT IS ONE WHICH GAINS ACCESS TO THE SUBSTRATE ONLY AT LOW TEMPERATURES BECAUSE ANOTHER REACTION, (OR SERIES OF REACTIONS), COMPETING WITH IT FOR THE SAME SUBSTRATE, IS SLOWED DOWN TO A GREATER EXTENT BY THE LOWERED TEMPERATURE. OR MORE SIMPLY, ONE MIGHT SPECULATE THAT THE COLD TREATMENT LEADS TO THE PRODUCTION OR ACTIVATION OF A NEW ENZYME SYSTEM; THE ACTIVATION OF WHICH IS SWITCHED ON OR OFF AS EITHER THE CELLULAR OR EXTRA-CELLULAR ENVIRONMENT CHANGES. WORK CARRIED OUT BY TOMATI IN JAPAN (30,31), BUT AS YET UNCONFIRMED, SUGGESTS THAT NUCLEOTIDES ARE INVOLVED, PROBABLY URIDYLIC ACID (UMP) OR UMP-LIKE SUBSTANCES. GRZESIUK AND J. KULKA (21) NOTED THAT VERNALIZED GRAIN EMBRYOS DIFFERED CONSIDERABLY FROM THE EMBRYOS OF UNVERNALIZED GRAIN IN THE QUANTITY OF ASPARTIC ACID AND GLUTAMIC ACIDS. THIS DIFFERENCE WAS NOT VISIBLE IN THE ENDOSPERM. IN THE EMBRYOS OF VERNALIZED GRAIN, GLUTAMIC ACID WAS THE CENTRAL LINK IN NITROGEN METABOLISM WHILST IN THE EMBRYOS OF UNVERNALIZED GRAIN IT WAS ASPARTIC ACID AND TO A LESS DEGREE GLUTAMIC ACID. VERNALIZED EMBRYOS CONTAINED A CONSIDERABLE AMOUNT OF LYSINE AND A SMALL QUANTITY OF ARGININE WHICH DIMINISHED IN THE COURSE OF VERNALIZATION. CONVERSELY, IN UNVERNALIZED EMBRYOS THE QUANTITY OF ARGININE WAS CONSIDERABLE, AND ITS CONCENTRATION INCREASED IN THE COURSE OF GERMINATION, WHILE THE LYSINE CONTENT REMAINED LOW. THE CHANGE

IN THE AMINO ACID METABOLISM OF THE EMBRYOS OCCURRING DURING THE COURSE OF VERNALIZATION UNDOUBTEDLY REFLECTS THE CHANGES IN THE MORE FUNDAMENTAL METABOLIC PROCESSES WHICH INFLUENCE THE FURTHER PROCESSES OF PLANT ONTOGENESIS.

THE LONG LASTING AND ALL-PERVASIVE AFTER EFFECTS OF VERNALIZATION SEEM TO BE ANALOGOUS IN MANY WAYS TO THE PERMANENT CHANGES OBSERVED IN BACTERIA-FREE TISSUE OF CROWN GALL TUMORS. IN THIS CONTEXT HIGHKIN (22) HAS POINTED OUT THAT SUCH CHANGES ARE LONG LASTING AND THE CHANGES IN METABOLISM ARE PASSED ON THROUGH SUBSEQUENT CELL GENERATIONS.

PRESENTLY, THE FUNDAMENTAL CHANGES IN THE MOLECULAR ENVIRONMENT OF VERNALIZED CELLS IS BUT LITTLE UNDERSTOOD. THIS FIRST PHASE OF MY OWN WORK HAS BEEN UNDERTAKEN ON MAINLY PHYSIOLOGICAL MEASURES OF CHANGE IN CEREAL ROOT TIPS. THE ORIGINAL QUESTION HAS BEEN ANSWERED IN THE AFFIRMATIVE RELATING EFFECTIVE COLD TREATMENT WITH INCREASED ROOT GROWTH VIGOR. IT IS HOPED TO PURSUE SOME PARAMETERS OF BIOCHEMICAL CHANGE IN THE CONTINUING PHASE OF RESEARCH.

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- A₁₋₁₂ MARQUIS WHEAT (M₅). NUMBER OF CELLS X 10⁻² OBTAINED
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- D₁₋₇ MARQUIS WHEAT (M₅). INCREMENT IN LENGTH IN MMS. X 10⁻³
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OF SEGMENT 1-7 WITH TIME, IMBIBITION AND VERNALIZATION.---XLIV-I
- F₁₋₇ RIDEAU WHEAT (R₄). INCREMENT IN LENGTH IN MMS. X 10⁻³
OF SEGMENT 1-7 WITH TIME, IMBIBITION AND VERNALIZATION.---LI-LVII

* DATA PERTAINING TO GROWTH PERIODS 20, 24-34, 38-46, OBTAINED, BUT OMITTED
FROM TEXT, SOLELY FOR CONVENIENCE OF ASSEMBLY OF DATA IN PRESENT TYPESET.

TABLE A₁Marquis wheat (M₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² obtained in each root segment after 2 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)				
1.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>11.611</u>	<u>10.944</u>	<u>10.889</u>	<u>9.778</u>	4.556
2.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	14.778	<u>10.667</u>	<u>9.500</u>	<u>9.167</u>	6.500
3.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>15.556</u>	<u>14.441</u>	10.278	<u>9.167</u>	<u>7.167</u>
4.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>8.611</u>	<u>7.389</u>	<u>7.167</u>	6.722	6.167
5.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	8.833	<u>6.333</u>	<u>6.311</u>	<u>5.389</u>	<u>5.000</u>
6.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>4.000</u>	<u>3.444</u>	<u>2.556</u>	<u>1.722</u>	<u>1.389</u>
7.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>4.556</u>	<u>4.056</u>	<u>2.944</u>	<u>1.800</u>	<u>1.556</u>

TABLE 4₂Marquis wheat (M₅)Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 4 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)				
1.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>5.167</u>	M ₅ C ₂ <u>5.067</u>	M ₅ C ₃ <u>4.389</u>	M ₅ C ₄ <u>4.333</u>	M ₅ K 2.389
2.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>11.722</u>	M ₅ C ₂ <u>10.722</u>	M ₅ C ₃ <u>8.778</u>	M ₅ C ₄ <u>7.4444</u>	M ₅ K 3.4444
3.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>12.556</u>	M ₅ C ₂ <u>10.833</u>	M ₅ C ₃ <u>8.711</u>	M ₅ C ₄ <u>6.389</u>	M ₅ K 5.222
4.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>10.889</u>	M ₅ C ₂ <u>9.111</u>	M ₅ C ₃ <u>8.778</u>	M ₅ C ₄ 6.778	M ₅ K 4.222
5.	M ₅ C ₁ 8.778	M ₅ C ₂ <u>6.722</u>	M ₅ C ₃ <u>6.222</u>	M ₅ C ₄ <u>5.833</u>	M ₅ K 5.4444
6.	M ₅ C ₁ 6.944	M ₅ C ₂ <u>4.4444</u>	M ₅ C ₃ <u>3.833</u>	M ₅ C ₄ <u>2.422</u>	M ₅ K 1.278
7.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>4.588</u>	M ₅ C ₂ <u>4.078</u>	M ₅ C ₃ 3.111	M ₅ C ₄ <u>2.111</u>	M ₅ K 1.667

TABLE 3

Marquis wheat (M_5)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ obtained in each root segment after 6 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)				
	M_5C_1	M_5C_2	M_5C_3	M_5C_4	M_5K
1.	<u>5.177</u>	<u>5.111</u>	<u>4.722</u>	<u>4.278</u>	3.27
2.	14.722	<u>10.977</u>	<u>10.278</u>	<u>8.167</u>	7.444
3.	22.566	14.389	<u>11.667</u>	<u>11.667</u>	9.22
4.	10.889	<u>9.500</u>	<u>8.333</u>	<u>7.611</u>	5.06
5.	8.778	<u>7.056</u>	<u>6.667</u>	<u>6.278</u>	4.444
6.	6.944	<u>5.556</u>	<u>4.550</u>	<u>4.389</u>	2.28
7.	<u>4.611</u>	<u>4.333</u>	<u>3.944</u>	2.500	1.667

TABLE A₄Marquis wheat (M₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² obtained in each root segment after 8 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)				
1.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	7.111	<u>6.211</u>	5.500	<u>5.278</u>	4.222
2.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	17.222	<u>13.333</u>	<u>12.111</u>	<u>10.500</u>	8.889
3.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	23.778	16.500	<u>13.333</u>	<u>13.111</u>	10.444
4.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>11.222</u>	<u>9.889</u>	9.500	<u>8.500</u>	5.778
5.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	9.000	<u>7.778</u>	7.000	<u>6.889</u>	4.889
6.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>7.111</u>	<u>5.778</u>	4.789	<u>4.789</u>	2.333
7.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>4.889</u>	<u>4.444</u>	<u>4.000</u>	<u>2.778</u>	<u>1.789</u>

TABLE A₅

Marquis wheat (M₅)
Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 10 hours growth
with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)				
1.	M ₅ C ₁ 9.000	M ₅ C ₂ 7.789	M ₅ C ₃ <u>6.611</u>	M ₅ C ₄ <u>6.278</u>	M ₅ K 5.000
2.	M ₅ C ₁ 20.111	M ₅ C ₂ 16.111	M ₅ C ₃ <u>14.000</u>	M ₅ C ₄ <u>12.000</u>	M ₅ K 9.778
3.	M ₅ E ₁ 25.889	M ₅ C ₂ 18.778	M ₅ C ₃ <u>15.500</u>	M ₅ C ₄ <u>15.222</u>	M ₅ K 12.500
4.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>11.778</u>	M ₅ C ₂ <u>10.000</u>	M ₅ C ₃ 9.889	M ₅ C ₄ 8.500	M ₅ K 6.111
5.	M ₅ C ₁ 9.789	M ₅ C ₂ <u>8.111</u>	M ₅ C ₃ <u>7.678</u>	M ₅ C ₄ <u>7.111</u>	M ₅ K 5.000
6.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>7.500</u>	M ₅ C ₂ 6.333	M ₅ C ₃ <u>5.222</u>	M ₅ C ₄ <u>5.111</u>	M ₅ K 2.500
7.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>5.111</u>	M ₅ C ₂ <u>4.789</u>	M ₅ C ₃ <u>4.222</u>	M ₅ C ₄ 3.000	M ₅ K 1.900

TABLE 6

Marquis wheat (M_5)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ obtained in each root segment after 12 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)				
1.	M_5C_1	M_5C_2	M_5C_3	M_5C_4	M_5K
	<u>10.278</u>	<u>9.222</u>	<u>7.778</u>	<u>7.222</u>	6.111
2.	M_5C_1	M_5C_2	M_5C_3	M_5C_4	M_5K
	22.500	18.889	<u>15.889</u>	<u>13.500</u>	10.000
3.	M_5C_1	M_5C_2	M_5C_3	M_5C_4	M_5K
	24.111	<u>19.556</u>	<u>17.111</u>	<u>16.000</u>	13.778
4.	M_5C_1	M_5C_2	M_5C_3	M_5C_4	M_5K
	<u>12.000</u>	<u>10.500</u>	<u>10.222</u>	<u>9.111</u>	7.000
5.	M_5C_1	M_5C_2	M_5C_3	M_5C_4	M_5K
	<u>10.111</u>	<u>8.889</u>	8.000	<u>7.800</u>	5.678
6.	M_5C_1	M_5C_2	M_5C_3	M_5C_4	M_5K
	<u>7.778</u>	<u>6.667</u>	5.500	<u>5.444</u>	2.789
7.	M_5C_1	M_5C_2	M_5C_3	M_5C_4	M_5K
	<u>5.333</u>	<u>5.000</u>	<u>4.500</u>	<u>3.667</u>	2.100

