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BOUCHARD, Giselle

AUTEUR DE LA THÈSE - AUTHOR OF THESIS

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Konrad Gajewski

DIRECTEUR DE LA THÈSE - THESIS SUPERVISOR

EXAMINATEURS DE LA THÈSE - THESIS EXAMINERS

M. Sawada

C. Schroder-Adams

J.-M. De Koninck, Ph.D.

LE DOYEN DE LA FACULTÉ DES ÉTUDES
SUPÉRIEURES ET POSTDOCTORALES

SIGNATURE

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**Freshwater Diatom Biogeography of
the Canadian Arctic Archipelago**

by
Giselle Bouchard

A Thesis submitted to the
Faculty of Graduate & Postdoctoral Studies
in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the
M.Sc. degree in the Earth Sciences

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Abstract

The biogeography of diatoms in 62 lakes across the Canadian Arctic Archipelago was studied. A total of 326 taxa was found, with up to 85 and as low as 8 taxa identified in any one lake. Rarefaction-estimated richness correlated with lake size. Although diatom assemblages showed regional patterns, between-lake variability in any region was high, indicating that local factors are important in determining the assemblages. Newly delineated genera showed interpretable geographic patterns and could be related to environmental factors, suggesting that this more natural grouping may enhance our understanding of diatom ecology. Some taxa showed southern and regionally limited distributions. Many taxa prefer colder temperatures while others were more influenced by lake water parameters. Assemblages with zero or low abundance of fragilaroid taxa tended to occur in larger lakes with higher silica. These lakes had more diverse assemblages including *Gomphonema*, *Encyonema*, and *Encyonopsis* taxa, suggesting a possible relationship between non-fragilaroid taxa and lake size and silica. Geographic, physical, and chemical factors are needed to explain diatom distributions in the Arctic.

Resumé

La biogéographie des diatomées dans 62 lacs à travers l'arctique canadien est étudiée. Au total, 326 taxa ont été identifiés, avec certains lacs atteignant jusqu'à 85 taxa et d'autres aussi peu que 8 taxa. La richesse spécifique, estimée par analyse de raréfaction, est corrélée avec la superficie des lacs. Les assemblages de diatomées montrent des distributions régionales. Toutefois, la variabilité entre les lacs à l'intérieure d'une région est élevée, ce qui suggère que les facteurs locaux ont aussi une influence sur la composition des assemblages. Les genres récemment définis montrent des distributions régionales qui pourraient être liées aux facteurs environnementaux, suggérant que ces regroupements taxonomiques pourraient augmenter notre compréhension de l'écologie des diatomées. Plusieurs taxa préfèrent des températures froides, tandis que d'autres sont influencés par les conditions lacustres. Les plus grands lacs, avec des concentrations de silice élevées, contiennent moins de taxa du groupe " *fragilaroid* ". Les assemblages dans ces lacs sont généralement plus diversifiés et contiennent des taxa tels que *Gomphonema*, *Encyonema* et *Encyonopsis*. Il y a donc possiblement un rapport entre ces derniers taxa, la superficie des lacs et la concentration de silice. Les facteurs géographiques, physiques et chimiques sont essentiels pour expliquer la distribution des diatomées dans l'Arctique.

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I've been very fortunate to work with Prof. Gajewski over the past few years. I'd like to thank him for his continued guidance, support, and invaluable wealth of knowledge that he has shared with me during my studies in Ottawa. Konrad's dedication to research and genuine interest in nature's complexity has been a huge source of motivation, in addition to his wittiness and downright terrific sense of humour, particularly when hanging out on the tundra with a heard of muskoxen. Most of all, Konrad has taught me to always look at things differently: *"If you think that's what you SHOULD do, than don't do it!"*

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Life is animated water.

- Vladimir Vernadsky, in M.I. Budyko,
S.F. Lemeshko and V.G. Yanuta,
The Evolution of the Biosphere

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1. Introduction

1.1 Introduction

Diatoms are unicellular microscopic algae that are important primary producers in aquatic ecosystems. As with any organism, they have particular habitat preferences and tolerances, and thus respond to stress and environmental changes (Schindler, 1987). Due to their short generation time and abundant numbers, they are important organisms used to study aquatic ecosystems. Because their siliceous cell walls are fossilized in lake sediments, diatoms may be used for the reconstruction of past environmental conditions.

Diatoms are dispersed by wind and organism vectors, namely aquatic birds (see review by Kristiansen, 1996). For example, both living and dead algae have been recovered from the feet and feathers of cormorants (Foged, 1953) and arctic terns (Schlichting et al., 1978). Atkinson (1972) reported living, benthic algae from the gut contents of waterbirds. Several studies reported viable algae from the contents of air and dust filters (Kristiansen, 1996). However, data of diatom dispersal are limited, particularly for living cells (Kociolek & Spaulding, 2000). Other factors controlling diatom distributions include historical aspects, biological interactions, including parasitism and predation, and environmental conditions.

Interpretations of diatom biogeography are largely affected by the methods in taxonomy and species concept used as the basis of classification. Recent advances in taxonomy aided by the use of the scanning electron microscope (SEM) have refined generic groupings based on ultrastructural characters (e.g. Round et al., 1990; Bukhtiyarova & Round, 1996). In these more natural classifications, ecological and structural characteristics are consistent and seem to be always present among the taxa. This taxonomic work improves our understanding of diatom ecology (Morales et al., 2001; Kingston, 2003) and allows for more precise assessments of the environmental variables influencing taxa distributions. However, the accuracy of diatom taxonomy and the recent establishment of many new species has been the focus of much debate (Williams, 1995; Round, 1997; Kociolek, 1996; Mann & Droop, 1996).

Our understanding of how diatoms respond to changes in their environment is still limited. Diatom assemblages and distributions are influenced by competition for resources caused by limiting nutrients and the combined effects of physical and chemical variables (Tillman 1982; Tillman et al., 1982). Controlled experiments investigating diatom response

to light and temperature have increased our understanding of diatom ecophysiology (Patrick, 1971; Kilham, 1986; Dauta et al., 1990). These laboratory studies provide valuable insights into the optimal ranges of diatoms with respect to some environmental variables. An alternative method for investigating diatom-environment relationships is to determine empirical relations between diatom communities and environmental variables in a spatial series of lakes. Environmental preferences or optima are calculated for diatom taxa using various statistical techniques that relate taxa to the environmental conditions that surround them (ter Braak, 1986).

Recent studies have focused on understanding diatom-environment relationships in arctic and treeline regions (Pienitz & Smol, 1993; Pienitz et al., 1995; Douglas & Smol, 1993, 1995; Hamilton et al., 1994a; Gregory-Eaves et al., 1999; Fallu et al., 2000; Joynt & Wolfe, 2001; Weckström & Korhola, 2001; Lim et al., 2001a, b; Rühland & Smol, 2002; Wilson & Gajewski, 2002; Bigler & Hall, 2002; Rühland et al., 2003a; see review in Stoermer & Smol, 1999) since the impacts of climate change are predicted to be pronounced in these northern regions (IPCC, 1990; Watson et al., 1995). These changes may greatly affect the physical and chemical characteristics of aquatic systems, therefore impacting the local biota. Many of these studies have focussed on defining diatom optima and tolerances to various environmental factors for use in paleoenvironmental reconstructions. Often, these diatom-environment relationships are studied using a set of lakes in small geographic regions. Optima derived from these studies are therefore based on limited gradients that likely do not represent the full ecological range of each taxon, a problem often noted (e.g. Pienitz et al., 1995; Joynt & Wolfe, 2001; Weckström & Korhola, 2001).

The ability to use diatoms as “bioindicators” depends on a knowledge of the distribution of the various taxa, however few studies have documented the distribution of arctic taxa over a large geographic region. The comparison by Michelutti et al. (2003a) noted differences between southern and northern arctic assemblages while other studies report high similarities among diatom floras of circumpolar arctic regions (Foged, 1964; Laing et al., 1999).

Many diatoms are considered ‘cosmopolitan’ species, a view supported by the use of European taxonomic publications in the identification of North American species. However, many studies have reported endemic taxa, with distributions restricted to certain geographic

regions (Hustedt, 1938, 1942; Low & Kociolek, 1984; Lange-Bertalot & Metzeltin, 1996; Vyverman, 1996). Although many taxa found in northern and alpine environments are also common in temperate regions, some appear to be limited to northern regions only. For example, *Neidium distinctepunctatum* Hustedt is most commonly found in circumpolar arctic regions (Hamilton et al., 1996). Numerous taxa encountered in arctic regions have been unidentifiable and may therefore have restricted distributions (Hamilton et al., 1994a; Douglas & Smol, 1993). Establishing biogeographic patterns of genera and taxa found in arctic regions will improve our understanding of their ecology.

The objectives of this research are to: (i) investigate the spatial distribution of diatoms across a large geographic region in the Canadian Arctic; (ii) characterize the physical and chemical properties of the lake environments in which these diatoms are found; (iii) examine relationships between diatoms and environmental variables.

1.2 Diatoms (class Bacillariophyceae)

Diatoms are found in freshwater, marine, and terrestrial habitats where there is sufficient moisture (Round et al., 1990). Diatoms are photoautotrophs, meaning they possess chloroplasts containing photosynthetic pigment molecules, namely chlorophyll-*a* and -*c*, enabling them to absorb carbon dioxide, water, and sunlight. As such, they are the primary energy source for organisms higher in the food chain. Surrounding the vegetative cell of the diatom are two silica-impregnated valves, which together are called a frustule and can be described as fitting together like the two halves of a petri dish. The pattern of tiny pores, slits, and depressions on the diatom frustule is taxon-specific and therefore used for identification. When the alga dies, the empty siliceous cell walls are deposited in the sediments of lakes and preserved as microfossils.

Diatoms are often abundant in the algal community of arctic surface waters perhaps due to their functional role as opportunists. Biogeographic studies of other freshwater algae suggest many species are cosmopolitan while others have limited distributions. For example, Sheath et al. (1996) did not report any endemic macroalgae from tundra streams in North America. In contrast, Hoffmann (1996) reports pantropic distributions of blue-green taxa and suggested their distribution is largely controlled by temperature. Although mechanisms of diatom dispersal are not well understood, diverse floras have been reported from high

latitude regions. However, arctic ecosystems are little known and diatom floras in particular are poorly documented (Douglas & Smol, 1999).

1.3 Arctic limnology

Early limnological research in the Canadian Arctic was conducted on Baffin and Ellesmere Islands in the 1960's (Oliver, 1964; McLaren, 1964, 1967). Detailed limnological research didn't begin until 1968, as part of the International Biological Programme (Welch & Kalff, 1974) followed by few other studies (i.e. Schindler et al., 1974). Other work by government scientists, for example associated with the Department of Fisheries and Oceans, are frequently published in technical reports and are not easily accessible (see Hamilton et al., 2001 for review). Due to the lack of information on the physical and chemical characteristics of Canadian arctic surface waters, a number of recent studies have focussed directly on describing the characteristics of ponds and lakes in this region (Hamilton et al., 1994a; Douglas & Smol, 1993; Ludlam, 1996; Lim et al., 2001c; Michelutti et al., 2002a, b; Hamilton et al., 2001; Antoniadou et al., 2003). Limnological surveys have also been performed on surface waters in Alaska (Kling et al., 1992; Cornwell & Banahan, 1992; Gregory-Eaves et al., 2000) and in subarctic and treeline regions (Pienitz et al., 1997; Moser et al., 1998; Rühland & Smol, 1998; Rühland et al., 2003b). Similar studies have characterised the limnological properties of lakes and ponds in Arctic Lapland (Weckström & Korhola, 2001), Sweden (Rosén et al., 2000) and Siberia (Laing et al., 1999).

The chemical composition of inland lakes is largely determined by local geology and climatic factors as well as proximity to the ocean (Kalff, 2002). For example, minerals and nutrients are brought to surface waters from precipitation while evaporation causes ionic concentrations to increase. Bedrock geology remains perhaps the most important factor influencing lake water characteristics (Wetzel, 2001). This has been shown in arctic limnological surveys (Pienitz et al., 1997; Hamilton et al., 2001; Lim et al., 2001c).

Climate warming, as a result of increasing greenhouse gasses from the burning of fossil fuels, is predicted to have its greatest impact in polar regions (IPCC, 1990). These changes could affect the physical and chemical characteristics of surface waters in arctic regions. Potential impacts include increases in nutrient levels and ion content as a result of changes in leaching rates and catchment erosion (Rouse et al., 1997). In order to understand how

anthropogenic activities, such as those associated with climatic change, can affect aquatic environments it is important to know the current state of these freshwater systems (Hamilton et al., 2001). Changes in limnological characteristics may have a large effect on diatom distributions, diversity, and community structure (Weckstöm & Korhola, 2001). For example, arctic surface waters are generally phosphorous limited (Hamilton et al., 2001; Michelutti et al., 2002a, b). Increases in nutrient concentrations may cause assemblages to shift according to nutrient preferences of various taxa. Those tolerant of higher concentrations would thrive and outcompete taxa that prefer oligotrophic waters.

1.4 Diatom & diatom-environment studies in arctic regions

A review of pioneering diatom studies in high-arctic regions is provided by Douglas & Smol (1999). Notable studies by Foged described diatoms and their ecology in Greenland (Foged, 1953, 1955, 1958, 1972), Alaska (Foged, 1981), and Iceland (Foged, 1974). Since then, studies have reported diatom floras from several areas of the North American Arctic including Ellesmere (Douglas & Smol, 1993; Hamilton et al., 1994a; Smith, 2002), Baffin (Wolfe, 1996; Joynt & Wolfe, 2001), and Bathurst (Lim et al., 2001a, b) Islands of the Canadian Arctic Archipelago as well as Alaska (Gregory-Eaves et al., 1999). Numerous studies have examined diatom-environment relationships further south at treeline (Pienitz et al., 1995; Fallu et al., 2002; Rühland et al., 2003a). Others have described diatoms from arctic and subarctic Europe (Rosén et al., 2000; Bigler & Hall, 2002; Weckström & Korhola, 2001) and Russia (Laing et al., 1999; Cremer & Wagner, 2003). Many of these studies have discussed environmental factors that influence diatom communities and defined the ecological tolerances of many diatom species. These are based, however, on the limited geographic range of the particular study. Habitat availability also has an important role in determining diatom communities (Lim et al., 2001a; Van de Vijver et al., 2003; Michelutti et al., 2003a).

A variety of environmental variables influence diatom community compositions in northern lakes. Early works by Hustedt (1942) and Foged (1964) suggested pH and temperature are the most important factors controlling diatom communities from Swedish Lapland and Spitsbergen respectively. Temperature was thought to be most important in determining the number of diatoms present. More recently, Joynt & Wolfe (2001) found that

pH, conductivity, summer lake-water temperature, and mean annual air temperature were four variables that effectively explained diatom abundance on Baffin Island. Lim et al. (2001b) also suggested that pH and water temperature are important influences on diatom assemblage composition as well as Fe^{3+} , total dissolved phosphorous and total nitrogen. Some other factors that influence diatom community composition include Total Organic Carbon (TOC; Weckström & Korhola, 2001), Dissolved Inorganic Carbon (DIC), lake depth, and Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC; Pienitz et al., 1995; Rosén et al., 2000; Fallu et al., 2000). Water temperature is repeatedly cited as an important control of diatom assemblages. Temperature optima and tolerances have been estimated for selected taxa found in northern regions (Pienitz et al., 1995; Weckström et al., 1997; Rosén et al., 2000; Joynt & Wolfe, 2001; Bigler & Hall, 2002).

Thermal requirements of diatoms were documented by Hustedt (1942, 1956, 1957). Ecophysiological studies of diatoms showed how water temperatures affect algal life processes and community structure (Patrick, 1971; Raven & Geider, 1988; Dauta et al., 1990). These and many more studies indicate that diatom growth and abundance are both influenced by temperature. Seaburg et al. (1981) concluded that minimum temperature was the most important factor controlling algal growth in cold habitats. It should be noted that these studies focused on how diatoms adapt to living at low temperatures, leaving the response of diatoms to increased temperature unstudied (Weckström & Korhola, 2001).

The effect of climate variables on diatoms can be direct or indirect. Smol (1983) suggested that high-arctic air temperatures control the extent of ice cover on lakes and ponds, which in turn determines what habitats become available for diatoms. As the climate warms, ice cover decreases and more habitats become available. A variety of habitats become available with warmer temperatures, including a larger littoral area, increased macrophyte and moss growth, and a greater amount of lake bottom exposed to light. With warmer temperatures, prolonged ice-free periods result in a longer growing season, which then allows for the development of a more complex and diverse diatom assemblage (i.e. the presence of stalked and tube-dwelling forms) compared with colder years which have short ice-free periods (Douglas & Smol, 1999; Lotter & Bigler, 2000). Direct effects of the environment on diatom growth can be estimated using experimental or statistical methods. Difficulty in determining diatom-temperature relationships both experimentally and

statistically is largely due to the confounding effects of other variables (Patrick, 1971; Laing & Smol, 2000). The difficulties in identifying statistical relations and the limited knowledge of diatom physiology has led to scepticism about conclusions (Anderson, 2000) and cautious interpretations of defined optima and tolerances to environmental variables (e.g. Weckström & Korhola, 2001).

1.5 Description of region & study sites

In the Arctic, biological production occurs during a short growing season in the summer months of June to September. Ice break-up begins in June when air temperatures rise to above freezing and solar radiation is able to reach the ice (Hobbie, 1984). Lakes generally freeze over in September at rates dependent on air temperature.

The region is underlain by continuous permafrost, which minimises the influence of groundwater on the study lakes (Woo, 1991). Climate patterns in the Canadian Arctic do not follow latitudinal gradients. The coldest temperatures occur in the northwest while temperatures similar to mid-arctic regions are found in the Fosheim region of Ellesmere and Axel Heiberg Islands in the north (Edlund & Alt, 1989; Atkinson & Gajewski, 2002).

This study includes 62 lakes from eight islands and one peninsula in the Canadian Arctic. The study area spans a north-south transect through the Arctic Archipelago (Figure 1.1, Table 1.1) from Boothia Peninsula to northern Ellesmere Island. Only lakes of depth ≥ 2 m were used in this study to eliminate the possibility of sediments disturbed by winter freezing (Nichols, 1967), wind or animals. Lakes vary in size and depth thus including a wide range of pelagic, littoral, and benthic habitats. Site elevations range from 15 to 732 metres a.s.l. Many sites are situated close to the ocean while some are located up to 62 km from the coast.

Bedrock geology & surrounding vegetation

The geological history of much of the Canadian Arctic Archipelago has been summarized in Trettin (1991a). The region can be divided into six geological provinces (Wheeler et al., 1997; Figure 1.1B) broadly categorized by bedrock characteristics. Much of the Archipelago is part of the Arctic Platform comprised of Paleozoic sedimentary rocks containing carbonate-rich materials. Many study lakes, namely those on Devon and Cornwallis Islands and sites on Boothia Peninsula, are underlain by this bedrock of shallow,

marine origin. The Churchill and Bear provinces are both comprised of Precambrian rocks of the Canadian Shield. Sections of Somerset Island have undivided sedimentary and volcanic bedrock of the Churchill Province, similar to Baffin Island. Some lakes are situated in this region (Table 1.1). All sites on Victoria Island are situated in the Bear Province where the oldest bedrock in this study (i.e. Mesoproterozoic-Neoproterozoic) is found. Evaporitic sediments underlie the KR lakes (Frisch & Trettin, 1991). WB lakes on Victoria Island are underlain by limestone (Fyles, 1963) except for WB01 and WB02, which are situated on Neoproterozoic mafic intrusive rocks of diorite and gabbro.

The Innuitian Orogen includes Carboniferous sections of the Sverdrup Basin occurring in the Fosheim region of Ellesmere and Axel Heiberg Islands (Trettin, 1991b). In this study, the “Fosheim” refers to the Fosheim Peninsula on Ellesmere Island and adjacent areas including sites on Axel Heiberg Island. Lakes are underlain primarily by Mesozoic and Mesozoic-Cenozoic sedimentary rocks, composed largely of clastic materials, including many of non-marine origin (Wheeler et al., 1997). In general, six classes of bedrock are included in this study with most of the lakes situated on undivided sedimentary bedrock (Table 1.1).

The majority of the Canadian Arctic is a polar desert, with some regions exhibiting richer vegetation (Edlund & Alt, 1989). Historically, arctic vegetation has been divided into Low-, Mid-, and High-Arctic vegetation zones based on the number of species and plant density (Polunin, 1951). A recent study of the circumpolar arctic vegetation has classified the vegetation into more detailed classes based on remote sensing (CAVM, 2003). Four of the five broad classifications are represented in this study including Barren tundra, Graminoid tundra, Prostrate-shrub tundra, and Wetlands.

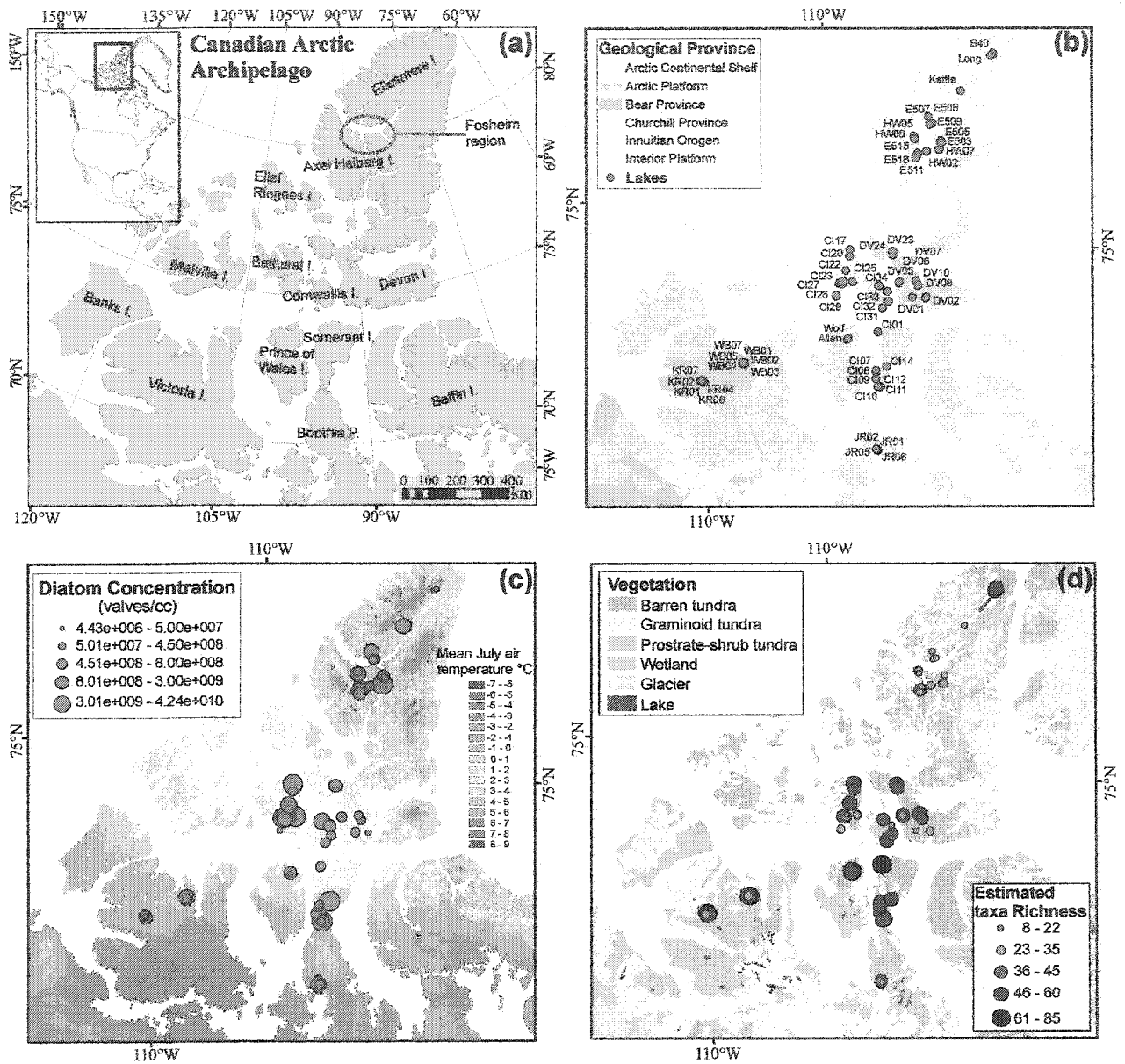


Figure 1.1. Maps of (a) The study area in the Canadian Arctic Archipelago, (b) Site locations displayed with geological provinces of the region, (c) Diatom concentrations (valves/cc^{-1}) in relation to mean July air temperature, and (d) Rarefaction estimated richness of the diatom assemblage with terrestrial vegetation. Vegetation data are adapted from CAVM team (2003). Mean July air temperature (40-year) from Atkinson & Gajewski (2002). Geology data from Wheeler et al. (1997).

Table 1.1. Locations and physical characteristics of 62 study lakes in the Canadian Arctic Bedrock sub-rocktypes are Miogeoclinal (MIO), Undivided (US) and Non-marine (NMS) sedimentary, Undivided sedimentary and volcanic (USV), Mafic intrusive (MI), and Evaporite (E). Vegetation complexes are Barren (BAR), Graminoid tundra (GRA), Prostrate-shrub tundra (PRO), and Wetland (WET).

Lake	Lat (d.d.)	Long (d.d.)	Elev (m)	Island	DFC (m)	AT (°C)	SfcA (km ²)	Dep (m)	Bedrock	Vegetation complex
S40	82.13	-66.98	418	Ellesmere	47,100	3.06	0.0493	2.0	MIO	GRA
Long	82.11	-67.50	455	Ellesmere	49,400	2.93	2.1830	3.5	NMS	GRA
Kettle	81.40	-76.75	218	Ellesmere	2,700	4.87	0.0727	6.0	US	GRA
E509	80.83	-84.45	213	Ellesmere	15,600	5.52	0.0225	4.0	NMS	BAR
E507	80.58	-83.97	122	Ellesmere	4,200	6.25	0.0001	3.3	US	GRA
E506	80.57	-84.47	305	Ellesmere	6,500	4.84	0.1575	14.0	NMS	BAR
HW06	80.26	-87.77	137	Axel Heiberg	4,250	6.68	0.3120	3.5	US	PRO
HW05	80.18	-87.69	91	Axel Heiberg	1,550	6.78	0.1145	3.7	NMS	GRA
E505	79.98	-82.97	305	Ellesmere	4,400	6.03	0.0040	2.5	NMS	GRA
E503	79.92	-82.93	381	Ellesmere	7,600	5.71	0.0048	3.5	NMS	GRA
HW03	79.73	-85.81	137	Ellesmere	3,400	3.85	0.1500	13.0	US	BAR
HW02	79.73	-83.47	396	Ellesmere	29,550	5.39	0.0729	4.5	US	PRO
HW07	79.72	-83.52	366	Ellesmere	30,500	5.75	0.0613	6.0	US	PRO
E516	79.69	-87.51	122	Axel Heiberg	8,000	5.76	0.6330	3.0	US	GRA
E515	79.65	-87.75	213	Axel Heiberg	10,300	6.17	0.2114	12.0	NMS	GRA
E511	79.55	-87.91	732	Axel Heiberg	8,990	4.24	0.1948	11.0	US	BAR
CI17	76.60	-98.87	46	Bathurst	1,100	4.86	0.1250	3.5	NMS	PRO
CI20	76.37	-98.81	146	Bathurst	6,000	4.65	1.6125	9.0	US	GRA
CI22	75.90	-99.21	170	Bathurst	9,800	4.57	0.0844	8.0	US	GRA
CI23	75.53	-98.21	130	Bathurst	5,400	4.50	0.3125	9.5	US	BAR
CI25	75.52	-99.53	30	Bathurst	3,000	4.78	0.2250	3.0	US	BAR
CI27	75.46	-99.91	30	Bathurst	1,800	4.87	0.1963	4.0	US	GRA
CI26	75.43	-99.65	150	Bathurst	7,200	4.54	0.1104	6.0	US	GRA
CI29	75.03	-100.20	76	Bathurst	3,000	4.78	0.1772	6.5	NMS	GRA
DV23	76.56	-92.72	91	Devon	2,900	4.78	0.4625	11.0	US	PRO
DV24	76.44	-92.63	43	Devon	13,600	4.84	3.5800	13.2	US	BAR
DV10	75.53	-89.75	183	Devon	2,600	4.71	0.3125	11.0	US	BAR
DV05	75.52	-92.05	30	Devon	5,600	4.51	0.1875	11.0	US	PRO
DV06	75.51	-91.99	122	Devon	7,400	4.44	0.1875	4.0	US	PRO
DV07	75.53	-91.97	183	Devon	5,600	4.44	0.2188	5.0	US	BAR
DV08	75.37	-89.49	152	Devon	17,500	4.73	0.1375	3.0	US	BAR
DV01	74.98	-90.36	396	Devon	15,100	4.30	0.0438	4.5	US	BAR
DV02	74.93	-88.68	152	Devon	4,300	4.84	0.0375	7.5	US	BAR
CI34	75.40	-94.67	70	Cornwallis	20,000	4.48	0.1963	4.5	US	GRA
CI33	75.22	-93.65	120	Cornwallis	2,400	3.87	0.0491	6.0	US	BAR
CI32	74.91	-93.52	200	Cornwallis	3,300	4.25	0.1650	8.0	US	BAR
CI31	74.68	-94.27	15	Cornwallis	1,800	4.33	0.9063	17.0	US	BAR
Allen	73.62	-98.47	49	Prince of Wales	15,500	4.83	8.1600	4.0	US	WET
Wolf	73.58	-98.48	110	Prince of Wales	19,400	4.86	0.4069	6.0	US	BAR
CI01	73.88	-94.87	130	Somerset	4,000	4.55	0.1375	2.1	US	BAR
CI14	72.70	-93.87	190	Somerset	10,000	4.00	0.2131	5.0	US	GRA
CI07	72.59	-95.06	170	Somerset	6,800	5.37	0.3188	5.5	US	BAR
CI08	72.49	-95.09	240	Somerset	3,800	5.23	0.1250	4.0	US	GRA
CI09	72.27	-95.09	190	Somerset	3,300	5.37	0.2131	4.0	USV	GRA
CI12	72.03	-94.62	120	Somerset	1,700	5.73	0.0950	9.5	USV	BAR
CI11	72.02	-94.75	130	Somerset	1,300	5.81	0.0491	6.5	USV	BAR
CI10	72.01	-94.87	90	Somerset	2,600	5.63	0.0491	19.0	UG	BAR
WB07	72.29	-109.87	295	Victoria	17,000	5.72	0.0245	11.5	US	PRO
WB01	72.29	-109.99	140	Victoria	17,700	6.28	1.8725	20.0	MI	PRO
WB05	72.29	-109.83	185	Victoria	17,300	6.08	1.5350	14.3	US	PRO
WB02	72.29	-109.97	140	Victoria	17,900	6.28	0.0231	7.5	MI	PRO
WB04	72.28	-109.94	140	Victoria	18,500	6.29	0.0874	4.0	US	PRO
WB03	72.26	-109.97	315	Victoria	21,200	5.96	0.2150	4.0	US	PRO
KR07	71.36	-113.81	196	Victoria	55,100	6.28	0.3600	5.6	E	GRA
KR02	71.34	-113.78	229	Victoria	58,100	6.18	0.0079	6.1	E	PRO
KR01	71.34	-113.82	171	Victoria	54,400	6.37	4.3425	5.0	E	PRO
KR04	71.31	-113.94	175	Victoria	52,500	6.79	1.0375	7.1	E	GRA
KR08	71.31	-113.67	190	Victoria	62,000	6.39	0.1250	3.3	E	PRO
JR02	69.92	-94.97	170	Boothia	29,400	6.97	2.1000	3.0	US	PRO
JR01	69.90	-95.07	150	Boothia	27,500	7.07	0.2100	5.4	US	PRO
JR05	69.87	-95.00	140	Boothia	25,400	7.11	0.0900	4.5	US	PRO
JR06	69.87	-94.92	140	Boothia	25,800	7.06	0.1350	4.0	US	PRO
Mean	75.32	-94.76	183		15,188	5.29	0.5727	6.8		
Median	75.29	-94.71	151		7,800	5.05	0.1711	5.5		
Minimum	69.87	-113.94	15		1,100	2.93	0.0001	2.0		
Maximum	82.13	-66.98	732		62,000	7.11	8.1600	20.0		
s.d.	3.51	10.37	123		16,241	0.99	1.2776	4.2		

2. Methodology

2.1. Field methods

Samples used in this thesis include several collected specifically for this study and others previously collected and archived. Sediment and water samples were collected between 1989 and 2002 from eight islands and the Boothia Peninsula in the Canadian Arctic Archipelago. Sampling was done in mid-June to early August from a boat when lakes were ice-free or the ice surface otherwise. Ice breakup from year to year was notably variable.

Lakes with the prefix KR, located in the Kuujjua River area of Victoria Island, were sampled in 2001 from the ice surface. A transect of sites in the central Arctic across Somerset, Bathurst, and Cornwallis Islands was collected in 2002 from a helicopter and given the prefix CI. Sampling methods for all sites have remained comparable over the 13-year time-span.

Samples were taken from the central part of the lake that is estimated to be the deepest. Two 1-L bottles were rinsed in the lake and filled with water collected 0.5 – 0.6 m below the surface or 0.6 – 0.8 m below the ice surface if an ice cover was present. Lake depth (Dep) was measured using a Hydrolab datasonde attached to a calibrated rope. Water temperature, conductivity (Cond), and pH values were measured using handheld metres (calibrated daily) on site or at the base camp within 10 hours of collection. Two hundred and fifty ml aliquots of water from each site were pumped through 0.22 μm membrane filters and poured into a separate bottle for the analysis of dissolved nutrients and elements. Samples prepared for the analysis of phosphorous were preserved with sulphuric acid. The remaining water was divided into two other bottles. One litre of water was filtered through a 0.45 μm glass membrane filter, wrapped in foil and kept frozen for determination of Chlorophyll-*a* (uncorrected for phaeopigments; CHLa). At the base camp, samples were kept in a cooler placed atop the permafrost table or in a pile of ice on the river shore. When working out of the Resolute Bay base camp, samples were prepared at the Polar Continental Shelf Project (PCSP) and kept in cold storage until hours before departure to Ottawa.

Surface sediment samples were collected using a Glew (1991) mini-corer and/or an Ekman dredge. The topmost 1 cm of sediment contains a composite sample of diatom assemblages from all lake habitats (i.e. littoral, benthic, pelagic). With the dredge,

subsamples of the uppermost cm were taken immediately upon collection, while cores were extruded in 1 or 0.5 cm increments using an extruder at the camp.

2.2. Laboratory methods

Limnology

Samples collected before 1997 were analysed at the National Water Research Institute (Burlington, Ontario). Starting in 1997, water samples were analyzed at the Surface Water Quality Laboratory for the region of Ottawa-Carleton in Ottawa. Methods for analysis follow Environment Canada (1994) protocols. The lake water was analysed for nutrients (total unfiltered phosphorous (TPuf), total dissolved phosphorous (TPf), nitrate-nitrite (NN), soluble reactive phosphorous (SRP), total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN), ammonia (NH₃), silica (SiO₂)), carbon (dissolved organic carbon (DOC), dissolved inorganic carbon (DIC), particulate organic carbon (POC)), major ions (Ca²⁺, Na⁺, Mg²⁺, K⁺, SO₄²⁻, Cl⁻), and trace metals (Al³⁺, Cd²⁺, Co²⁺, Cr, Cu²⁺, Fe³⁺, Mn²⁺, Mo, Ni, Pb²⁺, Sr²⁺, V, Zn²⁺, Sb, Bi). Filtered water was used for the measurement of dissolved elements (i.e. SRP, TPf, NN, DOC, DIC, and NH₃). Calculations to compute parameters such as DIC and particulate phosphorous (PP) are discussed in Appendix A. Chlorophyll-*a* extraction was completed at the Canadian Museum of Nature or the University of Ottawa following the methods of Jeffrey & Humphrey (1975).

Values of mean July air temperatures (AT) obtained from the climate model of Atkinson & Gajewski (2002) were attributed to each site based on spatial location using a Geographic Information System (GIS). The semi-empirical model computed temperature values resolved at the mesoscale and averaged over a 40-year period. Data of the surrounding vegetation (CAVM team, 2003; www.geobotany.uaf.edu/cavm/) and underlying bedrock (Wheeler et al., 1997) was imported into the GIS (ESRI ArcMap 8.2) and extracted for each site using a spatial join. Information on the distance from coast (DFC), elevation (Elev), and the presence of a stream inflow was obtained from topographic maps (1:50 000 where available and 1:250 000 otherwise).

Diatoms

Lake sediments were processed for the quantitative analysis of diatom assemblages. Sub-samples of 0.5 cc or 1 cc from the topmost 0-1cm sediment layer of each lake were

measured using a volumetric sampler, weighed, and placed in labelled 20 ml glass vials with leakproof lids. A drop of 10% Hydrochloric acid (HCl) was added to the vial in order to determine the presence of CaCO₃ in the sediment that might obscure diatom valves on the slide (Battarbee et al., 2001). Where samples reacted, a total of 15 ml of HCl was subsequently added. Fifteen ml of deionized water (DI) was added to the samples that did not exhibit the presence of carbonates.

After 24 hours, the water/acid waste was aspirated leaving the bottom 5 ml of sample intact. Samples were then washed four times to remove remaining acid. Washing involves adding DI water to the sample, stirring the slurry with a glass rod (one rod per sample) and allowing sufficient time (approximately 24 hours) for the diatoms to settle to the bottom of the vial before aspirating out the water/acid mixture. Care was taken not to remove any portion of the diatom slurry.

The remaining steps follow standard procedures for the removal of organic material from sediments by strong acid digestion (Battarbee et al., 2001). Fifteen ml of a 50:50 sulphuric/nitric acid mixture was added to each sample vial, which was then left covered with a glass plate for 24 – 48 hours. Samples were then placed in an 85 - 92 °C water bath for approximately 4 hours. After sitting for 24 hours at room temperature, the samples were washed seven to nine times as described above, leaving a final slurry of 5 ml upon completion.

Serial dilutions were made by pipetting 1 ml of the original slurry and adding it to a known volume of deionized water (e.g. 20 ml). One ml of this slurry was taken and placed into a second centrifuge tube of known volume and this was repeated until four or five dilutions were made for each sample. Selection of which plated dilution was most suitable for diatom counting was done based on the cloudiness of the slurry and the density of valves on the slide. In some samples, the presence of clastic material made stronger dilutions necessary.

In preparation for making slides, vials were shaken by hand and placed in a vortex mixer for five seconds just prior to pipetting 1 ml of the diatom slurry onto an 18x18 mm cover slip that was subsequently air dried in a fumehood. Cover slips were plated onto labelled glass microscope slide using Naphrax®, a permanent mounting medium with the high refractive index of 1.74. Using a glass rod, one drop of Naphrax® was applied to the

slide while being heated on a hot plate. The cover slip was placed over the Naphrax® and pressure applied to remove all air bubbles until the medium no longer boiled (approximately 15 seconds). Excess mountant around the cover slip was scraped off to prevent scratching of the microscope objectives.

2.3. Diatom enumeration & calculation

A minimum of 600 diatom valves were counted from randomly selected transects (including material at the cover slip edges) using 1000x phase contrast optics under oil immersion on a Leica DML Light Microscope (LM). Depending on the density of valves, between 1 and 13 transects were scanned. Transect boundaries were delineated using the eyepiece micrometer. For better consistency among samples, counting rules were as follows. Whole valves, valves that included a central area and an apex, and in rare cases fragments of larger diatoms (>70 μm) that did not comprise half a valve were counted as one valve. All valves within or half-way within the micrometer limits were included in the count. If a chain of diatom valves was 50% within the micrometer frame all valves in that chain were counted whereas only valves within the frame were counted when chains were less than 50% within the frame.

For a more accurate census of the richness (total number of species) in each lake, the following procedures were used.

1) In lakes dominated (approximately 90%) by the small *Staurosira*, *Staurosirella*, *Fragilaria*, and *Pseudostaurosira* taxa (here termed fragilaroid taxa since they all once belonged to the genus *Fragilaria*) or a combination of two dominant taxa, an additional transect was included where all species except these dominant forms were counted. Valves of species not previously encountered on the slide were added to the final count for that lake without including the additional area of that transect in the calculation of diatom concentrations (valves $\cdot\text{cc}^{-1}$). Fragilaroid taxa are known to dominate cold, oligotrophic lakes and ponds (Douglas & Smol, 1999). Due to their small size (approximately 2-20 μm) and ability to form chains, a count sum normally suitable for assessing taxa diversity in a lake is quickly reached due to the high numbers of these particular taxa. This problem has been recognized in the literature where it is suggested that techniques could be used to correct for this (Battarbee et al., 2001).

2) All other slides were scanned for fifteen minutes and additional species not yet encountered in that lake were noted as present. These valves were not included in the count sum of the lake. These additional species were included in the count as 'present' and represented in the data table by a value of 0.01 (as opposed to 1 valve) resulting in a negligible effect on the total concentration and percentages of any species in a lake.

The density of valves belonging to fragilaroid taxa in one lake (CI11) was very high, making the count difficult. In this case, valves of this taxa were counted for half of the transect, calculated for the remaining transect area, and then added to the total count.

Diatom nomenclature has advanced significantly in recent years resulting in considerable changes at both the generic and species levels. Specific examples of taxonomic identifications in this work are provided in Chapter 3. Literature used for the taxonomic identification of diatoms in this study include Foged (1953, 1958, 1964, 1972, 1974, 1981), Lange-Bertalot & Moser (1994), Lange-Bertalot & Metzeltin (1996), Metzeltin & Witkowski (1996), Round & Bukhtiyarova (1996), Bukhtiyarova & Round (1996), Krammer (1997a, b, 2000, 2002), Lange-Bertalot (1996, 2001), and Lange-Bertalot & Genkal (1999). Other important work included Patrick & Reimer (1966), Simonsen (1987), Krammer & Lange-Bertalot (1986-1991), Round et al. (1990), Douglas & Smol (1993), Hamilton et al. (1994b), Fallu et al. (2000), and Cumming et al. (1995). Comparisons of SEM photographs were made with those available in the literature (Henderson & Reimer, 2003). Slides of the 62 lakes in this study are catalogued in the Canadian Museum of Nature herbarium (CANA 76142 – 76204) to allow for specimen comparisons and verification of taxa distributions. All taxa were documented using a Wild MPS 46/52 photoautomat attached to the light microscope. The photograph collection is held at the Laboratory for Paleoclimatology and Climatology, Department of Geography, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ontario.

Sediments from over half of the study lakes were examined and diatom valves photographed using a XL30 ESEM Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) at the Canadian Museum of Nature. Approximately 1 ml of the first dilution of each lake was filtered through a 0.8 μm membrane filter, which was then adhered onto an SEM stub. Stubs were plated in gold using a Denton Vacuum Desk II gold plater and scanned in the SEM at approximately 2,000 times magnification. Pictures of specimens were taken at magnification between 4,000 to 40,000 times. This work focussed on resolving problematic taxa and

differentiating similar looking species otherwise difficult to identify with the LM. For example, one of the characteristics used to differentiate small *Staurosira* spp. from *Staurosirella* spp. is the presence of slits or pores. This can be nearly impossible to distinguish in LM but when viewed in SEM these traits can be seen clearly. Material from lakes dominated by these small forms was scanned in the SEM to see which species was more abundant.

When creating the diatom data tables, species noted as present in each lake but not included in the count were represented as a value of 0.01. In this way, the presence of these species was accounted for yet not given the same weight as those within the transects. Count data were converted to abundance (Appendix E) and total concentration by weight (diatom valves·g⁻¹ sediment) or volume (diatom valves·cc⁻¹ sediment). Concentration values were calculated according to the following:

$$X = \frac{A \times \left(\frac{B}{E(C \times D)} \right) \times \left(\frac{(F \times G)}{H} \times \frac{Ia-h}{J} \right)}{L}$$

X = diatom concentration (valves·cc⁻¹) or (valves·g⁻¹)

A = number of diatom valves

B = area of cover slip = 324 mm²

C = transect width = 0.1 mm

D = length of transect = 18 mm

E = number of transects

F = final slurry; volume = 5 ml

G = multiplication factor to account for amount removed from final slurry prior to final plating (i.e. is 1 where none removed or 0.2 where 1 ml was removed)

H = subsample from final slurry = 1 ml

$Ia-h$ = total dilution (amount of DI plus added subsample) (ml)

J = subsample amount between dilutions or deposited on slide = 1 ml

L = subsample of sediment for processing (cc or g)

2.4. Numerical Analyses

Limnology

The limnological data of 33 sites were included in an exploratory data analysis of 204 lakes and ponds by Hamilton et al. (2001). For this research, these 33 sites have been combined with 29 new sites (labelled JR, KR, and CI) for the analysis of physical and chemical lake characteristics across a north-south transect. Several years of field work were required to obtain samples from a large geographic area. Some problems, such as missing data values due to incomplete analysis and lost samples due to breakage in transport have occurred. In cases where data was missing from a maximum of six lakes the mean value of that parameter was substituted. Measures of soluble reactive phosphorous (SRP) and total filtered phosphorous (TPf) were less than or equal to their respective detection limits in more than 50% of the lakes and therefore were eliminated from the data set prior to analysis. Particulate nitrogen (PN), particulate organic carbon (POC), and all metals were removed due to the large number of missing data values.

The lake water characteristics represent the conditions experienced by the recently fossilized diatoms. I acknowledge that a single point measurement should be used with caution as conditions may vary over the course of the ice-free season. Schindler et al. (1974) and Michelutti et al. (2003b) have shown that the chemical components of arctic lakes exhibit little variation over the summer season maintaining low nutrient levels throughout the year with negligible sediment-water exchange of ions during the winter (Schindler et al., 1974).

Air temperature and water temperature were poorly correlated ($r = -0.12$) and therefore the mean July air temperature data is believed to be the most accurate measure of climate at each site. Single point measurements of water temperature for each site were considered less reliable due to the variation in sampling date from year to year. A low correlation between air and water temperature was also observed by Hamilton et al. (2001). For this reason, water temperature data were not used in analyses.

Limnological variables were first examined using quantile-quantile plots and histograms to check for normal distributions. Variables with skewed distributions, such as mean July air temperature (AT), distance from coast (DFC), and depth (Dep) were square-root transformed. All other variables, except for pH, were log transformed. Correlations

among variables were explored using scatterplot and correlation matrices. Several Principal Components Analyses (PCA), based on a correlation matrix, were performed to examine potential relationships among the environmental variables and to summarize major patterns in the data. PCA is a multivariate ordination technique suitable for data with different units of measurement and short ranges. In the PCA biplots, sites were symbolized by their respective subrocktype or geographic region to illustrate potential relationships between these qualitative or geographic characteristics and the limnological characteristics. All analyses were performed using Insightful S-plus v.6 statistical software. Programming commands are given in Appendix D.