TABLE A₇Marquis wheat (M₅)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ obtained in each root segment after 14 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)				
	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
1.	<u>11.778</u>	<u>10.500</u>	<u>8.533</u>	<u>8.444</u>	6.889
2.	<u>24.667</u>	<u>20.500</u>	<u>17.500</u>	<u>14.889</u>	<u>10.889</u>
3.	21.444	<u>19.111</u>	<u>19.000</u>	<u>18.778</u>	13.500
4.	13.111	<u>11.889</u>	<u>11.500</u>	<u>10.500</u>	8.222
5.	<u>9.778</u>	<u>8.500</u>	<u>8.222</u>	<u>7.789</u>	5.111
6.	<u>7.200</u>	<u>6.111</u>	<u>5.700</u>	<u>5.111</u>	2.678
7.	<u>4.889</u>	<u>4.678</u>	<u>4.444</u>	<u>3.722</u>	1.889

TABLE A₈Marquis wheat (M₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² obtained in each root segment after 16 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Segment	Duncan's test (5% level)				
	Vernalization (weeks)				
1.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>13.500</u>	<u>12.111</u>	<u>9.889</u>	<u>9.889</u>	7.222
2.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	25.778	22.444	<u>18.778</u>	<u>15.778</u>	12.000
3.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>19.111</u>	<u>19.000</u>	<u>18.111</u>	16.222	13.333
4.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>12.444</u>	<u>11.500</u>	<u>10.889</u>	<u>10.000</u>	8.000
5.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	9.000	<u>8.222</u>	<u>8.111</u>	<u>7.789</u>	4.789
6.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>6.789</u>	<u>6.000</u>	<u>5.700</u>	<u>5.000</u>	2.500
7.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>4.500</u>	<u>4.444</u>	<u>4.222</u>	<u>3.500</u>	1.711

TABLE A₉Marquis wheat (M₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 18 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)				
1.	M ₅ C ₁ 15.333	M ₅ C ₂ 13.778	M ₅ C ₃ 12.278	M ₅ C ₄ 11.278	M ₅ K 8.222
2.	M ₅ C ₁ 26.056	M ₅ C ₂ 24.333	M ₅ C ₃ 19.889	M ₅ C ₄ 16.444	M ₅ K 13.222
3.	M ₅ C ₁ 17.50	M ₅ C ₂ 16.889	M ₅ C ₃ 16.278	M ₅ C ₄ 14.167	M ₅ K 12.111
4.	M ₅ C ₁ 11.611	M ₅ C ₂ 11.056	M ₅ C ₃ 10.389	M ₅ C ₄ 9.187	M ₅ K 7.889
5.	M ₅ C ₁ 8.278	M ₅ C ₂ 8.167	M ₅ C ₃ 8.056	M ₅ C ₄ 7.722	M ₅ K 4.556
6.	M ₅ C ₁ 6.278	M ₅ C ₂ 5.944	M ₅ C ₃ 5.667	M ₅ C ₄ 4.889	M ₅ K 2.389
7.	M ₅ C ₁ 4.111	M ₅ C ₂ 4.111	M ₅ C ₃ 4.111	M ₅ C ₄ 3.722	M ₅ K 1.589

TABLE A₁₀Marquis wheat (M₅)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ obtained in each root segment after 22 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)				
1.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	20.056	<u>18.722</u>	18.556	<u>16.444</u>	10.944
2.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>28.722</u>	<u>27.722</u>	22.889	19.111	15.167
3.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>15.167</u>	<u>14.722</u>	<u>14.667</u>	<u>14.111</u>	11.111
4.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>9.611</u>	<u>9.500</u>	<u>8.833</u>	7.556	6.611
5.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>7.222</u>	<u>6.889</u>	<u>6.722</u>	<u>6.500</u>	3.722
6.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	4.722	<u>3.833</u>	<u>3.611</u>	<u>2.944</u>	1.722
7.	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
	<u>3.889</u>	<u>3.278</u>	<u>2.889</u>	<u>2.389</u>	1.333

TABLE A₁₁Marquis wheat (M₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² obtained in each root segment after 36 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Segment	Duncan's test (5% level)				
	Vernalization (weeks)				
1.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>35.500</u>	M ₅ C ₂ 34.333	M ₅ C ₃ <u>33.500</u>	M ₅ C ₄ 31.222	M ₅ K 22.111
2.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>48.500</u>	M ₅ C ₂ <u>46.444</u>	M ₅ C ₃ <u>46.000</u>	M ₅ C ₄ 44.789	M ₅ K 28.889
3.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>9.889</u>	M ₅ C ₂ <u>9.111</u>	M ₅ C ₃ 8.789	M ₅ C ₄ <u>8.500</u>	M ₅ K 7.778
4.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>9.444</u>	M ₅ C ₂ 9.111	M ₅ C ₃ 8.889	M ₅ C ₄ <u>8.887</u>	M ₅ K 6.500
5.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>7.111</u>	M ₅ C ₂ 6.789	M ₅ C ₃ 6.500	M ₅ C ₄ <u>6.222</u>	M ₅ K 3.800
6.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>4.222</u>	M ₅ C ₂ <u>3.500</u>	M ₅ C ₃ <u>3.111</u>	M ₅ C ₄ 2.500	M ₅ K 1.711
7.	M ₅ C ₁ <u>4.111</u>	M ₅ C ₂ <u>3.400</u>	M ₅ C ₃ <u>2.789</u>	M ₅ C ₄ <u>2.444</u>	M ₅ K 1.111

TABLE A₁₂Marquis wheat (M₅)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ obtained in each root segment after 48 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)				
	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ K
1.	48.4444	<u>44.789</u>	<u>43.667</u>	40.500	31.111
2.	<u>29.111</u>	<u>28.4444</u>	<u>27.789</u>	26.789	14.500
3.	<u>9.789</u>	<u>9.000</u>	<u>8.789</u>	<u>8.4444</u>	7.778
4.	<u>9.500</u>	<u>9.222</u>	<u>8.789</u>	<u>8.667</u>	6.4444
5.	<u>7.000</u>	<u>6.667</u>	<u>6.4444</u>	<u>6.111</u>	3.4444
6.	<u>4.111</u>	<u>3.4444</u>	<u>3.222</u>	<u>2.4444</u>	1.789
7.	<u>4.111</u>	<u>3.335</u>	<u>2.667</u>	<u>2.4444</u>	1.222

TABLE B₁Rideau wheat (R₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 2 hours growth
with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>9.167</u>	<u>8.733</u>	<u>7.333</u>	<u>3.167</u>	<u>2.777</u>	<u>2.711</u>	<u>2.222</u>
2.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>14.778</u>	<u>14.389</u>	<u>12.833</u>	<u>6.222</u>	<u>5.889</u>	<u>5.772</u>	<u>5.222</u>
3.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>15.111</u>	<u>14.556</u>	<u>13.167</u>	<u>6.889</u>	<u>6.500</u>	<u>6.056</u>	<u>5.556</u>
4.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.744</u>	<u>8.778</u>	<u>6.833</u>	<u>3.389</u>	<u>3.311</u>	<u>3.111</u>	<u>2.989</u>
5.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>6.722</u>	<u>6.333</u>	<u>6.000</u>	<u>4.176</u>	<u>4.222</u>	<u>4.000</u>	<u>3.056</u>
6.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>5.056</u>	<u>4.667</u>	<u>4.556</u>	<u>1.778</u>	<u>1.278</u>	<u>1.111</u>	<u>1.111</u>
7.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>4.778</u>	<u>4.222</u>	<u>3.556</u>	<u>1.611</u>	<u>1.444</u>	<u>1.222</u>	<u>1.111</u>

TABLE B₂Ridgau wheat (R₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 4 hours growth
with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>11.611</u>	<u>10.778</u>	8.056	<u>4.778</u>	<u>4.000</u>	<u>3.833</u>	<u>3.778</u>
2.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>15.833</u>	<u>14.278</u>	<u>11.833</u>	<u>6.722</u>	<u>5.333</u>	<u>4.000</u>	<u>4.000</u>
3.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>16.500</u>	<u>14.611</u>	<u>13.889</u>	<u>8.833</u>	<u>6.889</u>	<u>6.833</u>	<u>6.611</u>
4.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.771</u>	<u>7.222</u>	<u>6.714</u>	<u>4.814</u>	<u>4.333</u>	<u>4.211</u>	<u>3.722</u>
5.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.889</u>	<u>8.778</u>	<u>7.711</u>	<u>4.833</u>	<u>4.278</u>	<u>4.211</u>	<u>3.333</u>
6.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>7.338</u>	<u>6.667</u>	<u>6.556</u>	<u>2.667</u>	<u>2.556</u>	<u>2.389</u>	<u>2.111</u>
7.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>5.111</u>	<u>5.000</u>	<u>4.278</u>	<u>2.222</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.111</u>	<u>1.100</u>

TABLE B₃Rideau wheat (R₅)Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 6 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>12.611</u>	<u>12.556</u>	11.664	7.111	<u>5.111</u>	5.000	<u>4.778</u>
2.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>16.722</u>	<u>16.111</u>	<u>16.000</u>	<u>14.389</u>	<u>14.222</u>	<u>13.889</u>	<u>13.167</u>
3.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>21.222</u>	<u>20.333</u>	<u>20.000</u>	<u>14.778</u>	<u>14.056</u>	<u>13.833</u>	<u>13.611</u>
4.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.944</u>	<u>8.444</u>	<u>8.267</u>	<u>8.222</u>	<u>8.200</u>	<u>8.111</u>	<u>8.111</u>
5.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.444</u>	<u>8.167</u>	<u>7.444</u>	<u>5.833</u>	<u>5.222</u>	<u>5.000</u>	<u>4.778</u>
6.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>7.399</u>	<u>7.667</u>	<u>6.778</u>	<u>3.667</u>	<u>3.333</u>	<u>3.056</u>	<u>2.389</u>
7.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>5.500</u>	<u>5.444</u>	<u>5.167</u>	<u>2.833</u>	<u>2.222</u>	<u>1.611</u>	<u>1.278</u>

TABLE B₄Rideau wheat (R₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 8 hours growth
with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
1.	8.000	7.789	7.500	7.111	7.000	6.889	6.500
2.	17.222	17.111	16.789	14.500	14.444	14.111	14.000
3.	22.789	21.500	21.111	15.500	15.111	14.789	14.111
4.	9.111	8.789	8.500	8.500	8.444	8.222	8.000
5.	9.000	8.789	8.111	6.111	6.000	5.789	5.111
6.	7.778	7.667	7.222	3.789	3.667	3.222	3.000
7.	5.700	5.444	5.111	3.000	2.789	2.222	1.789

TABLE B₅Ridenu wheat (R₅)Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ in each root segment after 10 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.111</u>	<u>8.000</u>	<u>7.778</u>	<u>7.333</u>	<u>7.111</u>	<u>6.789</u>	<u>6.444</u>
2.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>17.789</u>	<u>17.111</u>	<u>16.789</u>	<u>14.789</u>	<u>14.444</u>	<u>14.000</u>	<u>13.500</u>
3.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>23.567</u>	<u>22.789</u>	<u>22.500</u>	<u>17.000</u>	<u>16.500</u>	<u>16.111</u>	<u>16.000</u>
4.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.789</u>	<u>9.500</u>	<u>9.444</u>	<u>8.889</u>	<u>8.500</u>	<u>8.111</u>	<u>7.500</u>
5.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>9.500</u>	<u>9.111</u>	<u>8.789</u>	<u>6.789</u>	<u>6.500</u>	<u>6.000</u>	<u>5.444</u>
6.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>7.789</u>	<u>7.789</u>	<u>7.333</u>	<u>4.111</u>	<u>4.000</u>	<u>3.789</u>	<u>3.500</u>
7.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>6.000</u>	<u>5.789</u>	<u>5.222</u>	<u>3.222</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.500</u>	<u>2.222</u>

TABLE B₆Rideau wheat (R₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 12 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>9.789</u>	<u>9.444</u>	<u>9.111</u>	<u>7.444</u>	<u>7.222</u>	<u>7.000</u>	<u>6.889</u>
2.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>18.500</u>	<u>18.000</u>	<u>17.789</u>	<u>15.000</u>	<u>14.789</u>	<u>14.500</u>	<u>14.111</u>
3.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>25.111</u>	<u>24.789</u>	<u>23.500</u>	<u>16.111</u>	<u>16.000</u>	<u>15.789</u>	<u>15.500</u>
4.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>10.500</u>	<u>10.111</u>	<u>10.000</u>	<u>8.111</u>	<u>7.789</u>	<u>7.222</u>	<u>7.000</u>
5.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>10.000</u>	<u>9.789</u>	<u>9.500</u>	<u>7.500</u>	<u>7.111</u>	<u>6.789</u>	<u>6.222</u>
6.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>7.111</u>	<u>7.000</u>	<u>6.667</u>	<u>4.333</u>	<u>4.111</u>	<u>3.789</u>	<u>3.222</u>
7.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>6.111</u>	<u>6.000</u>	<u>5.889</u>	<u>3.500</u>	<u>3.111</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.500</u>

TABLE B₇Rideau Wheat (R₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 14 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>11.222</u>	<u>11.000</u>	<u>10.789</u>	<u>7.444</u>	<u>7.111</u>	<u>6.111</u>	<u>7.000</u>
2.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>19.111</u>	<u>18.500</u>	<u>18.000</u>	<u>15.500</u>	<u>14.500</u>	<u>14.222</u>	<u>13.789</u>
3.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>22.789</u>	<u>21.789</u>	<u>21.000</u>	<u>15.444</u>	<u>15.000</u>	<u>14.678</u>	<u>14.333</u>
4.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>9.789</u>	<u>9.500</u>	<u>9.111</u>	<u>7.500</u>	<u>7.111</u>	<u>7.000</u>	<u>6.789</u>
5.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.789</u>	<u>8.500</u>	<u>8.111</u>	<u>6.111</u>	<u>6.000</u>	<u>5.500</u>	<u>5.222</u>
6.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>6.789</u>	<u>6.667</u>	<u>6.444</u>	<u>4.000</u>	<u>3.789</u>	<u>3.500</u>	<u>3.222</u>
7.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>5.500</u>	<u>5.000</u>	<u>4.889</u>	<u>3.111</u>	<u>2.789</u>	<u>2.500</u>	<u>2.222</u>

TABLE B 8

Rideau wheat (R₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 16 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₅ C ₄ <u>12.778</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>12.500</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>12.111</u>	R ₅ K <u>7.500</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>7.444</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>7.333</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>7.222</u>
2.	R ₅ C ₄ <u>18.789</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>14.000</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>18.222</u>	R ₅ K <u>14.789</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>14.111</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>14.000</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>13.500</u>
3.	R ₅ C ₄ <u>18.444</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>17.789</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>17.500</u>	R ₅ K <u>14.500</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>14.111</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>14.000</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>13.789</u>
4.	R ₅ C ₄ <u>9.000</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>8.789</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>8.500</u>	R ₅ K <u>7.500</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>7.111</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>7.000</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>6.789</u>
5.	R ₅ C ₄ <u>8.111</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>8.000</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>7.500</u>	R ₅ K <u>5.667</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>5.222</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>4.778</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>4.222</u>
6.	R ₅ C ₄ <u>6.222</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>6.111</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>5.789</u>	R ₅ K <u>3.500</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>3.222</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>3.000</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>2.789</u>
7.	R ₅ C ₄ <u>5.222</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>5.000</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>4.789</u>	R ₅ K <u>2.789</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>2.500</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>2.222</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>1.789</u>

TABLE B₉Rideau wheat (R₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 18 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>16.111</u>	<u>14.996</u>	<u>14.778</u>	<u>7.333</u>	<u>6.889</u>	<u>6.778</u>	<u>4.844</u>
2.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>20.859</u>	<u>19.667</u>	<u>19.333</u>	<u>14.333</u>	<u>13.789</u>	<u>13.500</u>	<u>13.441</u>
3.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>15.444</u>	<u>15.222</u>	<u>15.117</u>	<u>13.778</u>	<u>13.111</u>	<u>12.889</u>	<u>12.722</u>
4.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.556</u>	<u>8.444</u>	<u>8.296</u>	<u>7.333</u>	<u>7.111</u>	<u>6.778</u>	<u>6.444</u>
5.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>7.444</u>	<u>7.333</u>	<u>6.556</u>	<u>4.333</u>	<u>4.200</u>	<u>3.889</u>	<u>3.771</u>
6.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>5.944</u>	<u>5.278</u>	<u>5.222</u>	<u>5.056</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.889</u>	<u>3.771</u>
7.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>4.111</u>	<u>4.000</u>	<u>3.667</u>	<u>2.222</u>	<u>2.000</u>	<u>1.889</u>	<u>1.778</u>

TABLE B₁₀Rideau wheat (R₅)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 22 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>18.833</u>	<u>17.000</u>	<u>15.667</u>	<u>11.000</u>	<u>9.889</u>	<u>8.778</u>	<u>8.111</u>
2.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>24.444</u>	<u>23.944</u>	<u>23.333</u>	<u>14.809</u>	<u>14.833</u>	<u>12.607</u>	<u>12.000</u>
3.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>15.111</u>	<u>14.944</u>	<u>14.611</u>	<u>10.111</u>	<u>10.000</u>	<u>9.944</u>	<u>9.611</u>
4.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.333</u>	<u>8.267</u>	<u>8.111</u>	<u>7.222</u>	<u>6.833</u>	<u>6.056</u>	<u>5.667</u>
5.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>7.111</u>	<u>7.000</u>	<u>6.944</u>	<u>4.356</u>	<u>4.311</u>	<u>3.889</u>	<u>3.722</u>
6.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>4.222</u>	<u>4.111</u>	<u>3.889</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.889</u>	<u>2.711</u>	<u>2.667</u>
7.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>3.778</u>	<u>3.611</u>	<u>3.444</u>	<u>2.111</u>	<u>2.000</u>	<u>1.889</u>	<u>1.778</u>

TABLE B₁₁Rideau wheat (R₅)Number of cells X 10² in each root segment after 36 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>32.111</u>	<u>31.500</u>	<u>31.000</u>	<u>20.111</u>	<u>19.789</u>	<u>19.222</u>	<u>18.500</u>
2.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>44.444</u>	<u>42.222</u>	<u>41.789</u>	<u>24.111</u>	<u>23.789</u>	<u>22.500</u>	<u>21.000</u>
3.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.222</u>	<u>8.000</u>	<u>7.778</u>	<u>6.500</u>	<u>6.222</u>	<u>6.000</u>	<u>5.789</u>
4.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.111</u>	<u>8.111</u>	<u>8.000</u>	<u>5.789</u>	<u>5.222</u>	<u>5.000</u>	<u>4.789</u>
5.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>6.789</u>	<u>6.500</u>	<u>6.222</u>	<u>3.111</u>	<u>2.789</u>	<u>2.500</u>	<u>2.444</u>
6.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>3.789</u>	<u>3.500</u>	<u>3.111</u>	<u>2.111</u>	<u>2.000</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.500</u>
7.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>3.500</u>	<u>3.111</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.500</u>	<u>1.444</u>	<u>1.111</u>

TABLE B₁₂Rideau wheat (R₅)Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ in each root segment after 48 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>44.500</u>	<u>43.500</u>	<u>42.789</u>	<u>28.789</u>	<u>28.111</u>	<u>27.789</u>	<u>26.500</u>
2.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>26.111</u>	<u>25.500</u>	<u>24.789</u>	<u>11.333</u>	<u>10.789</u>	<u>10.222</u>	<u>10.000</u>
3.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>8.111</u>	<u>7.789</u>	<u>7.500</u>	<u>6.500</u>	<u>6.111</u>	<u>5.789</u>	<u>5.500</u>
4.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>7.789</u>	<u>7.500</u>	<u>7.111</u>	<u>5.500</u>	<u>5.222</u>	<u>4.789</u>	<u>4.500</u>
5.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>6.500</u>	<u>6.111</u>	<u>6.000</u>	<u>3.111</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.789</u>	<u>2.500</u>
6.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>3.500</u>	<u>3.222</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.000</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.500</u>
7.	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
	<u>3.111</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.789</u>	<u>1.500</u>	<u>1.444</u>	<u>1.222</u>	<u>1.111</u>

TABLE C₁

Rideau Wheat (R14)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ in each root segment after 2 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
	R14C5	R14C6	R14K	R14C4	R14C3	R14C2	R14C1
1.	<u>4.444</u>	<u>4.333</u>	<u>2.889</u>	<u>2.833</u>	<u>2.778</u>	<u>2.222</u>	<u>2.111</u>
2.	<u>11.667</u>	<u>10.556</u>	<u>10.111</u>	<u>7.667</u>	<u>7.556</u>	<u>7.222</u>	<u>6.667</u>
3.	<u>15.333</u>	<u>13.333</u>	<u>8.278</u>	<u>8.222</u>	<u>8.000</u>	<u>7.333</u>	<u>7.111</u>
4.	<u>10.111</u>	<u>9.778</u>	<u>3.500</u>	<u>3.387</u>	<u>3.111</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.889</u>
5.	<u>6.889</u>	<u>6.833</u>	<u>5.111</u>	<u>5.000</u>	<u>4.889</u>	<u>4.444</u>	<u>4.111</u>
6.	<u>5.222</u>	<u>5.000</u>	<u>2.333</u>	<u>2.111</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.667</u>	<u>1.444</u>
7.	<u>3.333</u>	<u>3.211</u>	<u>1.944</u>	<u>1.611</u>	<u>1.556</u>	<u>1.500</u>	<u>1.444</u>

TABLE C₃Rideau Wheat (R₁₄)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ in each root segment after 4 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
1.	<u>7.833</u>	<u>6.056</u>	<u>4.722</u>	<u>4.111</u>	<u>3.831</u>	<u>3.722</u>	2.056
2.	<u>11.778</u>	<u>11.722</u>	7.722	<u>6.722</u>	6.611	5.778	<u>5.722</u>
3.	<u>15.889</u>	<u>14.611</u>	9.556	<u>8.889</u>	<u>8.111</u>	7.789	7.222
4.	<u>10.556</u>	<u>10.056</u>	4.667	4.222	3.789	3.222	3.000
5.	<u>7.611</u>	<u>7.111</u>	5.789	5.222	<u>4.889</u>	4.111	4.056
6.	<u>5.289</u>	<u>5.222</u>	2.222	2.000	1.889	1.444	1.222
7.	<u>3.889</u>	<u>3.444</u>	2.222	<u>2.000</u>	1.611	1.389	1.111