Diatoms

Total diatom concentrations (valves \cdot cc $^{-1}$), estimated richness, and taxa relative abundances in the 62 lakes were mapped using ArcGIS 8.2. Class limits for the concentration categories were defined by searching for natural breaks in the data and setting the upper limits of each class in a best-fit manner based on the distribution of the data. This was done since the automatic natural breaks computed did not provide a useful classification due to the nature of the data (i.e. many species with single point values). Diagrams depicting the relative abundance of the thirty most dominant taxa and selected genera were created using the program C2 v.1.3 (Juggins, 2003) to show variations in community composition among the lakes.

Taxonomic richness is the number of taxa found in each lake. However, these values are partly dependant on the number of diatoms counted in each lake. In this study, count sums ranged from 610 to 2,814. To better compare diatom richness between lakes, rarefaction richness estimates (Erich; Birks & Line, 1992) were calculated where diatom counts are standardized to a common sum (here the minimum count of 610). Rarefaction estimates were calculated using the program Analytic Rarefaction 1.3 (Steven M. Holland; www.uga.edu/~strata/software/). Calculations are based on the formulation of Raup (1975) and Tipper (1979) based on the estimation equations of Hurlbert (1971).

Diatoms and Environment

Statistical analysis of the diatom data was performed on taxa that were present in at least three lakes with an abundance $\geq 1\%$ in at least one lake. Of the 326 taxa identified, 145 met these criteria. Detrended Correspondence Analysis (DCA; Hill & Gauch, 1980) was

used to see if the diatom distributions follow linear or unimodal patterns. DCA was implemented with detrending by segments on $\log(x+1)$ transformed taxa and rare species downweighted. In DCA, gradient lengths measuring the variation in species assemblages are given in standard deviation units. First and second axis gradient lengths were long (4.01 and 2.92 respectively) indicating that beta diversity (species turnover in the samples) in the data set was high and that the unimodal technique, Canonical Correspondence Analysis (CCA), is appropriate to interpret diatom-environment relationships (ter Braak & Šmilauer, 2002). A DCA biplot was created to illustrate the main patterns of floristic variation in the assemblages of the study lakes.

Canonical Correspondence Analysis (CCA) is a constrained ordination technique used to directly relate community compositions to their surrounding environmental characteristics (ter Braak, 1986). Axes are extracted based on linear combinations of the environmental variables, which are represented by arrows in the biplot. Eigenvalues give a measure of the importance of each axis. Species are positioned based on how well the variable explains its distribution. A forward selection process with Monte Carlo permutation tests (199 permutations) was used to determine which variables in the environmental data set were most important in significantly ($p < 0.05$) explaining diatom assemblage variation. Supplementary variables (variables not included in the final analysis but considered potentially important in influencing diatom distributions) maintained in the ordination were selected based on their approximate t -scores of the canonical regression coefficients obtained from the initial analysis. A t -value above 2.1 indicates that the variable contributes to the fit of the species data (ter Braak & Šmilauer, 2002). Intra-set correlations were also used to see if these variables were significantly correlated with axis 1 or 2. The DCA and CCA analyses were performed using CANOCO version 4.5 (ter Braak & Šmilauer, 2002).

To further examine the influence of environmental variables on diatom abundance and distribution, a series of response surfaces were created using an S-plus program written by Prof. M. Sawada and modified for this study (Appendix D). Response surfaces illustrate the range in diatom abundance as a function of two environmental variables that strongly characterise the lake environment. This technique has been effectively used to show the climate range controlling pollen distributions (Bartlein et al., 1986; Anderson et al., 1991; Gajewski et al., 2002).

3. Taxonomy of arctic diatoms

The small size and intricately detailed nature of the diatom frustule makes accurate identification a difficult task. Diatom taxonomy has evolved rapidly since the 1950's with the application of technology, such as Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) and Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM), and more recently used techniques of DNA/RNA analysis (Round, 1996). The increasing importance and use of cytoplasmic details (i.e. plastid structure) and methods of sexual reproduction (Mann, 1989) in diatom taxonomy has also refined generic groupings (Round, 1996). These advances have led to detailed descriptions of the structures used to define individual taxa and commonalities shared between taxa of one genus. Genera once encompassing a wide range of taxa, such as *Achnanthes*, have been divided into more natural groupings based on differences in frustule structure/symmetry, shape, and even habitat preference (e.g. Round et al., 1990; Round & Bukhtiyarova, 1996; Bukhtiyarova & Round, 1996).

The current 'state of flux' (Kocielek, 1997) of diatom taxonomy has been an issue often revisited (see Round, 1996; Stoermer, 2001). Part of this debate includes how narrow a species concept should be when considering diatoms. Defining diatom species is complex since reproduction is mostly vegetative (i.e. cell division) and only commences into sexual reproduction when cell size reaches a minimum. Therefore, assessing gene exchange and species compatibility is difficult and the focus of few studies (Mann, 1989).

Most paleoecological work follows the taxonomic scheme of Krammer & Lange-Bertalot (1986-1991) for the purpose of maintaining taxonomic consistency with past studies and other workers. Since acknowledging advances in taxonomy may allow for more accurate definitions of taxa ecological preferences, new generic and species delineations were used, where possible, in the nomenclature of the diatoms encountered in this study. References of the taxonomic literature used in this study are given in Chapter 2.

Among 326 taxa identified from the 62 lakes of this study are numerous complexes, variants, forms, and unknown types denoted 'sp' (Table 3.1). The species "complex" was used to group similar looking taxa difficult to consistently separate using a Light Microscope (LM). Taxa difficult to identify using the light microscope were subsequently examined under the Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM).

Taxa of the genera *Staurosira*, *Staurosirella*, *Pseudostaurosira*, and *Fragilaria* are good examples of this problem due to their small size and similar characteristics (Figure 3.1, pictures 115-144). Some characteristic features used to separate these taxa are the nature of the pores and properties of the valve margin. Even with a SEM, it is difficult to determine when a pore becomes a slit and whether or not the valve margin is flat or slightly undulate. As another example, *Pseudostaurosira brevistriata* and *Fragilaria oldenburgioides* can be easily confused under the LM. However, the identification is more confident after examining the specimens under SEM. The uniseriate striations with few areolae across the valves of *Pseudostaurosira brevistriata* compared to the smaller, multiple areolated striae of *Fragilaria oldenburgioides* are clearly visible in SEM (Figure 3.1; pictures 129-135). Other studies have focussed on the identification of these forms to determine which traits best differentiate these taxa and to illustrate the importance of using SEM in their identification (Round et al., 1990; Morales et al., 2001; Morales, 2001).

Uncertainties in the identification of other taxa were clarified using SEM micrographs. For example, *Cymbella* sp. aff. *designata* appears to resemble *Cymbella affinis* Kützing often reported from northern regions. SEM micrographs revealed that the specimens in the study lakes lacked the stigmata clearly seen in *C. affinis* micrographs in the literature. Therefore, this specimen was named for its closest resemblance to *C. designata* Krammer. Another example is *Navicula* cf. *trophicatrix* Lange-Bertalot, which showed differences with SEM micrographs of *N. trophicatrix* Lange-Bertalot (Lange-Bertalot, 2001) and similarities with *N. cf. cryptotenella* Lange-Bertalot (Cox, 1999). Striae of the specimens in this study are much less radiate than those of *N. densilineolata* Hustedt (Krammer & Lange-Bertalot, 1991). Further investigation is required to confirm its identification. The small *Navicula seminulum* Grunow may be confused with the raphid valve of *Achnanthes* spp. although comparison with SEM micrographs in the literature confirmed its identity (Figure 3.1, pictures 65-68). Also, the small, nondescript valves of *Navicula* cf. *fluens* resembled *N. subminuscula* Manguin in LM although SEM micrographs revealed that the specimens lacked a raised sternum alongside the raphe that is characteristic of *N. subminuscula* (Figure 3.1; pictures 89-92).

The diatom 'raphe' is a slit along the apical axis of a valve. This is found only in pennate diatoms and is used to secrete mucilage for motility over substrates (Round et al., 1990).

Some pennate forms (e.g. *Achnanthes*) lack a raphe on one valve but do have a clear area in the centre of this valve termed a 'pseudoraphe'. Specimens resembling *Achnanthes carissima* Lange-Bertalot were difficult to see in LM due to their small size and structureless appearance. When examined in SEM, only raphid valves of this taxon were found (Figure 3.1; pictures 74-80). Despite this, the taxon was identified as *Achnanthes carissima* until more material is examined. Based on the similarities in valve structure examined using SEM (i.e. parallel striae, far apart central raphe fissures), it is suggested that this taxon may be better fitted into the genus *Diadesmis* (Figure 3.1; pictures 81-86).

The taxa currently called *Navicula(dicta) raederidae* Lange-Bertalot (*Navicula utermoehlii* (syn. *N. subrotundata*)) was dominant in two study lakes (reaching 17.86% in CI12) and found in only five lakes. This taxon is very small and thus difficult to distinguish from other small naviculoids including small forms of *Achnanthes* (Figure 3.1; pictures 69-72). Lange-Bertalot & Metzeltin (1994) placed this species in the genus *Naviculadicta* (so-called "Navicula") as it is Navicula-like but distinguishably different. Although this classification has been criticized (see Kociolek, 1996) it was used in this study as SEM photographs matched those available for this taxon in Lange-Bertalot & Moser (1994).

Stauroneis koeltzii Metzeltin, Witkowski & Lange-Bertalot occurred in seven lakes of this study (Figure 3.1; picture 205) and is not commonly reported from the Canadian Arctic. Also, it has not been largely documented in the literature. Due to its wide distribution across the sites in this study it is suspected that this taxon is present elsewhere in the Arctic but may have been called *Achnanthes exigua* Grunow as they appear to have similar raphid valves.

Slides of the 62 lakes in this study are catalogued in the Canadian Museum of Nature herbarium (CANA 76142 – 76204). The available material allows for future specimen comparisons with those from different regions, which is important in the study of diatom biogeography and evolution (Kociolek & Spaulding, 2000; Stoermer, 2001). Light micrographs and scanning electron micrographs of selected taxa identified in this study are provided in Figures 3.1 and 3.2. Originals are kept on file at the Laboratory for Paleolimnology and Climatology, Department of Geography, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ontario.

Table 3.1. Diatoms identified in modern sediments of 62 Canadian Arctic lakes. Three hundred and twenty-six taxa were found.

Taxon name	Taxonomic authority	Maximum % abundance	# lakes found
<i>Achnanthes acares</i>	Hohn & Hellermann	0.25	2
<i>Achnanthes broenlundensis</i>	Foged	0.64	5
<i>Achnanthes carissima</i>	Lange-Bertalot	2.11	15
<i>Achnanthes conspicua</i>	Mayer	1.67	11
<i>Achnanthes dau</i>	Foged	1.82	5
<i>Achnanthes exigua</i>	Grunow	0.13	2
<i>Achnanthes gracillima</i>	Hustedt	0.98	8
<i>Achnanthes grana</i>	Hohn & Hellermann	3.68	7
<i>Achnanthes impexiformis</i>	Lange-Bertalot	1.52	10
<i>Achnanthes ingratiiformis</i>	Lange-Bertalot	1.99	4
<i>Achnanthes kriegeri</i>	Krasske	1.14	1
<i>Achnanthes nitidiformis</i>	Lange-Bertalot	1.43	2
<i>Achnanthes nodosa</i>	Cleve	0.76	1
<i>Achnanthes rupestris</i>	Krasske	3.10	4
<i>Achnanthes</i> sp. aff. <i>conspicua</i>	Mayer	0.61	1
<i>Achnanthes zieglei</i>	Lange-Bertalot	0.14	1
<i>Achnanthidium exilis</i>	(Kützing) Round & Bukhtiyarova	0.79	4
<i>Achnanthidium minutissimum</i>	(Kützing) Czarniecki	20.16	55
<i>Adalfia bryophila</i>	(Petersen) Lange-Bertalot	6.85	18
<i>Adalfia minuscula</i>	(Grunow) Lange-Bertalot	3.35	19
<i>Amphipleura</i> cf. <i>kriegeriana</i>	(Krasske) Hustedt	0.46	1
<i>Amphipleura pellucida</i>	(Kützing) Kützing	0.83	5
<i>Amphora aequalis</i>	Krammer	1.90	5
<i>Amphora copulata</i>	(Kützing) Schoeman & Archibald	55.11	45
<i>Amphora copulata</i> morph B	(Kützing) Schoeman & Archibald	3.17	11
<i>Amphora dusenii</i>	Brun	0.38	2
<i>Amphora holsatica</i>	Kützing	0.95	4
<i>Amphora inariensis</i>	Krammer	47.86	41
<i>Amphora neglecta</i>	Stoermer & Yang	8.23	6
<i>Amphora ovalis</i>	(Kützing) Kützing	0.31	5
<i>Amphora pediculus</i>	(Kützing) Grunow	23.69	29
<i>Amphora thumensis</i>	(Mayer) Cleve-Euler	2.94	15
<i>Amphora veneta</i>	Kützing	0.54	3
<i>Aneumastus tusculus</i>	(Ehrenberg) D.G. Mann	1.86	15
<i>Aulacoseira distans</i>	(Ehrenberg) Simonsen	0.16	8
<i>Bacillaria paradoxa</i>	Gmelin	0.13	1
<i>Brachysira brebissonii</i> morph I	Ross	0.12	1
<i>Brachysira neoexilis</i>	Lange-Bertalot	2.57	11
<i>Brachysira styriaca</i>	(Grunow) Ross	0.13	1
<i>Brachysira zellensis</i>	(Grunow) Round & Mann	0.48	1
<i>Caloneis</i> (?nov) spec. cf. <i>aemula</i> var. <i>ventricosa</i>	Schulz	0.31	1
<i>Caloneis bacillum</i>	(Grunow) Cleve	2.76	12
<i>Caloneis hendyii</i> complex	Lange-Bertalot	7.61	32
<i>Caloneis schumanniana</i>	(Grunow) Cleve	0.31	2
<i>Caloneis silicula</i>	(Ehrenberg) Cleve	0.30	4
<i>Caloneis silicula</i> var. <i>alpina</i>	Cleve	2.91	6
<i>Caloneis tenuis</i>	(Gregory) Krammer	5.21	18
<i>Caloneis thermalis</i>	(Grunow) Krammer	0.11	1
<i>Campylodiscus hibernicus</i>	Ehrenberg	0.65	14
<i>Cavinula cocconeiformis</i>	(Gregory) D.G. Mann & Stickle	3.02	3
<i>Cavinula jaernefeltii</i>	(Hustedt) D.G. Mann & Stickle	0.54	5
<i>Cavinula pseudoscutiformis</i>	(Hustedt) D.G. Mann & Stickle	0.68	12
<i>Cavinula scutiformis</i>	(Grunow) D.G. Mann & Stickle	0.25	2
<i>Chamaepinnularia gandrupii</i> (? var.)	(Petersen) Lange-Bertalot & Krammer	0.10	1
<i>Chamaepinnularia krookii</i>	(Grunow) Lange-Bertalot & Krammer	19.25	1
<i>Chamaepinnularia soehrensii</i>	(Krasske) Lange-Bertalot & Krammer	5.58	8
<i>Chamaepinnularia</i> sp. 1		2.82	3
<i>Cocconeis neothumensis</i>	Krammer	0.59	11
<i>Cocconeis pediculus</i>	Ehrenberg	5.65	10
<i>Cocconeis placentula</i> var. <i>euglypta</i>	Ehrenberg	6.74	22
<i>Coccinodiscus</i> sp.		0.32	3
<i>Craticula cuspidata</i>	(Kützing) D.G. Mann	0.07	2
<i>Craticula halophiloides</i>	(Hustedt) Lange-Bertalot	0.05	1
<i>Cyclotella antiqua</i>	W. Smith	0.64	11
<i>Cyclotella bodanica</i> var. <i>lemanica/schumannii</i> complex	(O.Müller ex Schröter) Bachmann	0.96	14
<i>Cyclotella</i> cf. <i>atomus</i>	Hustedt	0.93	3
<i>Cyclotella michiganina</i>	Skvortzow	1.79	1
<i>Cyclotella ocellata</i>	Pantocsek	5.22	11
<i>Cyclotella rossii</i>	Håkansson	1.19	14
<i>Cyclotella stelligera</i> (form 1)	Cleve & Grunow	0.68	9
<i>Cyclotella stelligera</i> (form 2)	Cleve & Grunow	32.10	19
<i>Cymatopleura solea</i>	(Brébisson) W. Smith	0.00	1
<i>Cymbella amphicephala</i>	Nägeli	1.12	16
<i>Cymbella amphicephala</i> var. <i>hercynica</i>	(A. Schmidt) Cleve	0.72	12
<i>Cymbella angustata</i>	(W. Smith) Cleve	8.29	20
<i>Cymbella arctica</i>	(Lagerstedt) Schmidt	0.27	1
<i>Cymbella botellus</i>	(Lagerstedt) Schmidt	3.19	8
<i>Cymbella</i> cf. <i>ehrenbergii</i>	Kützing	0.13	1
<i>Cymbella cleve-eulerae</i>	Krammer	0.93	12
<i>Cymbella delicatula</i>	Kützing	4.40	6
<i>Cymbella incerta</i>	(Grunow) Cleve	1.08	3
<i>Cymbella incerta</i> var. <i>crassipunctata</i>	Krammer	7.66	12

Taxon name	Taxonomic authority	Maximum % abundance	# lakes found
<i>Cymbella incerta</i> var. <i>linearis</i>	Grunow	0.24	1
<i>Cymbella lanceolata</i>	(Ehrenberg) Kirchner	0.00	1
<i>Cymbella neocistula</i>	Krammer	0.43	3
<i>Cymbella</i> sp. aff. <i>designata</i>	Krammer	1.71	13
<i>Cymbella subaequalis</i> morph B	Grunow	2.80	5
<i>Cymbella subarctica</i>	Krammer	0.31	4
<i>Cymbella subleptoceros</i>	Krammer	0.16	1
<i>Cymbopleura cuspidata</i>	(Kützing) Lange-Bertalot & Genkal?	0.33	5
<i>Cymbopleura designata</i>	(Krammer) Lange-Bertalot & Genkal?	0.48	8
<i>Cymbopleura stauroneiformis</i>	(Lagerstedt) Lange-Bertalot & Genkal?	0.96	4
<i>Denticula</i> (?) <i>tenuis</i> var.	Krammer & Lange-Bertalot (1997; Taf.100)	1.91	1
<i>Denticula elegans</i>	Kützing	0.96	4
<i>Denticula kuetzingii</i>	Grunow	46.47	26
<i>Denticula tenuis</i>	Kützing	1.16	15
<i>Diadesmis</i> cf. <i>gallica</i>	Wm. Smith	18.34	3
<i>Diadesmis</i> cf. <i>gallica</i> var. ?	Wm. Smith	0.24	1
<i>Diadesmis contenta</i>	(Grunow) D.G. Mann	1.07	7
<i>Diadesmis perpusilla</i>	(Grunow) D.G. Mann	1.23	8
<i>Diatoma tenuis</i>	Kützing	0.62	3
<i>Diploneis marginestrata</i>	Hustedt	0.95	5
<i>Diploneis</i> nov. spec. Nr. 1	Julma Ölkky	1.14	8
<i>Diploneis oblongella</i>	(Nägeli) Cleve-Euler	0.95	10
<i>Diploneis occulata</i>	(Brébisson) Cleve	4.44	26
<i>Diploneis ovalis</i>	(Hilse) Cleve	0.60	4
<i>Diploneis ovalis</i> cf. ssp. <i>ovalis</i>	(Hilse) Cleve	0.27	2
<i>Diploneis ovalis</i> ssp. <i>ovalis</i>	(Hilse) Cleve	0.63	2
<i>Diploneis parma</i>	Cleve	1.26	15
<i>Encyonema auerswaldii</i>	Rabenhorst	0.14	1
<i>Encyonema</i> cf. <i>obscurum</i> var. <i>alpina</i>	Krammer	0.32	2
<i>Encyonema</i> cf. <i>subminutum</i>	Krammer & Lange-Bertalot	0.30	3
<i>Encyonema elginense</i>	(Krammer) D.G.Mann	0.61	4
<i>Encyonema gaeumanni</i>	(Meister) Krammer	0.93	14
<i>Encyonema latens</i>	(Krasske) D.G.Mann	0.81	8
<i>Encyonema minutum</i>	(Hilse) D.G. Mann	0.96	17
<i>Encyonema norvegicum</i>	(Grunow) Mills	0.63	9
<i>Encyonema obscurum</i>	(Krasske) D.G.Mann	0.27	2
<i>Encyonema obscurum</i> var. <i>alpina</i>	Krammer	2.01	3
<i>Encyonema silesiacum</i>	(Bleisch) D.G. Mann	1.76	32
<i>Encyonema ventricosum</i>	(Agardh) Grunow	3.33	18
<i>Encyonopsis behrei</i>	(Foged) Krammer & Metzeltin	0.16	3
<i>Encyonopsis cesatii</i>	Krammer	1.24	6
<i>Encyonopsis cesatii</i>	(Rabenhorst) Krammer	3.83	3
<i>Encyonopsis descripta</i>	(Hustedt) Krammer	4.87	17
<i>Encyonopsis microcephala</i>	(Grunow) Krammer	8.61	20
<i>Encyonopsis subminuta</i>	Krammer & Reichardt	6.36	9
<i>Eucocconeis alpestris</i>	(Brun) Lange-Bertalot	0.31	3
<i>Eucocconeis flexella</i>	(Kützing) Cleve	2.88	23
<i>Eucocconeis laevis</i>	(Østrup) Lange-Bertalot	2.95	19
<i>Eucocconeis leptostriata</i>	Lange-Bertalot	4.81	10
<i>Eunotia arcus</i>	Ehrenberg	7.30	13
<i>Eunotia bilunaris</i> var. <i>mucophila</i>	Lange-Bertalot, Nörpel & Alles	0.49	1
<i>Eunotia faba</i>	Ehrenberg	0.32	1
<i>Eunotia inflata</i>	(Grunow) Nörpel-Schempp & Lange-Bertalot	0.49	5
<i>Eunotia praerupta</i>	Ehrenberg	2.64	2
<i>Fallacia</i> (<i>Sellaphora</i> ?) <i>helensis</i>	(E.Schulz) D.G. Mann	2.06	7
<i>Fallacia lenzii</i>	(Hustedt) D.G. Mann	5.08	19
<i>Fallacia pygmaea</i>	(Kützing) Stickle & D.G. Mann	0.13	1
<i>Fallacia subhamatula</i>	(Grunow) D.G. Mann	0.95	7
<i>Fallacia sublucidula</i>	(Hustedt) D.G. Mann	1.17	6
<i>Fragilaria capucina</i> var. <i>vaucheria</i> complex	(Kützing) Lange-Bertalot	22.05	12
<i>Fragilaria cycloptum</i>	(Brutschy) Lange-Bertalot	0.00	1
<i>Fragilaria microstriata</i>	Marciniak	26.72	26
<i>Fragilaria oldenburgiana</i> complex	Hustedt	21.42	20
<i>Fragilaria oldenburgioides/ Pseudostaurisira brevistriata</i> complex	Lange-Bertalot/(Grunow) D.M. Williams & Round	19.40	30
<i>Fragilaria tenera</i>	(W. Smith) Lange-Bertalot	2.80	13
<i>Frustulia rhomboides</i> var. <i>saxonica</i>	(Rabenhorst) DeToni	0.16	1
<i>Geissleria cummerowi</i>	(L.Kalbe) Lange-Bertalot	0.79	3
<i>Geissleria declivis</i>	(Hustedt) Lange-Bertalot	0.32	1
<i>Geissleria schoenfeldii</i>	(Hustedt) Lange-Bertalot & Metzeltin	0.81	5
<i>Geissleria similis</i>	(Krasske) Lange-Bertalot & Metzeltin	0.27	4
<i>Gomphonema gracile</i>	Ehrenberg (in Lange-Bertalot 2/1 fig. 26,27)	2.94	6
<i>Gomphonema "parvulum</i> var. <i>undulatum"</i>	A. Cleve	0.35	1
<i>Gomphonema acuminatum</i>	Ehrenberg	0.62	1
<i>Gomphonema angustatum</i>	(Kützing) Rabenhorst	0.07	1
<i>Gomphonema angustum</i>	Agardh	2.74	5
<i>Gomphonema cf. clavatum</i>	Reichardt	0.53	4
<i>Gomphonema cf. leptoproductum</i>	Lange-Bertalot & Genkal	0.27	1
<i>Gomphonema cf. micropus</i>	Kützing	1.57	1
<i>Gomphonema lacus-vulcani</i>	Reichardt & Lange-Bertalot	0.23	1
<i>Gomphonema pumilum</i> var. <i>elegans</i>	Reichardt & Lange-Bertalot	0.34	1
<i>Gomphonema</i> sp.		0.33	2
<i>Gomphonema</i> sp. 1 (cf. <i>cybelloides</i>)		0.24	1
<i>Gomphonema</i> sp. 2		0.29	1
<i>Gomphonema</i> sp. 3		0.08	1

Taxon name	Taxonomic authority	Maximum % abundance	# lakes found
<i>Gyrosigma acuminatum</i>	(Kützing) Rabenhorst	0.32	11
<i>Hannaea arcus</i>	(Ehrenberg) Patrick	0.22	2
<i>Hippodonta costulata</i>	(Grunow) Lange-Bertalot, Metzeltin & Witkowski	2.06	7
<i>Hippodonta hungarica</i>	(Grunow) Lange-Bertalot, Metzeltin & Witkowski	6.50	21
<i>Hygropetra balfouriana</i>	(Grunow) Krammer & Lange-Bertalot	20.78	28
<i>Hygropetra</i> cf. <i>balfouriana</i>	(Grunow) Krammer & Lange-Bertalot	0.93	2
<i>Karayevia clevei</i> var. <i>rostrata</i>	(Grunow) Kingston	1.11	10
<i>Karayevia laterostrata</i>	(Hustedt) Round & Bukhtiyarova	1.59	9
<i>Kobayasiella jaajii</i>	(Meister) Lange-Bertalot	0.36	1
<i>Kolbesia suchlandtii</i>	(Hustedt) Kingston	1.16	7
<i>Licmophora</i> cf. <i>gracilis</i> var. <i>anglica</i>	(Kützing) Peragallo	0.13	2
<i>Meridiam circulare</i>	(Greville) Agardh	0.27	1
<i>Microcostatus krasskei</i>	(Hustedt) Johansen & Sray	2.22	12
<i>Navicula (Placoneis?) explanata</i>	Hustedt	1.01	6
<i>Navicula absoluta</i>	Hustedt	5.68	30
<i>Navicula</i> aff. <i>phylepta</i>	Kützing	7.64	7
<i>Navicula aurora</i> (incl. <i>aurora</i> var?)	Sovereign	0.25	4
<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>arvensis</i>	Hustedt	0.46	3
<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>fluens</i>	Hustedt	2.93	17
<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>trophicatrix</i>	Lange-Bertalot	1.10	9
<i>Navicula cincta</i>	(Ehrenberg) Ralfs	2.27	2
<i>Navicula concentrica</i>	Carter	0.12	1
<i>Navicula cryptocephala/nota/chiarae</i> complex	Kützing/Hohn & Helleman/Lange-Bertalot & Genkal	7.31	30
<i>Navicula cryptotenella</i>	Lange-Bertalot	1.44	16
<i>Navicula cryptotenelloides</i>	Lange-Bertalot	0.75	10
<i>Navicula dealpina</i>	Lange-Bertalot	1.89	5
<i>Navicula difficillima</i>	Hustedt	1.27	6
<i>Navicula digituloides</i>	Lange-Bertalot	1.12	5
<i>Navicula digitulus</i>	Hustedt	2.82	13
<i>Navicula gastrum</i> var. <i>signata</i>	Hustedt	0.72	1
<i>Navicula interglacialis</i>	Hustedt	0.22	3
<i>Navicula libonensis</i>	Schoeman	5.37	3
<i>Navicula lucinensis</i>	Hustedt	0.31	1
<i>Navicula menisculus</i>	Schumann	6.43	8
<i>Navicula modica</i>	Hustedt	2.57	7
<i>Navicula muraloides</i>	Hustedt	0.22	1
<i>Navicula oblonga</i>	(Kützing) Kützing	0.15	2
<i>Navicula pseudosilicula</i>	Hustedt	0.35	1
<i>Navicula radiosa</i>	Kützing	0.46	7
<i>Navicula reinhardtii</i>	Grunow	0.38	8
<i>Navicula rhynchotella</i>	Lange-Bertalot	0.10	2
<i>Navicula rhyncocephala</i>	Kützing	0.45	8
<i>Navicula schmassmannii (Diadesmis sp.aff. contenta?)</i>	Hustedt	1.74	8
<i>Navicula seminulum</i>	Grunow	18.63	2
<i>Navicula</i> sp.		0.22	2
<i>Navicula vittosa</i>	Schimanski	2.20	3
<i>Navicula vulpina</i>	Kützing	5.07	13
<i>Navicula(dicta)</i> cf. <i>raedieriae</i>	Lange-Bertalot	0.24	2
<i>Navicula(dicta)</i> <i>raedieriae</i>	Lange-Bertalot	17.86	3
<i>Neidopsis wulffii</i>	(Petersen) Lange-Bertalot	0.40	1
<i>Neidium affine</i> var. <i>longiceps</i>	(Gregory) Cleve	0.49	1
<i>Neidium ampliatum</i>	(Ehrenberg) Krammer	5.93	14
<i>Neidium bergii</i>	(Cleve-Euler) Krammer	3.01	5
<i>Neidium bisulcatum</i>	(Lagerstedt) Cleve	0.31	5
<i>Neidium distinctepunctatum</i>	Hustedt	1.60	6
<i>Neidium dubium</i>	(Ehrenberg) Cleve	0.27	6
<i>Neidium dubium</i> fo. <i>constrictum</i>	(Hustedt) Hustedt	0.00	1
<i>Neidium kozlovii</i> var. <i>ellipticum</i>	Mereschkowsky	0.32	2
<i>Neidium ladogensis</i>	(Cleve) Foged	0.65	2
<i>Neidium</i> sp. aff. <i>alpinum</i>	Hustedt	0.32	1
<i>Neidium</i> sp. nov.		2.38	1
<i>Neidium</i> sp. nov. <i>Lange-Bertalot</i>	Lange-Bertalot	0.48	1
<i>Nitzschia</i> aff. <i>draveillensis</i>	Costé & Ricard	0.94	2
<i>Nitzschia amphibia</i> f. <i>frauenfeldii</i>	Grunow	0.32	2
<i>Nitzschia amphibia</i> f. <i>rostrata</i>	Hustedt	0.26	1
<i>Nitzschia angustata</i>	(W. Smith) Grunow	0.32	3
<i>Nitzschia angustiforaminata</i>	Lange-Bertalot	0.54	3
<i>Nitzschia bryophila</i>	(Hustedt) Hustedt	0.63	1
<i>Nitzschia</i> cf. <i>amphibia</i>	Grunow	1.43	9
<i>Nitzschia commutata</i>	Grunow	0.80	2
<i>Nitzschia debilis</i>	(Arnott) Grunow	0.13	1
<i>Nitzschia dissipata</i>	(Kützing) Grunow	2.06	28
<i>Nitzschia dissipata</i> var. <i>media</i>	(Hantzsch) Grunow	0.57	3
<i>Nitzschia fonticola</i>	Grunow	6.30	19
<i>Nitzschia frustulum</i>	(Kützing) Grunow	22.56	21
<i>Nitzschia frustulum</i> var. <i>inconspicua</i>	Grunow	2.12	3
<i>Nitzschia gracilis</i>	Hantzsch	0.80	10
<i>Nitzschia palea</i>	(Kützing) W. Smith	12.87	12
<i>Nitzschia palea</i> var. <i>temuirostris</i>	Grunow	0.94	5
<i>Nitzschia perminuta</i>	(Grunow) Peragallo	8.08	27
<i>Nitzschia pura</i>	Hustedt	1.74	3
<i>Nitzschia recta</i>	Hantzsch	0.62	3
<i>Nitzschia sinuata</i> var. 1		0.92	1
<i>Nitzschia sinuata</i> var. <i>delognei</i>	(Grunow) Lange-Bertalot	0.16	1

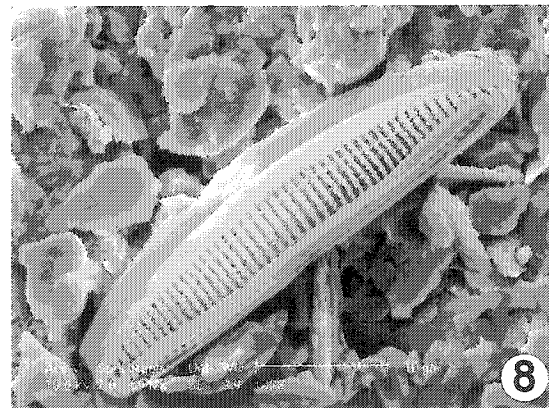
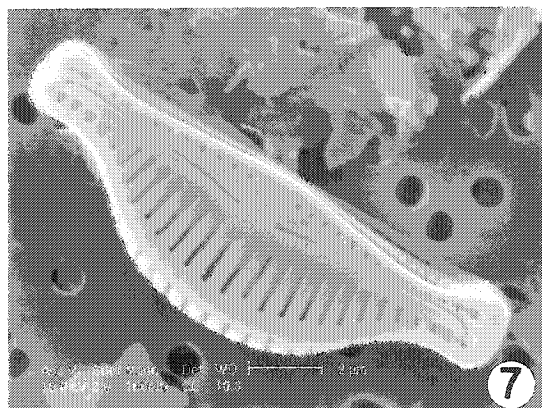
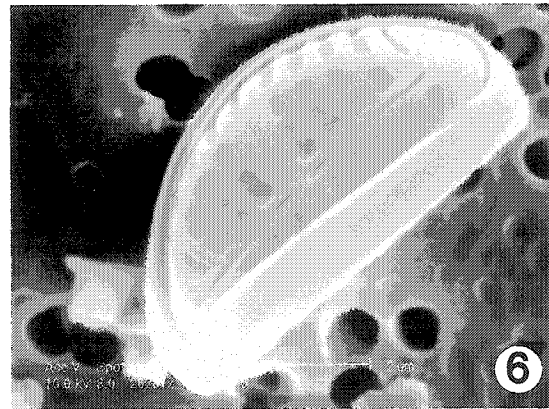
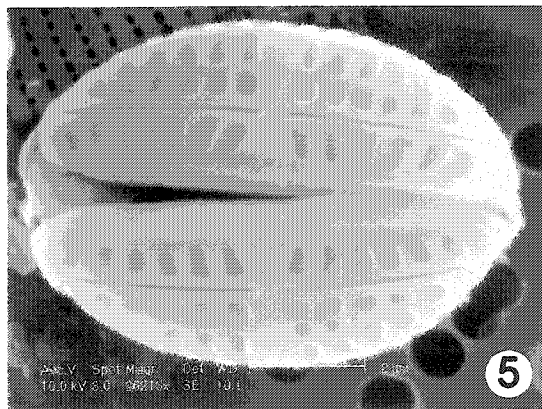
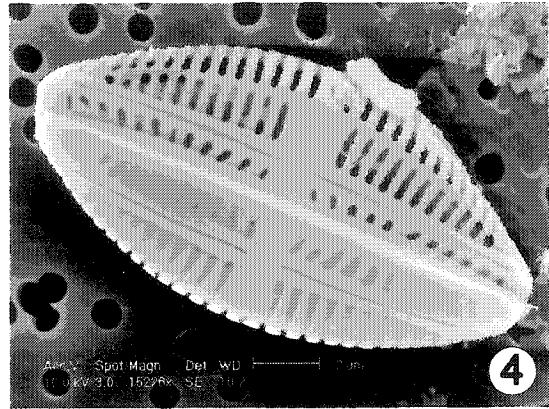
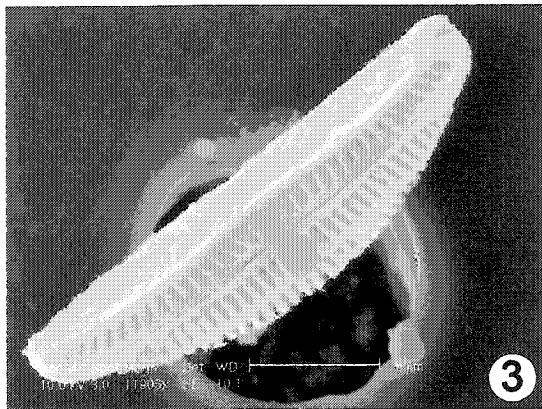
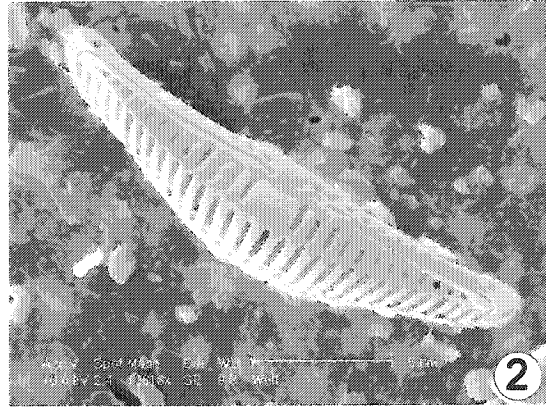
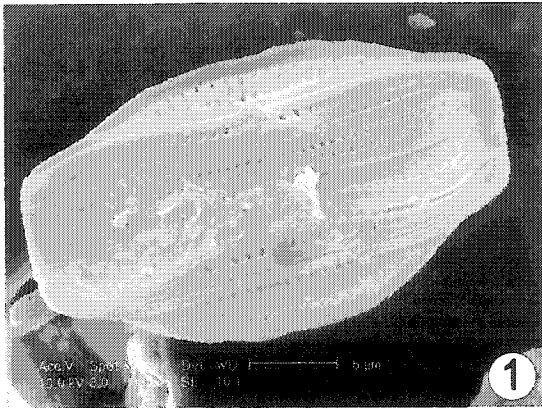
Taxon name	Taxonomic authority	Maximum % abundance	# lakes found
<i>Nitzschia sinuata</i> var. <i>sinuata</i>	(Thwaites) Grunow	0.32	1
<i>Nitzschia sinuata</i> var. <i>tabellaria</i>	(Grunow) Grunow	0.48	2
<i>Nitzschia</i> sp.		0.25	1
<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 3 aff. <i>dealpina</i>	Lange-Bertalot	4.45	9
<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 4		4.29	1
<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 1 cf. <i>fonticola</i>	Grunow	5.53	19
<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 2 cf. <i>dealpina</i>	Lange-Bertalot	11.97	11
<i>Nitzschia inconspicua</i>	Grunow	10.10	14
<i>Pinnularia biceps</i>	Gregory	0.63	5
<i>Pinnularia birmirkiana</i>	Patrick & Freese	2.54	6
<i>Pinnularia borealis</i> var. <i>lanceolata</i>	Hustedt	0.00	1
<i>Pinnularia brebissonii</i>	(Kützing) Rabenhorst	0.40	9
<i>Pinnularia</i> cf. <i>brebissonii</i>	(Kützing) Rabenhorst	0.16	1
<i>Pinnularia nodosa</i> morph 1	(Ehrenberg) Smith	6.95	1
<i>Pinnularia nodosiformis</i>	Krammer	0.18	1
<i>Pinnularia rhombarea</i>	Krammer	1.54	9
<i>Pinnularia</i> sp.		0.32	2
<i>Pinnularia</i> sp. 1		0.27	1
<i>Placoneis elginensis</i>	(Gregory) Cox	0.47	5
<i>Placoneis placentula</i>	(Ehrenberg) Heinzerling	0.32	2
<i>Placoneis pseudanglica</i>	(Lange-Bertalot) Cox	0.45	8
<i>Planothidium calcar</i>	(Cleve) Round & Bukhtiyarova	0.27	3
<i>Planothidium frequentissimum</i>	(Lange-Bertalot) Round & Bukhtiyarova	2.06	9
<i>Planothidium lanceolatum</i> (ssp. oder aff. ssp. <i>lanceolatooides</i> ?)	(Brébisson) Round & Bukhtiyarova	0.49	2
<i>Planothidium oestrupii</i>	(Cleve-Euler) Round & Bukhtiyarova	1.72	8
<i>Planothidium peragallii</i>	(Bran & Héribaud) Round & Bukhtiyarova	2.67	5
<i>Planothidium rostatum</i>	(Östrup) Round & Bukhtiyarova	0.40	2
<i>Psammothidium abundans</i> f. <i>rosenstockii</i>	(Lange-Bertalot) Bukhtiyarova	16.50	19
<i>Psammothidium bioretii</i>	(Gormain) Bukhtiyarova & Round	1.35	16
<i>Psammothidium didymum</i>	(Hustedt) Bukhtiyarova & Round	0.75	2
<i>Psammothidium grischurum</i> f. <i>daonensis</i>	(Lange-Bertalot) Bukhtiyarova & Round	42.16	15
<i>Psammothidium helveticum</i>	(Hustedt) Bukhtiyarova & Round	2.38	19
<i>Psammothidium levanderi</i>	(Hustedt) Czarn	3.40	15
<i>Psammothidium marginulatum</i>	(Grunow) Bukhtiyarova & Round	33.17	9
<i>Psammothidium sacculum</i>	(Carter) Bukhtiyarova	1.84	14
<i>Psammothidium subatomoides</i>	(Hustedt) Bukhtiyarova & Round	0.64	6
<i>Psammothidium ventralis</i>	(Krassek) Bukhtiyarova & Round	3.59	8
<i>Pseudostaurosira brevistriata</i> (form 1)	(Grunow) D.M. Williams & Round	7.23	4
<i>Pseudostaurosira brevistriata</i> var. <i>inflata</i>	(Pantocsek) Edlund	51.65	35
<i>Pseudostaurosira pseudoconstruens</i>	(Marciniak) D.M. Williams & Round	49.84	50
<i>Reimeria sinuata</i>	(Gregory) Kocielek & Stoermer	0.69	3
<i>Rhopalodia</i> aff. <i>gibba</i>	(Ehrenberg) O. Müller	0.29	1
<i>Rosithidium petersenii</i>	(Hustedt) Round & Bukhtiyarova	4.15	10
<i>Rosithidium pusillum</i>	(Grunow) Round & Bukhtiyarova	6.85	19
<i>Sellaphora bacillum</i>	(Ehrenberg) D.G. Mann	0.44	12
<i>Sellaphora laevis</i>	(Kützing) D.G. Mann	1.96	3
<i>Sellaphora mutata</i>	(Krassek) Lange-Bertalot	2.06	16
<i>Sellaphora pupula</i> morph 4	(Kützing) Mereschkowski Morphotyp Nr. 4	19.87	7
<i>Sellaphora pupula</i> var. <i>pupula</i>	(Ehrenberg) Mereschkowsky	1.76	23
<i>Sellaphora verecundiae</i>	Lange-Bertalot	0.32	5
<i>Simonsenia delognei</i>	(Grunow) Lange-Bertalot	0.46	1
<i>Stauroneis</i> (nov) spec. cf. <i>amphicephala</i>	Kützing	0.04	1
<i>Stauroneis anceps</i>	Ehrenberg	2.06	14
<i>Stauroneis</i> cf. <i>gracilima</i>	Hustedt	0.13	1
<i>Stauroneis</i> cf. <i>undata</i>	Hustedt	0.16	1
<i>Stauroneis koeltzii</i>	Metzeltin, Witkowski & Lange-Bertalot	7.37	10
<i>Stauroneis neohyalina</i>	Lange-Bertalot & Krammer	1.16	3
<i>Stauroneis phoenicentron</i>	(Nitzsch) Ehrenberg	1.16	7
<i>Stauroneis smithii</i>	Grunow	1.74	11
<i>Stauroneis smithii</i> var. <i>borgei</i>	(Manguin) Hustedt	1.95	10
<i>Stauroneis</i> sp. 1		0.35	1
<i>Stauroneis</i> sp. 2		0.15	1
<i>Staurosira construens</i> var. <i>subsalina</i>	(Hustedt) Bukhtiyarova	11.21	17
<i>Staurosira construens</i> f. <i>exigua</i>	(W. Smith) Bukhtiyarova?	0.33	1
<i>Staurosira venter</i>	(Ehrenberg) Cleve & Möller	58.02	51
<i>Staurosirella pinnata</i>	(Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round	69.39	55
<i>Staurosirella pinnata</i> (long form)	(Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round	25.39	55
<i>Staurosirella pinnata</i> var. <i>lanceolata/acuminatum</i>	(Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round	25.03	37
<i>Stephanodiscus medius</i>	Håkansson	0.16	5
<i>Surirella bifrons</i>	Ehrenberg	0.94	4
<i>Surirella brebissonii</i>	Krammer & Lange-Bertalot	1.12	7
<i>Surirella linearis</i>	W. Smith	0.58	1
<i>Surirella linearis</i> var. <i>constricta</i>	Grunow	0.15	2
<i>Surirella minuta</i>	Brébisson	0.32	5
<i>Surirella turgida</i>	W. Smith	0.63	5
<i>Tabellaria flocculosa</i>	(Roth) Kützing	3.76	9

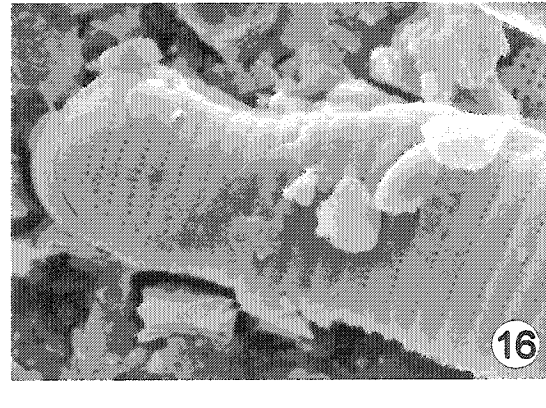
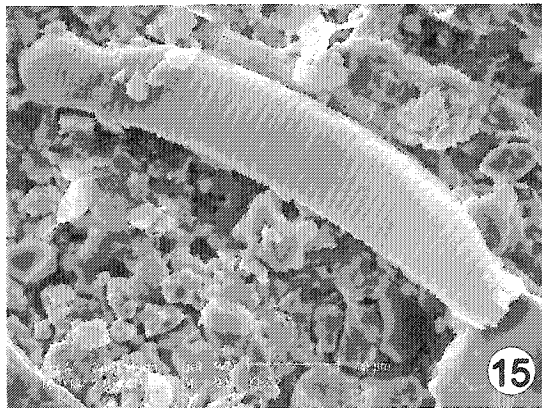
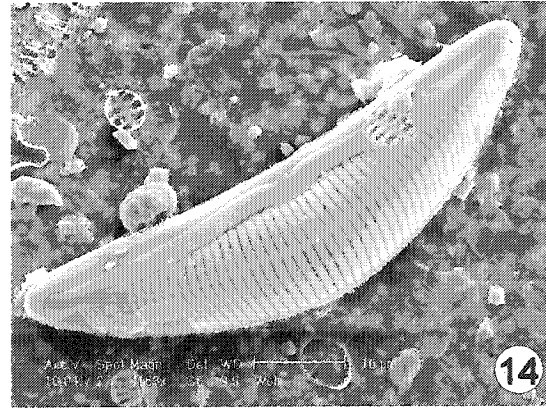
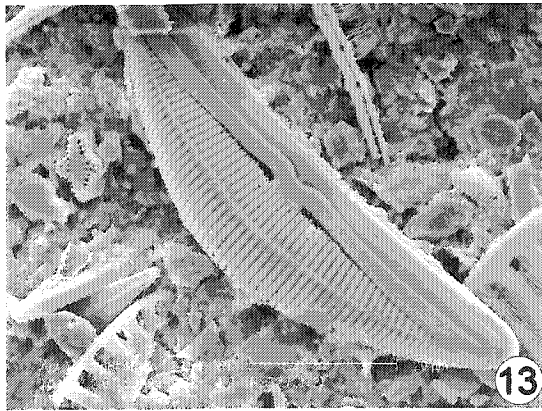
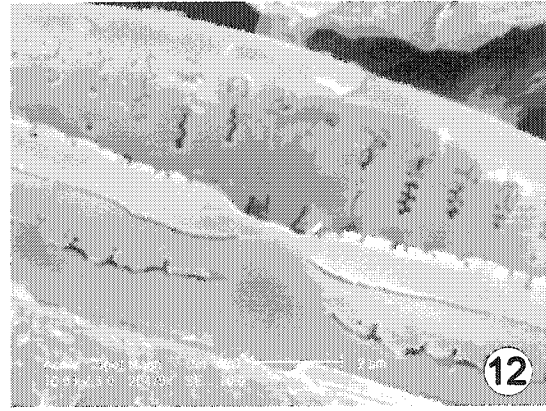
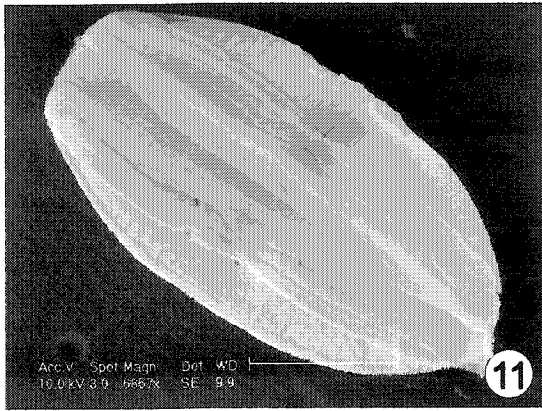
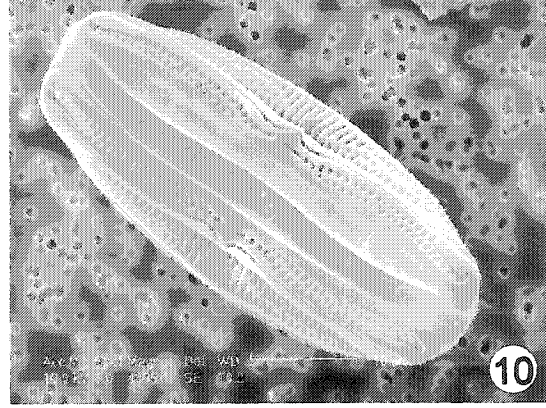
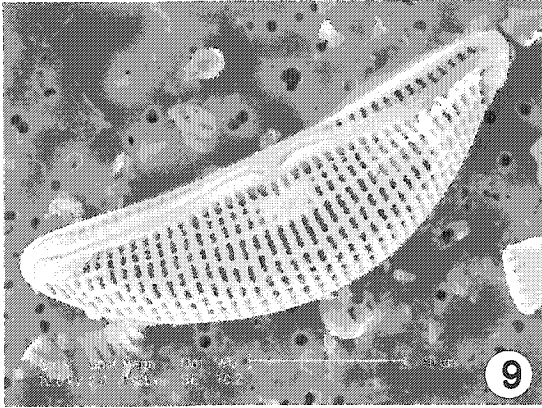
Figure 3.1. Scanning electron micrographs of selected diatoms from the surface sediments of 62 arctic lakes.