TABLE C₃Riddau wheat (R₁₄)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 6 hours growth
with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Segment	Duncan's test (5% level)						
	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₁₄ C ₅ <u>7.833</u>	R ₁₄ C ₆ <u>6.778</u>	R ₁₄ K <u>4.833</u>	R ₁₄ C ₄ <u>4.778</u>	R ₁₄ C ₃ <u>4.056</u>	R ₁₄ C ₂ <u>3.556</u>	R ₁₄ C ₁ <u>3.333</u>
2.	R ₁₄ C ₅ <u>13.000</u>	R ₁₄ C ₆ <u>12.889</u>	R ₁₄ K <u>12.611</u>	R ₁₄ C ₄ <u>12.611</u>	R ₁₄ C ₃ <u>11.333</u>	R ₁₄ C ₂ <u>10.333</u>	R ₁₄ C ₁ <u>9.833</u>
3.	R ₁₄ C ₅ <u>23.333</u>	R ₁₄ C ₆ <u>21.944</u>	R ₁₄ K <u>12.500</u>	R ₁₄ C ₄ <u>11.944</u>	R ₁₄ C ₃ <u>11.850</u>	R ₁₄ C ₂ <u>10.889</u>	R ₁₄ C ₁ <u>10.167</u>
4.	R ₁₄ C ₅ <u>11.389</u>	R ₁₄ C ₆ <u>10.889</u>	R ₁₄ K <u>6.944</u>	R ₁₄ C ₄ <u>6.389</u>	R ₁₄ C ₃ <u>5.778</u>	R ₁₄ C ₂ <u>5.056</u>	R ₁₄ C ₁ <u>5.000</u>
5.	R ₁₄ C ₅ <u>8.722</u>	R ₁₄ C ₆ <u>8.222</u>	R ₁₄ K <u>4.611</u>	R ₁₄ C ₄ <u>4.444</u>	R ₁₄ C ₃ <u>4.222</u>	R ₁₄ C ₂ <u>4.111</u>	R ₁₄ C ₁ <u>3.889</u>
6.	R ₁₄ C ₅ <u>5.444</u>	R ₁₄ C ₆ <u>5.111</u>	R ₁₄ K <u>2.389</u>	R ₁₄ C ₄ <u>2.889</u>	R ₁₄ C ₃ <u>2.222</u>	R ₁₄ C ₂ <u>2.000</u>	R ₁₄ C ₁ <u>1.889</u>
7.	R ₁₄ C ₅ <u>3.556</u>	R ₁₄ C ₆ <u>3.056</u>	R ₁₄ K <u>1.389</u>	R ₁₄ C ₄ <u>1.222</u>	R ₁₄ C ₃ <u>1.111</u>	R ₁₄ C ₂ <u>1.000</u>	R ₁₄ C ₁ <u>1.000</u>

TABLE C₄Rideau Wheat (R₁₄)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ in each root segment after 8 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
1.	8.222	8.000	5.222	5.000	4.789	4.500	4.222
2.	15.111	14.789	13.222	13.000	12.789	12.500	12.222
3.	24.111	23.222	13.000	12.789	12.500	12.444	12.111
4.	12.000	11.789	7.111	7.000	6.889	6.500	6.111
5.	9.000	8.889	4.889	4.500	4.222	4.000	3.789
6.	5.789	5.500	2.500	2.222	2.000	1.789	1.660
7.	3.789	3.504	2.444	2.222	2.111	1.789	1.500

TABLE C.

Rideau Wheat (R₁₄)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ in each root segment after 10 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
1.	<u>8.889</u>	<u>8.500</u>	5.889	<u>5.500</u>	5.222	<u>4.789</u>	<u>4.667</u>
2.	<u>17.500</u>	<u>17.222</u>	13.789	13.500	<u>13.000</u>	<u>12.889</u>	<u>12.111</u>
3.	<u>24.500</u>	<u>23.789</u>	<u>13.500</u>	13.111	12.789	<u>12.789</u>	<u>12.500</u>
4.	<u>12.789</u>	<u>12.000</u>	7.789	7.500	7.222	<u>6.889</u>	<u>6.111</u>
5.	<u>9.222</u>	<u>9.111</u>	<u>5.111</u>	5.000	4.789	<u>4.500</u>	<u>4.222</u>
6.	<u>6.111</u>	<u>5.789</u>	<u>2.789</u>	2.600	2.222	<u>2.111</u>	<u>1.789</u>
7.	<u>3.900</u>	<u>3.500</u>	<u>2.111</u>	2.000	2.000	<u>2.000</u>	<u>1.789</u>

TABLE C
CRideau Wheat (R₁₄) -Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ in each root segment after 12 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
1.	9.500	9.111	6.000	5.789	5.500	5.222	5.111
2.	19.556	19.111	14.500	14.000	13.789	13.111	12.789
3.	25.500	25.111	14.111	14.000	13.500	13.111	12.789
4.	13.500	13.111	8.111	7.789	7.500	7.200	7.000
5.	9.778	9.500	4.667	4.500	4.444	4.111	3.789
6.	6.222	5.789	3.000	2.789	2.500	2.222	2.000
7.	4.111	4.000	2.000	1.789	1.667	1.500	1.500

TABLE C7

Rideau Wheat (R_{14}) -

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ in each root segment after 14 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
	$R_{14}C_5$	$R_{14}C_6$	$R_{14}K$	$R_{14}C_4$	$R_{14}C_3$	$R_{14}C_2$	$R_{14}C_1$
1.	<u>10.778</u>	<u>10.111</u>	6.500	<u>6.222</u>	<u>5.789</u>	<u>5.500</u>	<u>5.222</u>
2.	<u>21.222</u>	<u>20.789</u>	11.789	<u>14.000</u>	<u>14.000</u>	<u>13.500</u>	<u>13.111</u>
3.	<u>21.678</u>	<u>21.111</u>	13.667	<u>13.500</u>	<u>13.111</u>	<u>12.789</u>	<u>12.111</u>
4.	<u>11.111</u>	<u>11.000</u>	8.111	<u>8.111</u>	<u>7.789</u>	<u>7.500</u>	<u>7.222</u>
5.	<u>9.500</u>	<u>9.222</u>	4.500	<u>4.111</u>	<u>3.789</u>	<u>3.500</u>	<u>3.111</u>
6.	<u>5.600</u>	<u>5.222</u>	2.667	<u>2.111</u>	<u>2.111</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.500</u>
7.	<u>3.789</u>	<u>3.600</u>	1.789	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.500</u>	<u>1.500</u>	<u>1.111</u>

TABLE C₃Rideau Wheat (R₁₄)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 16 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>12.000</u>	<u>11.667</u>	<u>6.789</u>	<u>6.500</u>	<u>6.222</u>	<u>5.789</u>	<u>5.500</u>
2.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>23.111</u>	<u>21.789</u>	<u>14.222</u>	<u>14.111</u>	<u>14.000</u>	<u>13.789</u>	<u>13.500</u>
3.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>18.111</u>	<u>17.789</u>	<u>13.111</u>	<u>12.500</u>	<u>12.222</u>	<u>12.000</u>	<u>11.789</u>
4.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>10.222</u>	<u>9.389</u>	<u>8.000</u>	<u>7.839</u>	<u>7.222</u>	<u>7.000</u>	<u>6.789</u>
5.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>8.667</u>	<u>8.500</u>	<u>4.500</u>	<u>4.222</u>	<u>4.000</u>	<u>3.789</u>	<u>3.222</u>
6.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>5.444</u>	<u>5.111</u>	<u>2.500</u>	<u>2.222</u>	<u>2.111</u>	<u>1.500</u>	<u>1.111</u>
7	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>3.667</u>	<u>3.556</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.600</u>	<u>1.500</u>	<u>1.500</u>	<u>1.222</u>

TABLE C₉Rideau wheat (R₁₄)Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 18 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>13.333</u>	<u>12.111</u>	<u>7.222</u>	<u>7.000</u>	<u>6.889</u>	<u>6.167</u>	<u>6.111</u>
2.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>26.000</u>	<u>22.444</u>	<u>13.389</u>	<u>13.222</u>	<u>12.789</u>	<u>11.889</u>	<u>11.222</u>
3.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>16.609</u>	<u>15.500</u>	<u>12.500</u>	<u>12.409</u>	<u>11.500</u>	<u>10.500</u>	<u>10.222</u>
4.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>9.000</u>	<u>8.889</u>	<u>7.500</u>	<u>7.222</u>	<u>6.500</u>	<u>6.000</u>	<u>5.889</u>
5.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>7.722</u>	<u>7.222</u>	<u>4.444</u>	<u>4.222</u>	<u>3.889</u>	<u>3.722</u>	<u>3.500</u>
6.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>5.228</u>	<u>5.000</u>	<u>2.500</u>	<u>2.448</u>	<u>2.222</u>	<u>2.000</u>	<u>1.889</u>
7.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>3.444</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.000</u>	<u>1.889</u>	<u>1.722</u>	<u>1.722</u>	<u>1.500</u>

TABLE C₂₀Rideau wheat (R₁₄)Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 22 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>16.833</u>	<u>15.500</u>	<u>10.889</u>	<u>9.500</u>	<u>9.222</u>	<u>8.889</u>	<u>8.550</u>
2.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>22.444</u>	<u>21.278</u>	<u>11.222</u>	<u>14.000</u>	<u>13.889</u>	<u>13.222</u>	<u>13.000</u>
3.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>15.000</u>	<u>14.689</u>	<u>10.111</u>	<u>9.889</u>	<u>9.444</u>	<u>9.111</u>	<u>8.789</u>
4.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>8.111</u>	<u>8.000</u>	<u>6.500</u>	<u>6.222</u>	<u>5.500</u>	<u>5.222</u>	<u>5.111</u>
5.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>7.000</u>	<u>6.889</u>	<u>3.889</u>	<u>3.500</u>	<u>3.111</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.889</u>
6.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>4.278</u>	<u>3.667</u>	<u>2.222</u>	<u>2.000</u>	<u>1.889</u>	<u>1.711</u>	<u>1.500</u>
7.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>3.222</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.000</u>	<u>1.889</u>	<u>1.722</u>	<u>1.722</u>	<u>1.530</u>

TABLE C₁₁Rideau wheat (R₁₄)

Number of cells $\times 10^{-2}$ in each root segment after 36 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Segment	Duncan's test (5% level)						
	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>31.111</u>	<u>30.889</u>	<u>19.111</u>	<u>19.000</u>	<u>18.789</u>	<u>18.500</u>	<u>18.000</u>
2.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>42.444</u>	<u>41.000</u>	<u>22.111</u>	<u>21.789</u>	<u>21.500</u>	<u>21.000</u>	<u>20.500</u>
3.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>7.789</u>	<u>7.500</u>	<u>6.222</u>	<u>6.000</u>	<u>5.789</u>	<u>5.500</u>	<u>5.111</u>
4.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>7.789</u>	<u>7.500</u>	<u>5.000</u>	<u>4.789</u>	<u>4.222</u>	<u>4.000</u>	<u>3.789</u>
5.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>6.667</u>	<u>6.222</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.789</u>	<u>2.500</u>	<u>2.444</u>	<u>2.444</u>
6.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>3.667</u>	<u>3.444</u>	<u>2.000</u>	<u>2.000</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.667</u>	<u>1.500</u>
7.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>3.444</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.500</u>	<u>1.444</u>	<u>1.222</u>	<u>1.222</u>

TABLE C₁₂Rideau wheat (R₁₄)

Number of cells X 10⁻² in each root segment after 48 hours growth with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Segment	Vernalization (weeks)						
1.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>42.222</u>	<u>42.000</u>	<u>26.500</u>	<u>26.000</u>	<u>25.789</u>	<u>25.000</u>	<u>24.444</u>
2.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>25.111</u>	<u>25.000</u>	<u>11.000</u>	<u>10.500</u>	<u>10.000</u>	<u>9.889</u>	<u>9.667</u>
3.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>7.111</u>	<u>7.000</u>	<u>6.000</u>	<u>5.789</u>	<u>5.500</u>	<u>5.444</u>	<u>5.111</u>
4.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>7.111</u>	<u>7.000</u>	<u>5.111</u>	<u>5.000</u>	<u>4.789</u>	<u>4.667</u>	<u>4.444</u>
5.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>6.400</u>	<u>6.111</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.789</u>	<u>2.667</u>	<u>2.500</u>	<u>2.222</u>
6.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>3.111</u>	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.000</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.789</u>	<u>1.667</u>	<u>1.500</u>
7.	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
	<u>3.000</u>	<u>2.789</u>	<u>1.778</u>	<u>1.667</u>	<u>1.500</u>	<u>1.222</u>	<u>1.222</u>

TABLE D₁Marquis wheat (M₅)Increment in length in mms X10⁻³ of segment 1 with time, imbibition and vernalization.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Experimental period (hours)	Vernalization (weeks)							
2	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	1.15	0.81	0.68	0.67	0.55	0.51	0.49	0.36
4	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	0.87	0.70	0.60	0.53	0.50	0.48	0.43	0.36
6	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	0.57	0.50	0.50	0.48	0.43	0.41	0.37	0.35
8	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	6.1	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.0	4.6	4.3	4.0
10	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.7	4.1
12	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	6.5	6.4	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.1
14	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.3	6.1	6.1	5.7
16	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	8.1	8.0	7.5	7.3	7.1	7.0	6.3	5.4
18	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	9.3	9.0	8.7	8.5	8.2	8.0	7.7	5.8
20	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ C ₈
	10.0	10.0	9.9	9.5	9.1	8.7	8.1	6.1
22	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	11.1	11.0	10.9	10.5	10.0	9.7	9.7	7.2
24	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	12.3	12.1	11.9	11.9	10.5	10.0	9.5	6.0
36	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	24.40	24.10	23.8	23.5	21.1	20.9	20.5	15.0
48	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	89.7	87.1	86.6	86.0	86.0	85.4	85.1	55.0

TABLE 2

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Marquis Wheat (M₅)Increment in length in mms X 10⁻³ of segment 2 with time, inhibition and vernalization.