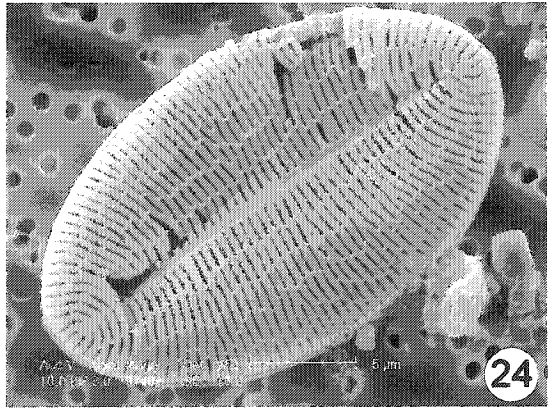
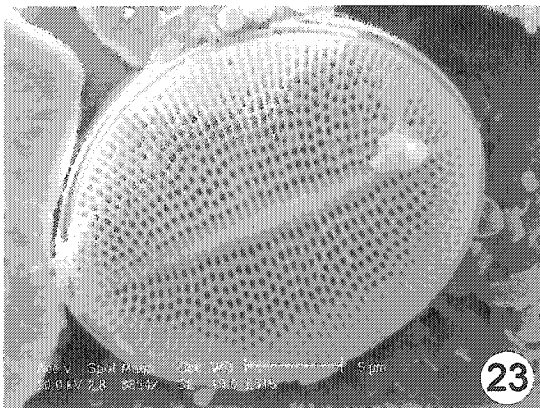
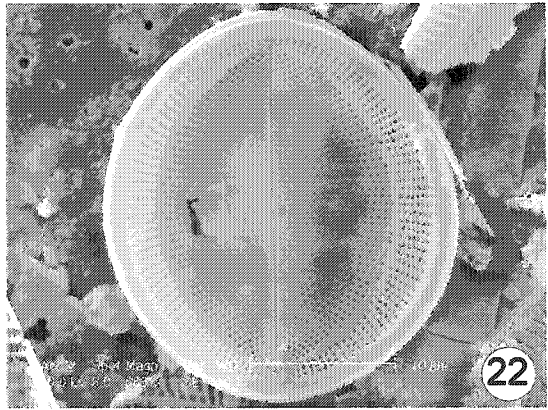
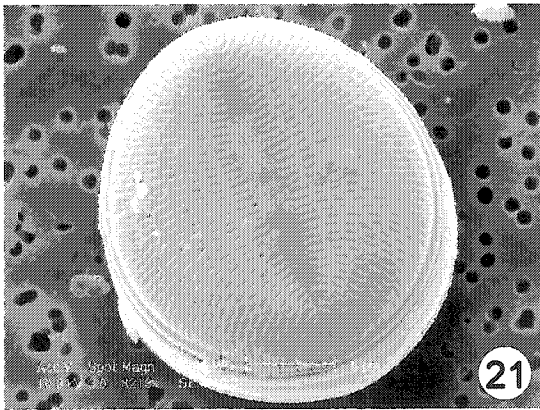
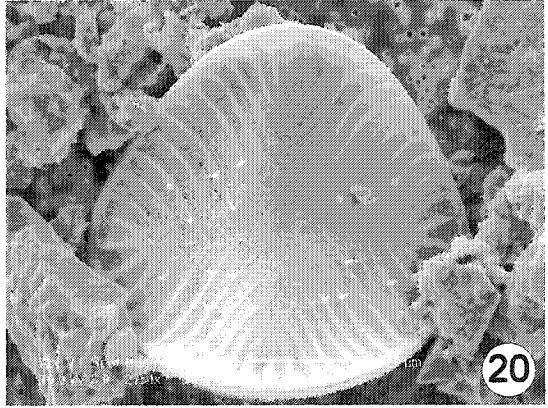
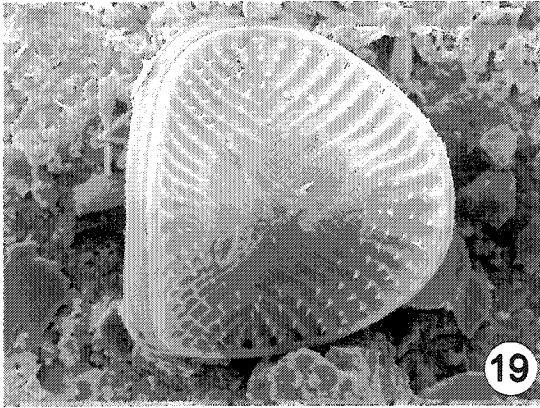
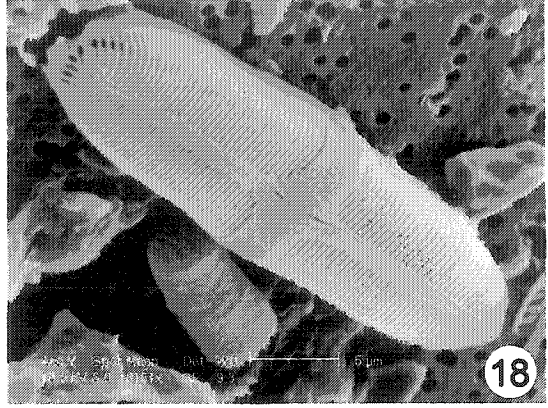
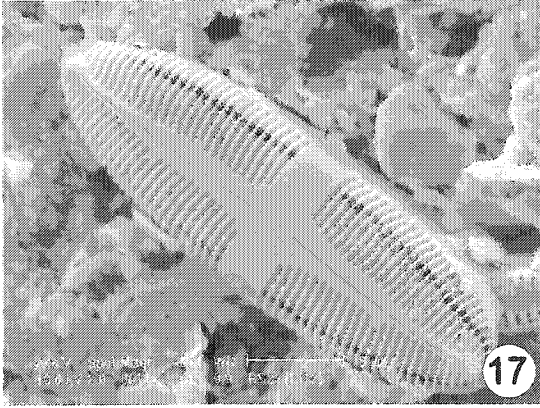
Picture #	Taxon
1	<i>Amphora holsatica</i> Kützing
2	<i>Amphora neglecta</i> Stoermer & Yang
3, 4	<i>Amphora inariensis</i> Krammer
5, 6	<i>Amphora pediculus</i> (Kützing) Grunow
7	<i>Amphora thumensis</i> (Mayer) Cleve-Euler
8	<i>Amphora aequalis</i> Krammer
9	<i>Amphora copulata</i> morph B (Kützing) Schoeman & Archibald
10-12	<i>Amphora copulata</i> (Kützing) Schoeman & Archibald
13, 14	<i>Amphora ovalis</i> (Kützing) Kützing
15, 16	<i>Eunotia arcus</i> Ehrenberg
17, 18	<i>Caloneis hendyii</i> complex Lange-Bertalot
19, 20	<i>Campylodiscus hibernicus</i> Ehrenberg
21-23	<i>Cocconeis pediculus</i> Ehrenberg
24	<i>Cocconeis placentula</i> var. <i>euglypta</i> Ehrenberg
25	<i>Encyonema obscurum</i> var. <i>alpina</i> Krammer
26	<i>Encyonema</i> cf. <i>ventricosum</i> (Agardh) Grunow
27	<i>Encyonema silesiacum</i> (Bleisch) D.G. Mann
28	<i>Encyonema gaeumannii</i> (Meister) Krammer
29	<i>Encyonopsis microcephala</i> (Grunow) Krammer
30	<i>Encyonopsis descripta</i> (Hustedt) Krammer
31, 32	<i>Cymbella</i> sp. aff. <i>designata</i> Krammer
33	<i>Cymbella incerta</i> var. <i>crassipunctata</i> Krammer
34	<i>Cymbella subaequalis</i> morph B Grunow
35	<i>Cymbella delicatula</i> Kützing
36	<i>Cymbella angustata</i> (W. Smith) Cleve
37	<i>Reimeria sinuata</i> (Gregory) Kociolek & Stoermer
38	<i>Amphipleura pellucida</i> (Kützing) Kützing
39, 40	<i>Denticula tenuis</i> Kützing
41	<i>Diploneis ovalis</i> (Hilse) Cleve
42	<i>Diploneis parma</i> Cleve
43, 44	<i>Diploneis ovalis</i> ssp. <i>ovalis</i> (Hilse) Cleve
45	<i>Diploneis</i> cf. <i>dimorpha</i> Hustedt
46-48	<i>Diploneis occulata</i> (Brébisson) Cleve
49	<i>Achnanthes conspicua</i> Mayer
50	<i>Planothidium oestrupii</i> (Cleve-Euler) Round & Bukhtiyarova
51	<i>Psammothidium levanderi</i> (Hustedt) Czarn
52	<i>Psammothidium</i> c.f. <i>sacculum</i> (Carter) Bukhtiyarova
53, 54	<i>Psammothidium grischunum</i> f. <i>daonensis</i> (Lange-Bertalot) Bukhtiyarova & Round
55	<i>Achnanthes nitidiformis</i> Lange-Bertalot
56	<i>Rossithidium pusillum</i> (Grunow) Round & Bukhtiyarova
57	<i>Achnanthidium minutissimum</i> (Kützing) Czarnecki
58	<i>Achnanthidium</i> cf. <i>exilis</i> (Kützing) Round & Bukhtiyarova
59	<i>Planothidium calcar</i> (Cleve) Round & Bukhtiyarova
60	<i>Planothidium peragallii</i> (Brun & Héribaud) Round & Bukhtiyarova

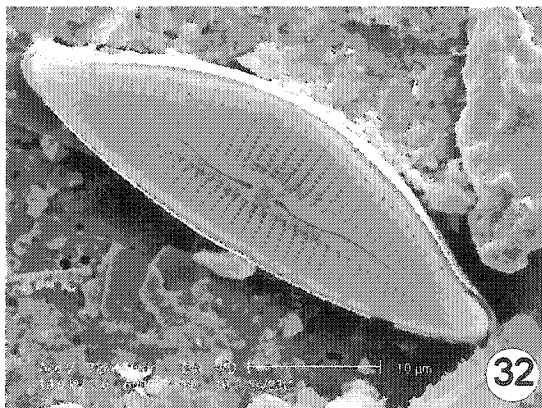
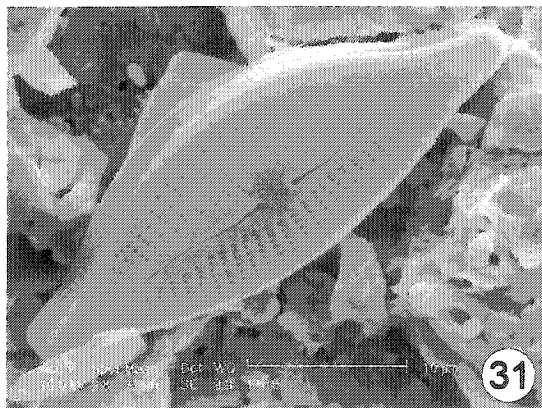
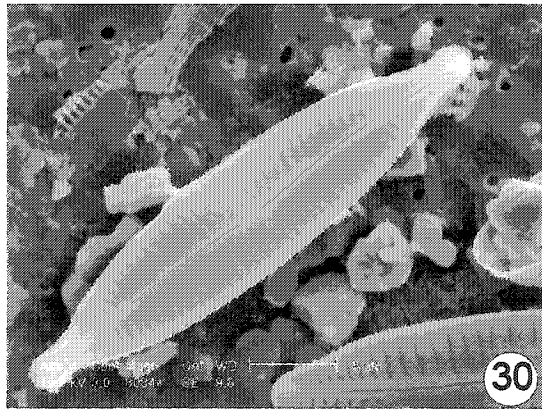
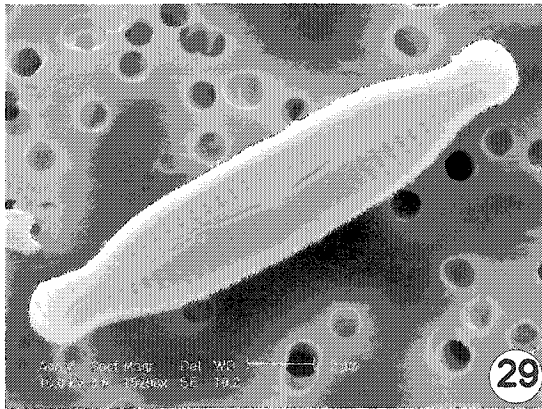
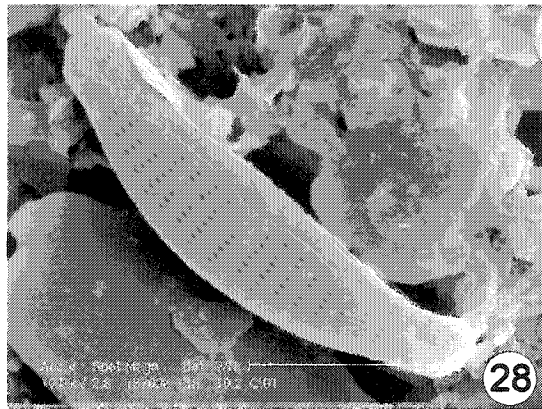
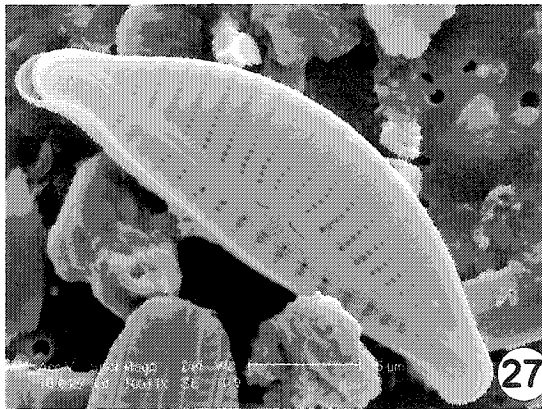
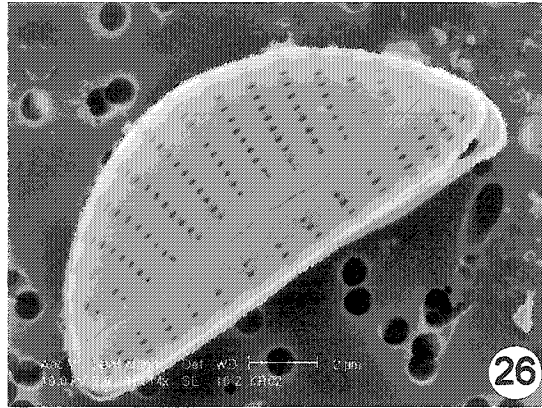
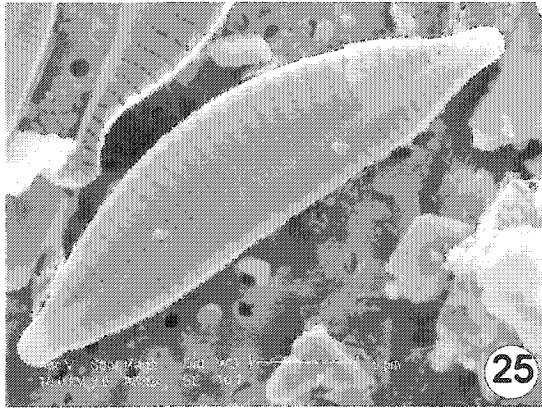
Picture #	Taxon
61	<i>Planothidium frequentissimum</i> (Lange-Bertalot) Round & Bukhtiyarova
62	<i>Karayevia clevei</i> var. <i>rostrata</i> (Grunow) Kingston
63	<i>Achnanthes gracillima</i> Hustedt
64	<i>Psammothidium abundans</i> f. <i>rosenstockii</i> (Lange-Bertalot) Bukhtiyarova
65-68	<i>Navicula seminulum</i> Grunow
69-72	<i>Navicula(dicta) raederiae</i> Lange-Bertalot
73	<i>Navicula schmassmannii</i> (<i>Diadesmis</i> sp.aff. <i>contenta</i> ?) Hustedt
74-80	<i>Achnanthes carissima</i> Lange-Bertalot
81-83	<i>Diadesmis</i> cf. <i>contenta</i> (Grunow) D.G. Mann
84	<i>Diadesmis contenta</i> (Grunow) D.G. Mann
85, 86	<i>Diadesmis perpusilla</i> (Grunow) D.G. Mann
87, 88	<i>Diadesmis</i> cf. <i>gallica</i> Wm. Smith
89-92	<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>fluens</i> Hustedt
93, 94	<i>Adalfia minuscula</i> (Grunow) Lange-Bertalot
95	<i>Navicula digitulus</i> Hustedt
96	<i>Navicula digituloides</i> Lange-Bertalot
97	<i>Cavinula cocconeiformis</i> (Gregory) D.G. Mann & Stickle
98	<i>Fallacia lenzii</i> (Hustedt) D.G. Mann
99-102	<i>Fallacia</i> (<i>Sellaphora</i> ?) <i>helensis</i> (E.Schulz) D.G. Mann
103	<i>Microcostatus krasskei</i> (Hustedt) Johansen & Sray
104	<i>Hippodonta hungarica</i> (Grunow) Lange-Bertalot, Metzeltin & Witkowski
105	<i>Chamaepinnularia</i> sp.1
106	<i>Chamaepinnularia krookii</i> (Grunow) Lange-Bertalot & Krammer
107, 108	<i>Pinnularia</i> cf. <i>nodosiformis</i> Krammer
109	<i>Pinnularia</i> cf. <i>birnirkiana</i> Patrick & Freese
110	<i>Pinnularia brebissonii</i> (Kützing) Rabenhorst
111	<i>Chamaepinnularia soehrensii</i> (Krasske) Lange-Bertalot & Krammer
112-114	<i>Hygropetra balfouriana</i> (Grunow) Krammer & Lange-Bertalot
115-119	<i>Staurosirella pinnata</i> (Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round
120	<i>Staurosirella pinnata</i> (long form) (Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round
121, 122	<i>Staurosirella</i> cf. <i>pinnata</i> (Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round
123	<i>Staurosira</i> cf. <i>venter</i> (Ehrenberg) Cleve & Möller
124-126	<i>Staurosira venter</i> (Ehrenberg) Cleve & Möller
127, 128	<i>Staurosira construens</i> var. <i>subsalina</i> (Hustedt) Bukhtiyarova
129-133	<i>Pseudostaurosira brevistriata</i> (Grunow) D.M. Williams & Round
134, 135	<i>Fragilaria oldenburgioides</i> Lange-Bertalot
136	<i>Fragilaria microstriata</i> Marciniak
137-139	<i>Pseudostaurosira pseudoconstruens</i> (Marciniak) D.M. Williams & Round
140	<i>Fragilaria capucina</i> var. <i>vaucheria</i> complex (Kützing) Lange-Bertalot
141-144	<i>Fragilaria</i> aff. <i>oldenburgiana</i> Hustedt
145-148	<i>Gomphonema angustum</i> Agardh
149	<i>Gomphonema</i> "parvulum var. <i>undulatum</i> " A. Cleve
150	<i>Geissleria schoenfeldii</i> (Hustedt) Lange-Bertalot & Metzeltin
151	<i>Aneumastus tusculus</i> (Ehrenberg) D.G. Mann
152	<i>Surirella turgida</i> W. Smith

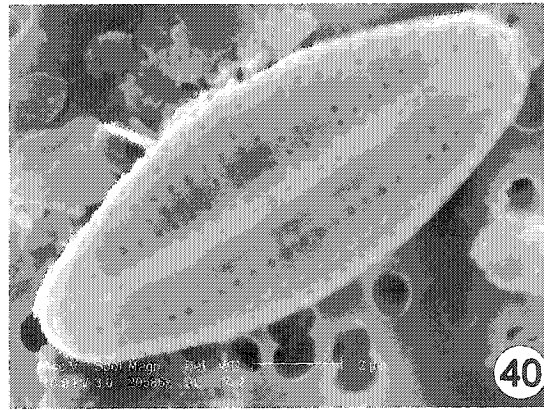
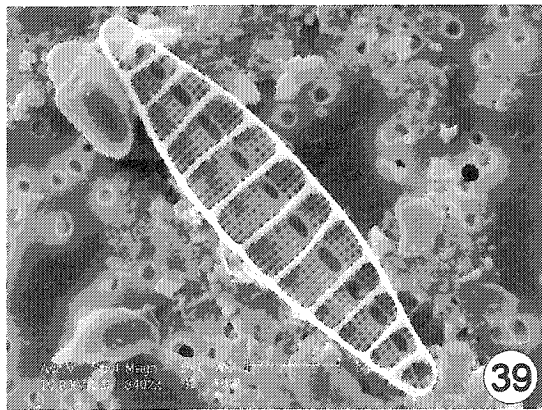
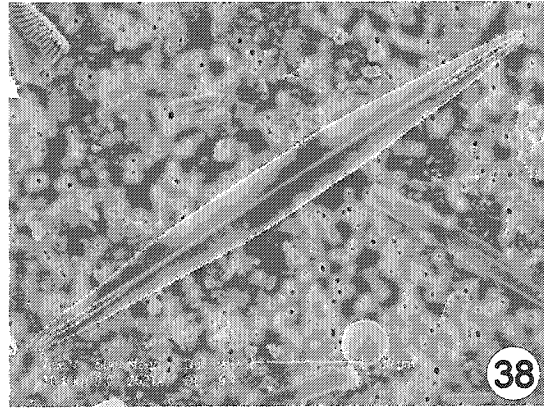
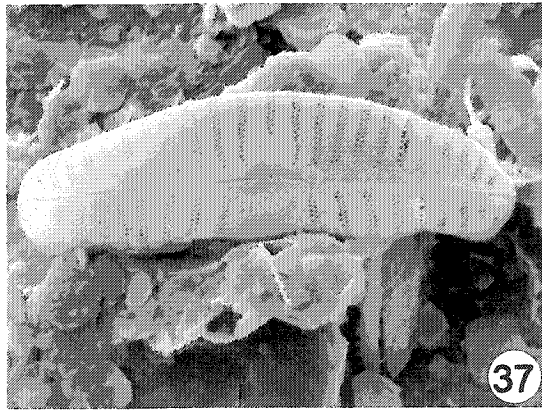
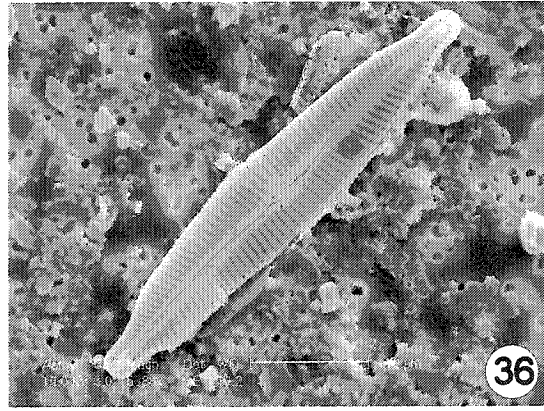
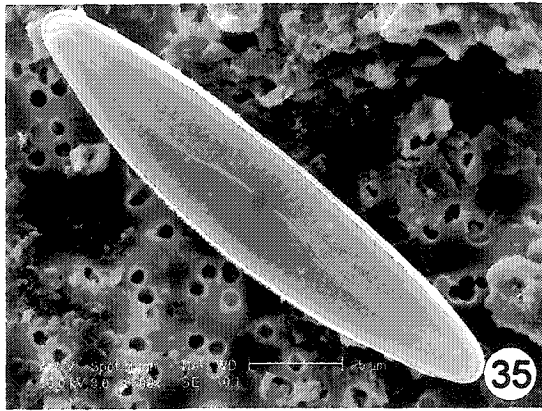
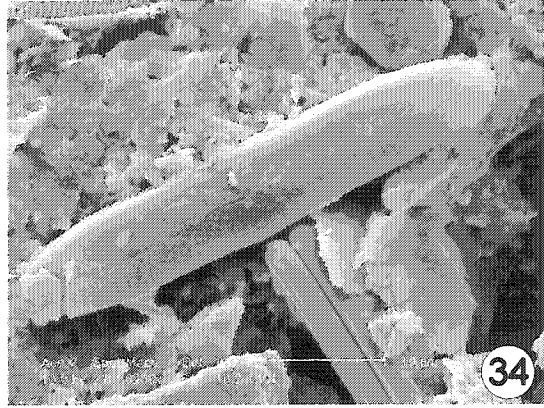
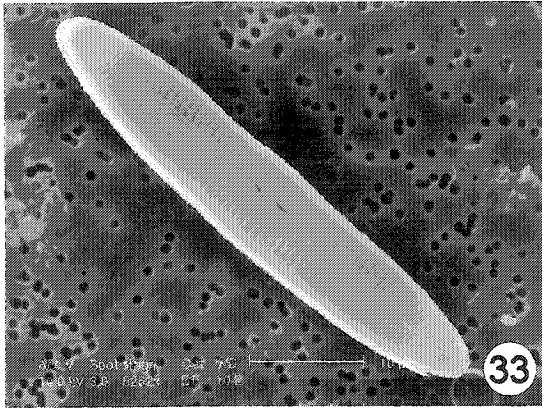
Picture #	Taxon
153	<i>Navicula rhynchotella</i> Lange-Bertalot
154	<i>Navicula reinhardtii</i> Grunow
155	<i>Navicula</i> aff. <i>phylepta</i> Kützing
156	<i>Navicula libonensis</i> Schoeman
157, 158	<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>cryptocephala</i> Kützing
159, 160	<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>chiarae</i> Lange-Bertalot & Genkal
161-163	<i>Navicula menisculus</i> Schumann
164	<i>Navicula absoluta</i> Hustedt
165	<i>Navicula</i> (<i>Placoneis</i> ?) <i>gastrum</i> var. <i>signata</i> Hustedt
166	<i>Placoneis elginensis</i> (Gregory) Cox
167, 168	<i>Rhopalodia</i> aff. <i>gibba</i> (Ehrenberg) O. Müller
169, 170	<i>Nitzschia frustulum</i> var. <i>inconspicua</i> Grunow
171	<i>Nitzschia frustulum</i> (Kützing) Grunow
172	<i>Nitzschia fonticola</i> Grunow
173	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp.1 cf. <i>fonticola</i> Grunow
174	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 3 aff. <i>dealpina</i> Lange-Bertalot
175	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp.2 cf. <i>dealpina</i> Lange-Bertalot
176	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 4
177-180	<i>Nitzschia perminuta</i> (Grunow) Peragallo
181	<i>Nitzschia palea</i> (Kützing) W. Smith
182	<i>Nitzschia angustata</i> (W.Smith) Grunow
183	<i>Nitzschia recta</i> Hantzsch
184	<i>Nitzschia dissipata</i> (Kützing) Grunow
185	<i>Neidium dubium</i> (Ehrenberg) Cleve
186	<i>Neidium distinctepunctatum</i> Hustedt
187, 188	<i>Neidium</i> sp. nov.
189	<i>Neidium bergii</i> (Cleve-Euler) Krammer
190	<i>Neidium</i> cf. <i>bergii</i> (Cleve-Euler) Krammer
191	<i>Brachysira neoexilis</i> Lange-Bertalot
192	<i>Navicula interglacialis</i> Hustedt
193-195	<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>trophicatrix</i> Lange-Bertalot
196	<i>Cyclotella tripartita</i> Håkansson
197, 198	<i>Cyclotella ocellata</i> Pantocsek
199, 200	<i>Cyclotella stelligera</i> (form 2) Cleve & Grunow
201	<i>Sellaphora pupula</i> var. <i>pupula</i> (Ehrenberg) Mereschkowsky
202	<i>Sellaphora bacillum</i> (Ehrenberg) D.G. Mann
203	<i>Sellaphora mutata</i> (Krasske) Lange-Bertalot
204	<i>Sellaphora pupula</i> morph 4 (Kützing) Mereschkowski
205	<i>Stauroneis koeltzii</i> Metzeltin, Witkowski & Lange-Bertalot
206	<i>Stauroneis neohyalina</i> Lange-Bertalot & Krammer
207	<i>Stauroneis smithii</i> Grunow
208	<i>Stauroneis smithii</i> var. <i>borgei</i> (Manguin) Hustedt

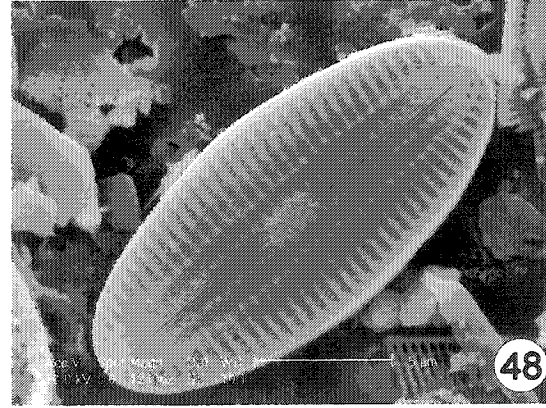
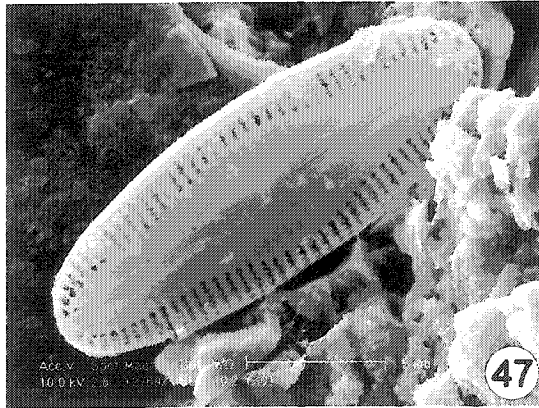
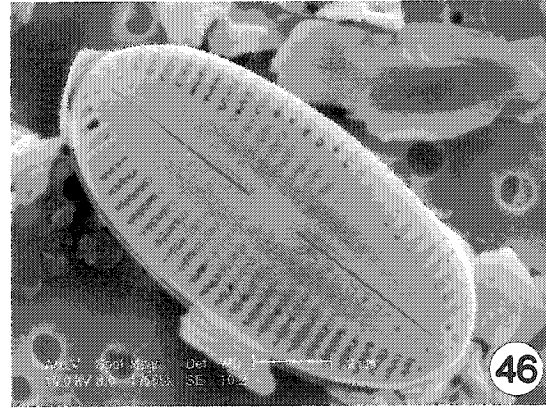
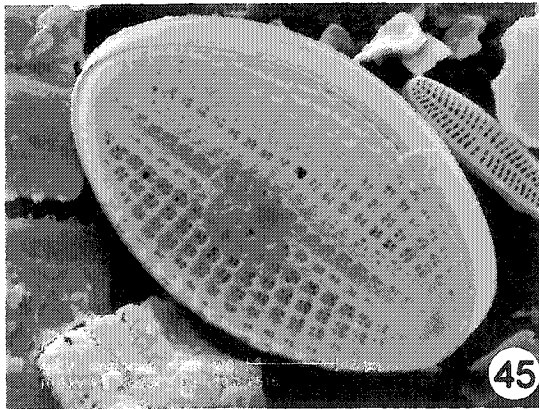
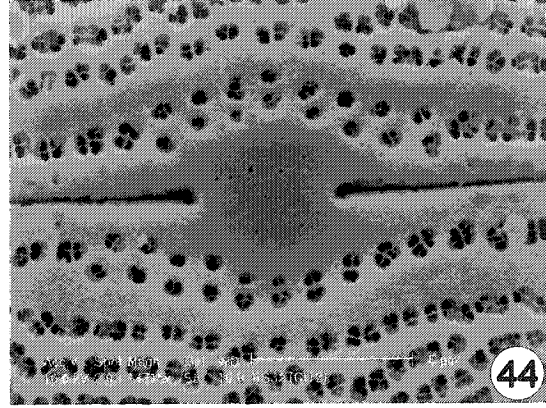
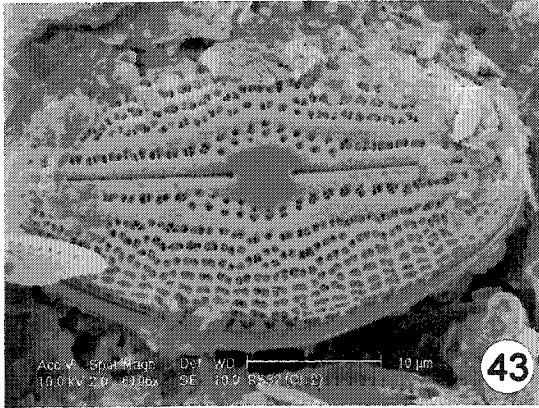
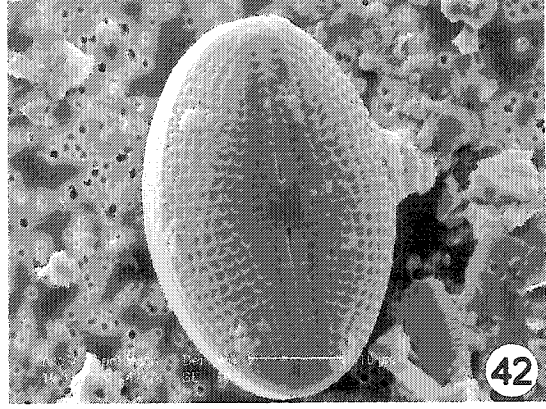
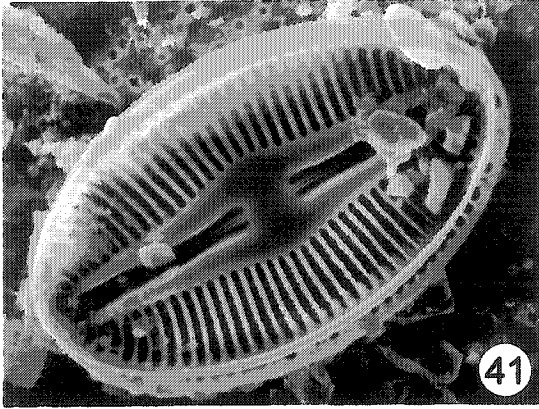


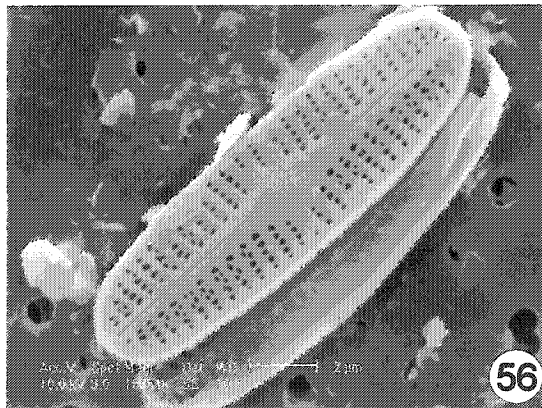
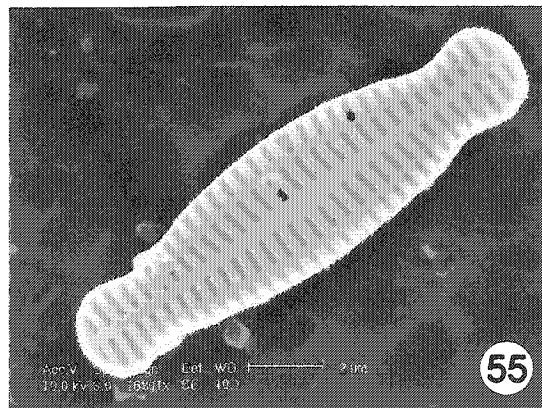
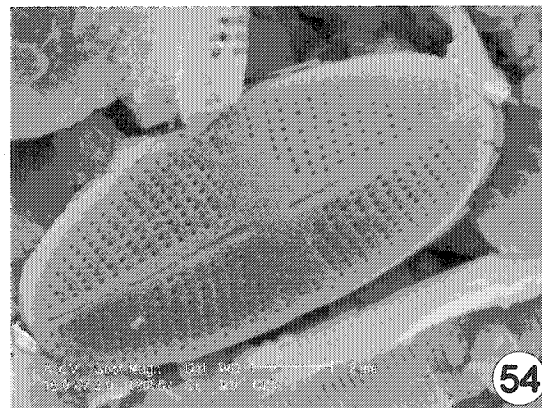
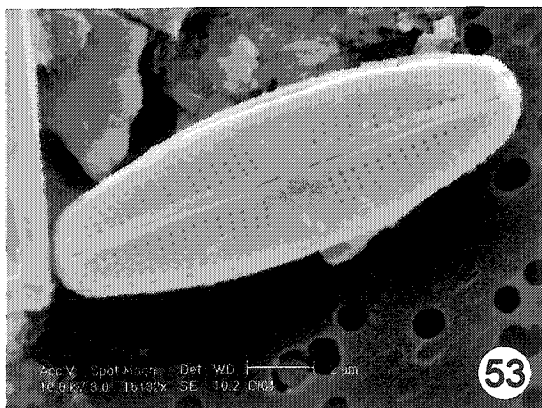
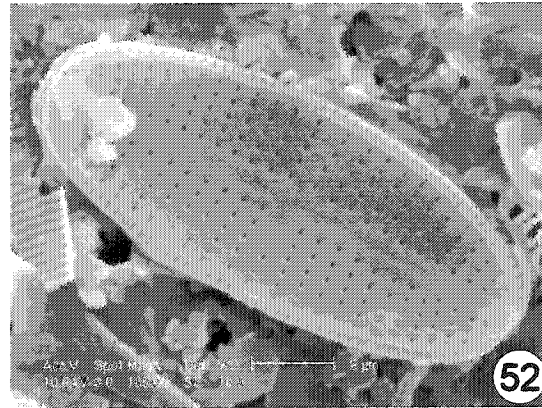
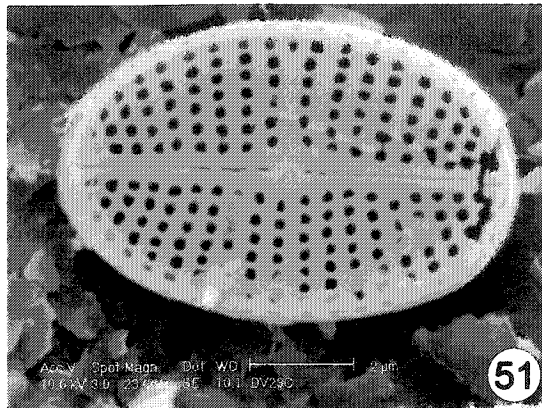
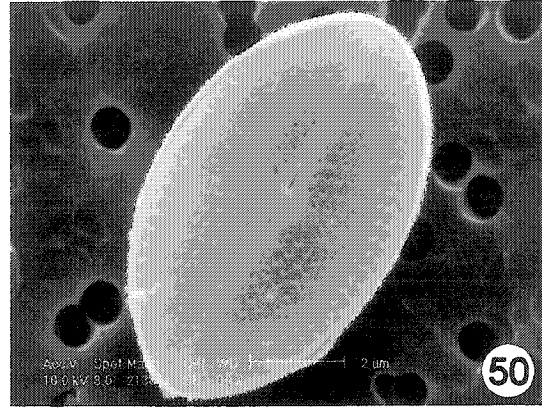
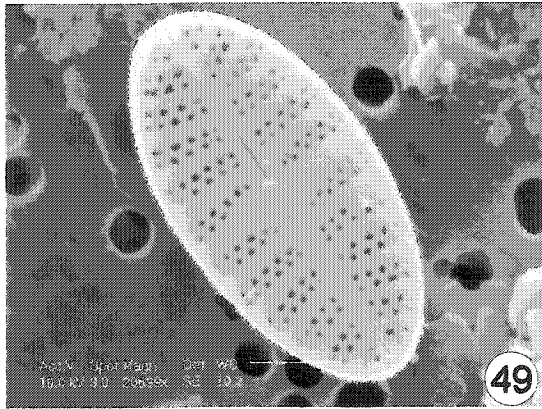