Duncan's test (5% level)

	Time (hours)							
	Experimental period (hours)							
2	M ₅ C ₁ 1.15	M ₅ C ₂ 0.97	M ₅ C ₃ 8.66	M ₅ C ₄ 7.66	M ₅ C ₅ 6.33	M ₅ C ₆ 6.22	M ₅ C ₇ 6.22	M ₅ K 6.11
4	M ₅ C ₁ 13.1	M ₅ C ₂ 1.20	M ₅ C ₃ 1.11	M ₅ C ₄ 9.77	M ₅ C ₅ 8.00	M ₅ C ₆ 7.73	M ₅ C ₇ 6.88	M ₅ K 5.33
6	M ₅ C ₁ 8.9	M ₅ C ₂ 8.8	M ₅ C ₃ 8.7	M ₅ C ₄ 8.0	M ₅ C ₅ 7.5	M ₅ C ₆ 7.2	M ₅ C ₇ 6.8	M ₅ K 6.1
8	M ₅ C ₁ 45.3	M ₅ C ₂ 45.1	M ₅ C ₃ 44.8	M ₅ C ₄ 44.5	M ₅ C ₅ 44.0	M ₅ C ₆ 42.0	M ₅ C ₇ 41.1	M ₅ K 31.1
10	M ₅ C ₁ 52.0	M ₅ C ₂ 51.8	M ₅ C ₃ 51.1	M ₅ C ₄ 50.9	M ₅ C ₅ 50.0	M ₅ C ₆ 49.9	M ₅ C ₇ 49.5	M ₅ K 37.7
12	M ₅ C ₁ 66.0	M ₅ C ₂ 65.1	M ₅ C ₃ 64.8	M ₅ C ₄ 64.2	M ₅ C ₅ 63.9	M ₅ C ₆ 63.4	M ₅ C ₇ 63.0	M ₅ K 51.1
14	M ₅ C ₁ 80.0	M ₅ C ₂ 78.8	M ₅ C ₃ 78.1	M ₅ C ₄ 77.2	M ₅ C ₅ 76.1	M ₅ C ₆ 75.0	M ₅ C ₇ 74.1	M ₅ K 62.2
16	M ₅ C ₁ 155.5	M ₅ C ₂ 154.0	M ₅ C ₃ 152.1	M ₅ C ₄ 151.1	M ₅ C ₅ 150.0	M ₅ C ₆ 149.5	M ₅ C ₇ 148.9	M ₅ K 120.0
18	M ₅ C ₁ 178.1	M ₅ C ₂ 177.8	M ₅ C ₃ 176.7	M ₅ C ₄ 175.6	M ₅ C ₅ 173.3	M ₅ C ₆ 172.1	M ₅ C ₇ 170.0	M ₅ K 150.0
20	M ₅ C ₁ 190.0	M ₅ C ₂ 188.9	M ₅ C ₃ 188.1	M ₅ C ₄ 187.0	M ₅ C ₅ 186.7	M ₅ C ₆ 184.1	M ₅ C ₇ 183.3	M ₅ K 158.9
22	M ₅ C ₁ 210.0	M ₅ C ₂ 207.8	M ₅ C ₃ 205.6	M ₅ C ₄ 204.4	M ₅ C ₅ 200.2	M ₅ C ₆ 199.9	M ₅ C ₇ 197.6	M ₅ K 177.8
24	M ₅ C ₁ 230.0	M ₅ C ₂ 228.9	M ₅ C ₃ 225.6	M ₅ C ₄ 220.0	M ₅ C ₅ 213.9	M ₅ C ₆ 215.5	M ₅ C ₇ 210.0	M ₅ K 183.3
36	M ₅ C ₁ 231.1	M ₅ C ₂ 229.6	M ₅ C ₃ 228.7	M ₅ C ₄ 225.0	M ₅ C ₅ 224.5	M ₅ C ₆ 224.4	M ₅ C ₇ 223.3	M ₅ K 170.0
48	M ₅ C ₁ 180.0	M ₅ C ₂ 179.8	M ₅ C ₃ 179.0	M ₅ C ₄ 178.4	M ₅ C ₅ 177.9	M ₅ C ₆ 177.2	M ₅ C ₇ 177.0	M ₅ K 130.0

TABLE B₃Marquis Wheat (M₅)Increment in length in mms X 10⁻³ of segment 3 with time, imbibition and vernalization.

Duncan's test (5% level)

	Experimental period (hours)		Vernalization (weeks)					
2	M ₅ C ₁ 15.0	M ₅ C ₂ 14.5	M ₅ C ₃ 10.9	M ₅ C ₄ 9.22	M ₅ C ₅ 9.22	M ₅ C ₆ 8.00	M ₅ C ₇ 8.00	M ₅ K 6.89
4	M ₅ C ₁ 1.92	M ₅ C ₂ 1.60	M ₅ C ₃ 14.0	M ₅ C ₄ 9.66	M ₅ C ₅ 8.66	M ₅ C ₆ 8.00	M ₅ C ₇ 7.77	M ₅ K 7.44
6	M ₅ C ₁ 49.8	M ₅ C ₂ 37.0	M ₅ C ₃ 27.0	M ₅ C ₄ 24.3	M ₅ C ₅ 22.6	M ₅ C ₆ 19.2	M ₅ C ₇ 17.2	M ₅ K 11.3
8	M ₅ C ₁ 83.9	M ₅ C ₂ 83.1	M ₅ C ₃ 82.7	M ₅ C ₄ 82.0	M ₅ C ₅ 81.1	M ₅ C ₆ 80.0	M ₅ C ₇ 79.1	M ₅ K 59.8
10	M ₅ C ₁ 80.0	M ₅ C ₂ 79.5	M ₅ C ₃ 79.1	M ₅ C ₄ 78.8	M ₅ C ₅ 78.2	M ₅ C ₆ 77.8	M ₅ C ₇ 77.1	M ₅ K 52.4
12	M ₅ C ₁ 71.1	M ₅ C ₂ 71.1	M ₅ C ₃ 70.5	M ₅ C ₄ 70.1	M ₅ C ₅ 69.2	M ₅ C ₆ 68.8	M ₅ C ₇ 68.2	M ₅ K 48.8
14	M ₅ C ₁ 64.1	M ₅ C ₂ 63.1	M ₅ C ₃ 63.0	M ₅ C ₄ 62.5	M ₅ C ₅ 62.2	M ₅ C ₆ 61.1	M ₅ C ₇ 60.3	M ₅ K 48.8
16	M ₅ C ₁ 69.5	M ₅ C ₂ 67.0	M ₅ C ₃ 68.7	M ₅ C ₄ 68.2	M ₅ C ₅ 67.7	M ₅ C ₆ 67.0	M ₅ C ₇ 66.6	M ₅ K 51.1
18	M ₅ C ₁ 52.0	M ₅ C ₂ 51.1	M ₅ C ₃ 50.2	M ₅ C ₄ 49.9	M ₅ C ₅ 49.1	M ₅ C ₆ 47.8	M ₅ C ₇ 47.1	M ₅ K 38.1
20	M ₅ C ₁ 41.0	M ₅ C ₂ 40.0	M ₅ C ₃ 39.6	M ₅ C ₄ 39.0	M ₅ C ₅ 38.9	M ₅ C ₆ 37.8	M ₅ C ₇ 37.1	M ₅ K 30.0
22	M ₅ C ₁ 24.0	M ₅ C ₂ 23.3	M ₅ C ₃ 22.7	M ₅ C ₄ 22.1	M ₅ C ₅ 21.1	M ₅ C ₆ 21.1	M ₅ C ₇ 20.2	M ₅ K 18.1
24	M ₅ C ₁ 15.1	M ₅ C ₂ 14.0	M ₅ C ₃ 13.1	M ₅ C ₄ 12.4	M ₅ C ₅ 11.1	M ₅ C ₆ 11.1	M ₅ C ₇ 10.7	M ₅ K 11.80

* 26-48 Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period. Specific data not included.

TABLE D₄MARQUIS WHEAT (M₅)

Increase in length of segment 4, in mms. $\times 10^3$ with time, imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Time Hours	Vernalization (weeks)							
	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
2	28.4	22.3	16.4	15.7	15.0	12.6	12.1	9.1
4	41.2	40.8	37.1	31.8	30.7	29.3	28.6	27.3
6	106.6	99.8	89.8	83.9	80.6	79.3	70.6	45.3
8	107.0	100.0	99.1	99.0	98.2	97.7	96.0	71.1
10	85.5	85.1	84.5	84.1	83.5	83.0	82.2	71.5
12	72.2	71.5	70.9	70.4	69.9	69.2	68.4	42.2
14	41.1	40.0	38.9	38.0	37.7	36.9	36.5	30.0
16	22.1	21.1	20.2	19.9	19.2	19.0	18.9	10.0
18	14.4	13.5	13.1	12.2	11.7	10.8	10.4	7.8

* 20-40 Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period.

TABLE D₅

Marquis wheat: Increment in length in mms $\times 10^{-3}$ of segment 5 with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Time Hours	Vernalization (weeks)							
2	M ₅ C ₁ 3.69	M ₅ C ₂ 3.60	M ₅ C ₄ 3.60	M ₅ C ₃ 3.13	M ₅ C ₅ 2.82	M ₅ C ₆ 2.77	M ₅ C ₇ 2.74	M ₅ K 2.62
4	M ₅ C ₁ 9.32	M ₅ C ₂ 9.23	M ₅ C ₃ 8.02	M ₅ C ₄ 7.18	M ₅ C ₅ 6.40	M ₅ C ₆ 6.01	M ₅ C ₇ 5.42	M ₅ K 5.22
6	M ₅ C ₁ 7.10	M ₅ C ₂ 7.00	M ₅ C ₃ 6.82	M ₅ C ₄ 6.36	M ₅ C ₅ 6.05	M ₅ C ₆ 5.86	M ₅ C ₇ 5.77	M ₅ K 4.36
8	M ₅ C ₁ 9.50	M ₅ C ₂ 9.40	M ₅ C ₃ 8.50	M ₅ C ₄ 8.70	M ₅ C ₅ 8.10	M ₅ C ₆ 7.70	M ₅ C ₇ 7.10	M ₅ K 5.20
10	M ₅ C ₁ 5.3	M ₅ C ₂ 5.2	M ₅ C ₃ 5.0	M ₅ C ₄ 4.8	M ₅ C ₅ 4.3	M ₅ C ₆ 4.0	M ₅ C ₇ 3.9	M ₅ K 3.5
12	M ₅ C ₁ 4.7	M ₅ C ₂ 4.3	M ₅ C ₃ 4.0	M ₅ C ₄ 3.7	M ₅ C ₅ 3.1	M ₅ C ₆ 2.8	M ₅ C ₇ 2.8	M ₅ K 2.4
14	M ₅ C ₁ 4.2	M ₅ C ₂ 4.1	M ₅ C ₃ 3.9	M ₅ C ₄ 3.3	M ₅ C ₅ 3.2	M ₅ C ₆ 3.2	M ₅ C ₇ 3.1	M ₅ K 2.7
16	M ₅ C ₁ 4.1	M ₅ C ₂ 4.0	M ₅ C ₃ 3.9	M ₅ C ₄ 3.5	M ₅ C ₅ 3.4	M ₅ C ₆ 2.8	M ₅ C ₇ 2.7	M ₅ K 2.5

* 18-40 Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period. Specific data not included.