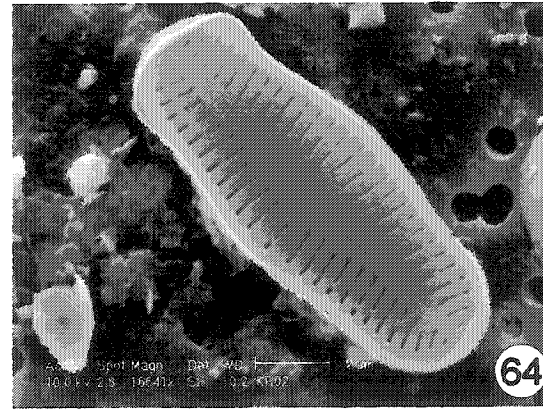
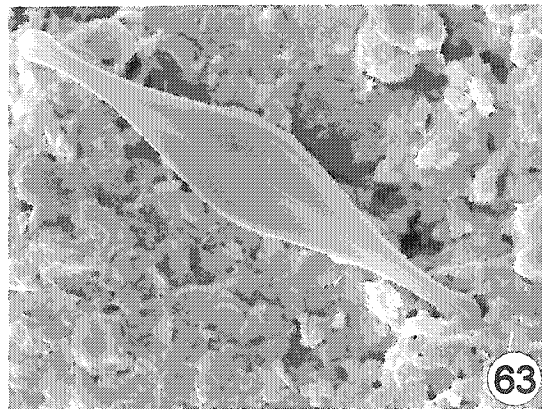
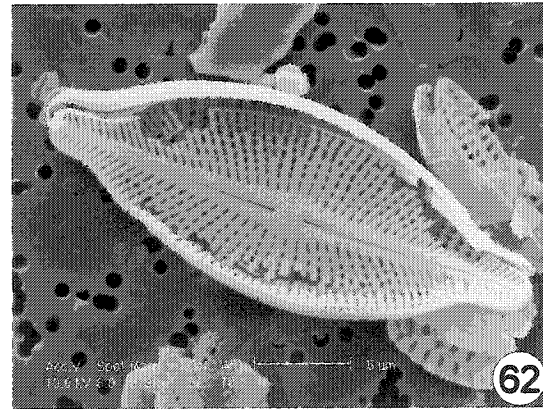
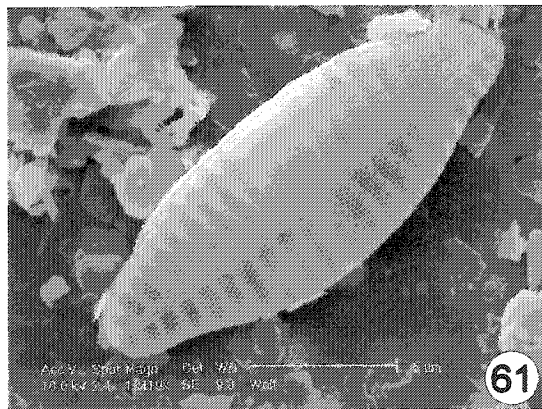
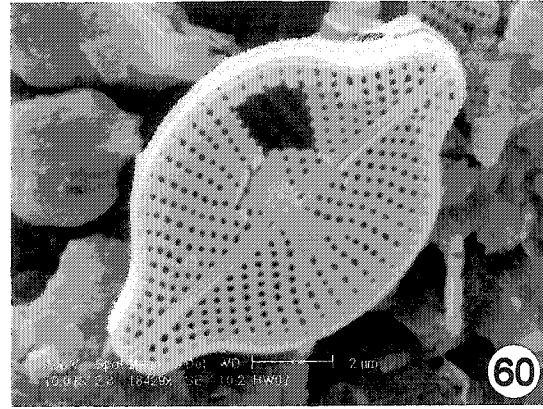
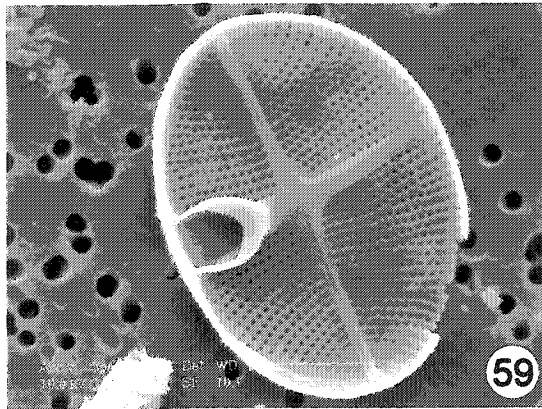
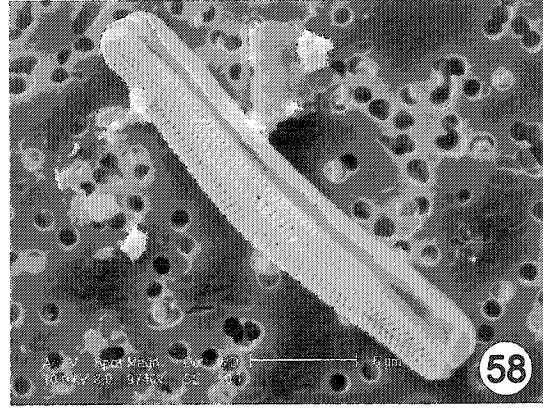
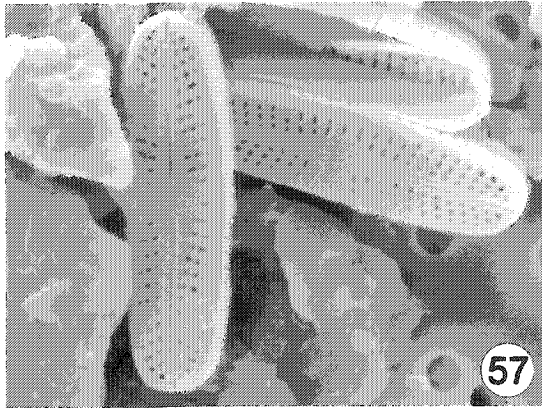


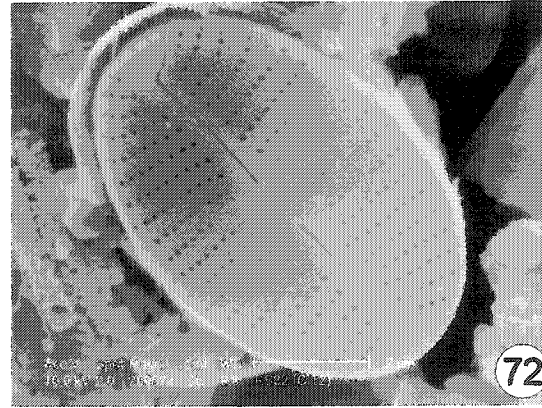
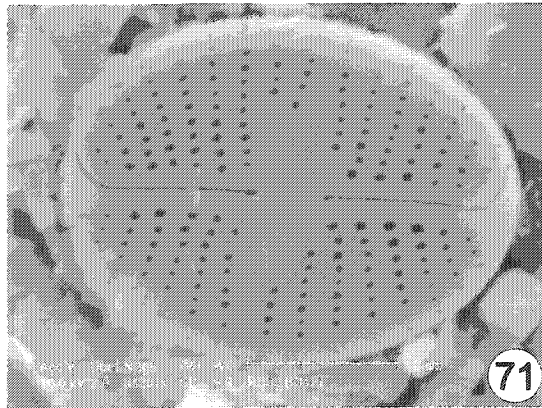
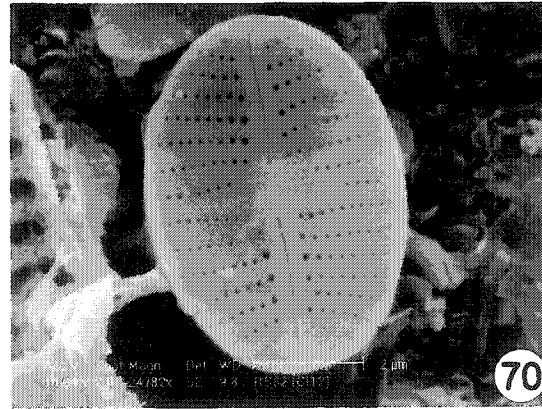
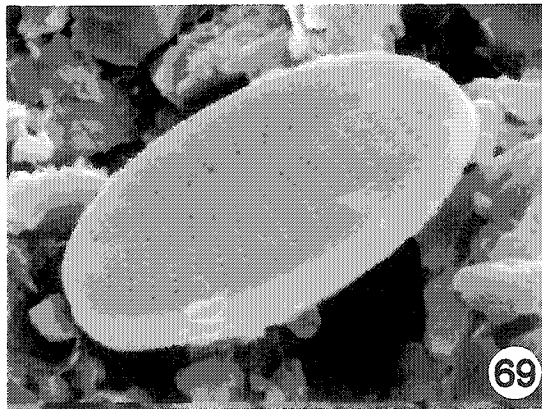
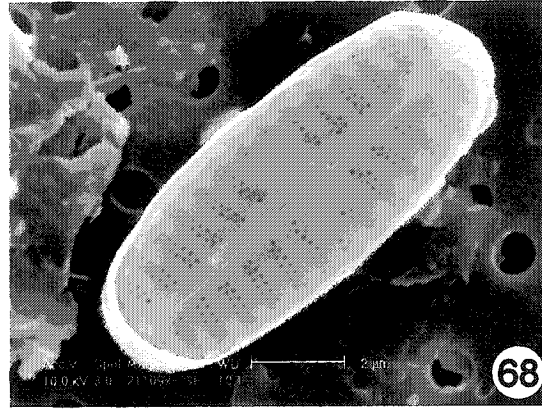
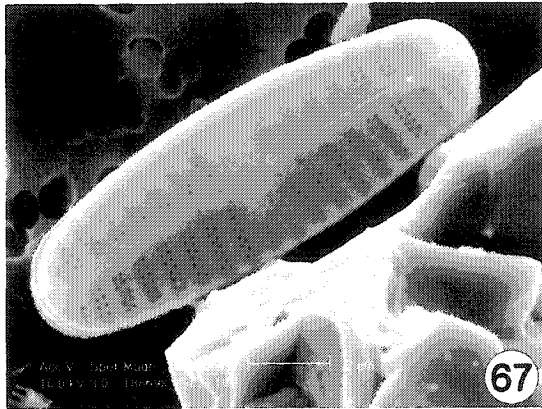
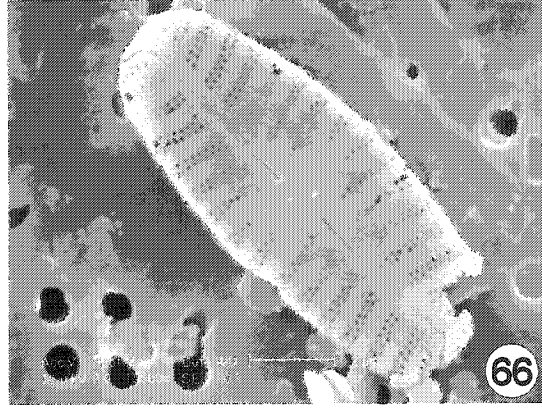
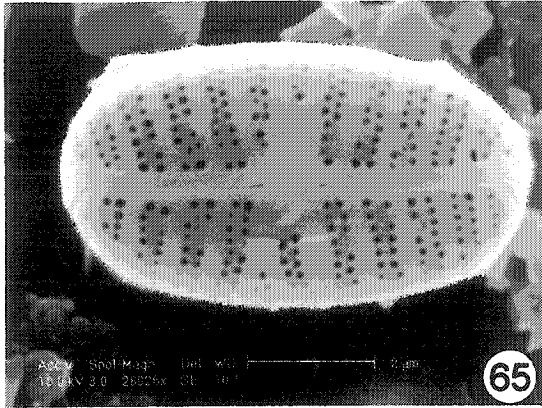


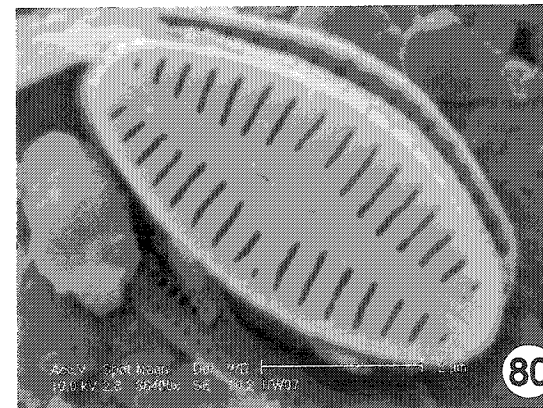
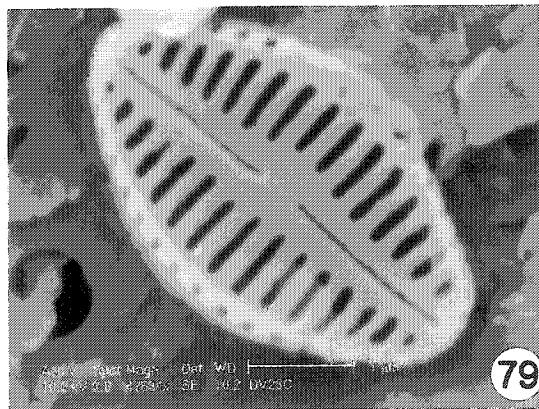
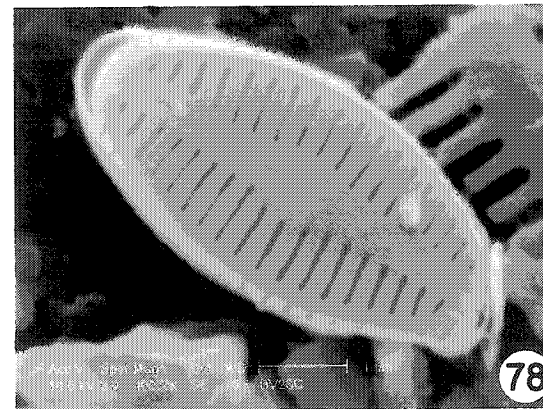
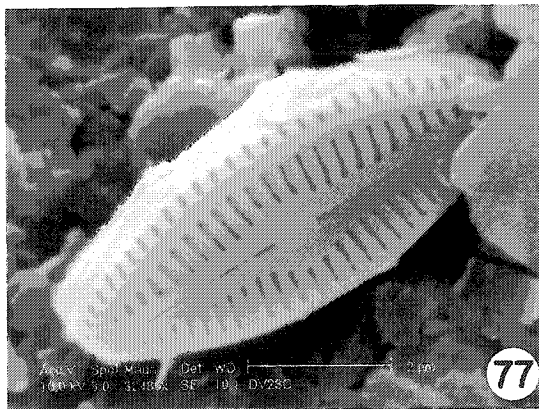
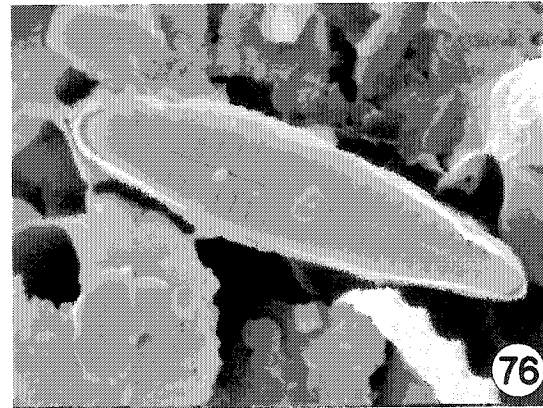
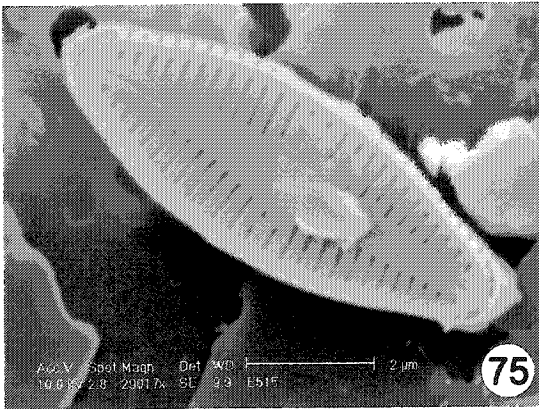
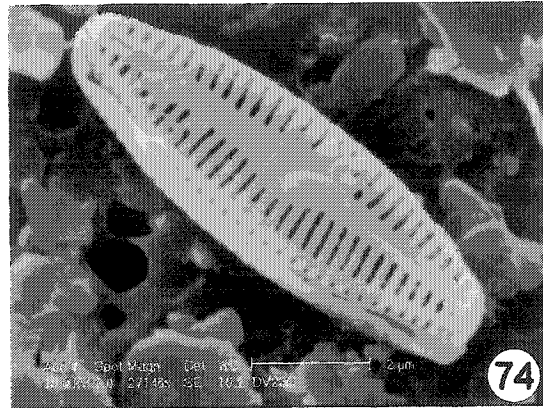


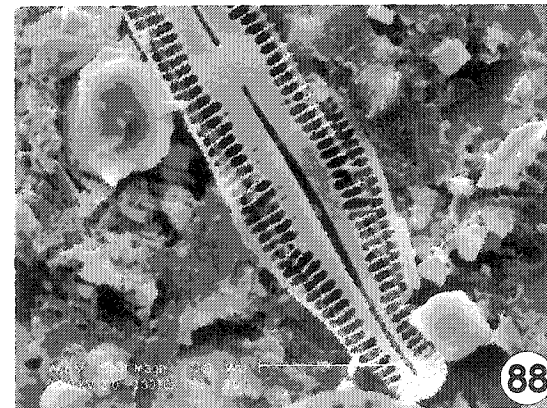
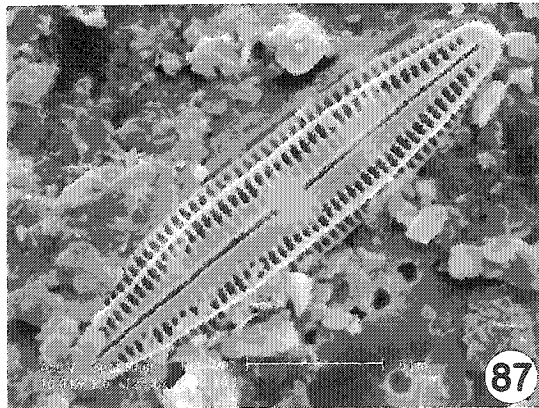
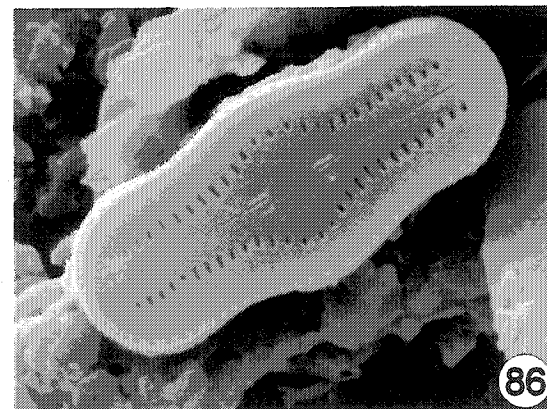
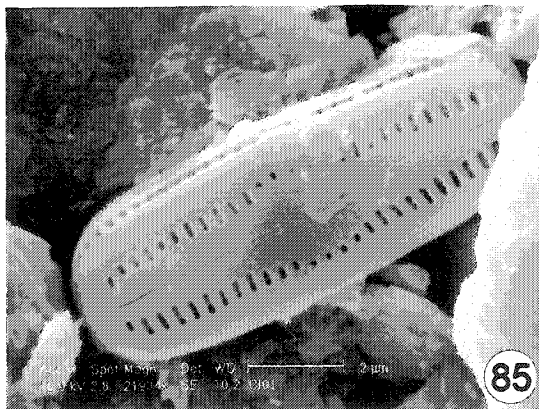
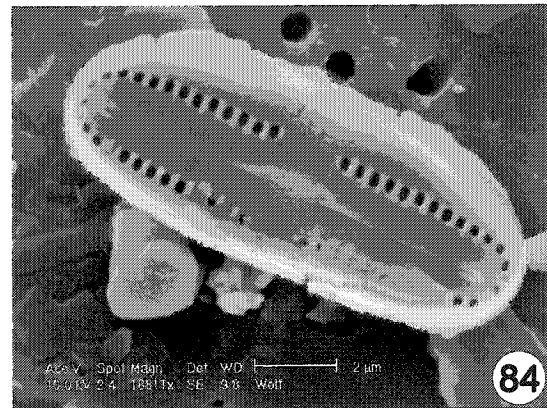
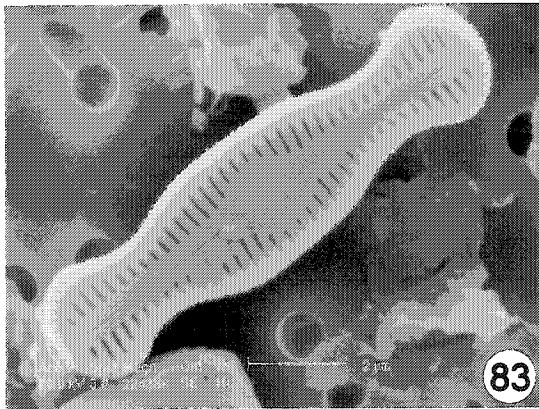
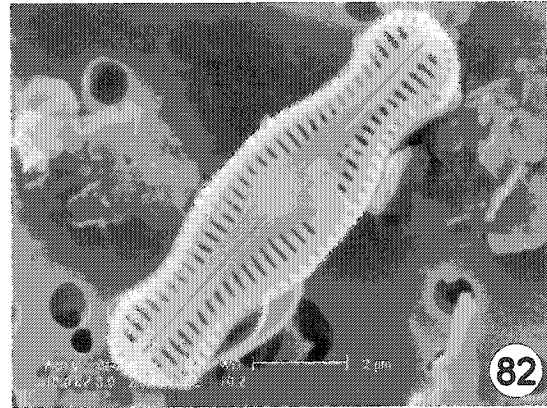
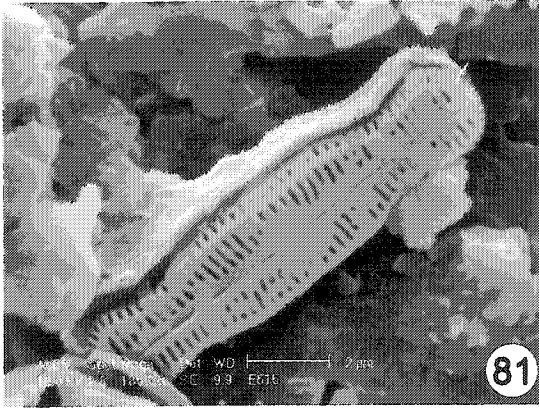


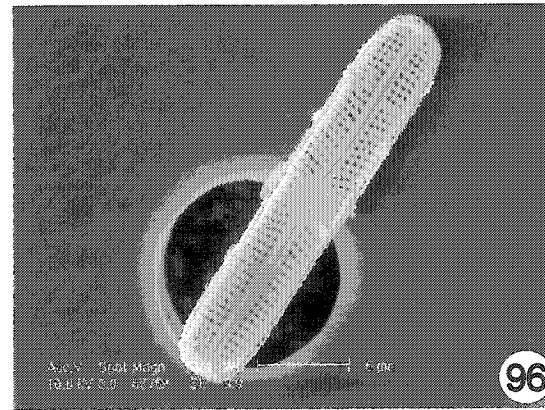
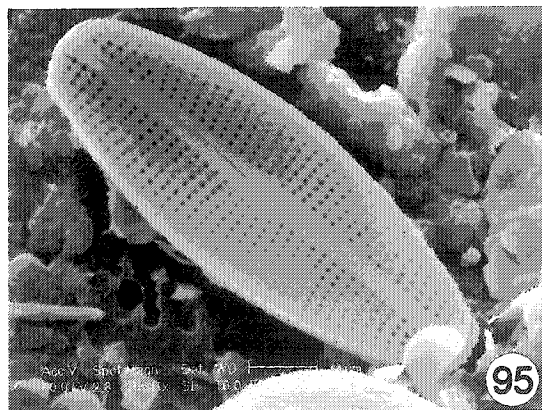
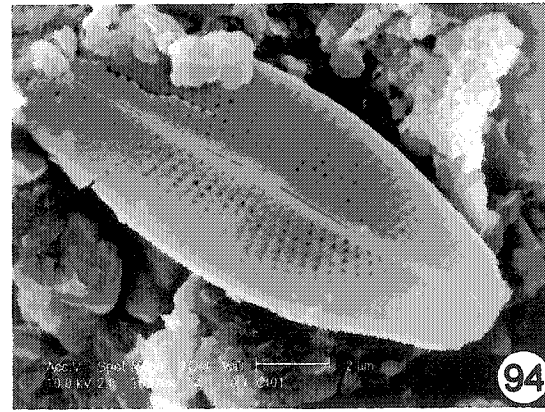
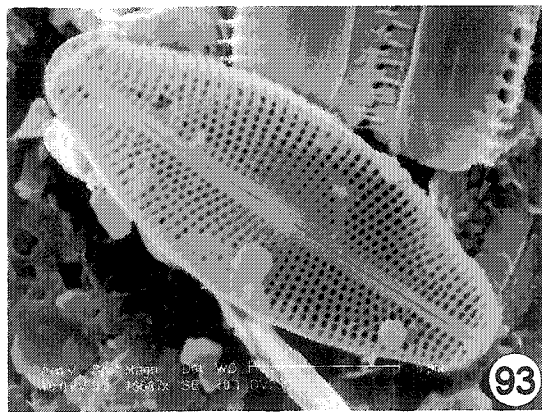
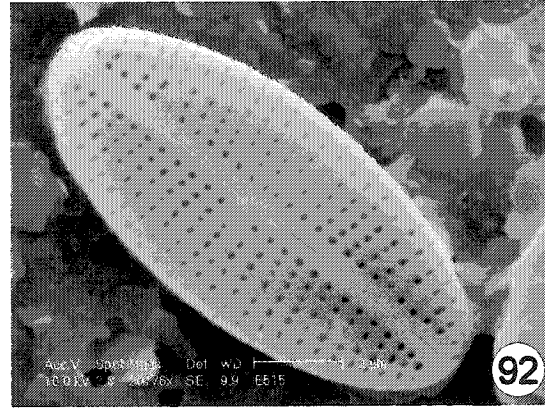
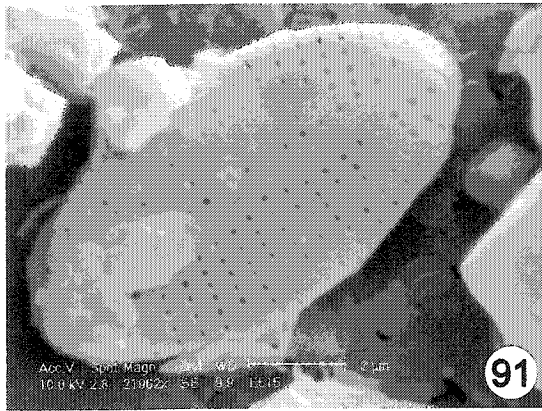
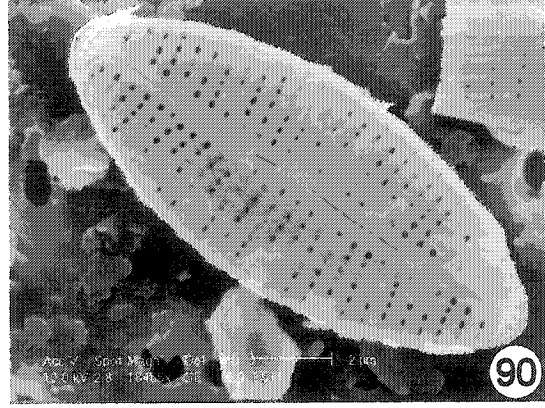
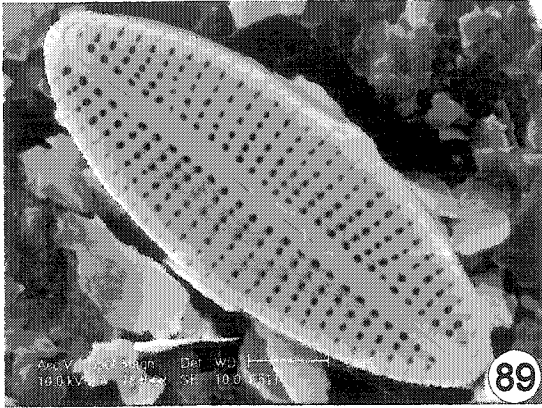


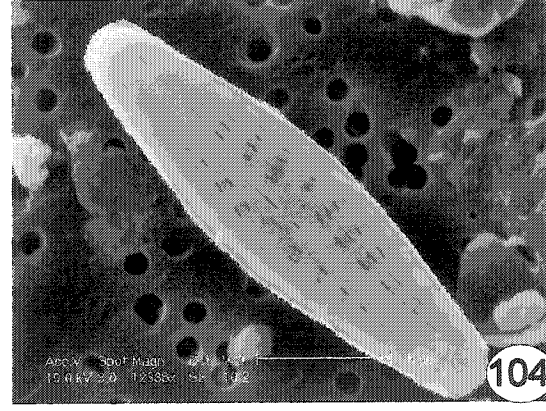
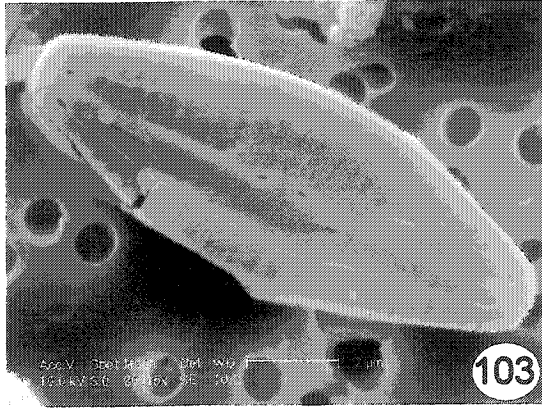
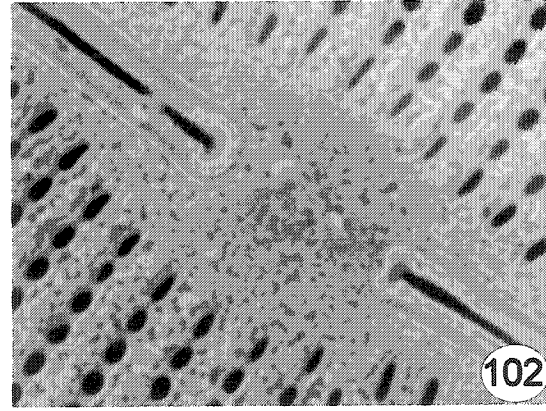
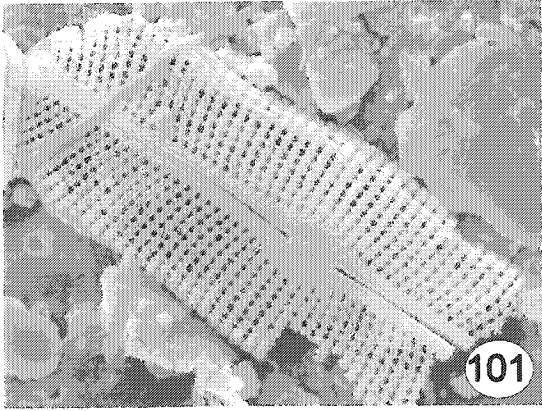
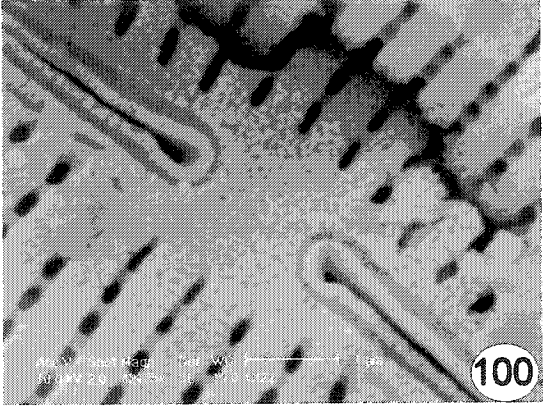
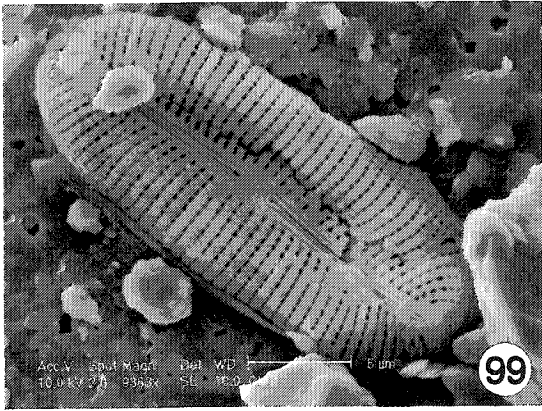
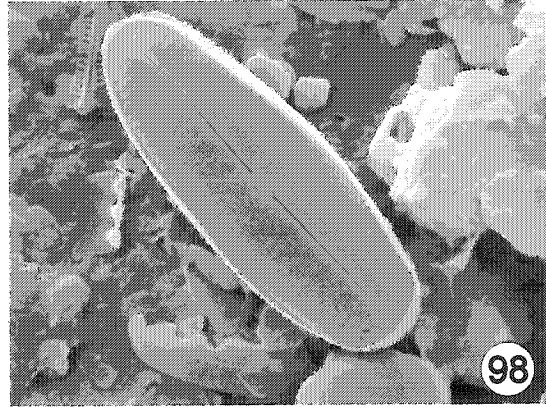
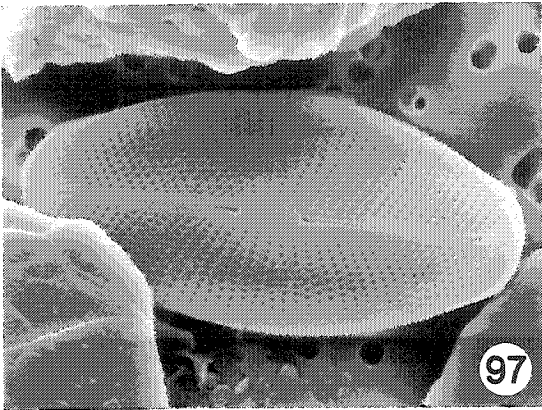


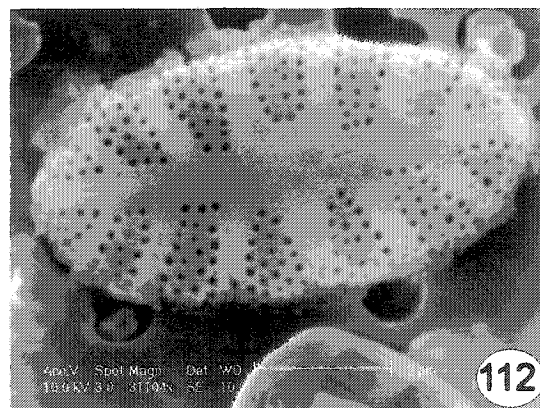
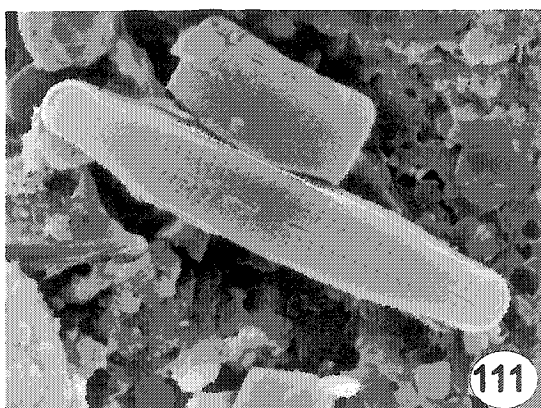
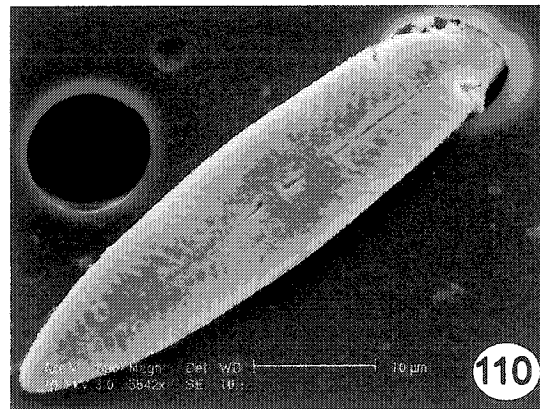
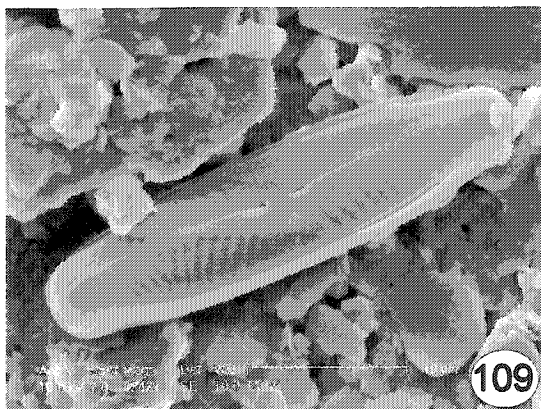
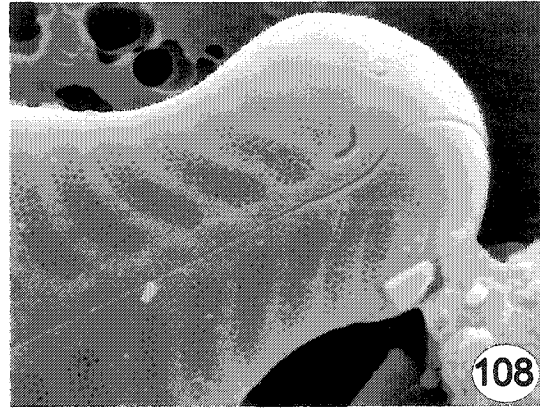
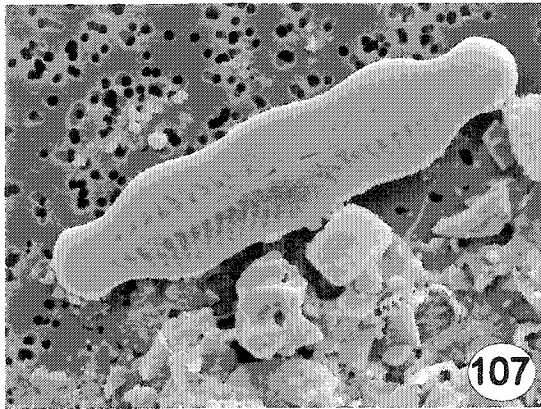
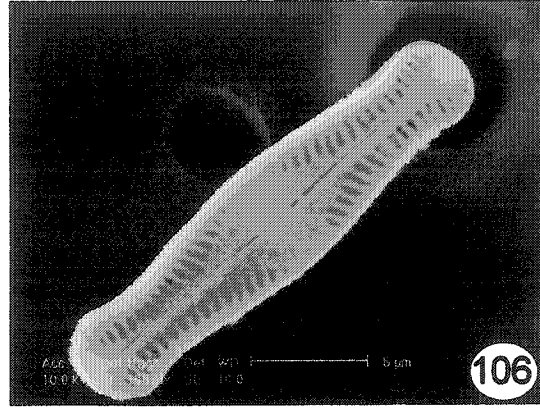
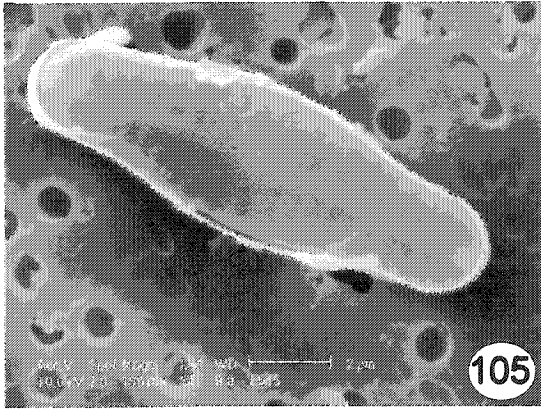


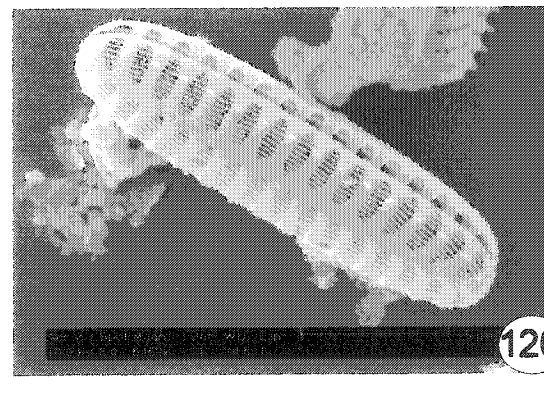
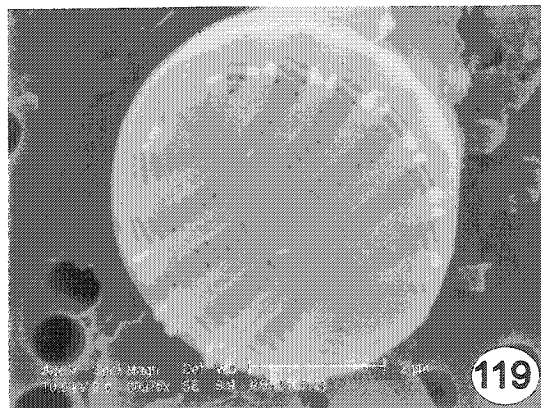
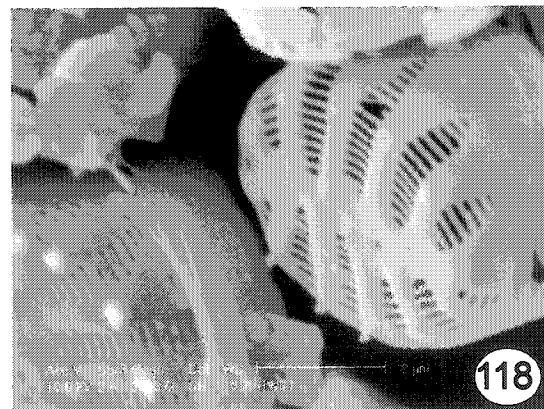
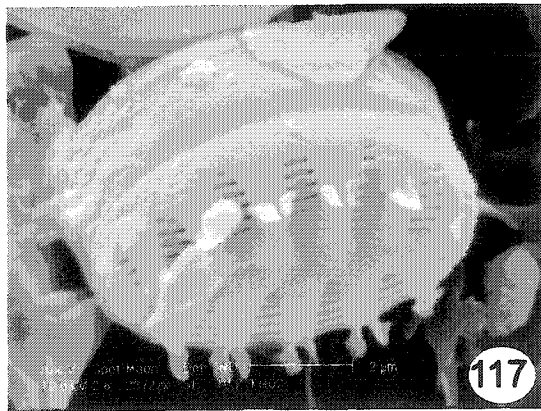
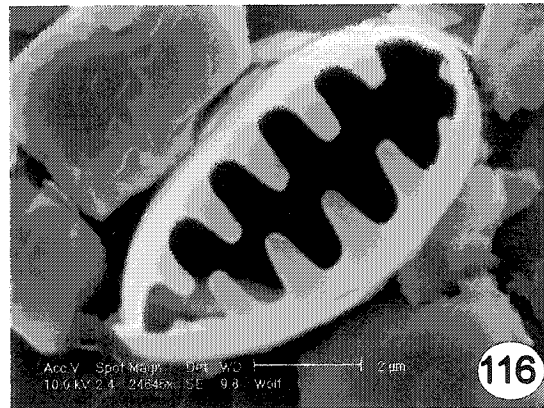
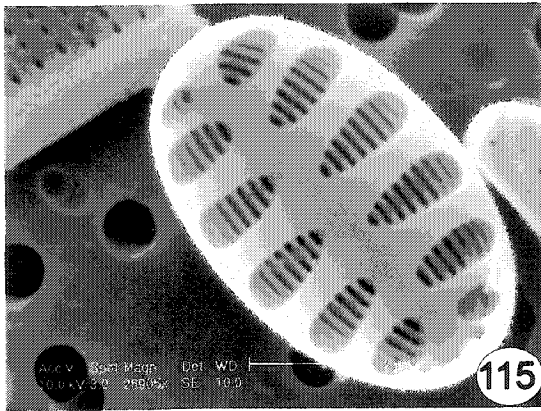
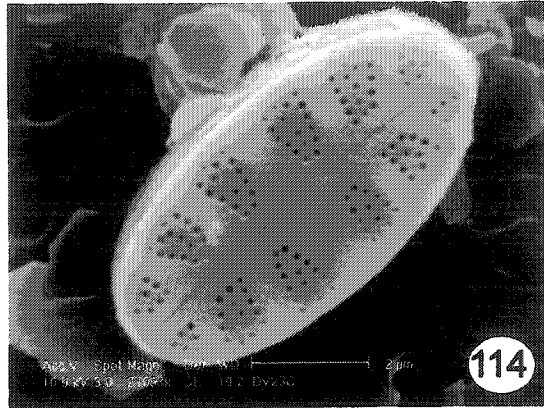
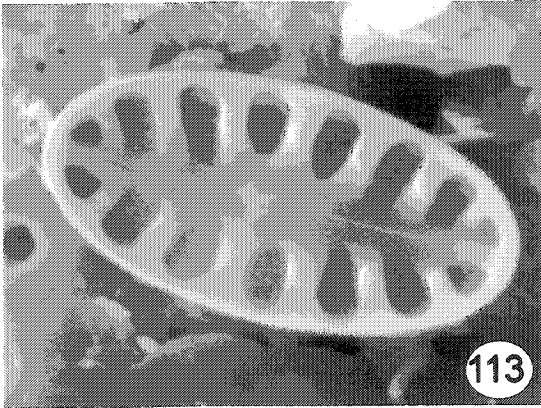


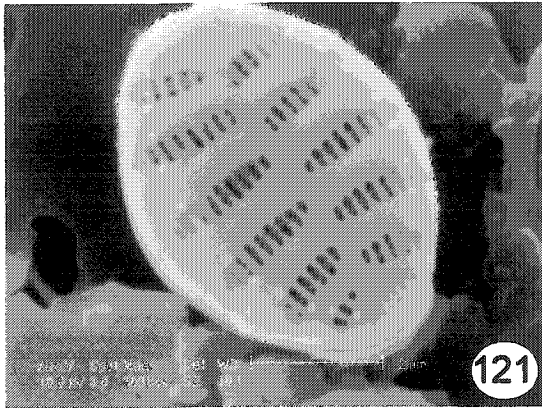




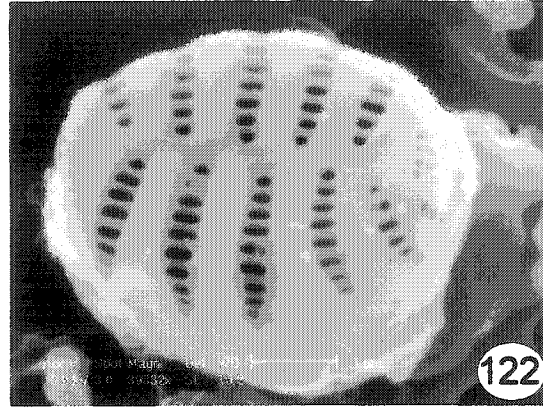




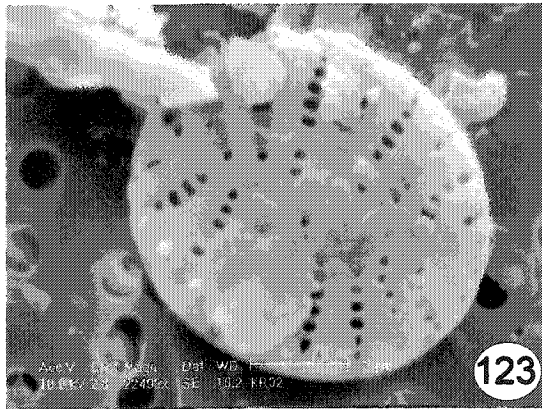




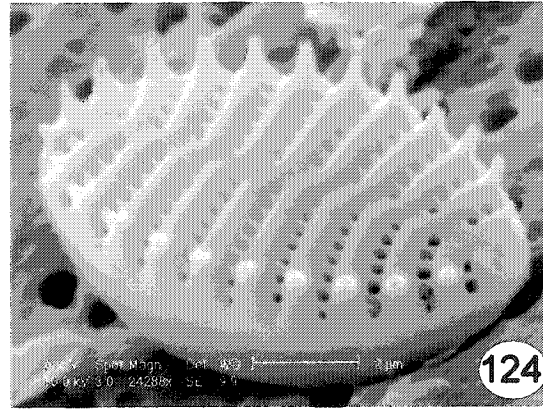
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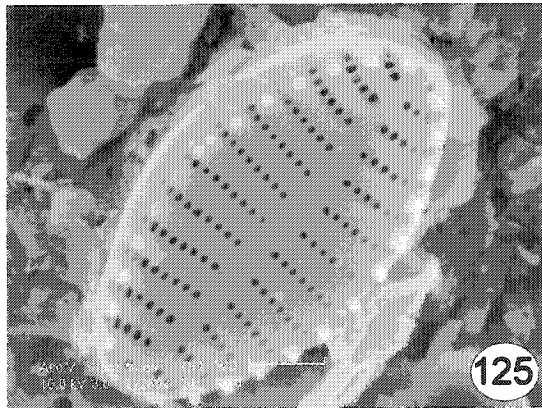
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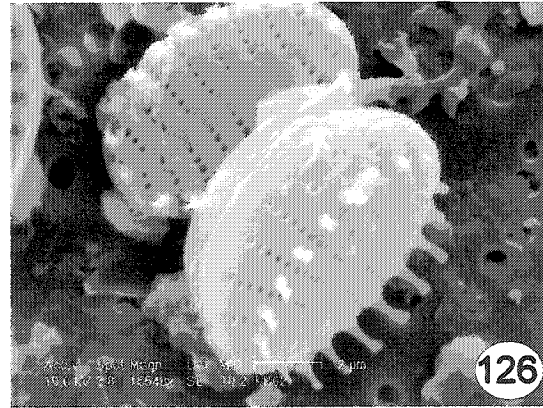
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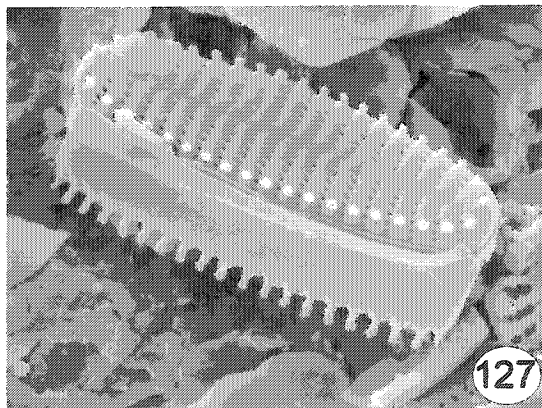
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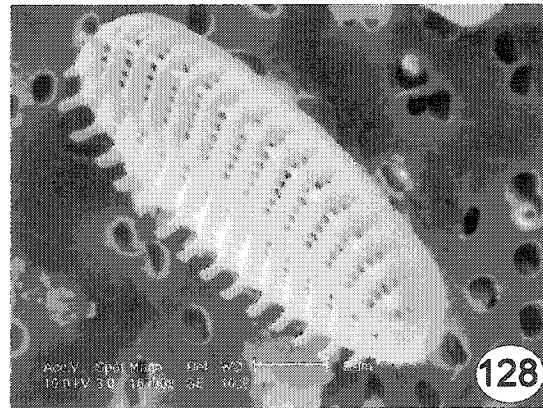
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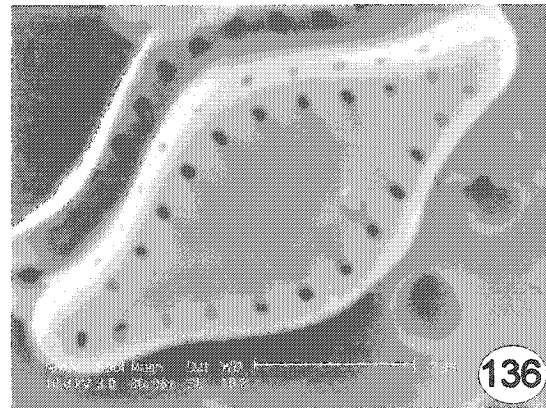
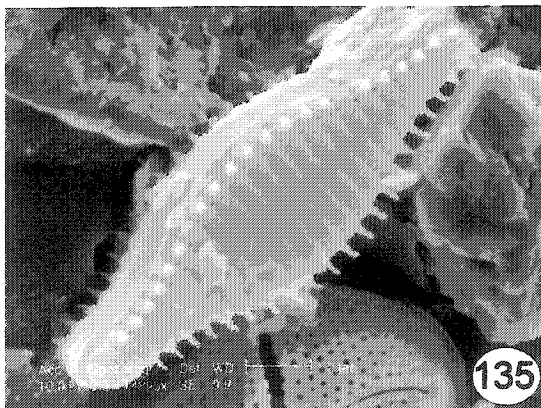
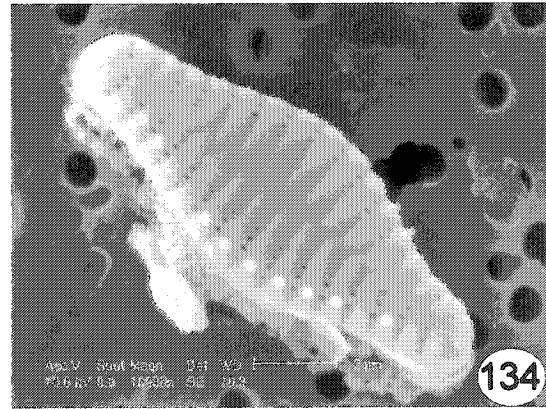
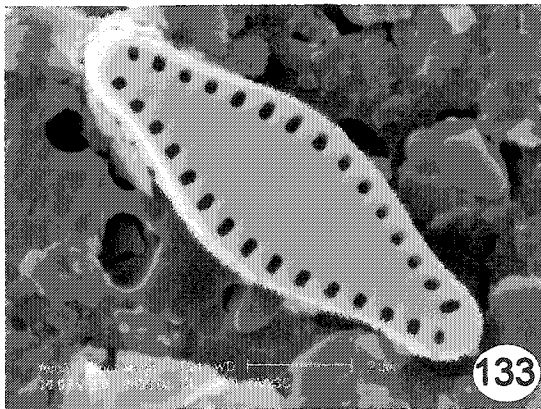
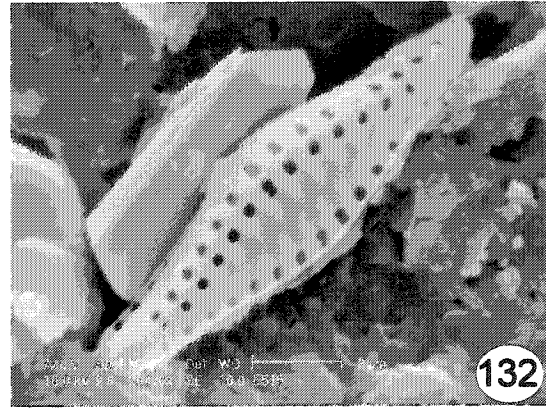
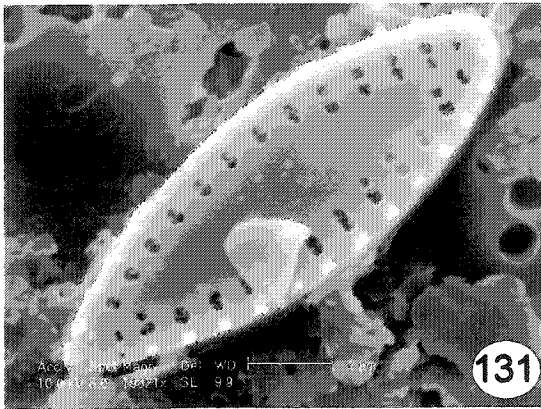
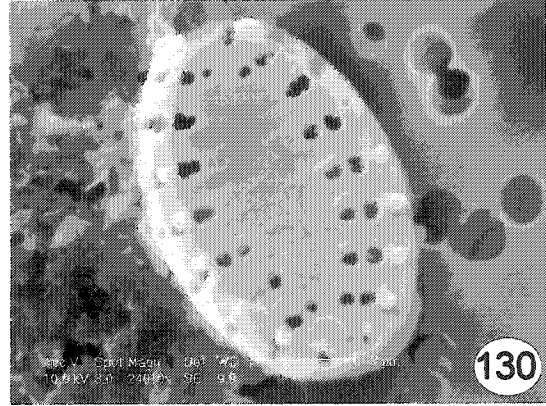
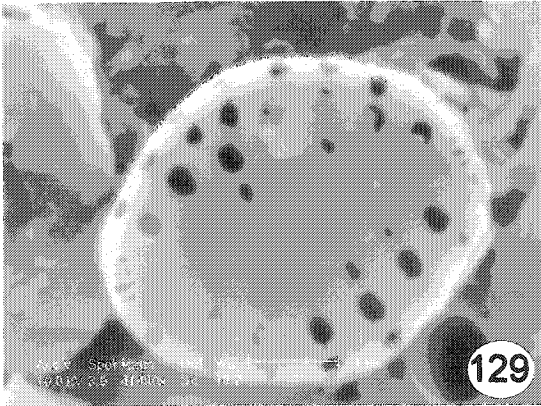
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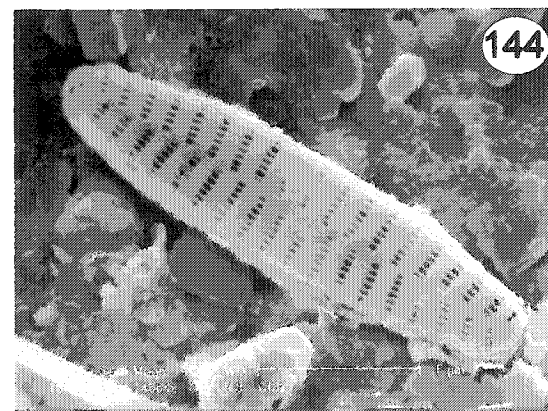
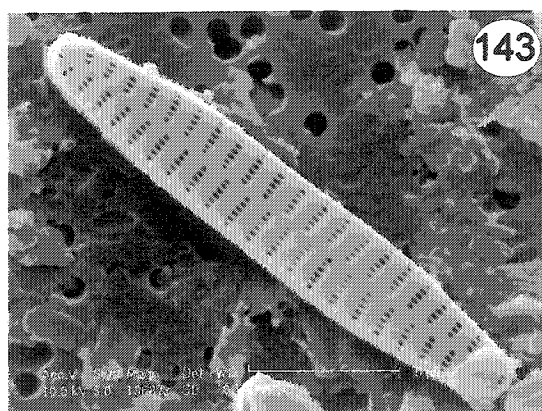
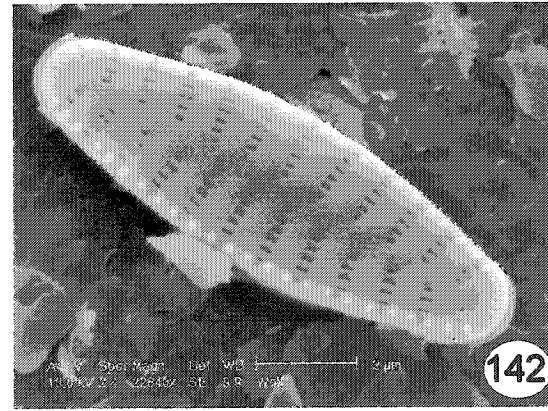
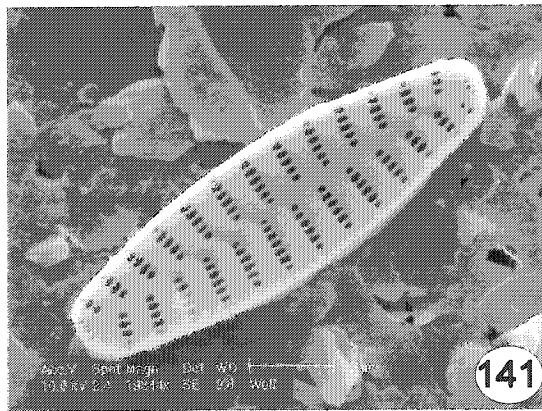
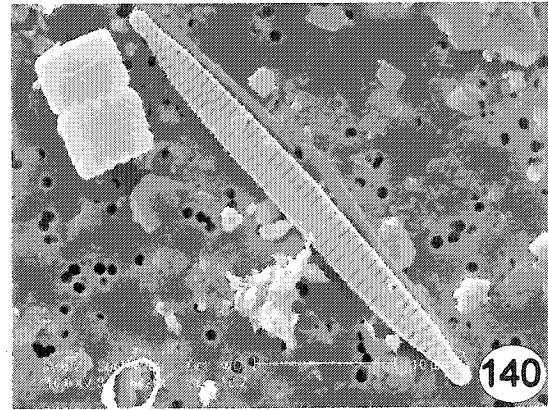
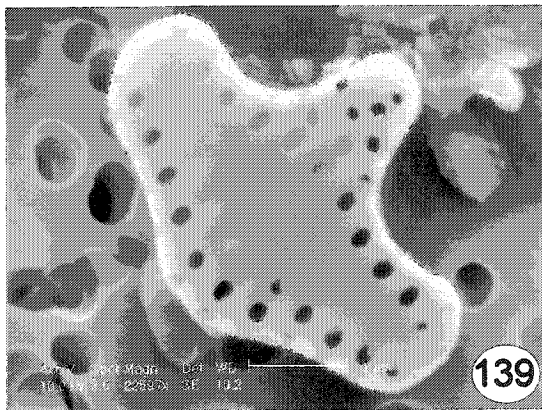
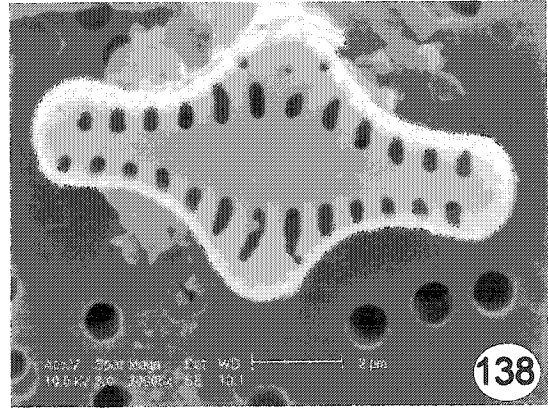
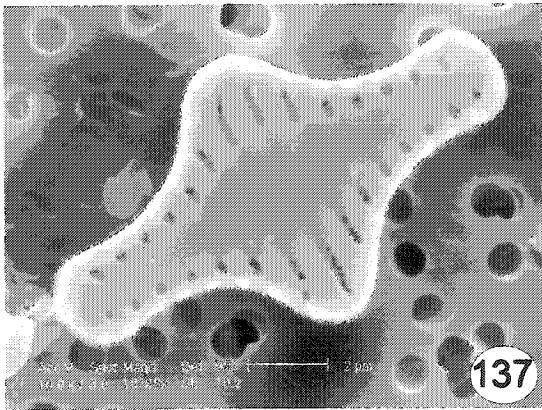


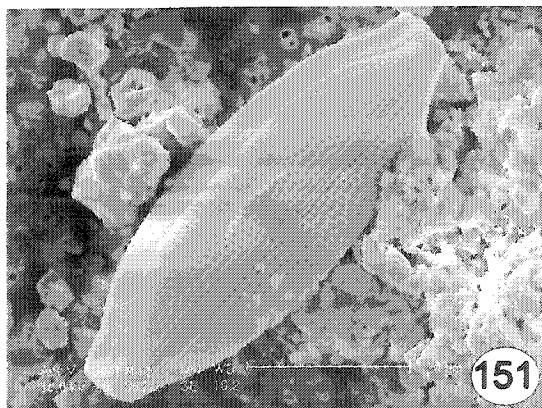
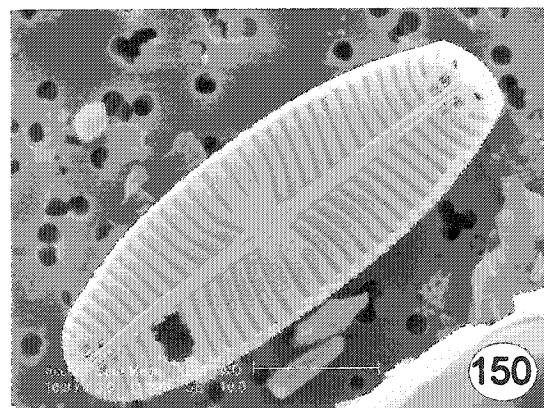
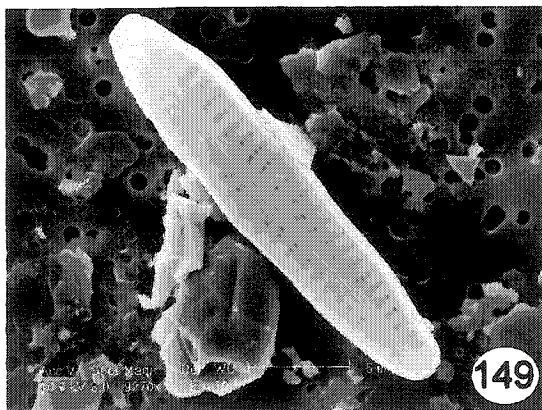
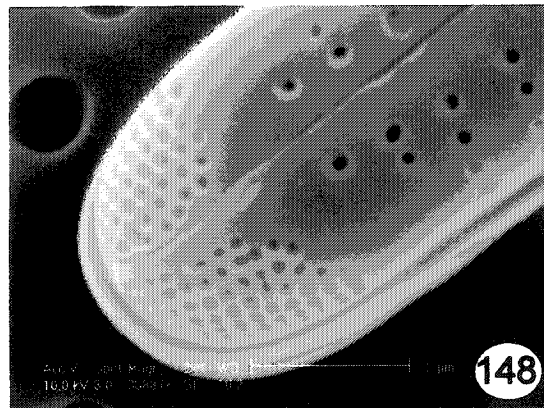
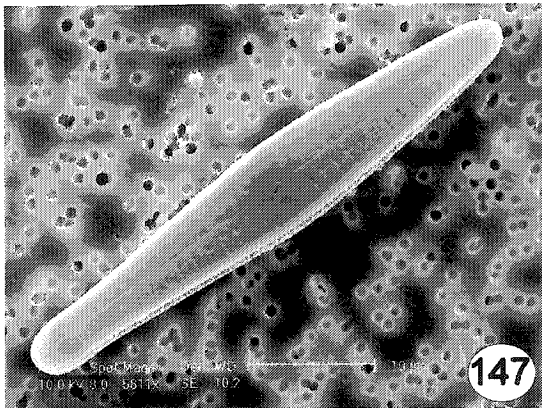
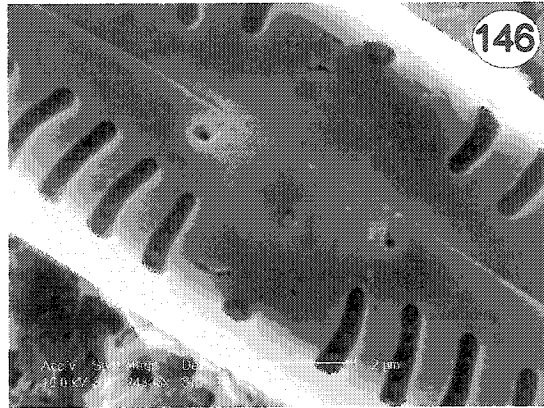
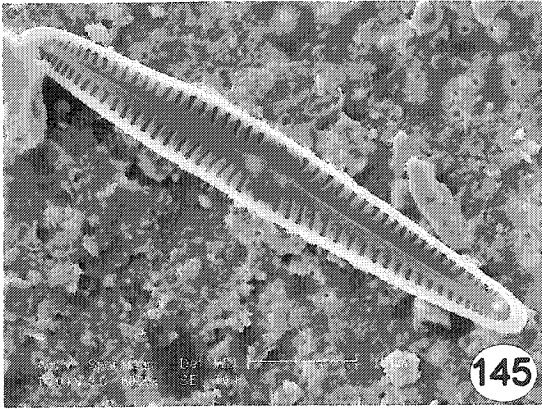
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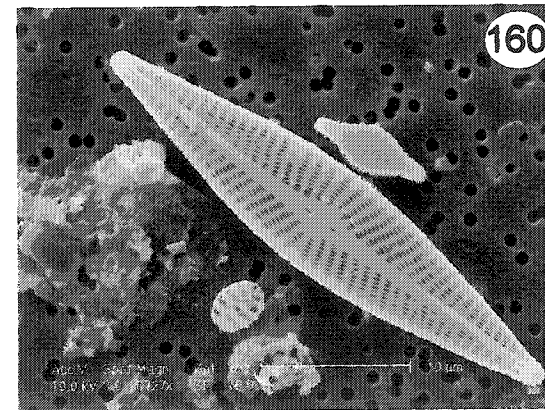
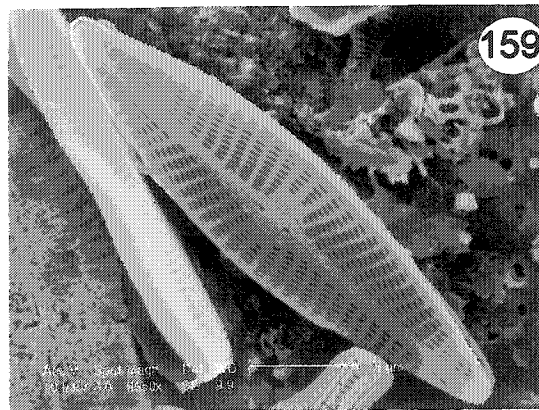
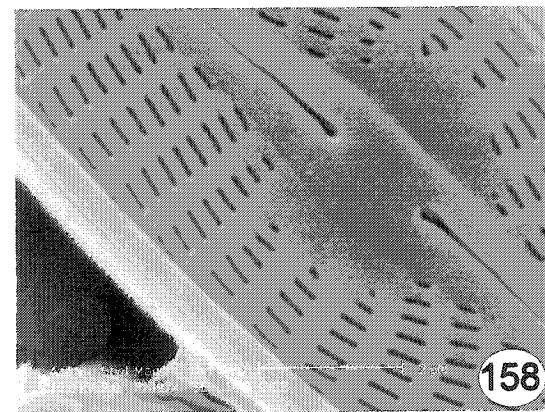
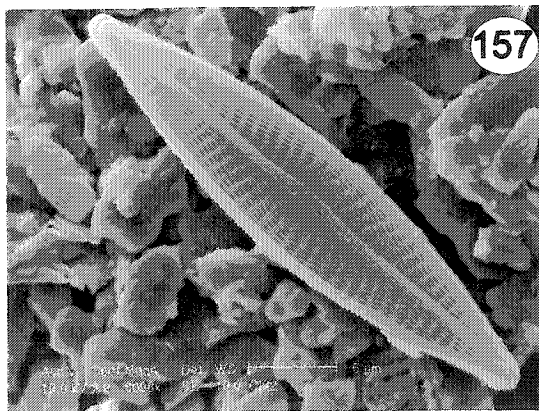
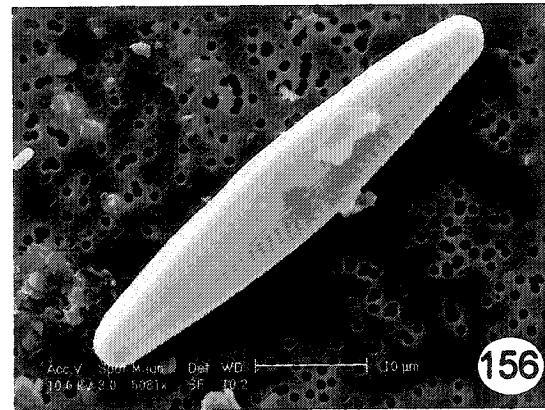
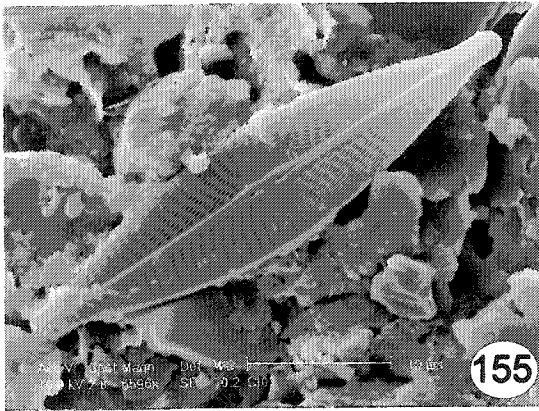
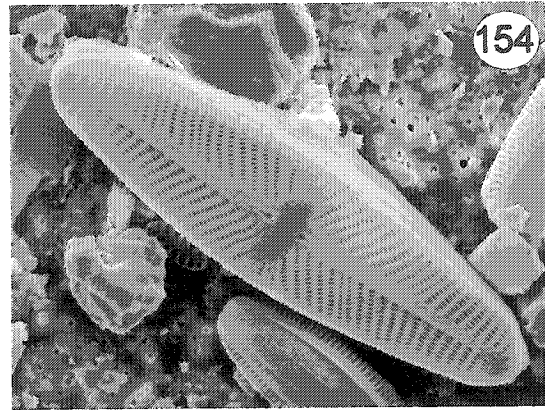
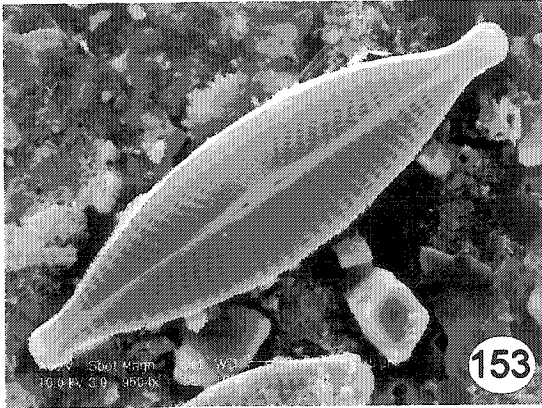


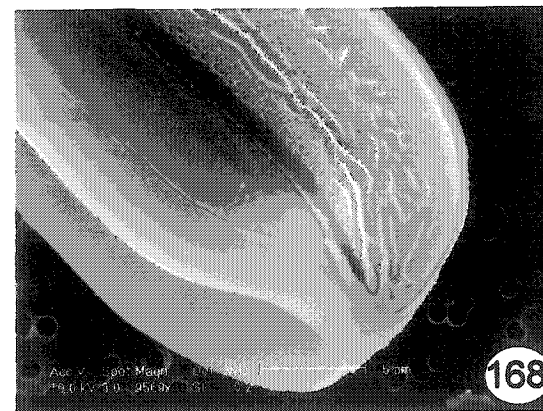
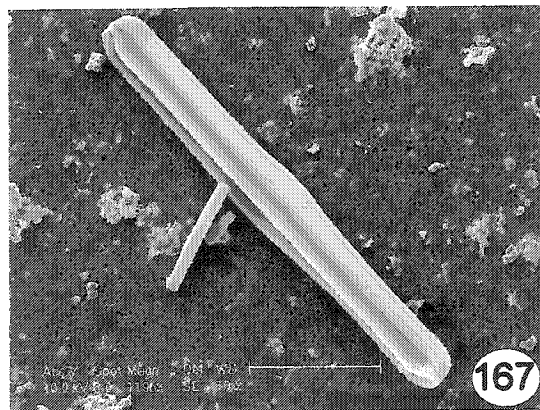
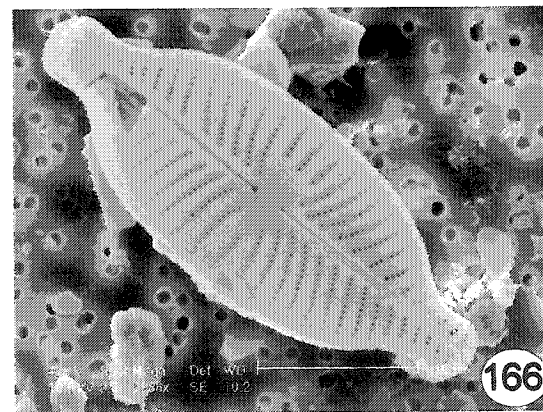
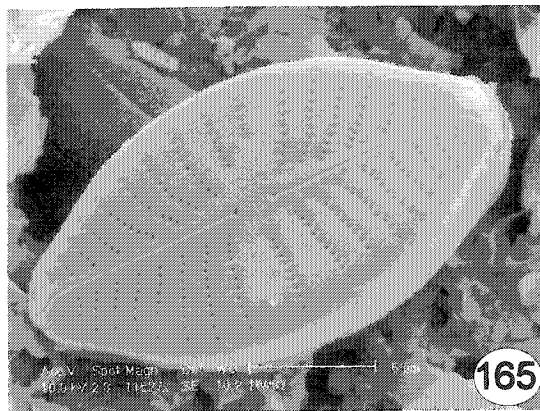
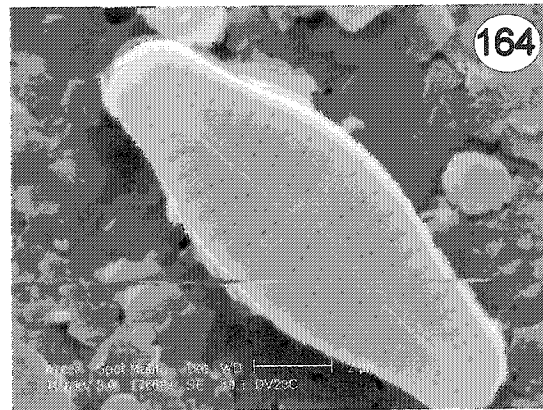
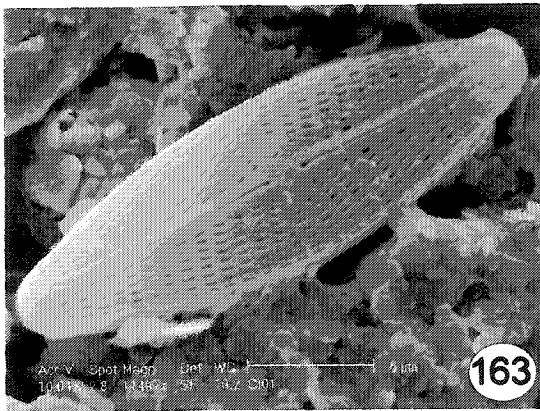
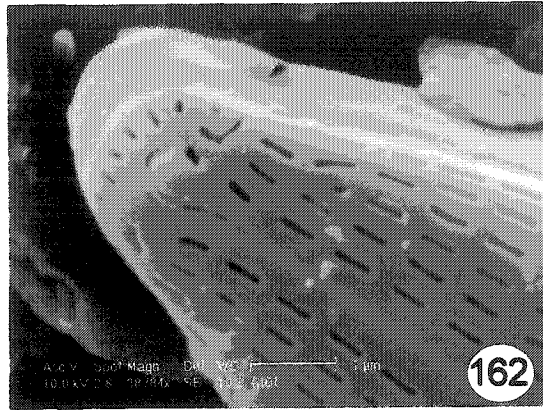
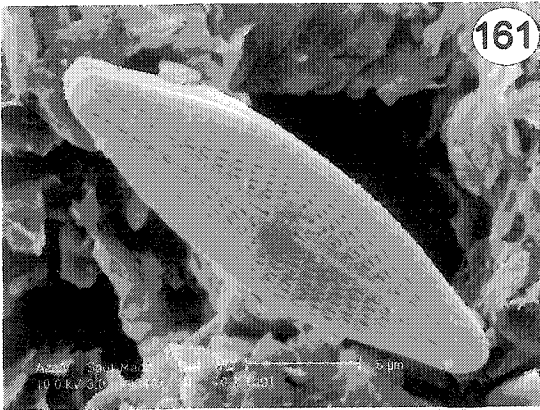
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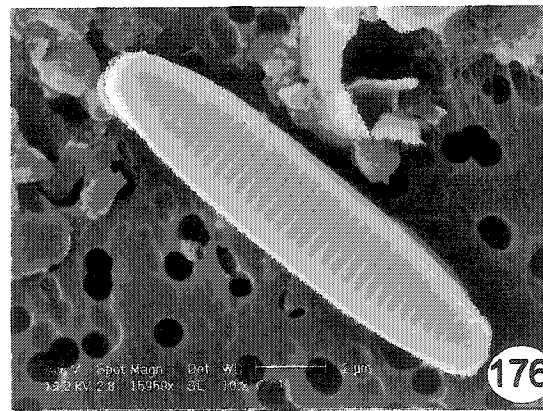
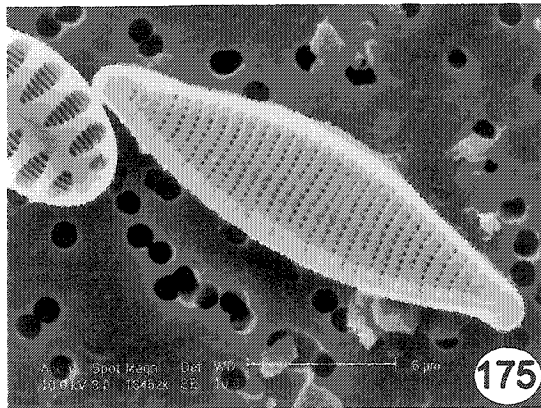
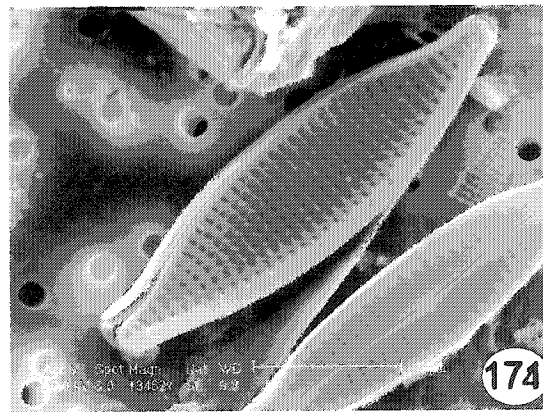
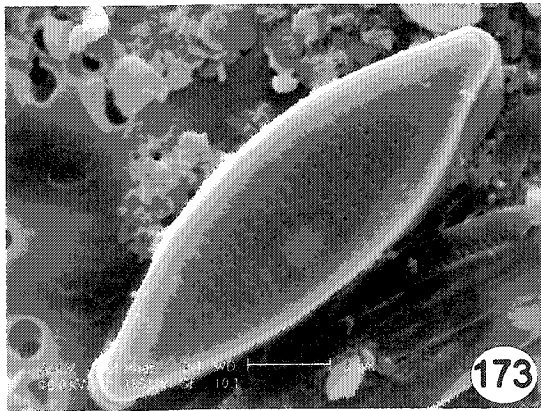
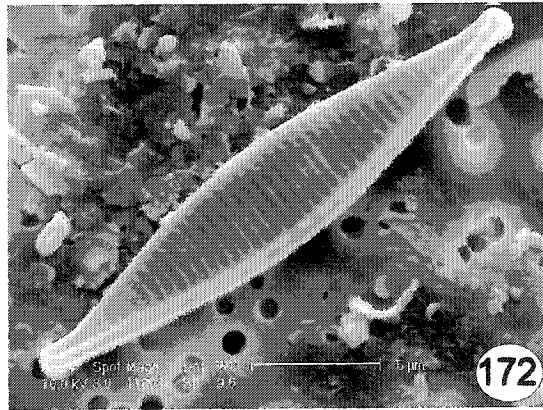
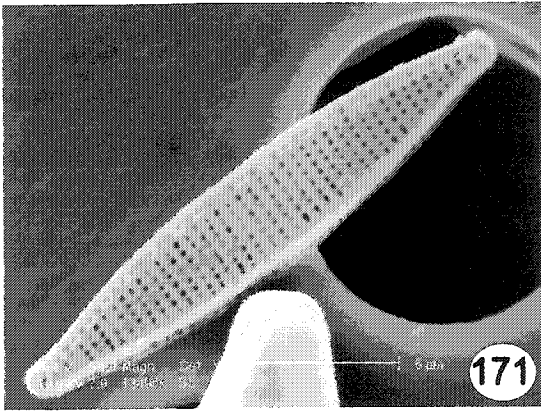
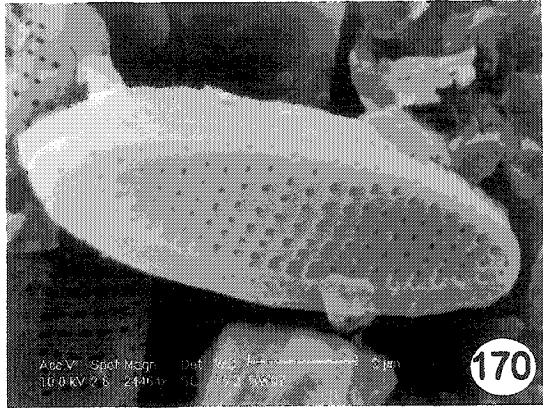
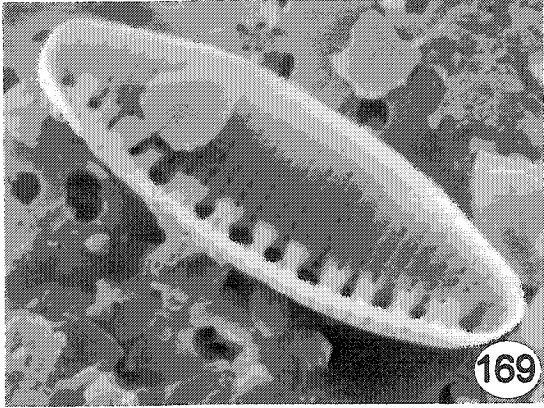


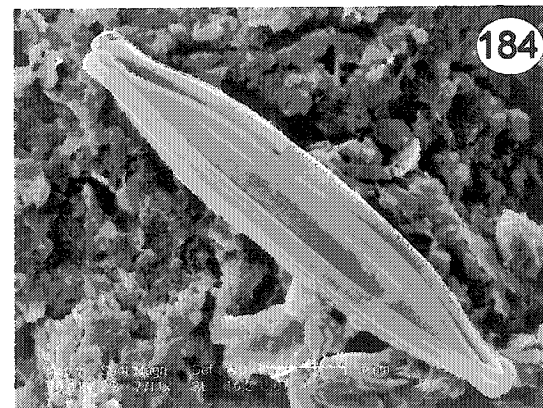
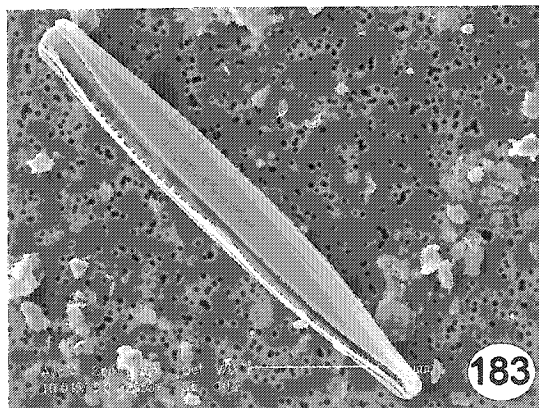
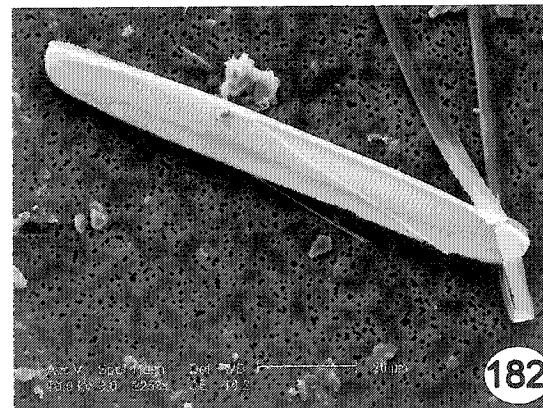
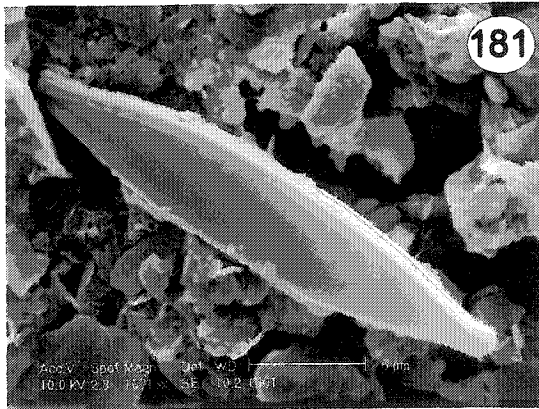
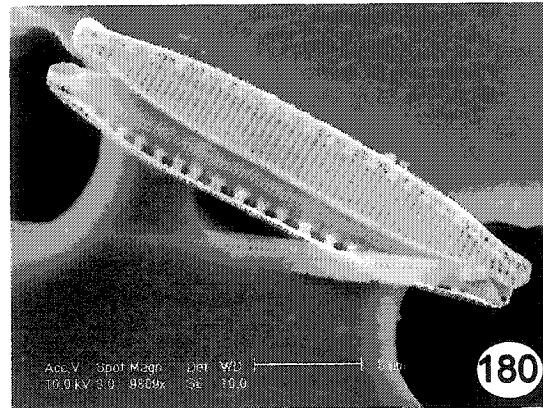
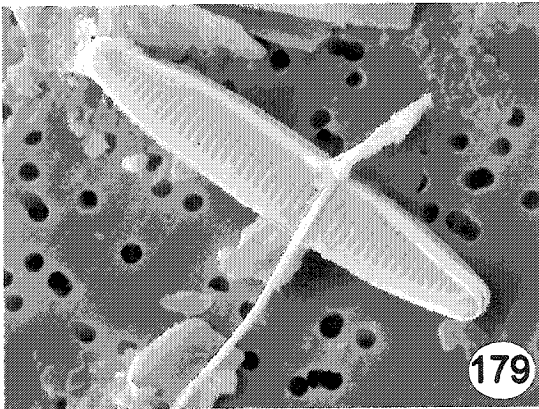
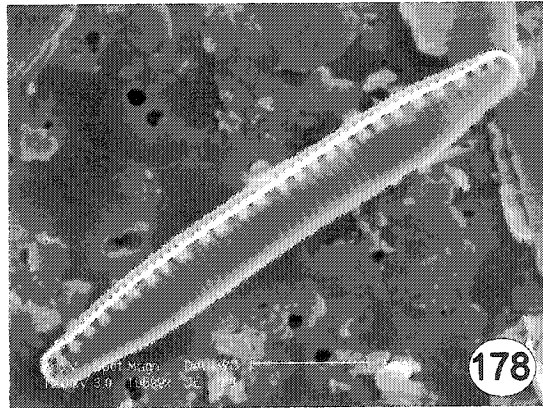
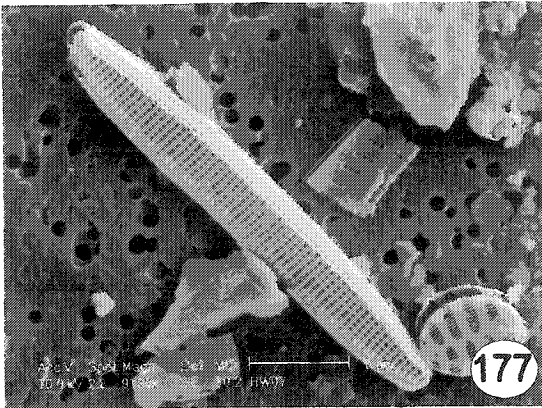


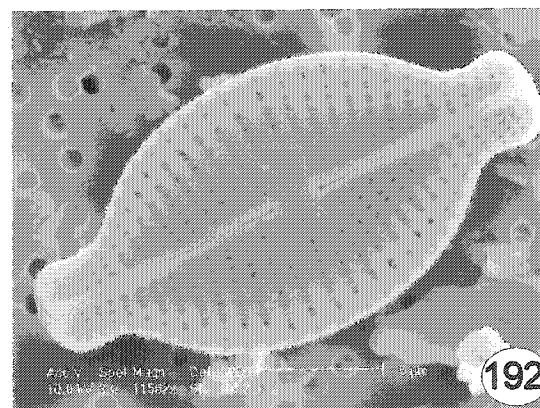
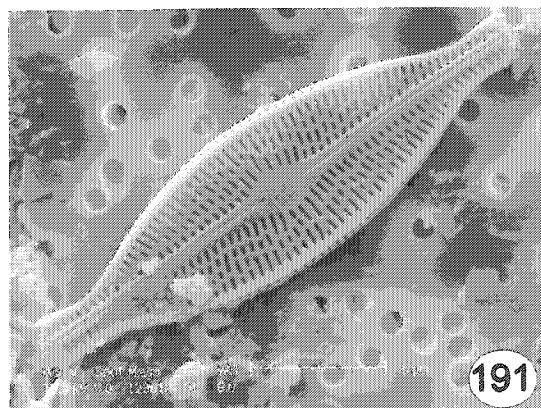
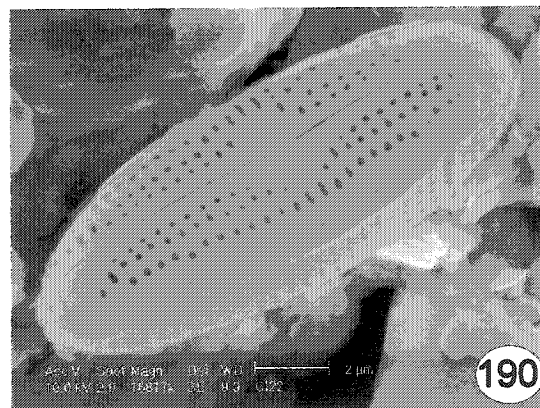
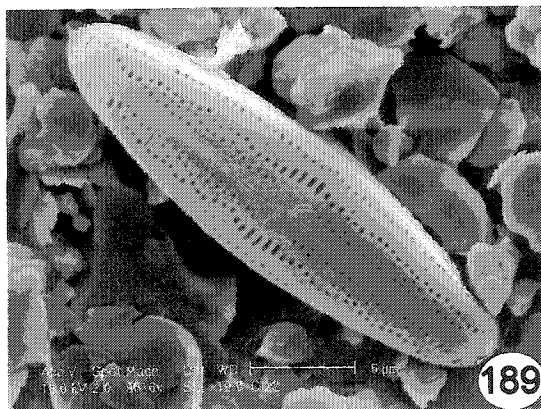
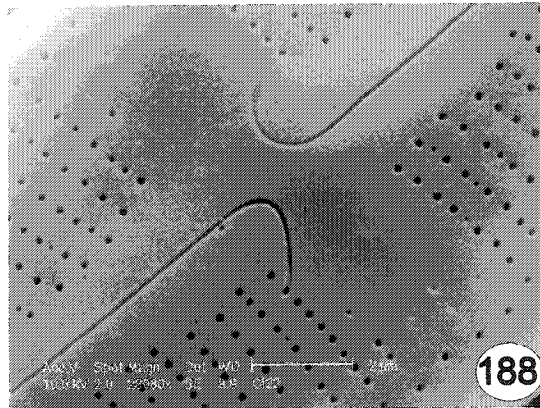
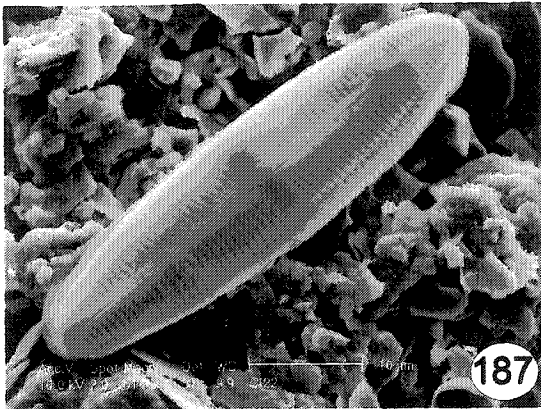
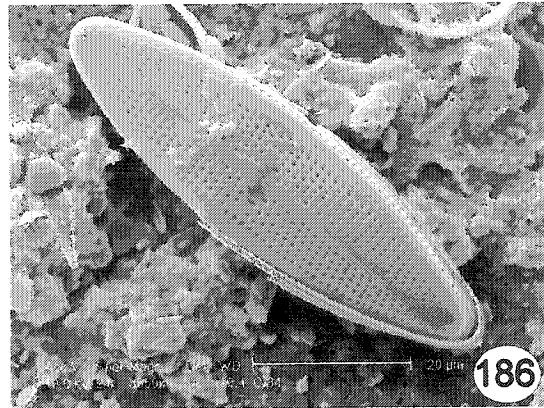
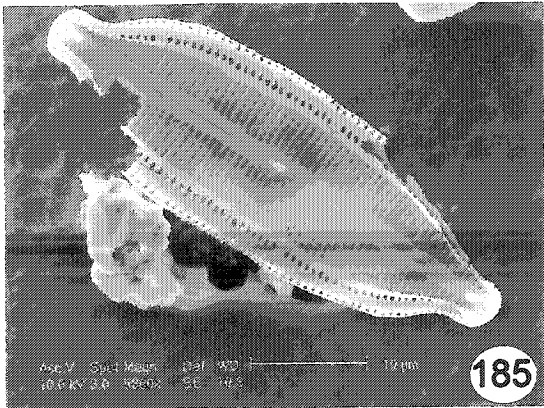