TABLE D₆

Marquis wheat: Increment in length in mms XLC³ of segment 6 with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Duncan's test (5% level)								
Time Hours	Vernalization (weeks)							
2	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	4.53	<u>3.59</u>	<u>3.54</u>	<u>3.37</u>	<u>3.36</u>	3.20	3.04	1.93
4	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ K
	<u>4.71</u>	<u>4.69</u>	<u>4.59</u>	4.16	3.59	<u>3.04</u>	<u>2.95</u>	<u>2.84</u>
6	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	2.21	<u>1.96</u>	<u>1.95</u>	1.58	1.61	1.20	1.07	0.95
8	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	<u>7.3</u>	7.1	<u>6.8</u>	<u>6.5</u>	<u>6.1</u>	<u>5.5</u>	<u>5.0</u>	<u>4.8</u>
10	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	4.1	<u>4.0</u>	<u>3.9</u>	<u>3.8</u>	<u>3.8</u>	<u>3.6</u>	<u>3.2</u>	<u>3.0</u>
12	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	<u>2.3</u>	<u>2.3</u>	<u>2.1</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>1.5</u>	0.9

* 14-48 Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period. Specific data not included.

TABLE D₇

Marquis wheat: Increment in $\text{mms} \times 10^{-3}$ in length of segment 7 with time, imbibition, vernalization and seed variety.

Time Hours	Vernalization (weeks)							
2	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	<u>2.89</u>	<u>2.87</u>	2.79	2.64	2.40	2.31	2.17	1.38
4	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ K	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇
	<u>1.74</u>	<u>1.69</u>	<u>1.54</u>	<u>1.50</u>	<u>1.20</u>	<u>1.19</u>	<u>1.06</u>	<u>0.97</u>
6	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	2.50	<u>1.80</u>	<u>1.80</u>	<u>1.60</u>	<u>1.60</u>	<u>1.40</u>	<u>1.10</u>	<u>1.00</u>
8	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	<u>5.30</u>	<u>5.10</u>	<u>4.70</u>	<u>4.30</u>	<u>4.20</u>	<u>4.10</u>	<u>4.10</u>	<u>3.80</u>
10	M ₅ C ₁	M ₅ C ₂	M ₅ C ₃	M ₅ C ₄	M ₅ C ₅	M ₅ C ₆	M ₅ C ₇	M ₅ K
	<u>2.2</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>2.1</u>	<u>1.9</u>	<u>1.7</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>1.4</u>

* 12-48 Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period. Specific data not included.

TABLE E₁

Rideau wheat (R₅): Increment in length in mms. X10³ with time, imbibition, and vernalization

Duncan's test (5% level)

Time Hours	Vernalization (weeks)							
	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ C ₇	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
2	0.91	0.87	0.81	0.52	0.45	0.37	0.38	0.27
4	0.79	0.69	0.63	0.58	0.50	0.43	0.36	0.31
6	0.67	0.65	0.64	0.44	0.42	0.35	0.36	0.30
6	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.0	4.8	4.5	0.32	4.0
10	6.1	5.8	5.4	5.2	4.6	4.4	4.1	4.1
12	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.2	4.7	4.4	4.4	4.2
14	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.5	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.2
16	5.9	5.7	5.2	5.0	4.4	4.1	3.7	3.5
18	6.9	6.5	6.3	6.2	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.7
20	7.6	7.4	7.0	6.8	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.2
22	8.4	8.1	7.8	7.4	6.5	6.2	6.1	5.8
24	9.5	9.1	9.0	8.9	7.1	7.0	6.7	6.0
36	18.7	18.2	18.0	17.8	14.3	14.1	14.0	13.5
48	61.1	60.0	58.9	58.6	40.0	38.5	38.5	37.8

TABLE E₂

xlv

Rideau Wheat R₅. Increment in length in mm x 10³ of segment 2, with imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level)

Time hours	Treatment							
2	R ₅ C ₄ 12.6	R ₅ C ₅ 9.3	R ₅ C ₆ 8.22	R ₅ C ₇ 8.22	R ₅ K 7.22	R ₅ C ₃ 5.56	R ₅ C ₁ 5.22	R ₅ C ₂ 5.00
4	R ₅ C ₅ 17.8	R ₅ C ₄ 7.4	R ₅ C ₆ 6.44	R ₅ C ₇ 6.10	R ₅ K 5.22	R ₅ C ₃ 5.00	R ₅ C ₂ 4.80	R ₅ C ₁ 4.45
6	R ₅ C ₄ 9.6	R ₅ C ₅ 9.4	R ₅ C ₆ 8.38	R ₅ C ₇ 8.44	R ₅ K 7.11	R ₅ C ₃ 6.66	R ₅ C ₂ 6.00	R ₅ C ₁ 6.00
8	R ₅ C ₄ 21.0	R ₅ C ₅ 21.0	R ₅ C ₆ 20.7	R ₅ C ₇ 20.5	R ₅ K 18.5	R ₅ C ₃ 17.5	R ₅ C ₂ 16.6	R ₅ C ₁ 16.2
10	R ₅ C ₄ 40.0	R ₅ C ₅ 39.6	R ₅ C ₆ 39.2	R ₅ C ₇ 38.9	R ₅ K 25.6	R ₅ C ₃ 25.1	R ₅ C ₂ 24.6	R ₅ C ₁ 24.0
12	R ₅ C ₄ 67.1	R ₅ C ₅ 66.7	R ₅ C ₆ 65.6	R ₅ C ₇ 65.0	R ₅ K 52.2	R ₅ C ₃ 51.5	R ₅ C ₂ 51.0	R ₅ C ₁ 50.5
14	R ₅ C ₄ 90.0	R ₅ C ₅ 88.9	R ₅ C ₆ 88.6	R ₅ C ₇ 88.0	R ₅ K 72.0	R ₅ C ₃ 71.1	R ₅ C ₂ 70.6	R ₅ C ₁ 70.0
16	R ₅ C ₄ 94.4	R ₅ C ₅ 93.8	R ₅ C ₆ 92.7	R ₅ C ₇ 92.2	R ₅ K 85.0	R ₅ C ₃ 85.0	R ₅ C ₂ 84.4	R ₅ C ₁ 83.4
18	R ₅ C ₄ 118.8	R ₅ C ₅ 118.5	R ₅ C ₆ 117.0	R ₅ C ₇ 116.5	R ₅ K 100.2	R ₅ C ₃ 98.9	R ₅ C ₂ 97.8	R ₅ C ₁ 97.1
20	R ₅ C ₄ 131.1	R ₅ C ₅ 130.0	R ₅ C ₆ 129.5	R ₅ C ₇ 128.9	R ₅ K 115.0	R ₅ C ₃ 113.5	R ₅ C ₂ 113.0	R ₅ C ₁ 112.7
22	R ₅ C ₄ 155.0	R ₅ C ₅ 154.0	R ₅ C ₆ 153.5	R ₅ C ₇ 153.0	R ₅ K 133.6	R ₅ C ₃ 133.0	R ₅ C ₂ 132.8	R ₅ C ₁ 132.0
24	R ₅ C ₄ 171.1	R ₅ C ₅ 170.0	R ₅ C ₆ 168.9	R ₅ C ₇ 168.0	R ₅ K 143.9	R ₅ C ₃ 143.5	R ₅ C ₂ 142.5	R ₅ C ₁ 142.2
36	R ₅ C ₄ 201.0	R ₅ C ₅ 200.2	R ₅ C ₆ 199.5	R ₅ C ₇ 199.0	R ₅ K 162.2	R ₅ C ₃ 161.0	R ₅ C ₂ 161.0	R ₅ C ₁ 160.0
48	R ₅ C ₄ 165.0	R ₅ C ₅ 164.4	R ₅ C ₆ 163.5	R ₅ C ₇ 163.1	R ₅ K 110.0	R ₅ C ₃ 104.6	R ₅ C ₂ 103.5	R ₅ C ₁ 102.2

TABLE 34

Rideau Wheat (R₅)
 Increment in length in mm x 10³ of segment 4 with time imbibition and vernalization.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Time Hours	Vernalization (weeks)							
	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ C ₇	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂	R ₅ C ₁
2	<u>28.3</u>	26.6	25.4	25.0	<u>20.1</u>	19.1	<u>17.3</u>	<u>16.3</u>
4	R ₅ C ₅ 78.1	R ₅ C ₄ 77.2	R ₅ C ₆ <u>70.5</u>	R ₅ C ₇ 69.0	R ₅ K <u>35.6</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>34.1</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>32.6</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>31.4</u>
6	R ₅ C ₄ 147.3	R ₅ C ₅ 144.1	R ₅ C ₆ <u>99.5</u>	R ₅ C ₇ <u>97.1</u>	R ₅ K <u>43.0</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>41.1</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>41.0</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>40.0</u>
8	R ₅ C ₄ <u>125.0</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>124.4</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>121.1</u>	R ₅ C ₇ <u>120.0</u>	R ₅ K <u>105.6</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>104.4</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>102.2</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>101.1</u>
10	R ₅ C ₄ <u>91.0</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>90.0</u>	R ₅ C ₆ 88.9	R ₅ C ₇ <u>88.2</u>	R ₅ K 78.9	R ₅ C ₃ 77.8	R ₅ C ₂ <u>76.9</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>75.6</u>
12	R ₅ C ₄ <u>31.1</u>	R ₅ C ₅ 30.8	R ₅ C ₆ 30.2	R ₅ C ₇ <u>30.0</u>	R ₅ K <u>25.0</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>24.4</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>24.1</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>23.8</u>
14	R ₅ C ₄ <u>26.0</u>	R ₅ C ₅ 25.5	R ₅ C ₆ 25.0	R ₅ C ₇ <u>24.6</u>	R ₅ K <u>20.0</u>	R ₅ C ₃ 18.9	R ₅ C ₂ 18.0	R ₅ C ₁ 18.0
16	R ₅ C ₄ <u>25.0</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>24.4</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>24.2</u>	R ₅ C ₇ <u>23.6</u>	R ₅ K <u>18.5</u>	R ₅ C ₃ 18.0	R ₅ C ₂ <u>17.5</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>17.0</u>
18	R ₅ C ₄ 12.3	R ₅ C ₅ 12.2	R ₅ C ₆ <u>11.5</u>	R ₅ C ₇ <u>11.1</u>	R ₅ K <u>9.7</u>	R ₅ C ₃ 9.5	R ₅ C ₂ <u>9.3</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>9.2</u>

20-48* * Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated
 no change was observed from last noted period.

TABLE E₅

Rideau wheat (R₅): Increment in length in mm X 10³ of segment 5, with time, imbibition and vernalization.