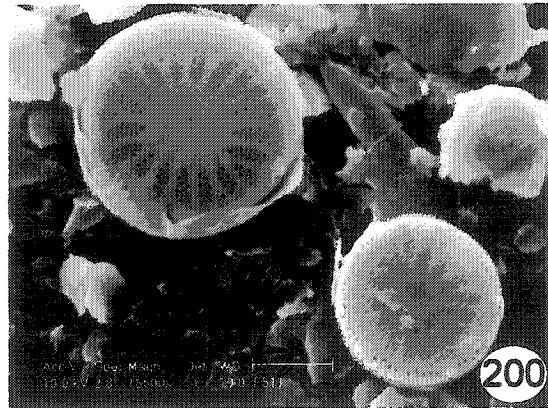
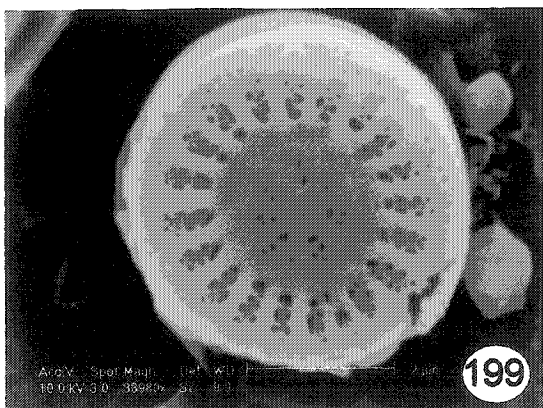
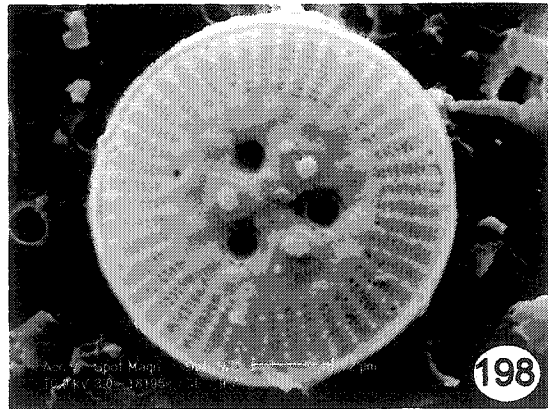
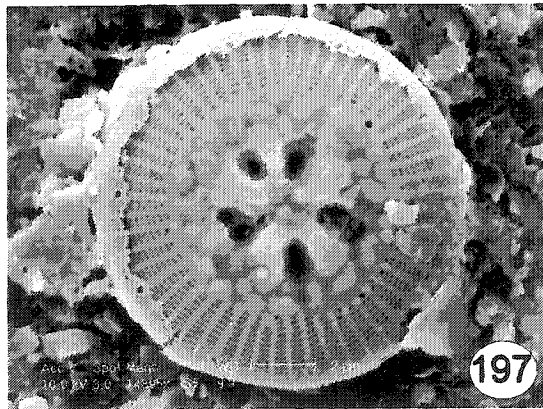
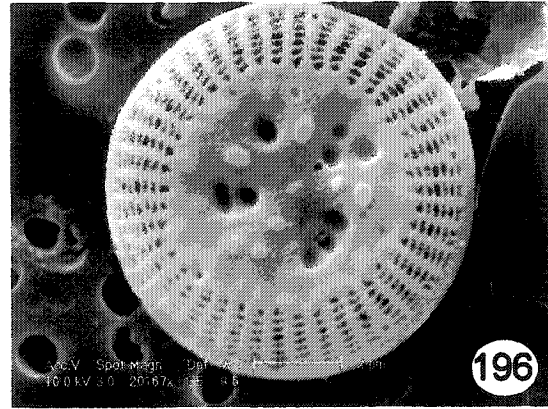
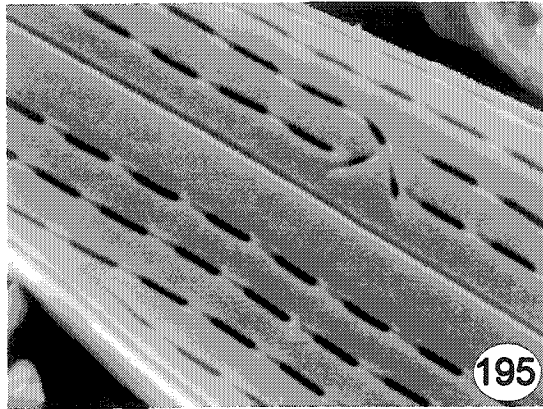
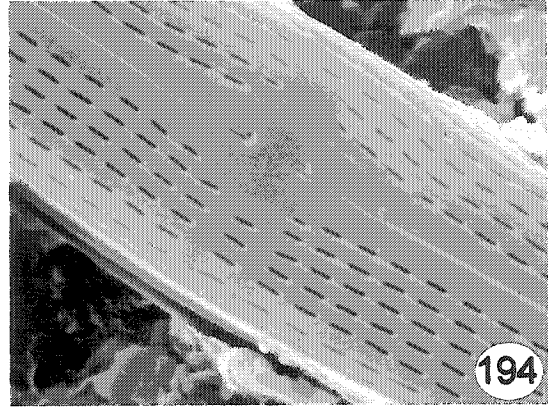
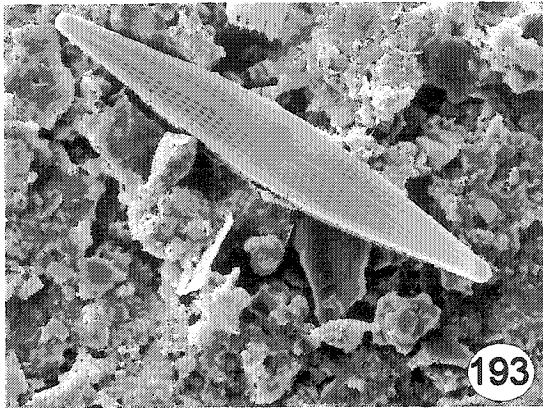












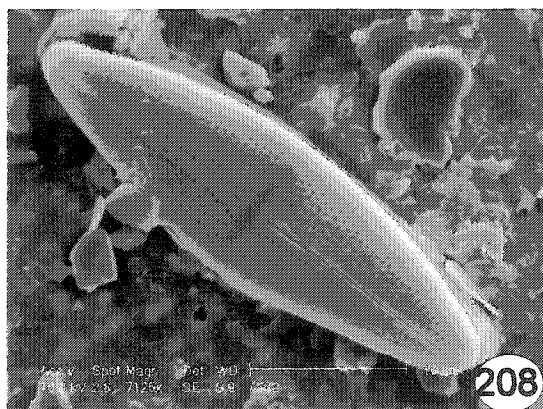
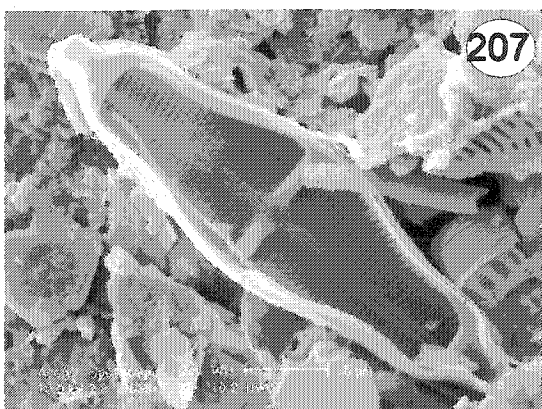
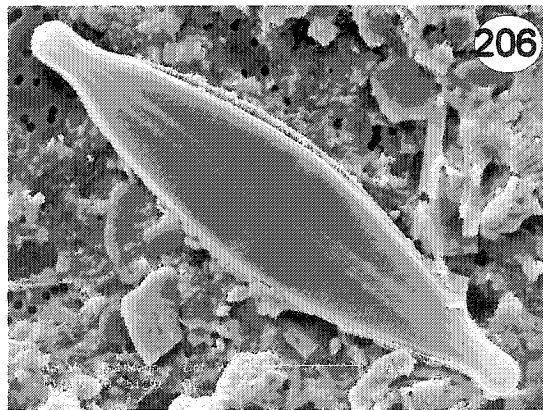
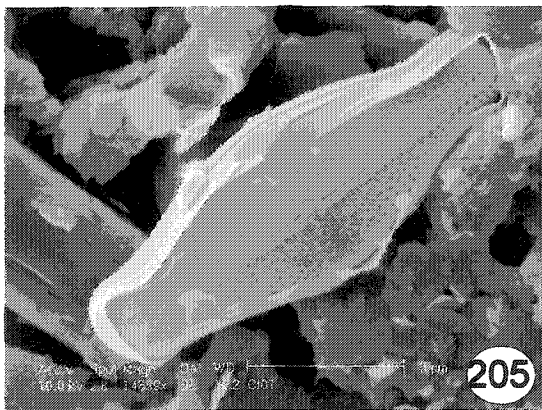
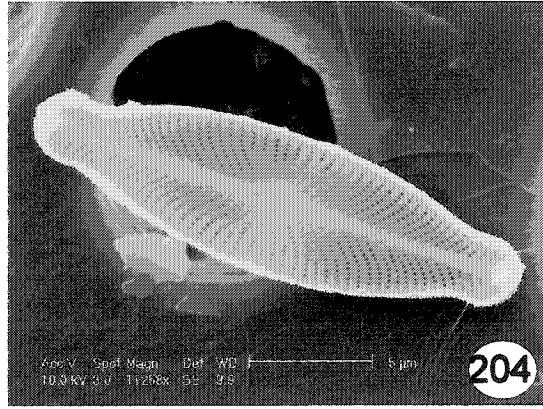
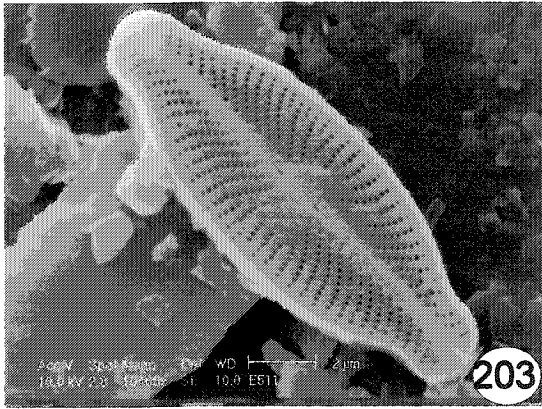
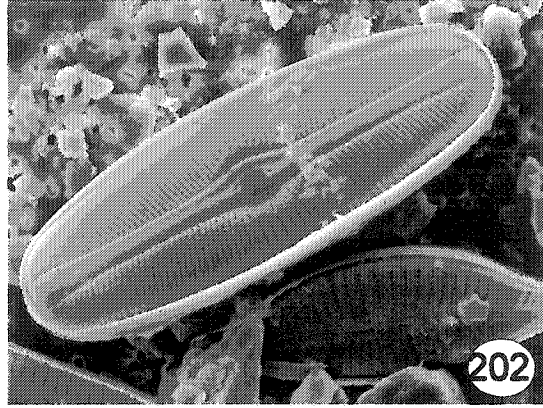
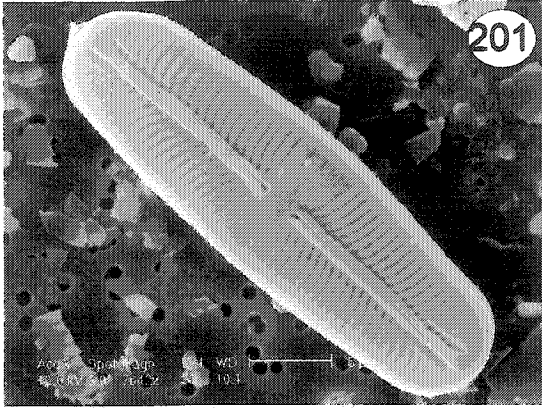


Figure 3.2. Light micrographs of selected diatoms from the surface sediments of 62 arctic lakes.

Picture #	Taxon
1	<i>Achnanthes ingratiiformis</i> Lange-Bertalot
2	<i>Achnanthes nitidiformis</i> Lange-Bertalot
3	<i>Achnanthes gracillima</i> Hustedt
4	<i>Achnanthes impexiformis</i> Lange-Bertalot
5	<i>Achnanthes rupestris</i> Krasske
6	<i>Achnanthes nodosa</i> Cleve
7	<i>Achnanthes kriegeri</i> Krasske
8	<i>Achnanthes zieglerei</i> Lange-Bertalot
9	<i>Achnanthes dau</i> Foged
10	<i>Achnanthes grana</i> Hohn & Hellermann
11	<i>Achnanthes conspicua</i> Mayer
12	<i>Eucoconeis alpestris</i> (Brun) Lange-Bertalot
13	<i>Eucoconeis leptostriata</i> Lange-Bertalot
14	<i>Eucoconeis flexella</i> (Kützing) Cleve
15	<i>Eucoconeis laevis</i> (Østrup) Lange-Bertalot
16	<i>Achnantheidium minutissimum</i> (Kützing) Czarnecki
17	<i>Planothidium frequentissimum</i> (Lange-Bertalot) Round & Bukhtiyarova
18	<i>Planothidium calcar</i> (Cleve) Round & Bukhtiyarova
19	<i>Planothidium oestrupii</i> (Cleve-Euler) Round & Bukhtiyarova
20	<i>Planothidium lanceolatum</i> (ssp. oder aff. ssp. <i>lanceolatooides</i> ?) (Brébisson) Round & Bukhtiyarova
21	<i>Rossithidium petersenii</i> (Hustedt) Round & Bukhtiyarova
22	<i>Rossithidium pusillum</i> (Grunow) Round & Bukhtiyarova
23	<i>Psammothidium sacculum</i> (Carter) Bukhtiyarova
24	<i>Psammothidium ventralis</i> (Krasske) Bukhtiyarova & Round
25	<i>Psammothidium marginulatum</i> (Grunow) Bukhtiyarova & Round
26, 27	<i>Psammothidium levanderi</i> (Hustedt) Czarn
28	<i>Psammothidium subatomoides</i> (Hustedt) Bukhtiyarova & Round
29	<i>Psammothidium bioretii</i> (Germain) Bukhtiyarova & Round
30	<i>Psammothidium grischunum</i> f. <i>daonensis</i> (Lange-Bertalot) Bukhtiyarova & Round
31	<i>Psammothidium helveticum</i> (Hustedt) Bukhtiyarova & Round
32, 33	<i>Karayevia laterostrata</i> (Hustedt) Round & Bukhtiyarova
34	<i>Karayevia clevei</i> var. <i>rostrata</i> (Grunow) Kingston
35	<i>Kolbesia suchlandtii</i> (Hustedt) Kingston
36	<i>Amphipectenella pellucida</i> (Kützing) Kützing
37	<i>Amphora holsatica</i> Kützing
38	<i>Amphora dusenii</i> Brun
39	<i>Amphora veneta</i> Kützing
40	<i>Amphora aequalis</i> Krammer
41	<i>Amphora thumensis</i> (Mayer) Cleve-Euler
42	<i>Amphora pediculus</i> (Kützing) Grunow
43	<i>Amphora copulata</i> morph B (Kützing) Schoeman & Archibald
44	<i>Amphora copulata</i> (Kützing) Schoeman & Archibald
45, 46	<i>Amphora neglecta</i> Stoermer & Yang
47	<i>Amphora inariensis</i> Krammer
48	<i>Brachysira zellensis</i> (Grunow) Round & Mann
49	<i>Brachysira brebissonii</i> morph 1 Ross
50	<i>Brachysira neoexilis</i> Lange-Bertalot
51	<i>Brachysira styriaca</i> (Grunow) Ross
52	<i>Meridian circulare</i> (Greville) Agardh

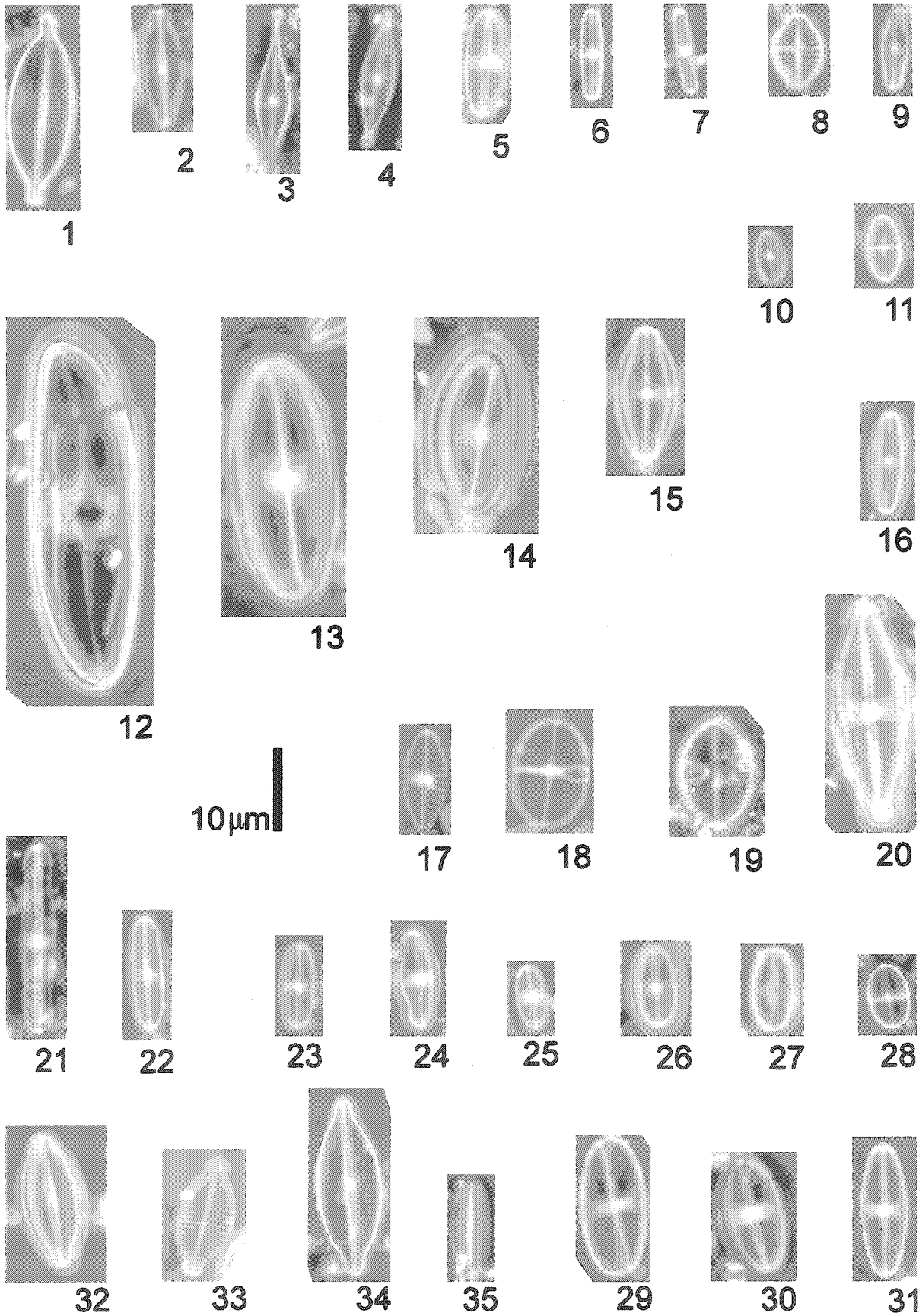
Picture #	Taxon
53	<i>Cocconeis pediculus</i> Ehrenberg
54	<i>Cocconeis placentula</i> var. <i>euglypta</i> Ehrenberg
55	<i>Cocconeis neothumensis</i> Krammer
56	<i>Frustulia rhomboides</i> var. <i>saxonica</i> (Rabenhorst) DeToni
57	<i>Aneumastus tusculus</i> (Ehrenberg) D.G. Mann
58	<i>Caloneis silicula</i> (Ehrenberg) Cleve
59	<i>Caloneis silicula</i> var. <i>alpina</i> Cleve
60	<i>Caloneis thermalis</i> (Grunow) Krammer
61	<i>Caloneis schumanniana</i> (Grunow) Cleve
62	<i>Caloneis bacillum</i> (Grunow) Cleve
63, 64	<i>Caloneis hendyii</i> complex Lange-Bertalot
65	<i>Caloneis tenuis</i> (Gregory) Krammer
66	<i>Cymbella</i> sp. aff. <i>designata</i> Krammer
67	<i>Cymbella subarctica</i> Krammer
68	<i>Cymbella cleve-eulerae</i> Krammer
69, 70	<i>Cymbella botellus</i> (Lagerstedt) Schmidt
71	<i>Cymbella amphicephala</i> var. <i>hercynica</i> (A. Schmidt) Cleve
72	<i>Cymbella amphicephala</i> Näegeli
73	<i>Cymbella incerta</i> var. <i>linearis</i> Grunow
74	<i>Cymbella incerta</i> var. <i>crassipunctata</i> Krammer
75	<i>Cymbella subaequalis</i> morph B Grunow
76	<i>Cymbella angustata</i> (W. Smith) Cleve
77	<i>Cymbella delicatula</i> Kützing
78	<i>Cymbella neocistula</i> Krammer
79	<i>Encyonema elginense</i> (Krammer) D.G.Mann
80	<i>Encyonema norvegicum</i> (Grunow) Mills
81	<i>Encyonema</i> cf. <i>silesiacum</i> (Bleisch) D.G. Mann
82	<i>Encyonema ventricosum</i> (Agardh) Grunow
83	<i>Encyonema minutum</i> (Hilse) D.G. Mann
84	<i>Encyonema latens</i> (Krasske) D.G.Mann
85	<i>Encyonema gaeumannii</i> (Meister) Krammer
86	<i>Encyonema obscurum</i> var. <i>alpina</i> Krammer
87	<i>Encyonema obscurum</i> (Krasske) D.G.Mann
88	<i>Cymbopleura designata</i> (Krammer) Lange-Bertalot & Genkal?
89	<i>Cymbopleura stauroneiformis</i> (Lagerstedt) Lange-Bertalot & Genkal?
90	<i>Cymbopleura cuspidata</i> (Kützing) Lange-Bertalot & Genkal?
91	<i>Encyonopsis behrei</i> (Foged) Krammer & Metzeltin
92	<i>Reimeria sinuata</i> (Gregory) Kociolek & Stoermer
93	<i>Encyonopsis cesatii</i> (Rabenhorst) Krammer
94	<i>Encyonopsis cesatiformis</i> Krammer
95	<i>Encyonopsis descripta</i> (Hustedt) Krammer
96	<i>Encyonopsis microcephala</i> (Grunow) Krammer
97	<i>Denticula</i> (?) <i>tenuis</i> var. Krammer & Lange-Bertalot (1997; Taf.100)
98	<i>Denticula tenuis</i> Kützing
99	<i>Denticula kuetzingii</i> Grunow
100	<i>Cyclotella bodanica</i> var. <i>lemanica</i> complex (O.Müller) Bachmann
101	<i>Stephanodiscus medius</i> Håkansson
102	<i>Cyclotella antiqua</i> W.Smith

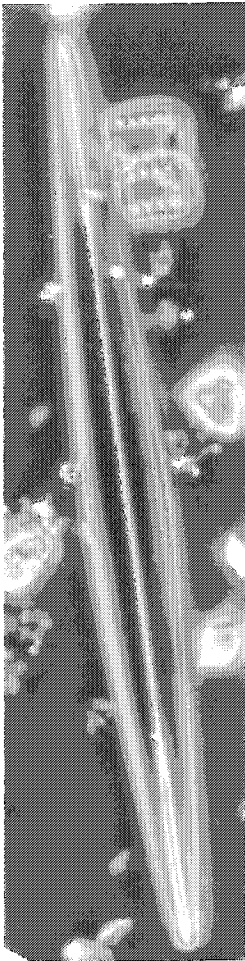
Picture #	Taxon
103	<i>Cyclotella michiganina</i> Skvortzow
104	<i>Cyclotella stelligera</i> (form 1) Cleve & Grunow
105	<i>Cyclotella stelligera</i> (form 2) Cleve & Grunow
106, 107	<i>Cyclotella ocellata</i> Pantocsek
108	<i>Gomphonema</i> cf. <i>leptoproductum</i> Lange-Bertalot & Genkal
109	<i>Gomphonema pumilum</i> var. <i>elegans</i> Reichardt & Lange-Bertalot
110	<i>Gomphonema</i> sp. 3
111	<i>Gomphonema</i> cf. <i>micropus</i> Kützing
112	<i>Gomphonema</i> "parvulum var. <i>undulatum</i> " A. Cleve
113	<i>Gomphonema</i> sp. 2
114	<i>Gomphonema</i> sp. 1 (cf. <i>cybelloides</i>)
115	<i>Gomphonema angustum</i> Agardh
116	<i>Geissleria cummerowi</i> (L.Kalbe) Lange-Bertalot
117	<i>Geissleria similis</i> (Krasske) Lange-Bertalot & Metzeltin
118	<i>Geissleria schoenfeldii</i> (Hustedt) Lange-Bertalot & Metzeltin
119	<i>Navicula schmassmannii</i> (<i>Diadesmis</i> sp.aff. <i>contenta</i> ?) Hustedt
120	<i>Diadesmis perpusilla</i> (Grunow) D.G. Mann
121	<i>Diadesmis contenta</i> (Grunow) D.G. Mann
122	<i>Diadesmis</i> cf. <i>gallica</i> Wm. Smith
123, 124	<i>Achnanthes carissima</i> Lange-Bertalot
125	<i>Stausosirella pinnata</i> (long form) (Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round
126	<i>Fragilaria</i> aff. <i>oldenburgiana</i> Hustedt
127	<i>Stausosirella pinnata</i> var. <i>lancettula/acuminatum</i> (Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round
128	<i>Stausosirella pinnata</i> (Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round
129-130	<i>Stausosira venter</i> (Ehrenberg) Cleve & Möller
131-132	<i>Pseudostausosira pseudoconstruens</i> (Marciniak) D.M. Williams & Round
133-134	<i>Pseudostausosira brevistriata</i> (Grunow) D.M. Williams & Round
135	<i>Hannaea arcus</i> (Ehrenberg) Patrick
136	<i>Diploneis oblongella</i> (Näegeli) Cleve-Euler
137	<i>Diploneis parma</i> Cleve
138	<i>Diploneis ovalis</i> ssp. <i>ovalis</i> (Hilse) Cleve
139	<i>Diploneis occulata</i> (Brébisson) Cleve
140	<i>Diploneis</i> nov. spec. Nr. 1 Julma Ölkky
141	<i>Eunotia arcus</i> Ehrenberg
142	<i>Eunotia praerupta</i> Ehrenberg
143	<i>Microcostatus krasskei</i> (Hustedt) Johansen & Sray
144	<i>Navicula seminulum</i> Grunow
145	<i>Navicula(dicta) raederiae</i> Lange-Bertalot
146	<i>Navicula absoluta</i> Hustedt
147	<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>fluens</i> Hustedt
148	<i>Adalfia minuscula</i> (Grunow) Lange-Bertalot
149	<i>Cavinula cocconeiformis</i> (Gregory) D.G. Mann & Stickle
150	<i>Cavinula jaernefeltii</i> (Hustedt) D.G. Mann & Stickle
151	<i>Cavinula scutiformis</i> (Grunow) D.G. Mann & Stickle
152	<i>Kobayasiella jaajii</i> (Meister) Lange-Bertalot
153	<i>Hippodonta hungarica</i> (Grunow) Lange-Bertalot, Metzeltin & Witkowski
154	<i>Navicula cincta</i> (Ehrenberg) Ralfs
155	<i>Navicula digitulus</i> Hustedt
156	<i>Navicula digituloides</i> Lange-Bertalot
157	<i>Fallacia subluclidula</i> (Hustedt) D.G. Mann
158	<i>Fallacia lenzii</i> (Hustedt) D.G. Mann
159	<i>Fallacia subhamatula</i> (Grunow) D.G. Mann

Picture # Taxon

160	<i>Navicula muraloides</i> Hustedt
161	<i>Navicula lucinensis</i> Hustedt
162	<i>Navicula libonensis</i> Schoeman
163	<i>Navicula cryptotenelloides</i> Lange-Bertalot
164	<i>Navicula</i> aff. <i>phylepta</i> Kützing
165	<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>chiarae</i> Lange-Bertalot & Genkal
166	<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>notha</i> Hohn & Hellerman
167	<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>cryptocephala</i> Kützing
168	<i>Navicula cryptotenella</i> Lange-Bertalot
169	<i>Navicula rhyncocephala</i> Kützing
170	<i>Navicula rhynchotella</i> Lange-Bertalot
171	<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>trophicatrix</i> Lange-Bertalot
172	<i>Navicula dealpina</i> Lange-Bertalot
173	<i>Navicula interglacialis</i> Hustedt
174	<i>Navicula menisculus</i> Schumann
175	<i>Navicula</i> (<i>Placoneis</i> ?) <i>gastrum</i> var. <i>signata</i> Hustedt
176	<i>Placoneis pseudanglica</i> (Lange-Bertalot) Cox
177	<i>Placoneis elginensis</i> (Gregory) Cox
178	<i>Navicula</i> (<i>Placoneis</i> ?) <i>explanata</i> Hustedt
179	<i>Placoneis placentula</i> (Ehrenberg) Heinzerling
180	<i>Navicula vulpina</i> Kützing
181	<i>Neidiopsis wulffii</i> (Petersen) Lange-Bertalot
182	<i>Neidium dubium</i> (Ehrenberg) Cleve
183	<i>Neidium ladogensis</i> (Cleve) Foged
184	<i>Neidium affine</i> var. <i>longiceps</i> (Gregory) Cleve
185	<i>Neidium bergii</i> (Cleve-Euler) Krammer
186	<i>Neidium</i> sp. aff. <i>alpinum</i> Hustedt
187	<i>Sellaphora verecundiae</i> Lange-Bertalot
188	<i>Sellaphora mutata</i> (Krasske) Lange-Bertalot
189	<i>Sellaphora pupula</i> morph 4 (Kützing) Mereschkowski
190	<i>Sellaphora bacillum</i> (Ehrenberg) D.G. Mann
191	<i>Sellaphora laevissima</i> (Kützing) D.G. Mann
192	<i>Sellaphora pupula</i> var. <i>pupula</i> (Ehrenberg) Mereschkowsky
193	<i>Fallacia</i> (<i>Sellaphora</i> ?) <i>helensis</i> (E.Schulz) D.G. Mann
194	<i>Stauroneis</i> sp.1
195	<i>Stauroneis</i> sp.2
196	<i>Stauroneis neohyalina</i> Lange-Bertalot & Krammer
197	<i>Stauroneis smithii</i> Grunow
198	<i>Stauroneis smithii</i> var. <i>borgei</i> (Manguin) Hustedt
199	<i>Stauroneis</i> cf. <i>undata</i> Hustedt
200	<i>Stauroneis koeltzii</i> Metzeltin, Witkowski & Lange-Bertalot
201	<i>Tabellaria flocculosa</i> (Roth) Kützing
202	<i>Surirella minuta</i> Brébisson
203	<i>Surirella turgida</i> W. Smith
204	<i>Pinnularia biceps</i> Gregory
205	<i>Pinnularia brebissonii</i> (Kützing) Rabenhorst
206	<i>Pinnularia nodosa</i> morph 1 (Ehrenberg) Smith
207	<i>Pinnularia borealis</i> var. <i>lanceolata</i> Hustedt
208	<i>Pinnularia</i> cf. <i>birnirkiana</i> Patrick & Freese
209	<i>Pinnularia</i> sp. 1

Picture #	Taxon
210	<i>Chamaepinnularia krookii</i> (Grunow) Lange-Bertalot & Krammer
211	<i>Chamaepinnularia gandrupii</i> (? var.) (Petersen) Lange-Bertalot & Krammer
212	<i>Chamaepinnularia soehrensii</i> (Krasske) Lange-Bertalot & Krammer
213	<i>Hygropetra</i> cf. <i>balfouriana</i> (Grunow) Krammer & Lange-Bertalot
214	<i>Hygropetra balfouriana</i> (Grunow) Krammer & Lange-Bertalot
215	<i>Nitzschia sinuata</i> var. 1
216	<i>Nitzschia sinuata</i> var. <i>tabellaria</i> (Grunow) Grunow
217	<i>Nitzschia sinuata</i> (Thwaites) Grunow
218	<i>Nitzschia perminuta</i> (Grunow) Peragallo
219	<i>Nitzschia frustulum</i> (Kützing) Grunow
220	<i>Nitzschia fonticola</i> Grunow
221	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 1 cf. <i>fonticola</i> Grunow
222	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 2 cf. <i>dealpina</i> Lange-Bertalot
223	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 3 aff. <i>dealpina</i> Lange-Bertalot
224	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 4
225	<i>Nitzschia debilis</i> (Arnott) Grunow
226	<i>Nitzschia amphibia</i> f. <i>frauenfeldii</i> Grunow
227	<i>Nitzschia</i> cf. <i>amphibia</i> Grunow
228	<i>Nitzschia angustiforaminata</i> Lange-Bertalot
229	<i>Nitzschia dissipata</i> (Kützing) Grunow
230	<i>Nitzschia palea</i> (Kützing) W. Smith
231	<i>Nitzschia palea</i> var. <i>tenuirostris</i> Grunow
232	<i>Nitzschia</i> aff. <i>draveillensis</i> Costé & Ricard
233	<i>Nitzschia pura</i> Hustedt
234	<i>Nitzschia gracilis</i> Hantzsch





36



37



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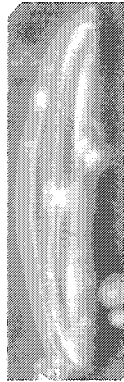
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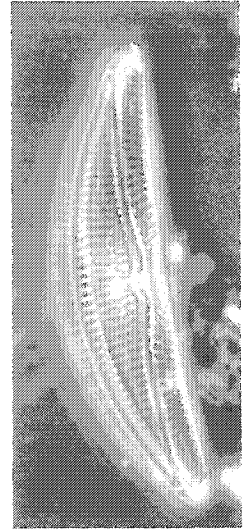
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43

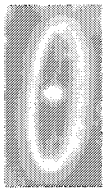


47



44

10µm



48



49



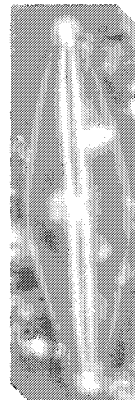
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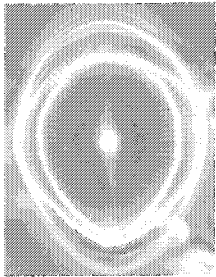
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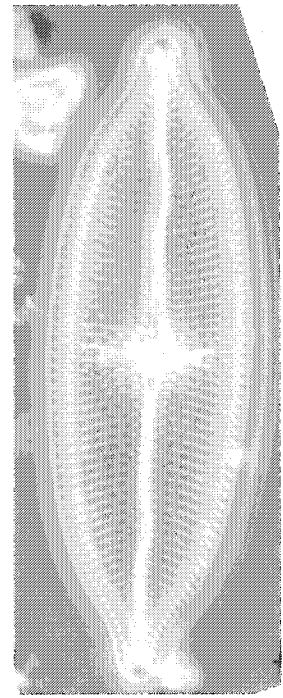
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54



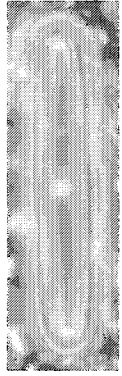
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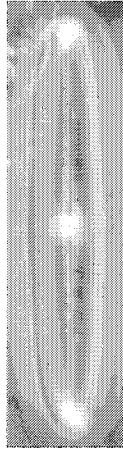
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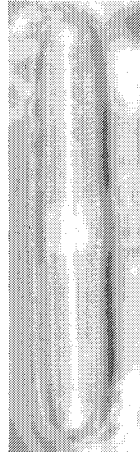
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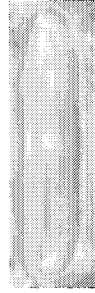
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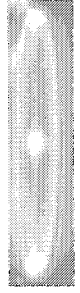
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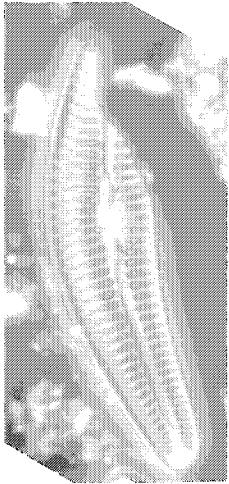
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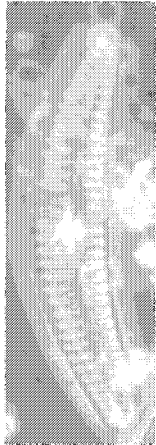
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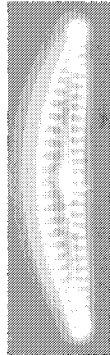
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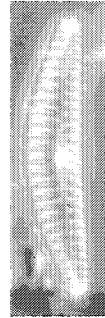
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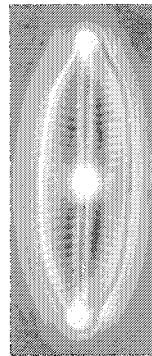
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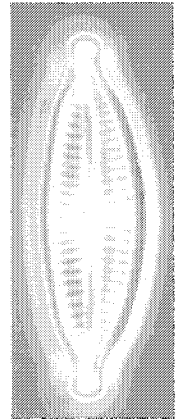
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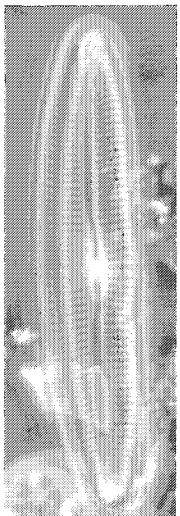


71



72

10µm



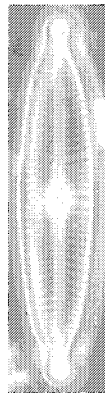
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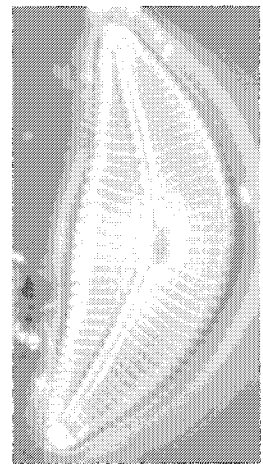
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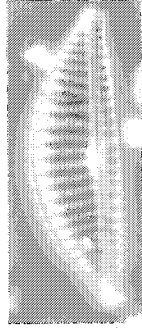
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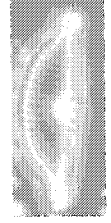
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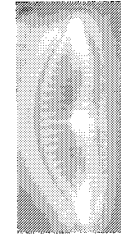
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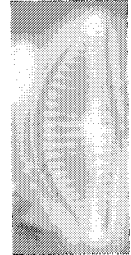
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89



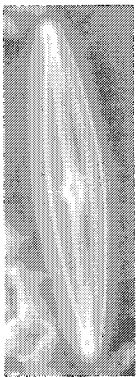
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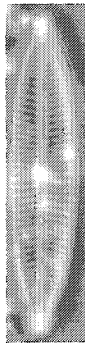
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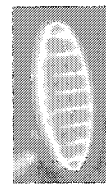


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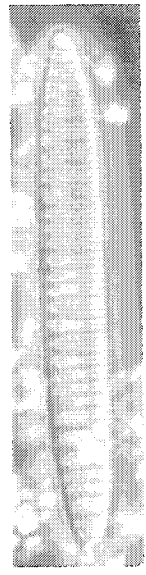
10µm



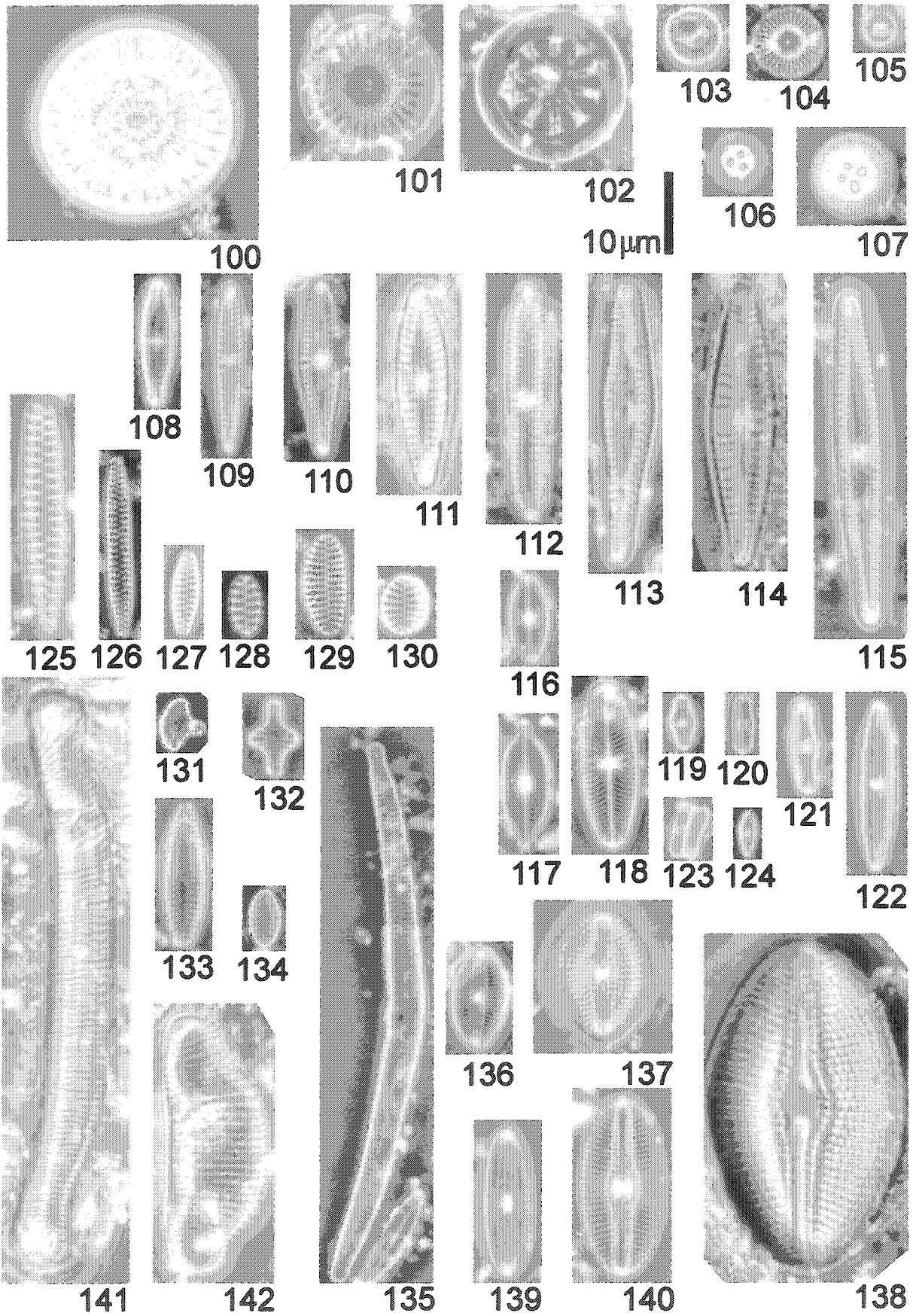
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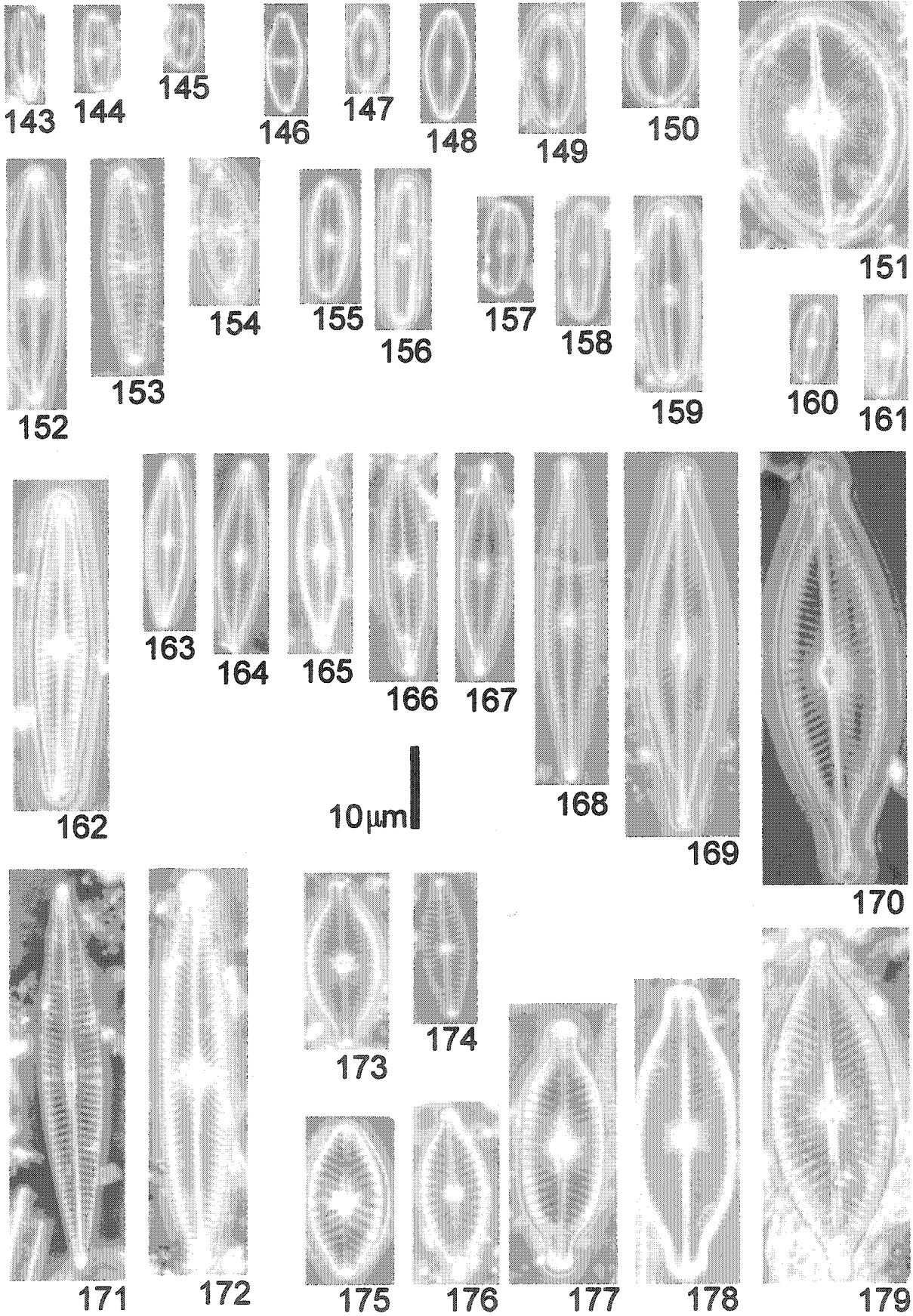


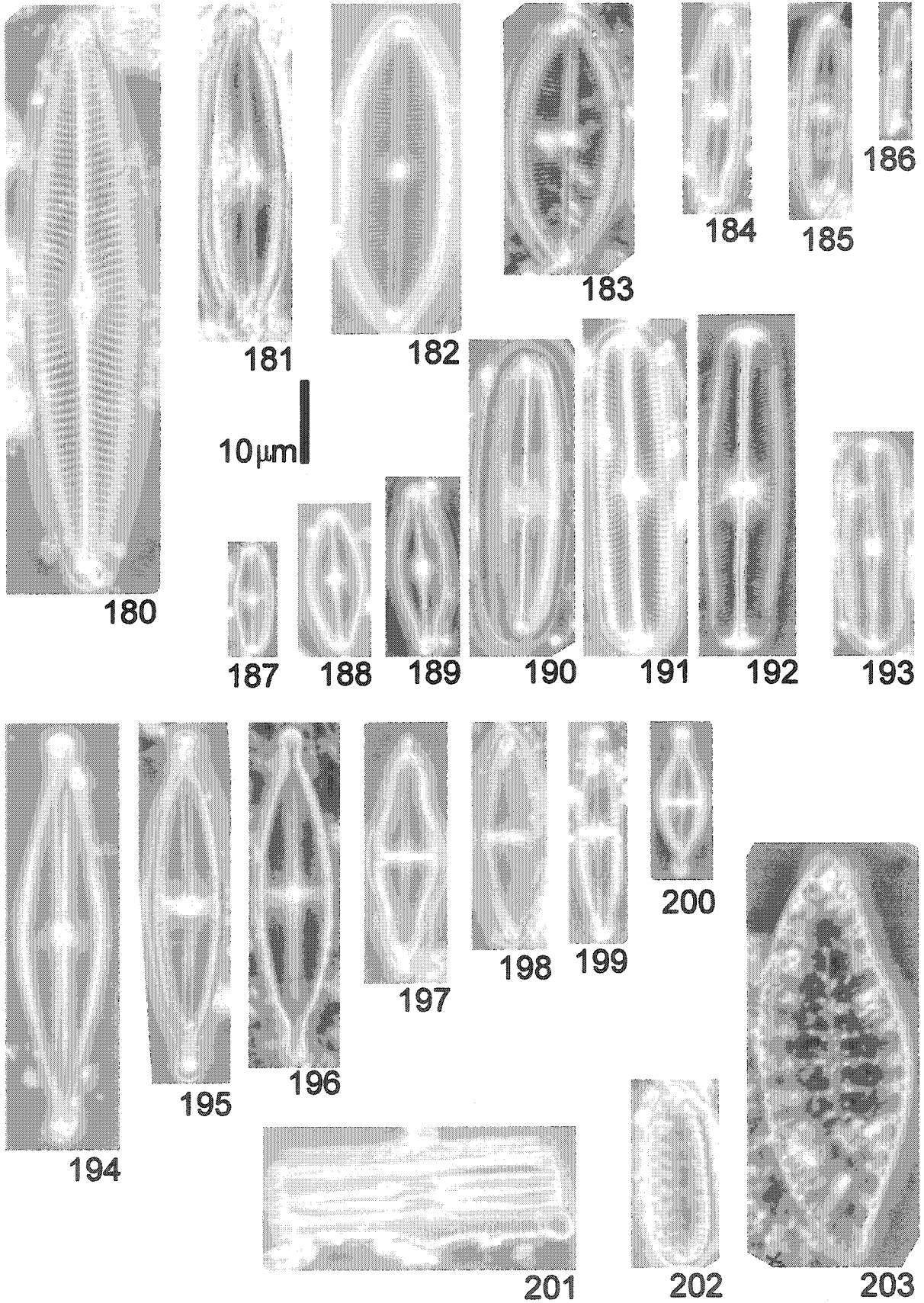
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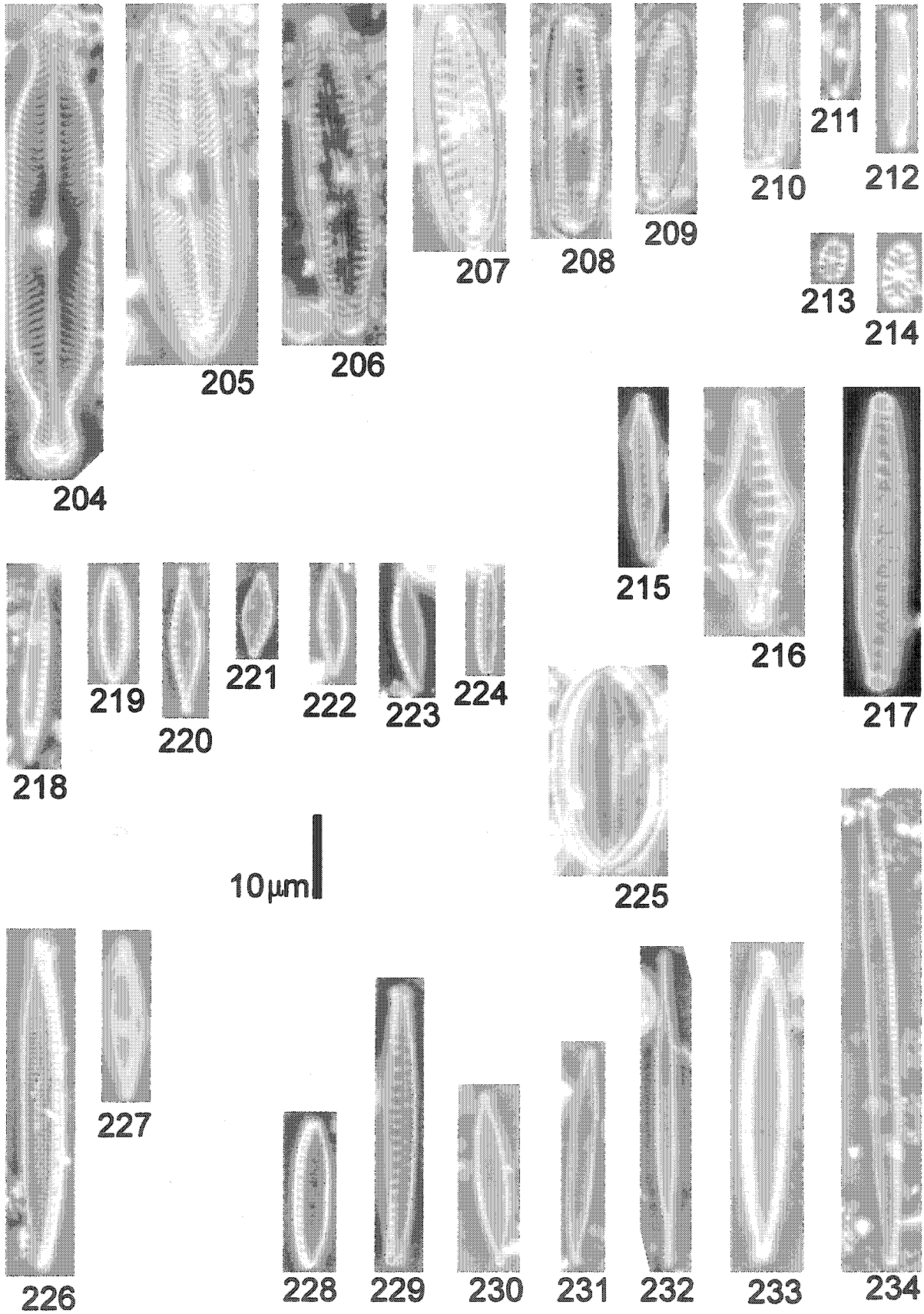


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4. Results: Freshwater Diatom Biogeography in the Canadian Arctic Archipelago

4.1. Limnology

The study lakes are neutral to slightly alkaline (pH 7 – 8.6; mean 7.8; Table 4.1) with higher values found on Devon Island where carbonate rocks, such as limestone and dolomite predominate (Thorsteinsson & Mayr, 1986). The lowest pH values were found in lakes underlain by non-marine sedimentary rock (i.e. granite, quartz, sandstone and other silicates) that are more resistant to weathering and have a lower buffering capacity. These values reflect the strong relationship between lake water chemistry and local geology.

Conductivity (Cond) values were highly variable across the study area ranging between 5.0 and 998.0 $\mu\text{S}\cdot\text{cm}^{-1}$ with a mean value of 131.2 $\mu\text{S}\cdot\text{cm}^{-1}$. Only three lakes, all at low elevation and located near the ocean coast, had values greater than 500 $\mu\text{S}\cdot\text{cm}^{-1}$. Otherwise, conductivity values here are typical for lakes with pH 6-8.5 where bicarbonate is the dominant form of carbon (Kalff, 2002). Dissolved Inorganic Carbon (DIC) varied between 0.2 and 42.6 $\text{mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$, while the concentration of the major ions were ranked in order $\text{Ca}^{2+} > \text{Mg}^{2+} > \text{Na}^{+} > \text{K}^{+}$, as is typical for inland lakes (Kalff, 2002). Inorganic carbon acts as the primary carbon source for photosynthesis in aquatic systems (Wetzel, 2001). It therefore has a role in the creation of organic compounds by algae and other plants due to its influence on nutrient availability. A direct relationship between DIC, major ions (salts), and conductivity is also evident (Table 4.2) as expected for these conservation elements (Hamilton et al., 2001). The highest concentrations of Na^{+} and Cl^{-} were observed in lakes located near the ocean (distance from coast < 3400 m), although some lakes near the coast had extremely low values as well. These low values may be partly due to dilution by melting surface ice at the time of sampling. Conductivity was also correlated with SiO_2 concentrations ($r=0.58$). SiO_2 concentrations were generally highest in lakes on Ellesmere and Axel Heiberg Islands, reflecting the silicate-clastic bedrock that characterises this region.

Dissolved organic carbon (DOC) values ranged from 0.5 to 13.50 $\text{mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ with the lowest values occurring in the central islands and the highest on the northernmost islands (Table 4.1). Only four of the 16 lakes in the northern region had values below the mean (1.88 $\text{mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$), and E516 had the maximum value of 13.5 $\text{mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$. DOC values were weakly correlated with air temperature and depth but showed high correlations with total Kjeldahl

Table 4.1. Limnological characteristics of 62 lakes in the Canadian Arctic.

Lake	pH	Ca (mg L ⁻¹)	Mg (mg L ⁻¹)	Na (mg L ⁻¹)	K (mg L ⁻¹)	Cl (mg L ⁻¹)	SO ₄ (mg L ⁻¹)	SiO ₂ (mg L ⁻¹)	Cond (µS cm ⁻¹)	DIC (mg L ⁻¹)	DOC (mg L ⁻¹)	TKN (mg L ⁻¹)	NN (mg L ⁻¹)	NH ₃ (mg L ⁻¹)	PP (mg L ⁻¹)	TP _{af} (mg L ⁻¹)	CHL _a (µg L ⁻¹)
S40	7.7	30.60	M.D.	0.99	1.510	1.60	2.10	0.960	183.0	22.50	9.00	0.750	0.010	0.006	0.005	0.008	1.33
Long	7.3	12.30	M.D.	0.41	0.600	0.60	1.00	0.840	79.2	10.60	3.00	0.183	0.010	0.005	0.004	0.007	<0.10
Kettle	8.3	45.70	M.D.	41.80	13.600	46.20	246.30	0.070	985.0	42.60	7.70	0.503	0.010	0.005	0.003	0.007	<0.10
E509	7.1	7.70	0.60	0.40	0.200	0.89	1.80	1.240	32.0	5.40	2.40	0.144	0.046	0.005	0.004	0.006	<0.10
E507	7.1	52.10	11.00	54.40	3.600	1.77	2.20	1.780	21.0	3.50	5.10	0.322	0.010	0.005	0.015	0.021	1.20
E506	7.0	2.50	0.60	0.60	0.200	1.30	2.10	0.880	19.0	2.20	0.70	0.065	0.005	0.010	<0.002	<0.005	0.40
HW06	8.0	24.10	9.86	11.40	1.100	16.30	17.50	1.750	293.0	19.70	2.70	M.D.	0.010	0.005	<0.002	<0.005	M.D.
HW05	8.0	38.90	17.50	101.00	4.170	202.00	2.10	0.350	998.0	25.00	2.70	M.D.	0.010	0.005	<0.002	0.006	M.D.
E505	7.1	5.20	1.10	0.50	0.300	0.60	2.80	0.530	56.0	3.80	2.20	0.167	0.005	0.008	0.007	0.009	<0.10
E503	7.1	57.10	11.40	2.60	0.900	2.18	73.30	2.250	26.0	24.80	4.90	0.411	0.019	0.039	0.005	0.013	<0.10
HW03	7.8	37.70	15.20	24.60	3.860	48.30	89.40	1.690	524.0	8.60	1.10	M.D.	0.010	0.005	<0.002	<0.005	M.D.
HW02	7.7	13.50	2.49	4.55	1.460	1.94	24.40	0.170	126.0	4.90	1.10	M.D.	0.010	0.007	<0.002	0.006	M.D.
HW07	7.3	9.90	1.52	1.71	0.590	1.40	4.90	0.410	79.0	5.80	3.60	M.D.	0.010	0.005	<0.002	<0.005	M.D.
E516	7.7	58.70	3.20	2.10	0.700	3.60	111.00	1.120	162.0	16.00	13.50	1.100	0.010	0.014	0.004	0.006	<0.10
E515	7.4	7.80	2.20	2.30	0.600	3.57	5.40	0.710	41.0	5.90	2.60	0.209	0.010	0.005	0.003	<0.005	0.50
E511	7.4	5.30	0.90	0.50	0.200	0.48	8.10	1.710	31.0	2.60	<0.50	0.078	0.010	0.005	0.007	0.007	1.40
CI17	8.0	17.50	2.50	1.78	0.510	1.90	3.70	0.370	80.0	9.45	1.26	0.150	0.010	0.005	0.005	<0.005	0.69
CI20	8.2	13.40	1.15	0.69	0.102	1.02	1.32	0.120	50.0	7.28	<0.50	0.070	0.010	0.016	0.004	<0.005	0.77
CI22	8.1	23.00	2.90	0.49	0.690	0.39	7.54	2.100	90.0	11.61	1.02	0.190	<0.003	0.018	0.026	0.022	0.82
CI23	8.0	18.90	0.46	0.65	0.111	0.83	0.36	0.138	70.0	9.84	0.51	0.090	0.020	0.015	0.003	<0.005	0.80
CI25	7.8	32.00	4.00	2.30	0.400	4.28	22.72	0.350	140.0	14.17	2.03	0.160	<0.003	0.011	0.007	<0.005	1.68
CI27	8.4	0.56	0.04	0.38	0.041	0.45	0.16	<0.003	6.0	0.39	<0.50	0.040	<0.003	0.009	0.003	<0.005	0.87
CI26	7.4	0.23	0.01	<0.07	0.018	<0.10	<0.10	<0.003	10.0	0.20	<0.50	0.060	<0.003	0.008	0.006	<0.005	0.55
CI29	7.8	1.09	1.11	4.00	0.370	8.54	1.17	0.210	30.0	0.59	1.05	0.160	<0.003	0.007	0.005	<0.005	1.32
DV23	7.6	15.10	4.90	2.80	0.200	6.34	3.30	0.140	134.0	12.80	0.80	0.129	0.021	0.016	0.010	0.012	0.64
DV24	7.6	26.50	4.60	0.90	0.200	2.17	2.40	0.250	88.0	16.60	0.70	0.050	0.015	0.005	0.009	0.011	0.64
DV10	8.3	11.80	5.20	0.90	0.200	1.78	0.80	0.050	92.0	11.30	<0.50	0.026	0.023	0.005	<0.002	<0.005	<0.10
DV05	8.6	24.20	4.30	0.90	0.200	2.28	1.30	0.280	153.0	17.10	0.80	0.033	0.011	0.005	<0.002	<0.005	<0.10
DV06	8.4	25.80	4.40	0.90	0.200	2.05	0.60	0.470	158.0	17.90	0.80	0.047	0.010	0.006	<0.002	<0.005	<0.10
DV07	8.4	24.70	4.30	0.90	0.400	2.32	0.90	0.480	148.0	17.40	1.20	0.080	0.010	0.005	<0.002	<0.005	0.30
DV08	8.4	27.30	6.40	1.00	0.200	2.06	8.70	1.280	175.0	18.60	0.80	0.030	0.010	0.007	<0.002	<0.005	0.30
DV01	8.4	29.20	4.80	0.70	0.200	1.64	1.10	0.280	91.0	19.90	2.20	0.054	0.010	0.017	<0.002	<0.005	<0.10
DV02	7.9	140.00	17.20	2.30	0.400	4.22	395.00	1.280	445.0	13.40	1.10	0.072	0.010	0.011	<0.002	<0.005	<0.10
CI34	7.8	4.20	0.79	0.34	0.060	0.70	0.70	<0.003	29.0	2.36	<0.50	0.080	0.010	0.012	0.004	<0.005	1.06
CI33	7.9	7.30	0.97	0.58	0.060	0.81	0.87	<0.003	30.0	4.33	<0.50	0.040	0.010	<0.003	<0.002	<0.005	0.69
CI32	7.8	2.10	0.14	0.18	0.015	0.28	<0.10	<0.003	10.0	1.38	<0.50	<0.02	<0.003	0.005	<0.002	<0.005	0.61
CI31	7.7	0.50	0.16	0.14	0.041	<0.10	<0.10	<0.003	<5.0	0.39	<0.50	0.080	<0.003	0.013	<0.002	<0.005	0.66
Allen	7.7	11.60	4.40	0.80	0.200	1.68	2.30	0.480	68.0	11.20	0.70	0.103	0.010	0.011	<0.002	<0.005	0.20
Wolf	8.4	14.60	5.30	0.80	0.300	1.58	4.10	0.490	65.0	13.60	1.30	0.150	0.010	0.014	0.003	<0.005	0.60
CI01	7.6	22.00	3.90	0.67	0.220	1.27	2.22	0.115	150.0	14.17	0.72	0.100	<0.003	0.008	0.004	<0.005	0.71
CI14	8.1	0.08	0.11	<0.07	0.008	<0.10	<0.10	<0.003	<5.0	0.20	<0.50	0.050	<0.003	0.012	<0.002	<0.005	0.42
CI07	7.8	16.00	5.90	1.60	0.290	4.50	1.61	0.470	80.0	11.22	1.82	0.150	<0.003	0.008	0.006	0.012	0.90
CI08	8.1	28.00	13.20	2.20	0.660	3.87	25.05	0.058	170.0	18.11	3.20	0.370	<0.003	0.029	0.011	0.024	1.03
CI09	8.2	6.30	2.10	0.55	0.149	0.88	1.62	0.038	30.0	3.94	0.54	0.090	<0.003	0.012	0.004	<0.005	0.61
CI12	7.9	8.40	3.20	0.71	0.181	1.31	1.80	0.162	60.0	6.30	0.76	0.100	0.010	0.011	0.005	<0.005	1.41
CI11	7.9	10.00	3.60	1.02	0.189	1.67	0.90	0.187	60.0	7.48	1.24	0.100	<0.003	0.008	0.006	<0.005	0.80
CI10	7.9	5.80	1.97	0.53	0.119	1.06	1.11	0.067	30.0	3.94	0.57	0.030	0.010	0.007	0.003	<0.005	0.35
WB07	8.1	15.00	4.20	0.33	0.200	0.50	1.90	0.280	79.0	5.64	<0.50	0.050	<0.003	<0.003	0.005	0.013	1.24
WB01	8.0	23.00	5.10	0.53	1.400	1.80	3.30	0.470	139.0	8.28	2.00	0.070	<0.003	<0.003	0.064	0.071	1.37
WB05	7.9	14.00	7.10	0.45	0.400	0.70	1.30	0.320	99.0	6.72	1.00	0.080	<0.003	<0.003	<0.002	0.016	1.53
WB02	8.0	26.00	5.00	0.57	0.200	1.00	3.10	0.470	88.0	9.12	<0.50	0.060	0.018	<0.003	0.059	0.065	1.13
WB04	8.0	23.00	5.80	0.48	0.300	0.50	3.80	0.530	75.0	8.40	<0.50	0.080	0.010	<0.003	0.012	0.012	1.36
WB03	7.8	3.20	1.10	0.09	0.200	0.30	0.25	0.120	80.0	1.56	<0.50	0.090	<0.003	<0.003	0.060	0.068	1.77
KR07	7.6	25.00	11.30	1.51	0.560	2.00	22.00	1.550	154.8	15.16	M.D.	0.230	<0.003	0.008	0.008	0.010	0.38
KR02	7.4	12.60	4.80	0.59	0.179	0.70	4.30	0.950	79.0	8.27	M.D.	0.140	0.040	0.021	0.008	0.008	0.30
KR01	7.7	12.30	5.10	0.65	0.250	0.90	3.40	0.690	34.2	8.46	M.D.	0.120	0.040	0.040	0.006	0.007	0.24
KR04	7.6	5.70	3.00	0.28	0.188	0.60	1.60	0.210	9.8	4.33	M.D.	0.100	0.010	0.013	0.012	0.013	0.10
KR08	8.1	78.00	18.80	1.53	1.760	1.70	128.00	1.610	420.0	20.87	M.D.	0.190	0.020	0.013	0.008	0.007	0.45
JR02	8.0	33.40	16.40	1.57	0.615	3.00	0.88	0.604	198.0	29.92	3.10	0.720	0.017	0.070	0.030	0.030	0.33
JR01	8.1	42.40	21.70	2.11	0.557	5.10	2.40	1.210	220.0	37.80	4.70	0.810	0.024	0.050	0.030	0.040	0.44
JR05	7.3	1.73	0.76	0.19	0.060	0.40	0.34	0.055	10.0	1.38	0.80	0.130	0.008	<0.003	0.020	0.020	0.34
JR06	7.1	3.54	1.23	0.37	0.060	0.70	0.45	0.077	39.0	2.76	1.70	0.190	0.008	0.004	0.010	0.020	0.51
Mean	7.8	20.91	5.15	4.73	0.765	6.69	20.41	0.572	131.2	10.80	1.88	0.173	0.011	0.011	0.009	0.012	0.65
Median	7.9	14.80	4.25	0.76	0.210	1.59	2.10	0.360	79.1	8.53	1.10	0.102	0.010	0.008	0.004	0.006	0.62
Minimum	7.0	0.08	0.01	0.07	0.008	0.01	0.10	0.003	5.0	0.20	0.50	0.020	0.003	0.003	0.002	0.005	0.10
Maximum	8.6	140.00	21.70	101.00	13.600	202.00	395.00	2.250	998.0	42.60	13.50	1.100	0.046	0.070	0.064	0.071	1.77
s.d.	0.4	22.30	5.15	15.35	1.860	26.58	62.19	0.597	188.6	8.94	2.24	0.203	0.009	0.012	0.013	0.015	0.45

Values at or below the detection limit are indicated by a 'less than' symbol (<). Missing data are represented by M.D.

Table 4.2. Correlation matrix of physical and chemical characteristics of 62 lakes in the Canadian Arctic. Correlations significant at $p < 0.05$ are in bold while those significant at $p < 0.01$ are marked with an asterisk (*).

	LAT	LONG	AT	DFC	Elev	SfcA	Dep	Cond	WT	pH	Ca	Mg	Cl	Na	K	SO4	SiO2	DOC	DIC	TKN	NN	NH3	PP	TPuf	CHLa	Erich	Conc
LAT	1.00																										
LONG	*0.78	1.00																									
AT	*-0.42	*-0.46	1.00																								
DFC	-0.25	-0.28	0.26	1.00																							
Elev	*0.35	*0.34	-0.16	*0.33	1.00																						
SfcA	-0.25	-0.23	-0.11	0.17	-0.20	1.00																					
Dep	-0.09	-0.18	-0.06	-0.21	-0.09	0.24	1.00																				
Cond	0.16	0.13	0.10	0.06	0.02	0.04	-0.15	1.00																			
WT	0.04	0.21	-0.12	-0.08	-0.08	0.04	-0.12	*0.47	1.00																		
pH	-0.29	-0.22	-0.18	-0.21	-0.31	0.26	0.05	0.31	*0.35	1.00																	
Ca	0.15	0.10	0.16	0.13	0.04	-0.11	-0.16	*0.83	*0.33	0.19	1.00																
Mg	-0.04	0.01	0.29	0.23	0.04	-0.03	-0.12	*0.76	*0.34	0.18	*0.87	1.00															
Cl	0.29	0.26	0.18	-0.16	-0.10	-0.02	-0.10	*0.78	0.31	0.18	*0.69	*0.71	1.00														
Na	*0.45	*0.35	0.16	-0.23	-0.08	-0.25	-0.15	*0.64	0.22	0.05	*0.61	*0.61	*0.87	1.00													
K	*0.42	0.27	0.20	0.10	0.17	-0.17	-0.14	*0.75	0.31	0.01	*0.74	*0.74	*0.76	*0.82	1.00												
SO4	0.28	0.13	0.15	0.10	0.17	-0.15	-0.14	*0.67	0.11	0.00	*0.73	*0.66	*0.63	*0.62	*0.73	1.00											
SiO2	0.22	0.08	0.27	0.32	0.29	-0.12	-0.12	*0.58	0.18	-0.16	*0.71	*0.72	*0.51	*0.45	*0.68	*0.64	1.00										
DOC	*0.35	*0.41	0.20	0.22	0.18	-0.11	*-0.35	*0.47	0.10	-0.21	*0.54	*0.53	*0.57	*0.59	*0.68	*0.56	*0.58	1.00									
DIC	0.10	0.14	0.13	0.16	0.05	0.06	-0.19	*0.83	*0.40	0.27	*0.93	*0.86	*0.70	*0.54	*0.67	*0.63	*0.66	*0.57	1.00								
TKN	0.21	0.26	0.29	0.27	0.16	-0.10	*-0.42	*0.37	0.08	-0.28	*0.40	*0.43	*0.39	*0.48	*0.63	*0.48	*0.47	*0.76	*0.40	1.00							
NN	0.15	0.13	0.15	0.32	0.07	-0.06	-0.08	0.26	0.00	-0.09	*0.41	*0.34	0.28	0.24	0.22	0.26	*0.38	0.30	*0.45	0.19	1.00						
NH3	-0.20	-0.07	0.09	0.15	-0.03	0.15	-0.19	-0.02	-0.24	0.05	0.12	0.15	0.01	0.03	-0.01	0.14	0.11	0.32	0.20	*0.39	0.23	1.00					
PP	*-0.38	*-0.24	*0.45	*0.42	0.00	-0.07	-0.01	-0.04	-0.17	-0.24	0.04	0.10	-0.12	-0.13	0.09	-0.01	0.12	0.01	-0.03	*0.35	-0.05	0.11	1.00				
TPuf	-0.21	-0.24	*0.54	*0.42	0.19	-0.06	0.05	0.21	0.15	-0.21	0.30	*0.36	0.06	0.04	*0.33	0.18	*0.39	0.20	0.25	*0.42	0.11	0.03	*0.77	1.00			
CHLa	-0.13	-0.28	0.02	-0.13	0.01	-0.06	0.14	-0.03	-0.01	0.03	-0.08	-0.06	-0.07	-0.04	0.03	-0.12	-0.08	-0.30	-0.21	-0.02	*-0.43	-0.30	*0.40	0.24	1.00		
Erich	*-0.40	-0.31	-0.09	0.12	-0.21	*0.44	0.11	-0.08	0.10	0.27	-0.13	0.04	-0.21	-0.30	-0.21	-0.21	-0.12	-0.30	-0.04	-0.20	-0.22	0.03	-0.03	-0.11	0.12	1.00	
Conc	0.03	-0.07	0.11	-0.29	-0.19	-0.01	-0.09	-0.15	-0.17	0.15	-0.21	*-0.34	-0.08	0.03	-0.10	-0.04	-0.28	-0.03	-0.21	0.01	-0.11	0.11	-0.02	-0.14	0.04	-0.13	1.00

nitrogen (TKN) and SiO₂ (Table 4.2). TKN values were within the range observed by other surveys of arctic lakes (Hamilton et al., 2001; Michelutti et al., 2002a, b; Lim et al., 2001c; Antoniadou et al., 2003). Lake E516 also had the highest value of TKN (1.1 mgL⁻¹). Both forms of phosphorous (TP_{uf} and PP) were positively correlated with air temperature (AT) and TKN. TP_{uf} also showed positive relationships with Ca²⁺, Mg²⁺, and SiO₂. Interestingly, TP_{uf} increased with increasing distance from coast. This is likely a result of the warmer mesoclimate found inland (Atkinson & Gajewski, 2002), which allows for greater plant biomass.

Chlorophyll-*a* (CHL_a) is used as a measure of aquatic productivity in a system and often reflects the level of nutrient concentrations (Kalf, 2002). In this study, CHL_a was correlated (significant at $p < 0.05$) with some nutrients and DOC (Table 4.2). It has been suggested that chlorophyll-*a* is not effective in measuring productivity in oligotrophic lakes like the ones in this study (Hamilton et al., 2001).

Principal Components Analysis (PCA) was used to examine relationships among the lake characteristics. Only properties of the water were included in the analysis; spatial variables (latitude, longitude, elevation, and distance from coast (DFC)) were excluded to reveal patterns among the lake characteristics alone. A correlation biplot of the PCA (Figure 4.1) summarizes major patterns among the lakes. Environmental variables are represented by arrows where direction indicates the correlation of the principal components with the original data. Arrow length represents the size of the correlation coefficient and acute angles between arrows indicate high correlations between those variables. Sites are positioned near the variables that were highly significant for that lake if the relationship was positive and in the opposite quadrant of that variable if the relationship was negative. Lakes with similar characteristics are located near each other.

Eigenvalues show that 39.6% of the variation is explained in the first axis while axes two and three explained 13.1% and 9.6% of the variation respectively. The first axis of the PCA is highly correlated (negative) with major ions, DIC and DOC (Figure 4.1). Lakes from the central Islands with low concentrations of these variables were clustered in the right quadrant of the biplot. The shallowest lakes had higher DOC and ions. This was also observed by Lim et al. (2001c) where shallow ponds were distinctly separated from deeper lakes by the values of DOC. Variables loading heavily on the second axis include pH

(positive), air temperature (AT), and both TPuf and PP (negative). All sites from Victoria Island and Boothia Peninsula, as well as four lakes from the Fosheim region, are situated in the negative quadrant of this axis. Lakes with the higher pH values from Devon Island scored positively on the second axis and are tightly clustered. This shows the broad similarity of the chemical characteristics of the lakes within any area. The third axis is positively correlated with chlorophyll-*a* (CHLa) and negatively correlated with NH₃ and nitrate-nitrite (NN). Lakes on northern Victoria Island had high values of TKN and CHLa but low values of NN and NH₃. Similar values were reported by Michelutti et al. (2002b) from the same region.

4.2. Diatoms

Concentrations

Diatom concentrations estimated as a function of volume (valves'cc⁻¹ sediment) were highly correlated with those estimated as a function of weight (valves'g⁻¹ wet sediment; $r = 0.99$; Figure B.1). Volumetric concentrations are used in this paper. Total diatom concentrations ranged from 4.4×10^6 to 4.3×10^{10} valves'cc⁻¹, thus varying over five orders of magnitude (Figure 1.1C; Table B.1). There does not appear to be a relation between total diatom concentration and latitude (Figure 1.1C). Within any region, diatom concentrations varied greatly. For example, concentrations ranged between 6.3×10^7 – 4.5×10^9 valves'cc⁻¹ in the Fosheim region of Ellesmere Island. Values on Devon Island were the most consistent between lakes, with generally low values. The lowest concentrations were found in lakes on northeastern Ellesmere, Devon, Victoria, and Bathurst Islands. Low concentrations are as thus found over a wide range of latitudes and across the full longitudinal extent of this study. The highest concentrations occurred on Bathurst, Ellesmere, and Somerset Islands with four of these eight lakes located on Bathurst Island.

Principal Components Analysis (PCA) was used to relate diatom concentration and richness to the environmental factors of the 62 study lakes. Spatial information including Latitude (Lat), Longitude (Long), distance from coast (DFC), and elevation (Elev) were also included in the analysis. The first three components explained 31.5, 13.4, and 10.6% of the variance. The first axis was a linear combination of major ions, conductivity and dissolved inorganic carbon (DIC). Spatial variables (Lat, Long, and DFC) and phosphorous were

highly loaded on the second component (Figure 4.2). Lakes underlain by non-marine sedimentary bedrock were positioned in the positive quadrant of the second axis due to their high latitude location. Diatom concentrations are not highly correlated with any measured environmental variable although weak, negative relationships with Mg^{2+} (significant at $p < 0.01$), distance from coast (DFC), and SiO_2 were found (Table 4.2).

Taxonomic richness & general flora description

A total of 326 taxa (including species, forms and variants) were identified in the 62 lakes (Table 3.1). A maximum of 86 taxa was recorded from the largest lake in this dataset (Allen Lake) while the minimum number of taxa in a lake was eight (CI25). Rarefaction estimated richness values varied among lakes within each region (Figure 1.1D; Table B.1). Estimated richness (Erich) was significantly correlated ($p < 0.01$) with lake surface area (SfcA) as illustrated in the biplot (Figure 4.2). Other variables highly loaded on this axis included Elevation (Elev; negative) and pH (positive) on the third component. Lakes with low diversity are positioned in the negative quadrant of component 3. Estimated richness was negatively correlated with latitude (LAT), Na^+ , and DOC (Table 4.2).

The taxa found in this study represent 63 different genera, although some genera were monospecific. The majority of taxa belonged to the genera *Navicula* (37 taxa) and *Nitzschia* (30 taxa) comprising 11.3% and 9% of the total number of recorded taxa, respectively. Forty-nine of the 62 lakes were dominated (abundance > 50%) by small *Staurosira*, *Staurosirella*, *Pseudostaurosira*, and *Fragilaria* (fragilaroid) taxa while 3 lakes did not contain any of these taxa (Figure 4.3). Taxa from this group consistently dominated more organic-rich lakes (based on field observations and degree of chemical reaction with strong acid during processing). This is in contrast to Douglas & Smol (1993) who noted the near absence of these small forms from the organic ponds of the Cape Hershel region. Lake sediments consisting mostly of sand (JR05, S40, CI29) tended to have diatom assemblages with less than 50% of these taxa.

Other dominant taxa included *Amphora* spp. (*A. copulata*, *A. inariensis*, *A. pediculus*), *Psammothidium* spp. (*P. grischunum* f. *daonensis*, *P. marginulatum*), *Nitzschia* spp. (*N. frustulum*, *N. palea*), and *Achnantheidium minutissimum*. Larger, more heavily silicified taxa, such as *Denticula kuetzingii*, were also common and even dominant in some lakes (Figure 4.3). Centric forms were present in 47 of the 62 lakes across the study area (Figure C.1),

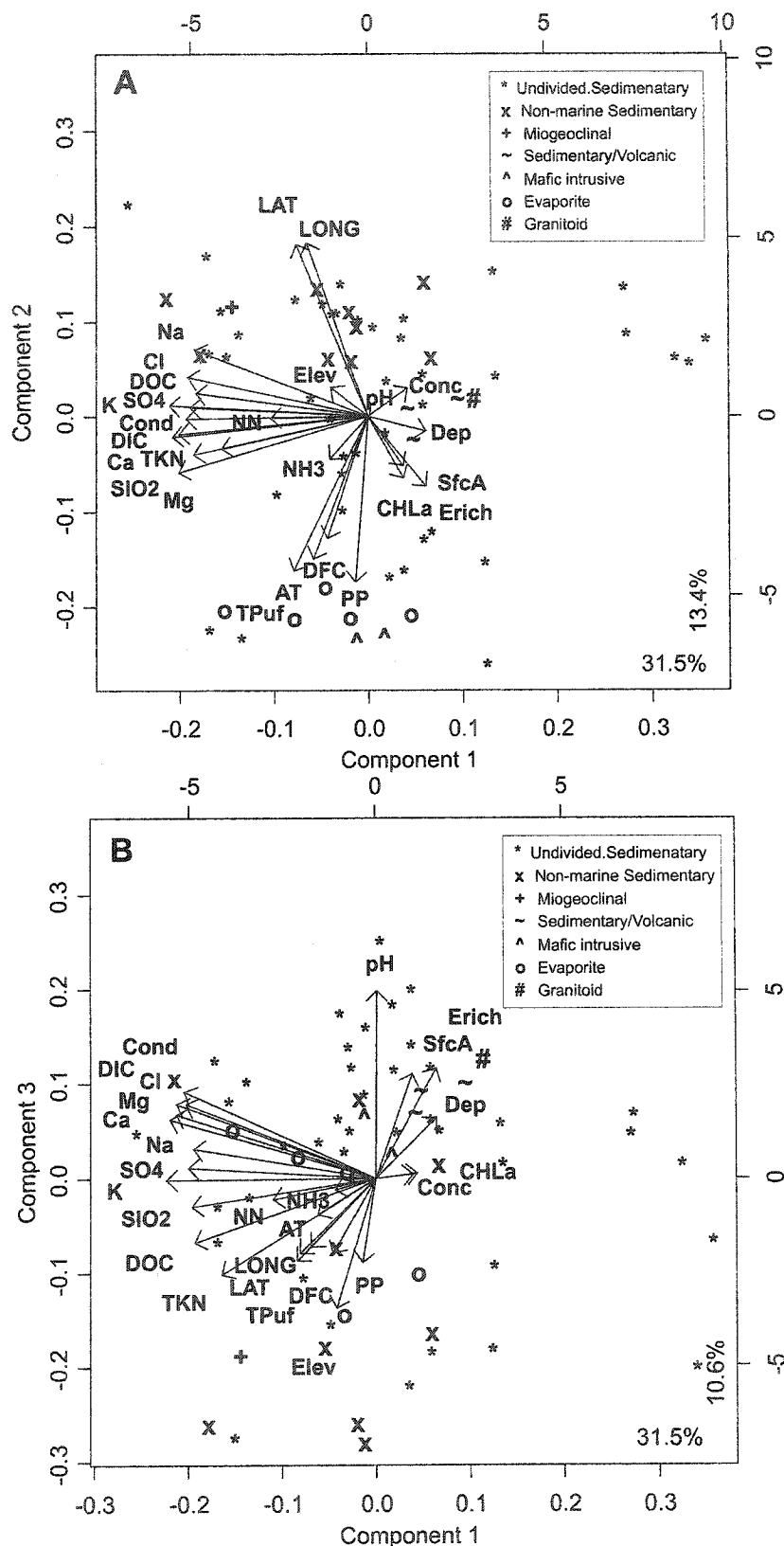


Figure 4.2. Principal Components Analysis correlation biplots of physical and chemical characteristics of 62 lakes in the Canadian Arctic including diatom estimated richness (Erich) and concentration (valves cc^{-1} ; Conc). Components 1 and 2 (A) and 1 and 3 (B) are shown. Lakes are represented by subrocktype. Codes of abbreviated variables are Cond (conductivity), DIC (dissolved inorganic carbon), DOC (dissolved organic carbon), AT (mean July air temperature), TKN (total Kjeldahl nitrogen), NN (nitrate-nitrite), PP (particulate phosphorous), TPuf (total unfiltered phosphorous), SfcA (surface area), and CHLa (chlorophyll-*a*).

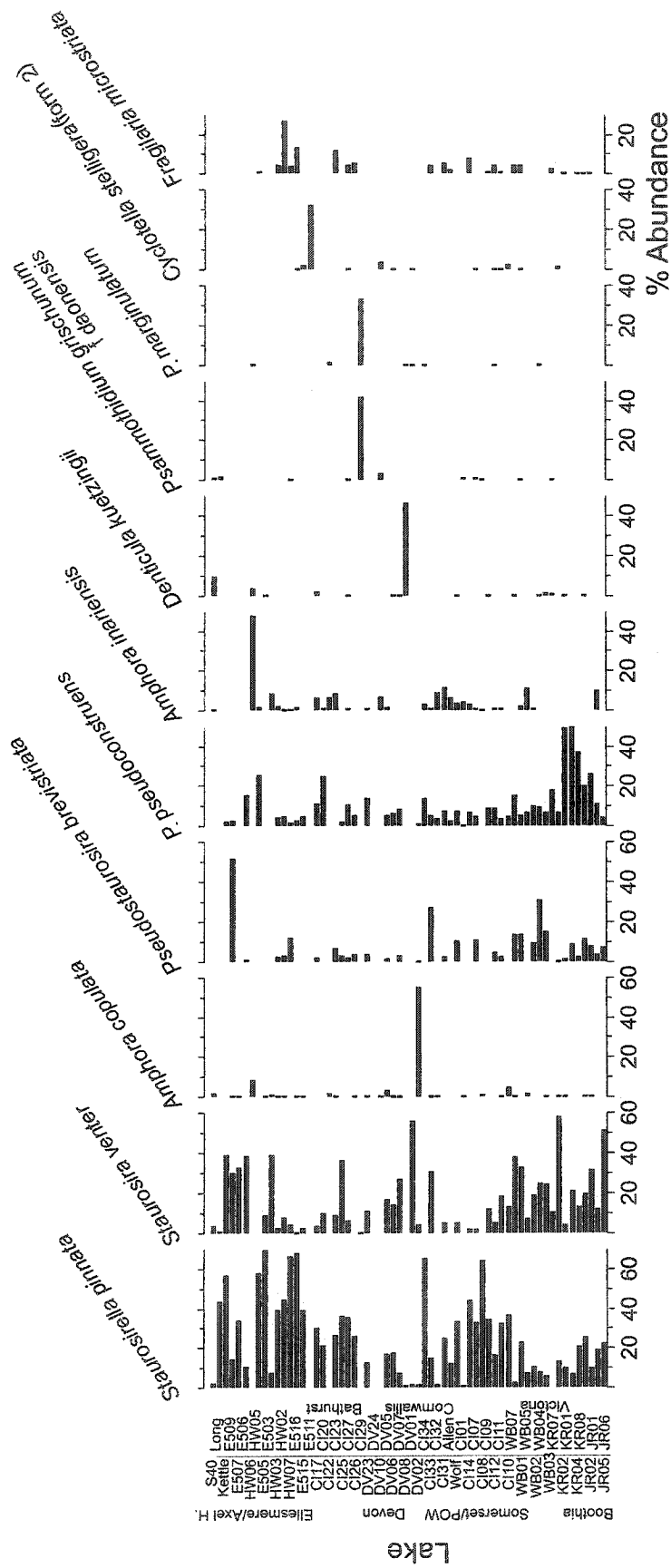


Figure 4.3. Diagram of the thirty dominant diatom taxa in 62 lakes of the Canadian Arctic. Lakes are arranged by decreasing latitude and by region.

with *Cyclotella stelligera* (form 2) dominant in one lake (E511) on Ellesmere Island. This lake is relatively deep (11m) and represents the highest elevation included in this study. In contrast, *Cyclotella antiqua* was rare, occurring in only 11 of the study lakes. Its highest abundance was in a relatively large and deep lake (DV24).

Diatom Distributions

Generic distributions were quite variable across the study area with some groups showing widespread distributions. *Staurosirella* spp., *Nitzschia* spp., *Amphora* spp., *Cyclotella* spp., and *Neidium* spp. were found in every region, often in high abundances (Figure 4.4a-e). Some genera were absent from certain regions, for example, *Eunotia* spp., *Denticula* spp., and *Geissleria* spp. were not found on Cornwallis Island (Fig. 4.4f, g, h), while *Gomphonema* (Fig. 4.4j) taxa were not found in study lakes on Somerset Island. *Brachysira* spp. (Fig. 4.4i) were only found on Devon and Victoria Islands and the Boothia Peninsula. There were no dominant genera limited to High-Arctic regions. *Caloneis* spp. and *Eucoconeis* spp. appeared to be more common and dominant in lakes on Devon Island (Fig. 4.4k, l).