Duncan's test (5% level)

Time hours	Vernalization (weeks)							
2	R ₅ C ₄ 3.69	R ₅ C ₅ 3.34	R ₅ C ₆ <u>2.63</u>	R ₅ C ₇ 2.63	R ₅ K 1.94	R ₅ C ₃ <u>1.84</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>1.65</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>1.64</u>
4	R ₅ C ₄ 10.0	R ₅ C ₅ <u>7.93</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>7.83</u>	R ₅ C ₇ 6.91	R ₅ K <u>4.32</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>3.91</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>3.82</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>3.68</u>
6	R ₅ C ₄ <u>5.22</u>	R ₅ C ₅ 5.16	R ₅ C ₆ <u>4.86</u>	R ₅ C ₇ <u>4.71</u>	R ₅ K <u>3.86</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>3.11</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>3.01</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>2.96</u>
8	R ₅ C ₄ <u>5.0</u>	R ₅ C ₅ 4.8	R ₅ C ₆ <u>4.6</u>	R ₅ C ₇ <u>4.4</u>	R ₅ K <u>3.5</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>3.3</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>3.2</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>3.0</u>
10	R ₅ C ₄ 3.6	R ₅ C ₅ <u>3.4</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>3.1</u>	R ₅ C ₇ <u>3.0</u>	R ₅ K <u>2.2</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>2.1</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>1.9</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>1.5</u>
12	R ₅ C ₄ 3.5	R ₅ C ₅ <u>3.2</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>3.2</u>	R ₅ C ₇ <u>3.0</u>	R ₅ K <u>2.7</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>2.4</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>2.4</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>2.2</u>
14	R ₅ C ₄ <u>3.7</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>3.5</u>	R ₅ C ₆ <u>3.4</u>	R ₅ C ₇ <u>3.2</u>	R ₅ K <u>2.5</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>2.2</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>2.2</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>2.1</u>
16	R ₅ C ₄ 3.9	R ₅ C ₅ 3.6	R ₅ C ₆ <u>3.5</u>	R ₅ C ₇ <u>3.1</u>	R ₅ K <u>2.4</u>	R ₅ C ₃ <u>2.0</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>2.0</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>1.5</u>

17-48* *Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period. Specific data not included.

TABLE E₆

Rideau Wheat (R₅). Increment in length in mms X 10³ of segment 6, with time imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Time hours	Treatment							
2	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₇	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₁	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂
	2.93	2.19	<u>1.51</u>	<u>1.38</u>	<u>1.27</u>	<u>1.26</u>	<u>1.05</u>	<u>0.97</u>
4	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₇	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₁	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂
	2.7	1.82	1.74	1.64	<u>1.32</u>	<u>1.31</u>	<u>1.20</u>	<u>1.15</u>
6	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₇	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₁	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂
	1.96	1.88	1.71	1.70	<u>0.96</u>	<u>0.80</u>	<u>0.71</u>	<u>0.70</u>
8	R ₅ C ₄	R ₅ C ₅	R ₅ C ₇	R ₅ C ₆	R ₅ K	R ₅ C ₁	R ₅ C ₃	R ₅ C ₂
	<u>2.70</u>	<u>2.50</u>	<u>2.20</u>	<u>2.10</u>	<u>1.50</u>	<u>1.30</u>	<u>1.11</u>	<u>1.00</u>

10-48

Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period. Specific data not included.

TABLE E₇

Rideau Wheat (R₅) Increment in length of segment 7 in mms with time, imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

hours	Treatment							
2	R ₅ C ₄ 2.47	R ₅ C ₅ 2.12	R ₅ C ₆ <u>1.46</u>	R ₅ C ₇ <u>1.43</u>	R ₅ K <u>1.25</u>	R ₅ C ₁ <u>1.16</u>	R ₅ C ₂ <u>1.01</u>	R ₅ C ₃ 0.97
4	R ₅ C ₄ <u>2.01</u>	R ₅ C ₅ <u>1.82</u>	R ₅ C ₆ 1.71	R ₅ C ₇ <u>1.62</u>	R ₅ K 0.97	R ₅ C ₁ 0.91	R ₅ C ₂ 0.80	R ₅ C ₃ 0.76
6-48	Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period.							

TABLE E₁

Rideau Wheat (R₁₄). Increment in length in mm X 10³ of segment 1, with time, imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Time (hours)	Vernalization (weeks)							
2	R ₁₄ C ₅ 0.95	R ₁₄ C ₆ 0.70	R ₁₄ C ₇ 0.69	R ₁₄ K 0.55	R ₁₄ C ₄ 0.53	R ₁₄ C ₃ 0.48	R ₁₄ C ₂ 0.44	R ₁₄ C ₁ 0.41
4	R ₁₄ C ₅ 0.56	R ₁₄ C ₆ 0.54	R ₁₄ C ₇ 0.50	R ₁₄ K 0.36	R ₁₄ C ₄ 0.31	R ₁₄ C ₃ 0.31	R ₁₄ C ₂ 0.30	R ₁₄ C ₁ 0.28
6	R ₁₄ C ₅ 0.62	R ₁₄ C ₆ 0.61	R ₁₄ C ₇ 0.58	R ₁₄ K 0.36	R ₁₄ C ₄ 0.31	R ₁₄ C ₃ 0.31	R ₁₄ C ₂ 0.29	R ₁₄ C ₁ 0.27
8	R ₁₄ C ₅ 5.7	R ₁₄ C ₆ 5.5	R ₁₄ C ₇ 5.4	R ₁₄ K 3.8	R ₁₄ C ₄ 3.4	R ₁₄ C ₃ 3.2	R ₁₄ C ₂ 3.1	R ₁₄ C ₁ 2.9
10	R ₁₄ C ₅ 6.1	R ₁₄ C ₆ 6.0	R ₁₄ C ₇ 5.7	R ₁₄ K 4.1	R ₁₄ C ₄ 4.1	R ₁₄ C ₃ 3.8	R ₁₄ C ₂ 3.5	R ₁₄ C ₁ 3.3
12	R ₁₄ C ₅ 6.2	R ₁₄ C ₆ 6.2	R ₁₄ C ₇ 6.0	R ₁₄ K 5.1	R ₁₄ C ₄ 4.7	R ₁₄ C ₃ 4.2	R ₁₄ C ₂ 3.8	R ₁₄ C ₁ 3.5
14	R ₁₄ C ₅ 6.0	R ₁₄ C ₆ 6.0	R ₁₄ C ₇ 5.9	R ₁₄ K 5.2	R ₁₄ C ₄ 5.1	R ₁₄ C ₃ 4.7	R ₁₄ C ₂ 4.6	R ₁₄ C ₁ 4.0
16	R ₁₄ C ₅ 5.5	R ₁₄ C ₆ 5.4	R ₁₄ C ₇ 5.1	R ₁₄ K 5.0	R ₁₄ C ₄ 4.8	R ₁₄ C ₃ 4.7	R ₁₄ C ₂ 4.4	R ₁₄ C ₁ 4.1
18	R ₁₄ C ₅ 5.1	R ₁₄ C ₆ 5.0	R ₁₄ C ₇ 4.9	R ₁₄ K 4.8	R ₁₄ C ₄ 4.4	R ₁₄ C ₃ 4.2	R ₁₄ C ₂ 3.8	R ₁₄ C ₁ 3.8
20	R ₁₄ C ₅ 6.2	R ₁₄ C ₆ 6.1	R ₁₄ C ₇ 5.7	R ₁₄ K 4.9	R ₁₄ C ₄ 4.5	R ₁₄ C ₃ 4.4	R ₁₄ C ₂ 4.1	R ₁₄ C ₁ 4.0
22	R ₁₄ C ₅ 7.8	R ₁₄ C ₆ 7.5	R ₁₄ C ₇ 7.2	R ₁₄ K 6.2	R ₁₄ C ₄ 6.2	R ₁₄ C ₃ 6.1	R ₁₄ C ₂ 5.8	R ₁₄ C ₁ 5.5
24	R ₁₄ C ₅ 8.2	R ₁₄ C ₆ 8.0	R ₁₄ C ₇ 7.9	R ₁₄ K 6.8	R ₁₄ C ₄ 6.7	R ₁₄ C ₃ 6.6	R ₁₄ C ₂ 6.4	R ₁₄ C ₁ 6.1
36	R ₁₄ C ₅ 12.8	R ₁₄ C ₆ 12.6	R ₁₄ C ₇ 12.0	R ₁₄ K 9.8	R ₁₄ C ₄ 9.6	R ₁₄ C ₃ 9.0	R ₁₄ C ₂ 8.6	R ₁₄ C ₁ 8.2
48	R ₁₄ C ₅ 60.0	R ₁₄ C ₆ 58.9	R ₁₄ C ₇ 57.8	R ₁₄ K 39.0	R ₁₄ C ₄ 38.5	R ₁₄ C ₃ 38.0	R ₁₄ C ₂ 37.8	R ₁₄ C ₁ 37.1

TABLE F₂

Rideau Wheat (R₁₄). Increment in length in mms X 10³ of segment 2, with time imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Time (hours)	Vernalization (weeks)							
2	R ₁₄ C ₅ 10.9	R ₁₄ C ₆ 10.8	R ₁₄ C ₇ 10.1	R ₁₄ K 6.7	R ₁₄ C ₄ 6.5	R ₁₄ C ₂ 5.9	R ₁₄ C ₃ 5.3	R ₁₄ C ₁ 5.2
4	R ₁₄ C ₅ 11.2	R ₁₄ C ₆ 11.2	R ₁₄ C ₇ 10.5	R ₁₄ K 7.7	R ₁₄ C ₄ 6.5	R ₁₄ C ₂ 6.5	R ₁₄ C ₃ 5.8	R ₁₄ C ₁ 5.6
6	R ₁₄ C ₅ 9.6	R ₁₄ C ₆ 9.0	R ₁₄ C ₇ 8.0	R ₁₄ K 6.2	R ₁₄ C ₄ 6.1	R ₁₄ C ₂ 5.7	R ₁₄ C ₃ 5.4	R ₁₄ C ₁ 5.1
8	R ₁₄ C ₅ 18.7	R ₁₄ C ₆ 18.2	R ₁₄ C ₇ 17.8	R ₁₄ K 15.2	R ₁₄ C ₄ 15.1	R ₁₄ C ₂ 14.7	R ₁₄ C ₃ 14.4	R ₁₄ C ₁ 13.5
10	R ₁₄ C ₅ 38.0	R ₁₄ C ₆ 37.8	R ₁₄ C ₇ 36.7	R ₁₄ K 28.9	R ₁₄ C ₄ 27.8	R ₁₄ C ₂ 26.7	R ₁₄ C ₃ 25.0	R ₁₄ C ₁ 24.7
12	R ₁₄ C ₅ 59.9	R ₁₄ C ₆ 59.3	R ₁₄ C ₇ 58.9	R ₁₄ K 41.1	R ₁₄ C ₄ 40.1	R ₁₄ C ₂ 38.9	R ₁₄ C ₃ 38.3	R ₁₄ C ₁ 37.8
14	R ₁₄ C ₅ 85.0	R ₁₄ C ₆ 84.4	R ₁₄ C ₇ 83.8	R ₁₄ K 68.9	R ₁₄ C ₄ 67.8	R ₁₄ C ₂ 65.9	R ₁₄ C ₃ 64.9	R ₁₄ C ₁ 63.8
16	R ₁₄ C ₅ 91.0	R ₁₄ C ₆ 90.0	R ₁₄ C ₇ 89.7	R ₁₄ K 78.9	R ₁₄ C ₄ 77.8	R ₁₄ C ₂ 75.0	R ₁₄ C ₃ 73.1	R ₁₄ C ₁ 72.2
18	R ₁₄ C ₅ 100.2	R ₁₄ C ₆ 99.9	R ₁₄ C ₇ 99.0	R ₁₄ K 89.9	R ₁₄ C ₄ 89.2	R ₁₄ C ₂ 88.7	R ₁₄ C ₃ 88.0	R ₁₄ C ₁ 87.8
20	R ₁₄ C ₅ 127.2	R ₁₄ C ₆ 127.1	R ₁₄ C ₇ 126.5	R ₁₄ K 108.9	R ₁₄ C ₄ 108.5	R ₁₄ C ₂ 108.0	R ₁₄ C ₃ 107.5	R ₁₄ C ₁ 107.2
22	R ₁₄ C ₅ 142.0	R ₁₄ C ₆ 141.1	R ₁₄ C ₇ 139.9	R ₁₄ K 120.0	R ₁₄ C ₄ 119.5	R ₁₄ C ₂ 118.7	R ₁₄ C ₃ 117.6	R ₁₄ C ₁ 116.6
24	R ₁₄ C ₅ 161.2	R ₁₄ C ₆ 160.0	R ₁₄ C ₇ 160.0	R ₁₄ K 149.7	R ₁₄ C ₄ 148.9	R ₁₄ C ₂ 147.8	R ₁₄ C ₃ 146.0	R ₁₄ C ₁ 145.5
36	R ₁₄ C ₅ 191.1	R ₁₄ C ₆ 190.0	R ₁₄ C ₇ 189.8	R ₁₄ K 147.8	R ₁₄ C ₄ 146.9	R ₁₄ C ₂ 146.5	R ₁₄ C ₃ 146.0	R ₁₄ C ₁ 105.7
48	R ₁₄ C ₅ 133.3	R ₁₄ C ₆ 133.0	R ₁₄ C ₇ 132.8	R ₁₄ K 111.1	R ₁₄ C ₄ 110.0	R ₁₄ C ₂ 105.8	R ₁₄ C ₃ 105.5	R ₁₄ C ₁ 105.0

TABLE 3

Rideau Wheat (R_{14}). Increment in length in mms $\times 10^3$ of segment 3, with time imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Treatment hours								
2	$R_{14}C_5$ 14.6	$R_{14}C_6$ 14.5	$R_{14}C_7$ 13.8	$R_{14}C_4$ 11.6	$R_{14}K$ 9.3	$R_{14}C_3$ 9.0	$R_{14}C_1$ 8.9	$R_{14}C_2$ 7.7
4	$R_{14}C_5$ 25.1	$R_{14}C_6$ 23.1	$R_{14}C_7$ 21.9	$R_{14}C_4$ 19.4	$R_{14}K$ 19.1	$R_{14}C_3$ 18.3	$R_{14}C_1$ 17.3	$R_{14}C_2$ 15.3
6	$R_{14}C_5$ 50.6	$R_{14}C_6$ 48.6	$R_{14}C_7$ 47.5	$R_{14}C_4$ 21.3	$R_{14}K$ 21.1	$R_{14}C_3$ 20.0	$R_{14}C_1$ 19.0	$R_{14}C_2$ 18.2
8	$R_{14}C_5$ 61.1	$R_{14}C_6$ 60.1	$R_{14}C_7$ 58.9	$R_{14}C_4$ 31.1	$R_{14}K$ 31.0	$R_{14}C_3$ 30.0	$R_{14}C_1$ 29.4	$R_{14}C_2$ 28.9
10	$R_{14}C_5$ 81.1	$R_{14}C_6$ 80.1	$R_{14}C_7$ 79.5	$R_{14}C_4$ 55.0	$R_{14}K$ 53.5	$R_{14}C_3$ 53.1	$R_{14}C_1$ 52.8	$R_{14}C_2$ 52.2
12	$R_{14}C_5$ 90.0	$R_{14}C_6$ 88.9	$R_{14}C_7$ 87.8	$R_{14}C_4$ 66.7	$R_{14}K$ 65.6	$R_{14}C_3$ 65.0	$R_{14}C_1$ 64.8	$R_{14}C_2$ 60.0
14	$R_{14}C_5$ 42.0	$R_{14}C_6$ 41.1	$R_{14}C_7$ 40.7	$R_{14}C_4$ 38.1	$R_{14}K$ 38.0	$R_{14}C_3$ 37.6	$R_{14}C_1$ 36.7	$R_{14}C_2$ 35.8
16	$R_{14}C_5$ 39.1	$R_{14}C_6$ 38.9	$R_{14}C_7$ 37.8	$R_{14}C_4$ 35.4	$R_{14}K$ 35.0	$R_{14}C_3$ 34.7	$R_{14}C_1$ 34.4	$R_{14}C_2$ 32.2
18	$R_{14}C_5$ 55.1	$R_{14}C_6$ 55.0	$R_{14}C_7$ 54.5	$R_{14}C_4$ 48.9	$R_{14}K$ 47.8	$R_{14}C_3$ 46.9	$R_{14}C_1$ 45.8	$R_{14}C_2$ 45.5
20	$R_{14}C_5$ 25.8	$R_{14}C_6$ 25.4	$R_{14}C_7$ 24.9	$R_{14}C_4$ 18.9	$R_{14}K$ 18.5	$R_{14}C_3$ 17.6	$R_{14}C_1$ 17.4	$R_{14}C_2$ 17.1
22	$R_{14}C_5$ 12.5	$R_{14}C_6$ 12.0	$R_{14}C_7$ 11.8	$R_{14}C_4$ 9.3	$R_{14}K$ 9.0	$R_{14}C_3$ 8.5	$R_{14}C_1$ 8.1	$R_{14}C_2$ 7.6
24	$R_{14}C_5$ 4.2	$R_{14}C_6$ 4.1	$R_{14}C_7$ 4.0	$R_{14}C_4$ 3.3	$R_{14}K$ 3.3	$R_{14}C_3$ 3.0	$R_{14}C_1$ 2.5	$R_{14}C_2$ 2.4

*26-48

Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period. Specific data not included.

TABLE 7₄

liv

Rideau Wheat (R₁₄)

Increment in length in mms. 10^3 of segment 4 with time, imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Time Hours	Vernalization (weeks)							
	R ₁₄ C ₅	R ₁₄ C ₆	R ₁₄ C ₇	R ₁₄ K	R ₁₄ C ₄	R ₁₄ C ₃	R ₁₄ C ₂	R ₁₄ C ₁
2	27.6	23.5	19.8	19.4	18.3	17.7	17.3	15.9
4	56.4	52.6	48.6	44.6	41.1	36.4	35.9	34.9
6	110.2	99.3	94.3	44.3	43.2	38.0	37.5	37.0
8	120.0	117.8	115.6	85.6	83.3	81.7	79.9	78.9
10	88.0	87.5	86.5	63.3	62.8	61.1	60.5	60.0
12	37.7	35.6	35.0	21.1	20.8	20.0	19.8	19.1
14	22.0	21.8	21.1	15.6	15.4	15.0	14.9	14.4
16	19.1	18.9	18.5	14.1	14.0	12.9	12.2	12.0
18	12.1	12.1	12.0	11.0	10.8	10.5	10.1	10.0
20	5.3	5.2	5.1	4.5	4.4	4.1	3.7	3.4

22-48 * Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period. Specific data not included.

TABLE F₅

Rideau Wheat. Increment in length in mms X 10³
imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Treatment hours	Vernalization (weeks)							
2	R ₁₄ C ₅ 3.65	R ₁₄ C ₆ 3.48	R ₁₄ C ₇ 2.95	R ₁₄ C ₄ 2.90	R ₁₄ C ₃ 2.82	R ₁₄ K 2.78	R ₁₄ C ₁ 2.63	R ₁₄ C ₂ 2.61
4	R ₁₄ C ₅ 7.68	R ₁₄ C ₆ 7.53	R ₁₄ C ₇ 6.95	R ₁₄ C ₄ 4.20	R ₁₄ C ₃ 3.80	R ₁₄ K 3.47	R ₁₄ C ₁ 3.34	R ₁₄ C ₂ 3.08
6	R ₁₄ C ₅ 6.27	R ₁₄ C ₆ 5.80	R ₁₄ C ₇ 5.60	R ₁₄ C ₄ 4.36	R ₁₄ C ₃ 4.24	R ₁₄ K 4.11	R ₁₄ C ₁ 3.80	R ₁₄ C ₂ 3.70
8	R ₁₄ C ₅ 4.70	R ₁₄ C ₆ 4.60	R ₁₄ C ₇ 4.50	R ₁₄ C ₄ 3.50	R ₁₄ C ₃ 3.40	R ₁₄ K 3.00	R ₁₄ C ₁ 2.80	R ₁₄ C ₂ 2.50
10	R ₁₄ C ₅ 4.10	R ₁₄ C ₆ 4.10	R ₁₄ C ₇ 4.10	R ₁₄ C ₄ 3.00	R ₁₄ C ₃ 2.80	R ₁₄ K 2.50	R ₁₄ C ₁ 2.40	R ₁₄ C ₂ 2.20
12	R ₁₄ C ₅ 3.8	R ₁₄ C ₆ 3.6	R ₁₄ C ₇ 3.4	R ₁₄ C ₄ 2.7	R ₁₄ C ₃ 2.5	R ₁₄ K 2.2	R ₁₄ C ₁ 1.9	R ₁₄ C ₂ 1.5
14	R ₁₄ C ₅ 2.1	R ₁₄ C ₆ 2.1	R ₁₄ C ₇ 1.9	R ₁₄ C ₄ 1.5	R ₁₄ C ₃ 1.5	R ₁₄ K 1.1	R ₁₄ C ₁ 0.9	R ₁₄ C ₂ 0.7

*16-48 *Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period.

TABLE F₆

lvi

Rideau Wheat (R₁₄). Increment in length in mms. X 10³ of segment 6, with time, imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Treatment hours	Vernalization (weeks)							
2	R ₁₄ C ₅ 3.23	R ₁₄ C ₆ 2.92	R ₁₄ C ₇ <u>2.71</u>	R ₁₄ C ₄ <u>2.61</u>	R ₁₄ K <u>2.59</u>	R ₁₄ C ₃ <u>2.51</u>	R ₁₄ C ₂ <u>2.50</u>	R ₁₄ C ₁ 2.32
4	R ₁₄ C ₅ 3.99	R ₁₄ C ₆ <u>3.42</u>	R ₁₄ C ₇ <u>3.11</u>	R ₁₄ C ₄ 2.58	R ₁₄ K 2.11	R ₁₄ C ₃ 1.96	R ₁₄ C ₂ 1.94	R ₁₄ C ₁ <u>1.86</u>
6	R ₁₄ C ₅ 1.41	R ₁₄ C ₆ <u>1.27</u>	R ₁₄ C ₇ <u>1.18</u>	R ₁₄ C ₄ <u>0.56</u>	R ₁₄ K <u>0.47</u>	R ₁₄ C ₃ 0.38	R ₁₄ C ₂ 0.36	R ₁₄ C ₁ <u>0.30</u>
8	R ₁₄ C ₅ <u>2.0</u>	R ₁₄ C ₆ 2.0	R ₁₄ C ₇ <u>1.9</u>	R ₁₄ C ₄ <u>1.5</u>	R ₁₄ K <u>1.3</u>	R ₁₄ C ₃ 1.1	R ₁₄ C ₂ <u>1.1</u>	R ₁₄ C ₁ <u>0.9</u>
*10-48	* Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period.							

TABLE F₇

Rideau Wheat (R₁₄). Increment in length in mms X 10³ of segment 7 with time, imbibition and vernalization. Duncan's test (5% level).

Treatment hours	Vernalization (weeks)							
2	R ₁₄ C ₅ 2.62	R ₁₄ C ₆ 2.18	R ₁₄ C ₇ 2.02	R ₁₄ C ₄ 1.44	R ₁₄ C ₃ 1.32	R ₁₄ C ₂ 1.30	R ₁₄ C ₁ 1.21	R ₁₄ K 1.20
4	R ₁₄ C ₅ 0.56	R ₁₄ C ₆ 0.55	R ₁₄ C ₇ 0.51	R ₁₄ K 0.46	R ₁₄ C ₄ 0.42	R ₁₄ C ₃ 0.37	R ₁₄ C ₂ 0.33	R ₁₄ C ₁ 0.27
6	R ₁₄ C ₅ 0.04	R ₁₄ C ₆ 0.03	R ₁₄ C ₇ 0.02	R ₁₄ K 0				
*8-48	*Data obtained for all period to 48 hours when level indicated no change was observed from last noted period.							