The distribution of genera formerly grouped into the genus *Achnanthes sensu lato* showed wide variation across the study region (Figure 4.5A). *Achnantheidium* spp. were widespread with low abundances consistently observed on Bathurst Island. *Karayevia* spp. were absent from both Axel Heiberg and Ellesmere Islands with highest abundances occurring on Somerset and Prince of Wales Islands. Other groups, such as *Eucoconeis* spp. and *Rossithidium* spp. increased in abundance from south to north. Of the four sites on Cornwallis Island, taxa belonging to the genera *Planothidium* and *Rossithidium* were only found in lake CI34. Vegetation around lake CI34 is classified as Graminoid tundra whereas the other three are classified as Barrens.

Genera formerly grouped in *Cymbella sensu lato* showed less spatial variations than the *Achnanthes sensu lato* group (Figure 4.5B). *Cymbopleura* taxa were not encountered in lakes on Cornwallis Island. *Encyonema* spp. were more common and abundant than *Cymbella* spp. Other groups containing complex taxa, such as *Amphora* and *Gomphonema*, showed wide distributions across the region although *Gomphonema* was rare on Bathurst Island.

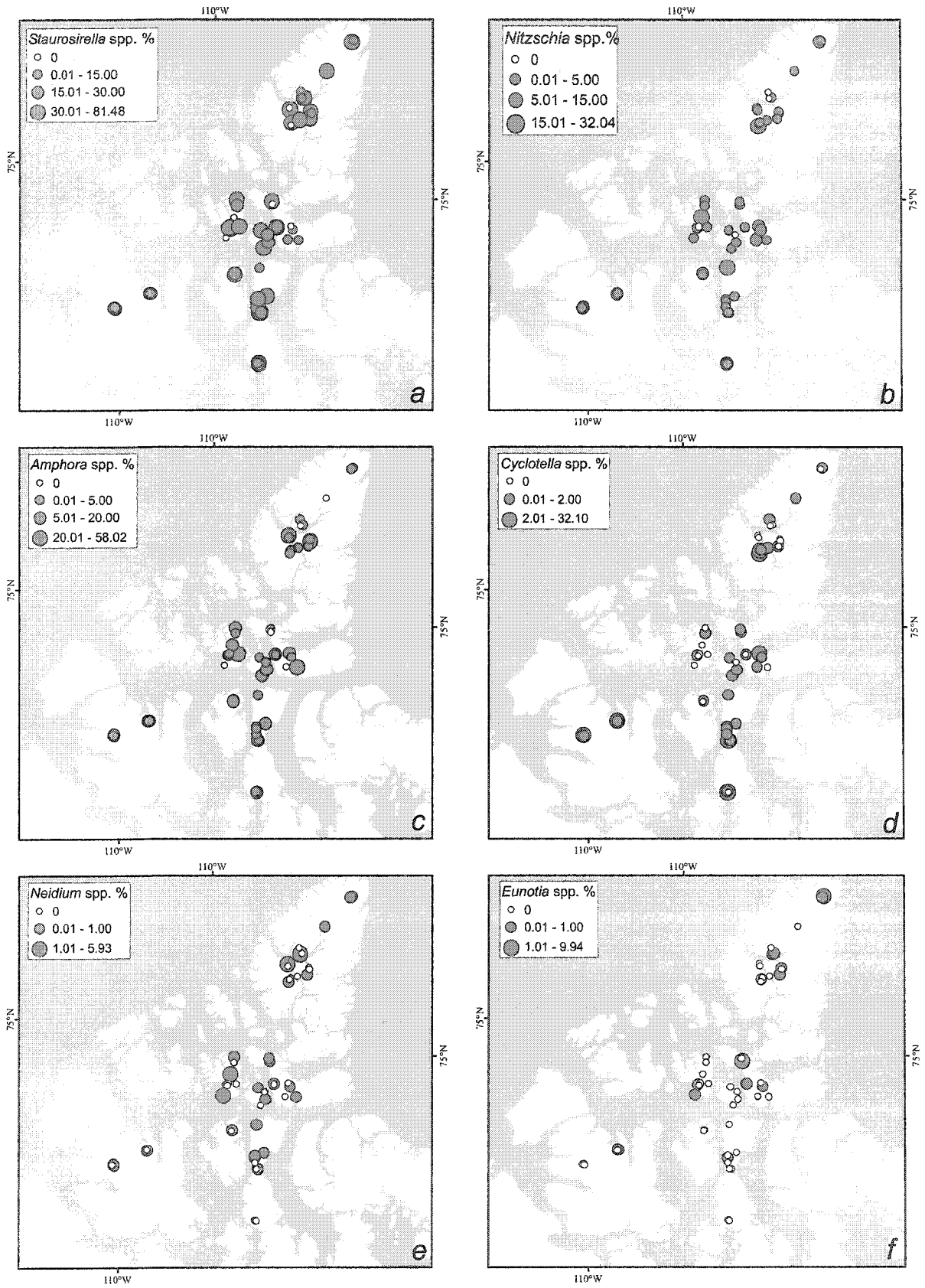


Figure 4.4. Spatial distribution of selected diatom genera in 62 lakes of the Canadian Arctic. Values are expressed as percent abundance.

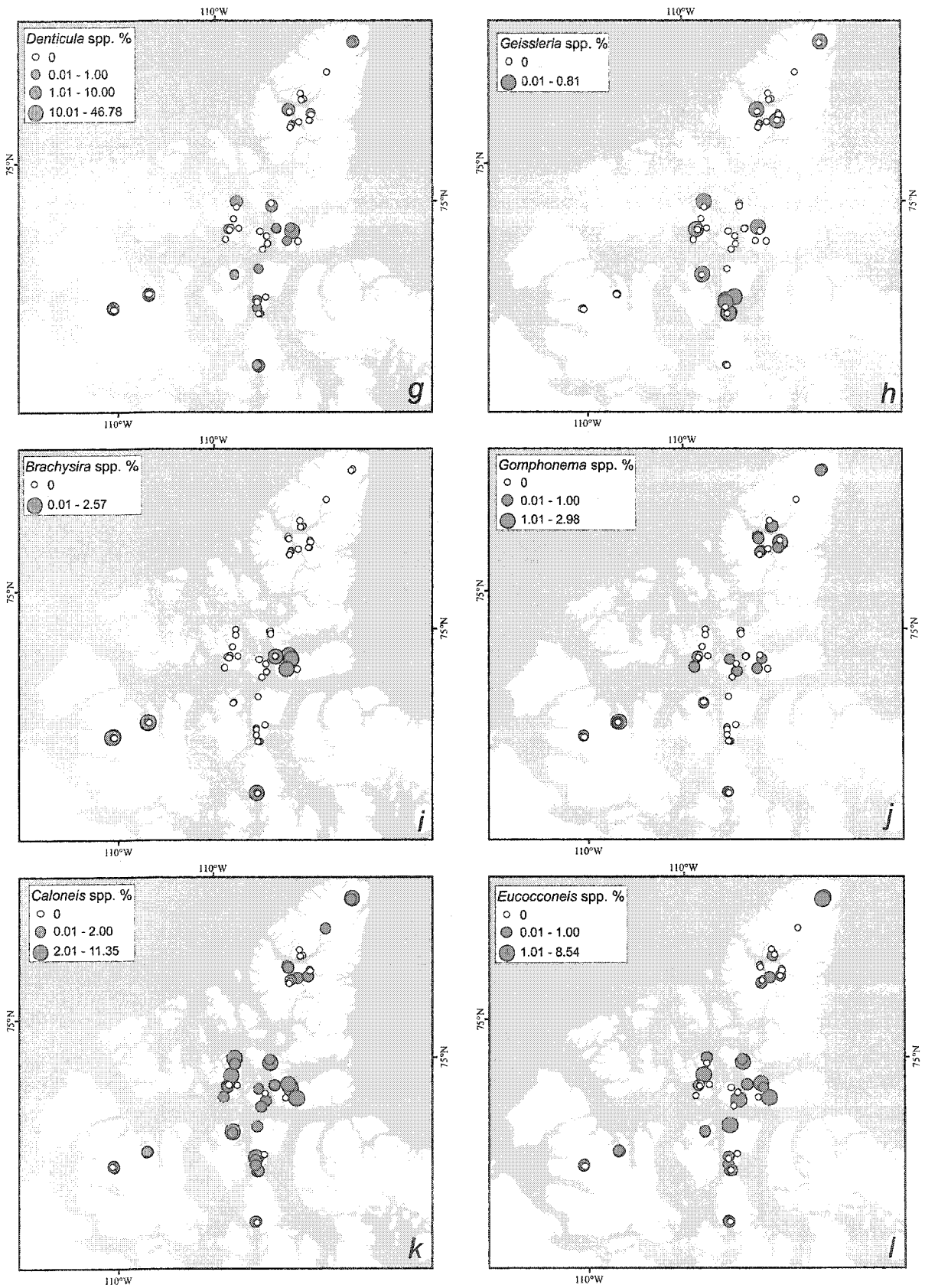


Figure 4.4. (continued)

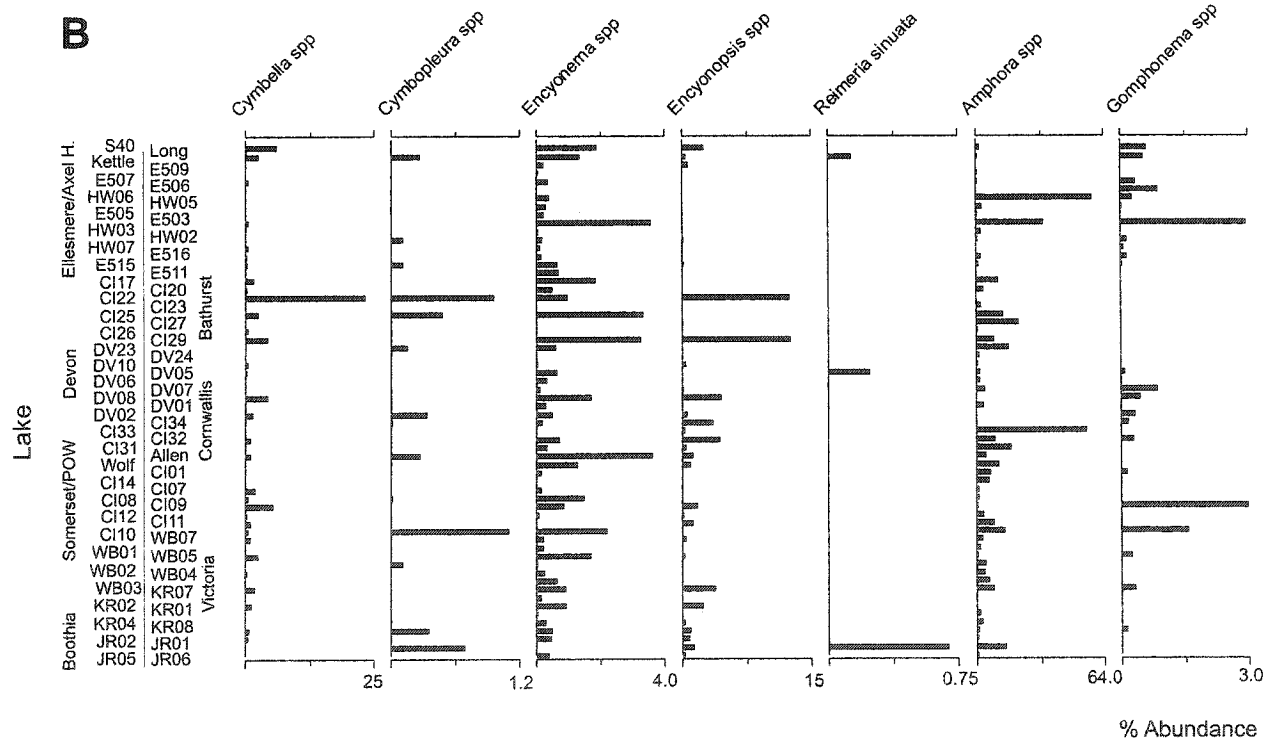
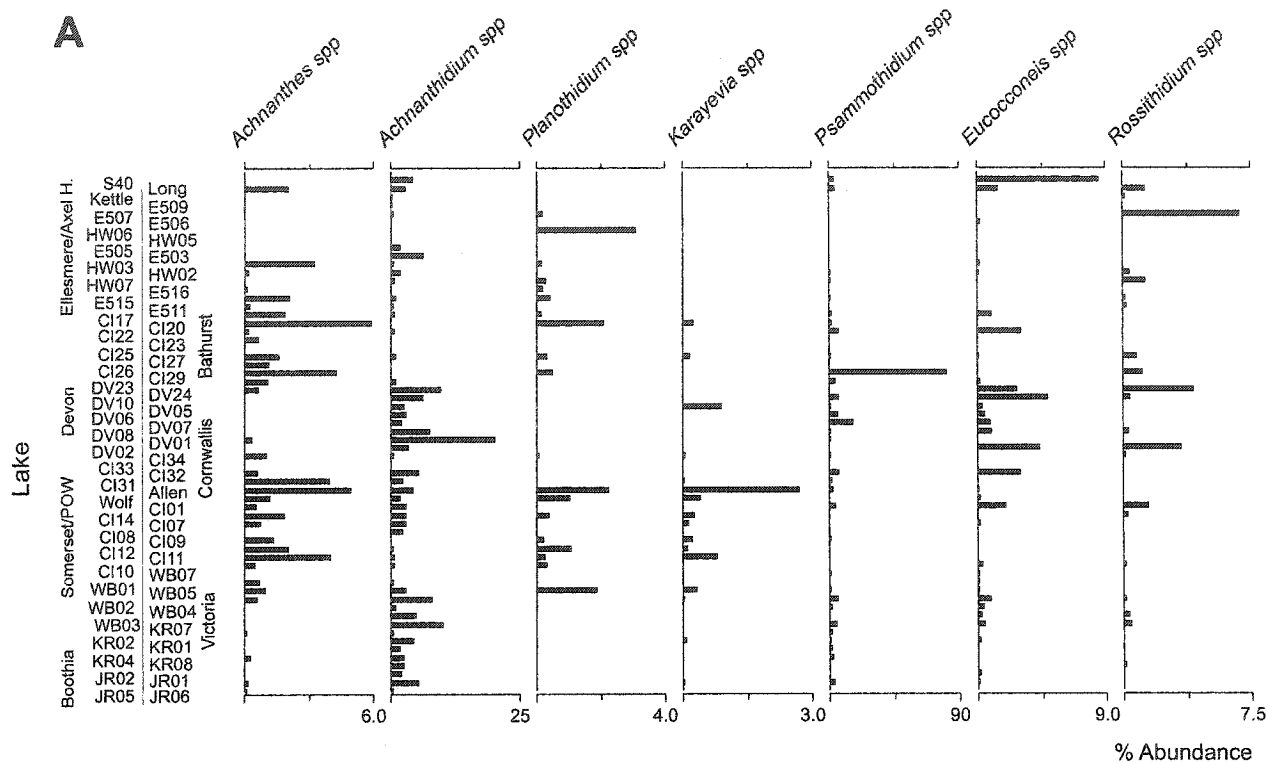


Figure 4.5. Relative abundance of genera formerly included in *Achnanthes sensu lato* (A) and *Cymbella sensu lato* (B). *Amphora* spp. and *Gomphonema* spp. are also included in (B). Lakes are arranged by decreasing latitude and by region.

Generally, the dominant taxa (*Staurosirella* spp., *Staurosira venter*, *Achnantheidium minutissimum* and *Pseudostaurosira pseudoconstruens*) were also the most widely distributed, although none of these taxa were present in every lake (Figure 4.6a, b, c). Other common taxa were also absent from certain regions. For example, *Hygropetra balfouriana*, *Cyclotella stelligera* (form 2), and *Cymbella angustata* were not found in lakes on Cornwallis Island (Figure 4.6d, e, f) and *H. balfouriana* was present in only one lake on Devon Island. *Eucocconeis laevis* was recorded from lakes on Bathurst Island while *E. flexella* was not (Figure 4.6g, i). *Brachysira neoexilis* was only recorded from Devon Island, Victoria Island, and Boothia Peninsula in low abundances (Figure 4.6j). *Amphora thumensis*, *Stauroneis smithii* var. *borgei*, *Achnanthes gracillima*, and *Karayevia laterostrata* were limited to regions south of 77 °N, thus not occurring on Ellesmere or Axel Heiberg Islands (Figure 4.6k, l, m, o). Similarly, *Cyclotella ocellata* was not recorded in lakes north of Somerset Island (Figure 4.6n). In contrast, *Neidium distinctepunctatum* was not found in the southernmost regions of this study (Victoria Island, Somerset Island, or Boothia Peninsula; Figure 4.6p). *Psammothidium ventralis*, known to be associated with sand habitats (Bukhtiyarova & Round, 1996) seemed to be limited to barren regions with the poorest vegetation cover and coldest temperatures (Figure 4.6q). Most of these taxa were rare, usually comprising less than 5% of the total assemblage.

Interesting results were also found at the scale of individual lakes. For example, the common benthic forms of the genera *Achnanthes*, *Achnantheidium*, *Karayevia*, *Kolbesia*, *Planothidium*, *Psammothidium*, and *Rossithidium* (formerly *Achnanthes sensu lato*) were absent from lake CI33 on Cornwallis Island (Figure 4.5). Richness in this lake was low (estimated richness 21) with an assemblage almost entirely composed of *Pseudostaurosira*, *Staurosira*, and *Staurosirella* taxa. The mean July air temperature attributed to this site is low at 3.87 °C and major ions and nutrients are dilute relative to other lakes. One shallow lake with relatively high conductivity (CI25) on Bathurst Island lacked *Nitzschia* taxa, the second most common group in the study. The two most northern and coldest lakes (Long and S40) were very diverse (estimated richness of 49 and 48 respectively). Lake S40 was dominated by *Fragilaria capucina* var. *vaucheria* and larger taxa such as *Denticula kuetzingii*, *Eunotia arcus* and *E. praeurupta*. In contrast, the assemblage of Long Lake was dominated by forms of *Staurosirella pinnata*, *Nitzschia* spp. and *Hygropetra balfouriana*.

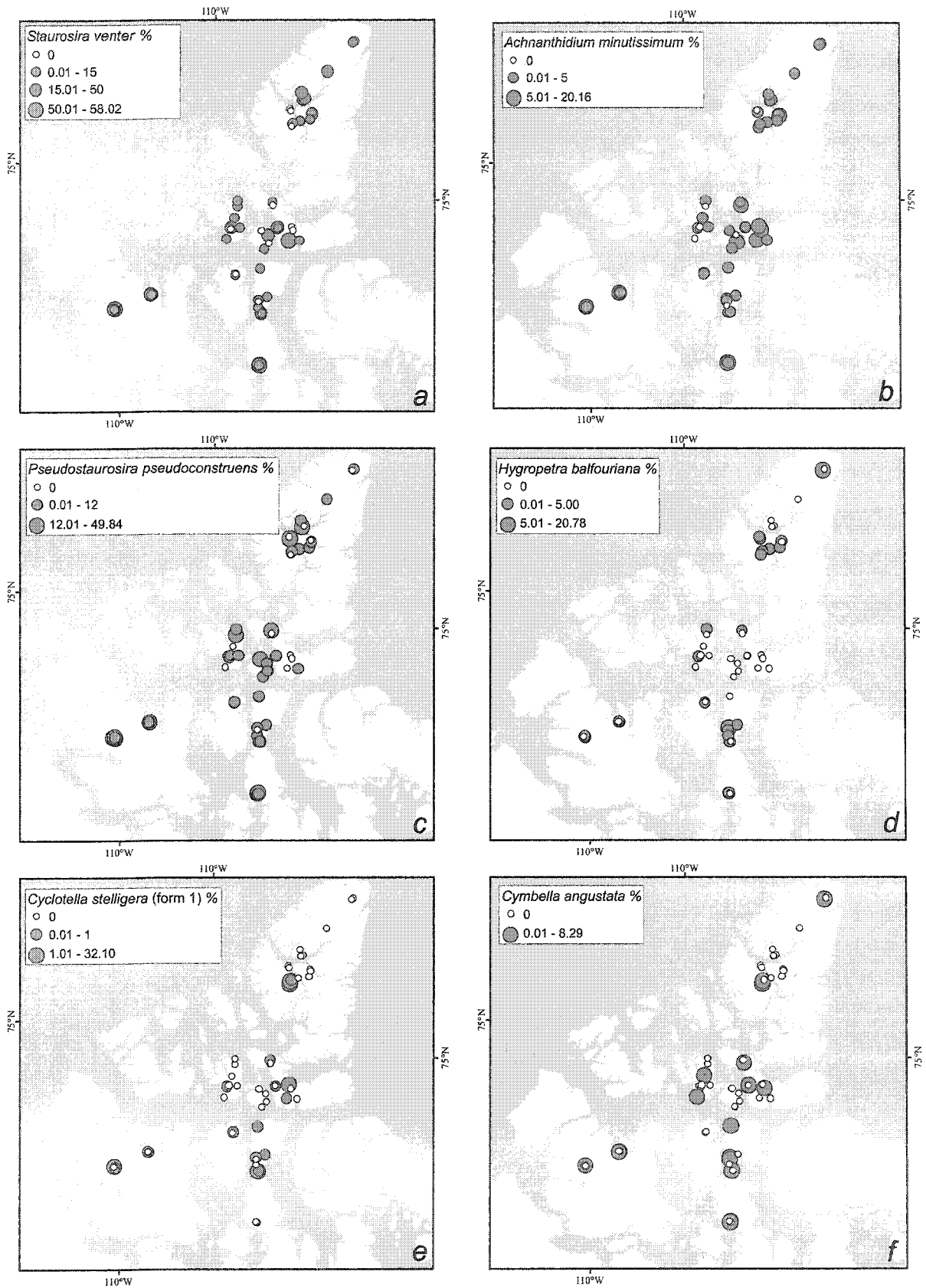


Figure 4.6. Spatial distribution of selected taxa in lakes of the Canadian Arctic. Values are expressed in percent abundance. Note proportional circles vary between maps.

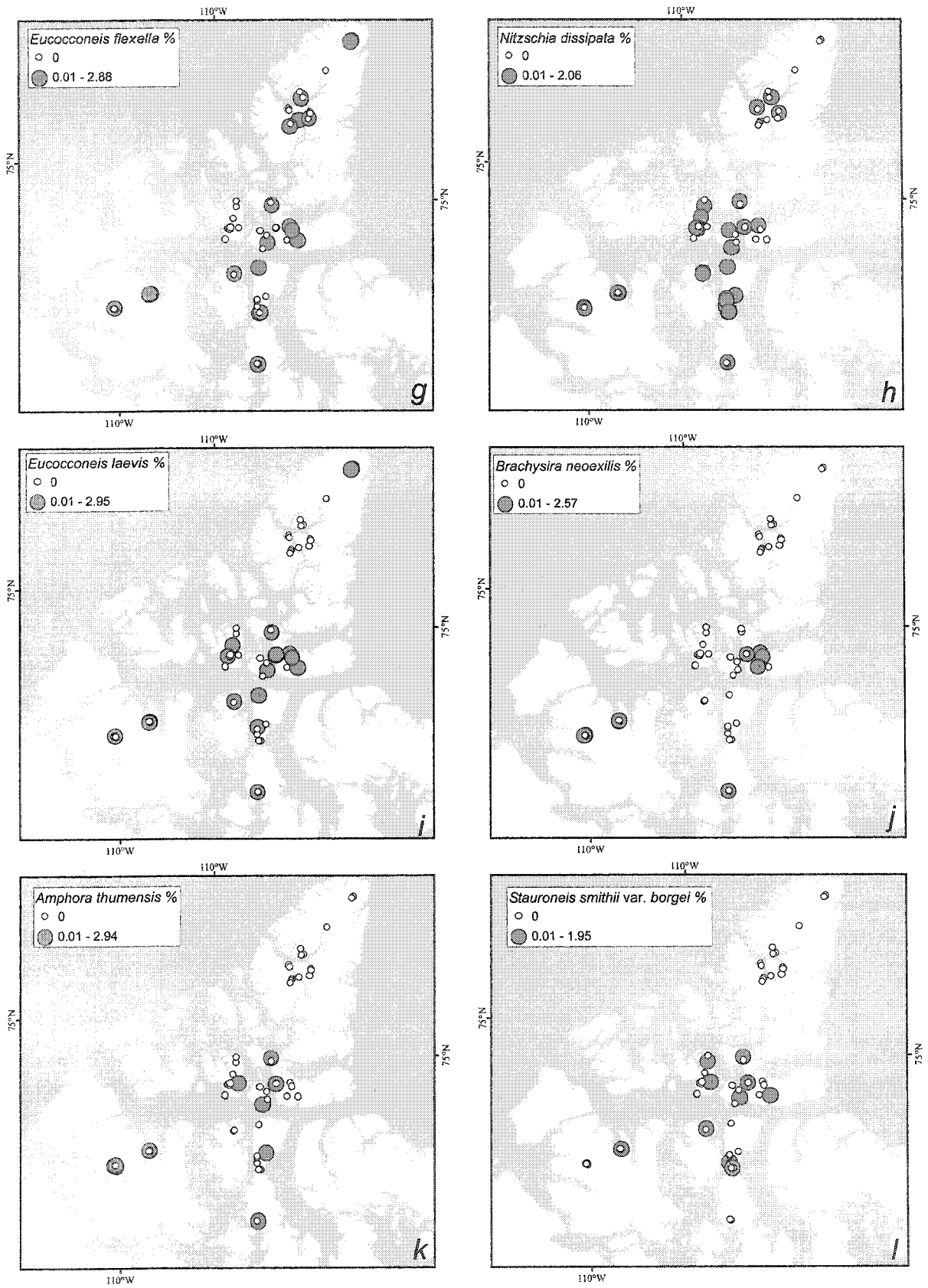


Figure 4.6. (continued)

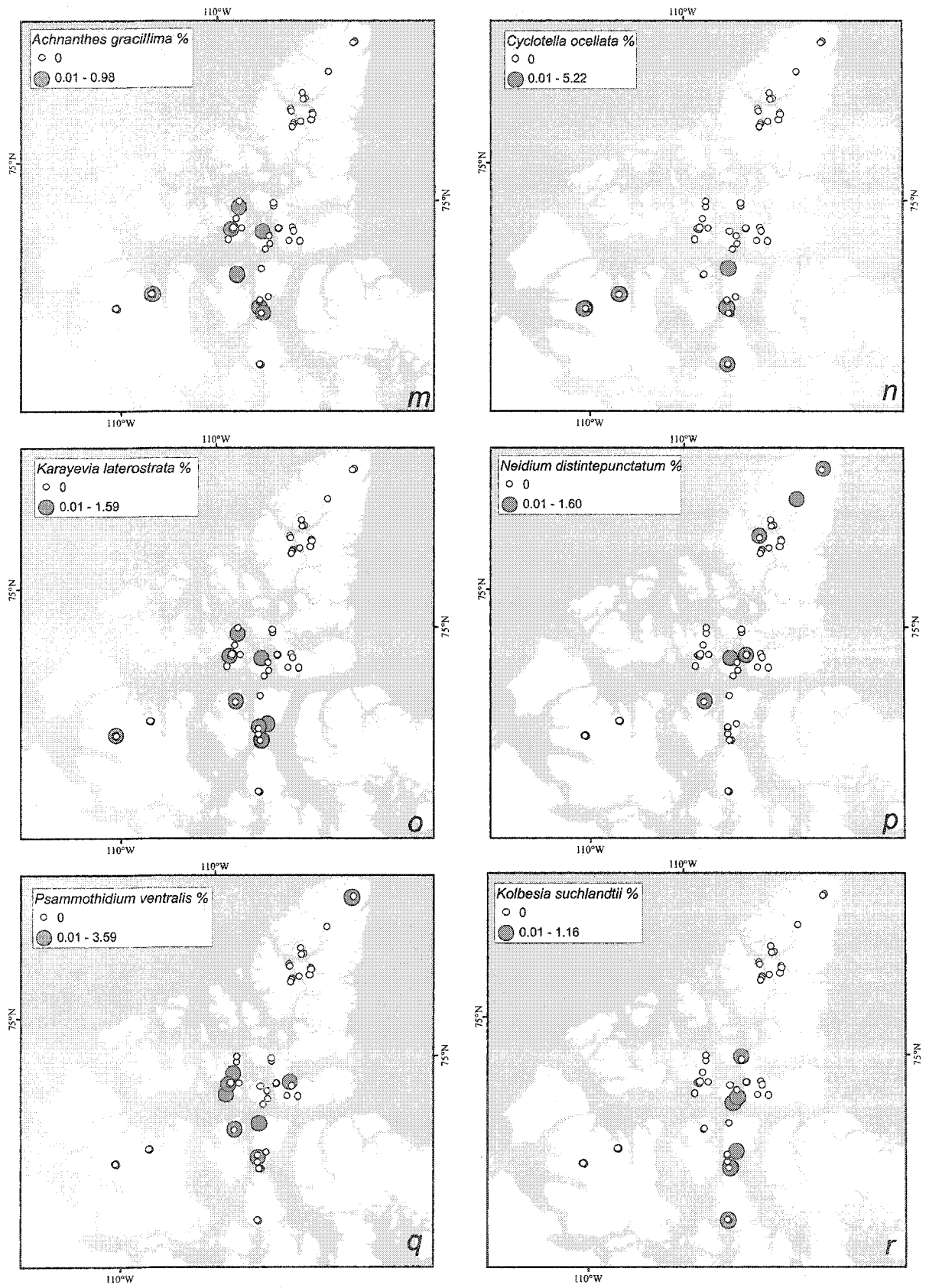


Figure 4.6. (continued)

Three species of *Psammothidium* were found in both lakes likely due to a sandy substrate. Maps depicting the spatial distributions of selected genera, the 30 most common taxa, and selected taxa are provided in Figures C.2, C.3, and C.4 respectively.

4.3. Diatoms & environment

The 145 taxa used in the statistical analyses are listed in Table 4.3. Eigenvalues of the first two Detrended Correspondence Analysis (DCA) axes were 0.439 and 0.214 respectively, together explaining 20% of the diatom assemblage variation (Table 4.4).

Table 4.4. Summary of Detrended Correspondence Analysis (DCA) and Canonical Correspondence Analysis (CCA; after forward selection) results of the first three axes.

	Ordination results		
	1	2	3
DCA			
Eigenvalues (λ)	0.439	0.214	0.138
Gradient length	4.012	2.921	2.435
Cumulative % variance of species	13.4	20.0	24.2
CCA (with forward selection)			
Eigenvalues (λ)	0.135	0.080	0.061
Species-environment correlations	0.624	0.771	0.691
Cumulative % of species data	4.1	6.6	8.4

Common taxa with wide distributions across the study region grouped in the far right side of the DCA biplot (Figure 4.7). In the DCA, lakes are positioned according to the taxa most characteristic of their assemblages (ter Braak & Šmilauer, 2002). Convex hulls show that assemblages are somewhat specific to geographic regions with overlap due to the common taxa found in all regions (Figure 4.7). Lakes from Ellesmere and Axel Heiberg Islands have the most overlap with other regions containing widely variable assemblages. In contrast, lakes of the Boothia Peninsula and Cornwallis Island regions have assemblages largely limited to the common taxa. This is interesting since Boothia Peninsula is the southernmost region of this study, where assemblage diversity was expected to be relatively high. However, this region is represented by only four sites from a small area. The highest turnover rate of taxa across the first DCA axis was in lakes of Bathurst Island with lakes on the left-hand side of the joint plot containing assemblages much different from those on the far right.

Table 4.3. List of the 145 taxa used in ordination analyses with corresponding numbers and codes. Maximum relative abundance and number of lakes in which each taxon was found are included.

Num.	code	Taxon name	Maximum %	# Lakes
1	slpin	<i>Staurosirella pinnata</i> (Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round	69.39	55
2	sacfv	<i>Staurosira venter</i> (Ehrenberg) Cleve & Möller	58.02	51
3	ampcop	<i>Amphora copulata</i> (Kützing) Schoeman & Archibald	55.11	45
4	pseubre	<i>Pseudostaurosira brevistriata</i> (Grunow) D.M. Williams & Round	51.65	35
5	psepuseu	<i>Pseudostaurosira pseudoconstruens</i> (Marciniak) D.M. Williams & Round	49.84	50
6	ampina	<i>Amphora inariensis</i> Krammer	47.86	41
7	dentkue	<i>Denticula kuetzingii</i> Grunow	46.47	26
8	psmgfd	<i>Psammothidium grischunum</i> f. <i>daonensis</i> (Lange-Bertalot) Bukhtiyarova & Round	42.16	15
9	psamar	<i>Psammothidium marginulatum</i> (Grunow) Bukhtiyarova & Round	33.17	9
10	eystell	<i>Cyclotella stelligera</i> (form 2) Cleve & Grunow	32.10	19
11	framc	<i>Fragilaria microstriata</i> Marciniak	26.72	26
12	slpinvi	<i>Staurosirella pinnata</i> (long form) (Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round	25.39	55
13	slpinvla	<i>Staurosirella pinnata</i> var. <i>lancetula/acuminatum</i> (Ehrenberg) D.M. Williams & Round	25.03	37
14	ampped	<i>Amphora pediculus</i> (Kützing) Grunow	23.69	29
15	nitfrus	<i>Nitzschia frustulum</i> (Kützing) Grunow	22.56	21
16	fracvvc	<i>Fragilaria capucina</i> var. <i>vaucheria</i> complex (Kützing) Lange-Bertalot	22.05	12
17	fraolda	<i>Fragilaria oldenburgiana</i> complex Hustedt	21.42	20
18	hygbal	<i>Hygropetra balfouriana</i> (Grunow ex Cleve) Krammer & Lange-Bertalot	20.78	28
19	acdmn	<i>Achnanidium minutissimum</i> (Kützing) Czarnecki	20.16	55
20	seipmor	<i>Sellaphora pupula</i> morph 4 (Kützing) Mereschkowski	19.87	7
21	fraoldpbc	<i>Fragilaria oldenburgioides</i> Lange-Bertalot/ <i>P. brevistriata</i> (Grunow) D.M. Williams & Round complex	19.40	30
22	diacfgal	<i>Diadesmis</i> cf. <i>gallica</i> (Wm. Smith) Van Heurck	18.34	3
23	navrae	<i>Navicula (dicta) raederiae</i> Lange-Bertalot	17.86	3
24	psamafr	<i>Psammothidium rosenstockii</i> (Lange-Bertalot) Bukhtiyarova & Round	16.50	19
25	nitpal	<i>Nitzschia palea</i> (Kützing) W. Smith	12.87	12
26	nitscdea	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp.2 cf. <i>dealpina</i> Lange-Bertalot	11.97	11
27	sacfsb	<i>Staurosira construens</i> f. <i>subsalina</i> (Hustedt) Bukhtiyarova	11.21	17
28	nitine	<i>Nitzschia inconspicua</i> Grunow	10.10	14
29	enpmic	<i>Encyonopsis microcephala</i> (Grunow) Krammer	8.61	20
30	cymang	<i>Cymbella angustata</i> (W. Smith) Cleve	8.29	20
31	ampneg	<i>Amphora neglecta</i> Stoermer & Yang	8.23	6
32	nitper	<i>Nitzschia perminuta</i> (Grunow) Peragallo	8.08	27
33	cymivc	<i>Cymbella incerta</i> var. <i>crassipunctata</i> Krammer	7.66	12
34	navaphy	<i>Navicula</i> aff. <i>phylepta</i> Kützing	7.64	7
35	calhen	<i>Caloneis hendyii</i> complex Lange-Bertalot	7.61	32
36	stakeo	<i>Stauroneis koeltzii</i> Metzeltin, Witkowski & Lange-Bertalot	7.37	10
37	navnec	<i>Navicula cryptocephala</i> Kützing/ <i>notha</i> Hohn & Hellerman/ <i>chiarae</i> Lange-Bertalot & Genkal complex	7.31	30
38	eunarc	<i>Eunotia arcus</i> Ehrenberg	7.30	13
39	pseubref	<i>Pseudostaurosira brevistriata</i> form 1 (Grunow) D.M. Williams & Round	7.23	4
40	rospus	<i>Rossthidium pusillum</i> (Grunow) Round & Bukhtiyarova	6.85	19
41	adabry	<i>Adalfia bryophila</i> (Petersen) Lange-Bertalot	6.85	18
42	cocpleu	<i>Cocconeis placentula</i> var. <i>euglypta</i> Ehrenberg	6.74	22
43	hiphun	<i>Hippodonta hungarica</i> (Grunow) Lange-Bertalot, Metzeltin & Witkowski	6.50	21
44	navmen	<i>Navicula menisculus</i> Schumann	6.43	8
45	enpsubm	<i>Encyonopsis subminuta</i> Krammer & Reichardt	6.36	9
46	nitfont	<i>Nitzschia fonticola</i> Grunow	6.30	19
47	neiampl	<i>Neidium ampliutum</i> (Ehrenberg) Krammer	5.93	14
48	navabs	<i>Navicula absoluta</i> Hustedt	5.68	30
49	cocped	<i>Cocconeis pediculus</i> Ehrenberg	5.65	10
50	chasoos	<i>Chamaepinnularia soehrensii</i> (Krasske) Lange-Bertalot & Krammer	5.58	8
51	nitscfon	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp.1 cf. <i>fonticola</i> Grunow	5.53	19
52	navlibo	<i>Navicula libonensis</i> Schoeman	5.37	3
53	cycoce	<i>Cyclotella ocellata</i> Pantocsek	5.22	11
54	calten	<i>Caloneis tenuis</i> (Gregory) Krammer	5.21	18
55	fallen	<i>Fallacia lenzii</i> (Hustedt) D.G. Mann	5.08	19
56	navvulp	<i>Navicula vulpina</i> Kützing	5.07	13
57	enpdcs	<i>Encyonopsis descripta</i> (Hustedt) Krammer	4.87	17
58	euclep	<i>Eucoconeis leptostriata</i> Lange-Bertalot	4.81	10
59	nitssad	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 3 aff. <i>dealpina</i> Lange-Bertalot	4.45	9
60	dipocc	<i>Diploneis occulata</i> (Brébisson) Cleve	4.44	26
61	cymdel	<i>Cymbella delicatula</i> Kützing	4.40	6
62	rospet	<i>Rossthidium petersenii</i> (Hustedt) Round & Bukhtiyarova	4.15	10

Num.	code	Taxon name	Maximum %	# Lakes
63	enpces	<i>Encyonopsis cesatii</i> (Rabenhorst) Krammer	3.83	3
64	tabfloc	<i>Tabellaria flocculosa</i> (Roth) Kützing	3.76	9
65	achgran	<i>Achnanthes grana</i> Hohn & Heilermann	3.68	7
66	psamven	<i>Psammothidium ventralis</i> (Krasske) Bukhtiyarova & Round	3.59	8
67	psamlev	<i>Psammothidium levanderi</i> (Hustedt) Bukhtiyarova & Round	3.40	15
68	adaminu	<i>Adalfia minuscula</i> (Grunow) Lange-Bertalot	3.35	19
69	encvent	<i>Encyonema ventricosum</i> (Agardh) Grunow	3.33	18
70	cymbot	<i>Cymbella botellus</i> (Lagerstedt) A. Schmidt	3.19	8
71	ampcopb	<i>Amphora copulata</i> morph B (Kützing) Schoeman & Archibald	3.17	11
72	achrupe	<i>Achnanthes rupestris</i> Krasske	3.10	4
73	cavcoc	<i>Cavinula cocconeiformis</i> (Gregory) D.G. Mann & Stickle	3.02	3
74	neiber	<i>Neidium bergii</i> (Cleve-Euler) Krammer	3.01	5
75	euclae	<i>Eucocconeis laevis</i> (Østrup) Lange-Bertalot	2.95	19
76	gomgra	<i>Gomphonema gracile</i> Ehrenberg (in Lange-Bertalot 2/1 fig. 26,27)	2.94	6
77	ampthu	<i>Amphora thumensis</i> (Mayer) Cleve-Euler	2.94	15
78	navcflu	<i>Navicula</i> cf. <i>fluens</i> Hustedt	2.93	17
79	calsilva	<i>Caloneis arctica</i> (Krasske) Lange-Bertalot	2.91	6
80	euclfle	<i>Eucocconeis flexella</i> (Kützing) Cleve	2.88	23
81	chasp	<i>Chamaepinnularia</i> sp.1	2.82	3
82	navdigs	<i>Navicula digitulus</i> Hustedt	2.82	13
83	cymsubb	<i>Cymbella subaequalis</i> morph B Grunow	2.80	5
84	fraten	<i>Fragilaria tenera</i> (W. Smith) Lange-Bertalot	2.80	13
85	calbac	<i>Caloneis bacillum</i> (Grunow) Cleve	2.76	12
86	gomangm	<i>Gomphonema angustum</i> Agardh	2.74	5
87	planper	<i>Planothidium peragallii</i> (Brun & Hériveau) Round & Bukhtiyarova	2.67	5
88	navmod	<i>Navicula modica</i> Hustedt	2.57	7
89	braneo	<i>Brachysira neoexilis</i> Lange-Bertalot	2.57	11
90	pinbir	<i>Pinnularia birnikiana</i> Patrick & Freese	2.54	6
91	psambel	<i>Psammothidium helveticum</i> (Hustedt) Bukhtiyarova & Round	2.38	19
92	mickra	<i>Microcostasis krasskei</i> (Hustedt) Johansen & Sray	2.22	12
93	navvito	<i>Navicula vitiosa</i> Schimanski	2.20	3
94	nitfrusvi	<i>Nitzschia frustulum</i> var. <i>inconspicua</i> Grunow	2.12	3
95	achcari	<i>Achnanthes carissima</i> Lange-Bertalot	2.11	15
96	nitdiss	<i>Nitzschia dissipata</i> (Kützing) Grunow	2.06	28
97	planfre	<i>Planothidium frequentissimum</i> (Lange-Bertalot) Round & Bukhtiyarova	2.06	9
98	navcost	<i>Hippodonta costulata</i> (Grunow) Lange-Bertalot, Metzeltin & Witkowski	2.06	7
99	selmut	<i>Sellaphora mutata</i> (Krasske) Lange-Bertalot	2.06	16
100	selhel	<i>Fallacia helensis</i> (<i>Sellaphora</i> ?) (E. Schulz) D.G. Mann	2.06	7
101	staanc	<i>Stauroneis anceps</i> Ehrenberg	2.06	14
102	encobva	<i>Encyonema obscurum</i> var. <i>alpina</i> Krammer	2.01	3
103	achingra	<i>Achnanthes ingratiiformis</i> Lange-Bertalot	1.99	4
104	sellae	<i>Sellaphora laevissima</i> (Kützing) D.G. Mann	1.96	3
105	stasmvb	<i>Stauroneis smithii</i> var. <i>borgei</i> (Manguin) Hustedt	1.95	10
106	ampaeq	<i>Amphora aequalis</i> Krammer	1.90	5
107	navdea	<i>Navicula dealpina</i> Lange-Bertalot	1.89	5
108	anetus	<i>Aneumastus tusculus</i> (Ehrenberg) D.G. Mann	1.86	15
109	psamsac	<i>Psammothidium sacculum</i> (Carter) Bukhtiyarova	1.84	14
110	achdau	<i>Achnanthes dau</i> Foged	1.82	5
111	encsil	<i>Encyonema silesiacum</i> (Bleisch) D.G. Mann	1.76	32
112	selppv	<i>Sellaphora pupula</i> var. <i>pupula</i> (Ehrenberg) Mereschkowsky	1.76	23
113	nitpur	<i>Nitzschia pura</i> Hustedt	1.74	3
114	stasmi	<i>Stauroneis smithii</i> Grunow	1.74	11
115	navsch	<i>Navicula schmassmannii</i> Hustedt	1.74	8
116	planoes	<i>Planothidium oestrupii</i> (Cleve-Euler) Round & Bukhtiyarova	1.72	8
117	cymsad	<i>Cymbella</i> sp. [aff. <i>designata</i> Krammer]	1.71	13
118	achcons	<i>Achnanthes conspicua</i> Mayer	1.67	11
119	neidist	<i>Neidium distincte-punctatum</i> Hustedt	1.60	6
120	karlat	<i>Karayevia laterostrata</i> (Hustedt) Round & Bukhtiyarova	1.59	9
121	pinrhom	<i>Pinnularia rhombarea</i> Krammer	1.54	9
122	achimpex	<i>Achnanthes impexiformis</i> Lange-Bertalot	1.52	10
123	navcryl	<i>Navicula cryptosinella</i> Lange-Bertalot	1.44	16
124	nitcam	<i>Nitzschia</i> cf. <i>amphibia</i> Grunow	1.43	9
125	psambio	<i>Psammothidium bioretti</i> (Germain) Bukhtiyarova & Round	1.35	16
126	navdiff	<i>Navicula difficillima</i> Hustedt	1.27	6

Num.	code	Taxon name	Maximum %	# Lakes
127	dippar	<i>Diploneis parva</i> Cleve	1.26	15
128	enpcsf	<i>Encyonopsis cesatii</i> formis Krammer	1.24	6
129	diagavp	<i>Diadesmis perpusilla</i> (Grunow) D.G. Mann	1.23	8
130	cycros	<i>Cyclotella rossii</i> Håkansson	1.19	14
131	falsubl	<i>Fallacia subucidula</i> (Hustedt) D.G. Mann	1.17	6
132	achsusch	<i>Kolbesia suchlandtii</i> (Hustedt) Kingston	1.16	7
133	dentten	<i>Denticula tenuis</i> Kützing	1.16	15
134	staneo	<i>Stauroneis neohyalina</i> Lange-Bertalot & Krammer	1.16	3
135	stapho	<i>Stauroneis phoenicentron</i> (Nitzsch) Ehrenberg	1.16	7
136	dipnsjo	<i>Diploneis</i> nov. spec. Nr. 1 Julma Ölkky	1.14	8
137	navdigo	<i>Navicula digituloides</i> Lange-Bertalot	1.12	5
138	surfbreb	<i>Surirella brebissonii</i> Krammer & Lange-Bertalot	1.12	7
139	cymamva	<i>Cymbella amphicephala</i> Näegeli	1.12	16
140	karcvr	<i>Karayevia clevei</i> var. <i>rostrata</i> (Grunow) Kingston	1.11	10
141	navatro	<i>Navicula</i> c.f. <i>trophicatrix</i> Lange-Bertalot	1.10	9
142	cymivi	<i>Cymbella incerta</i> (Grunow) Cleve	1.08	3
143	diacvc	<i>Diadesmis contenta</i> (Grunow) D.G. Mann	1.07	7
144	placexpl	<i>Navicula</i> (<i>Placoneis</i> ?) <i>explanata</i> Hustedt	1.01	6
145	achgrac	<i>Achnanthes gracillima</i> Hustedt	1.00	8

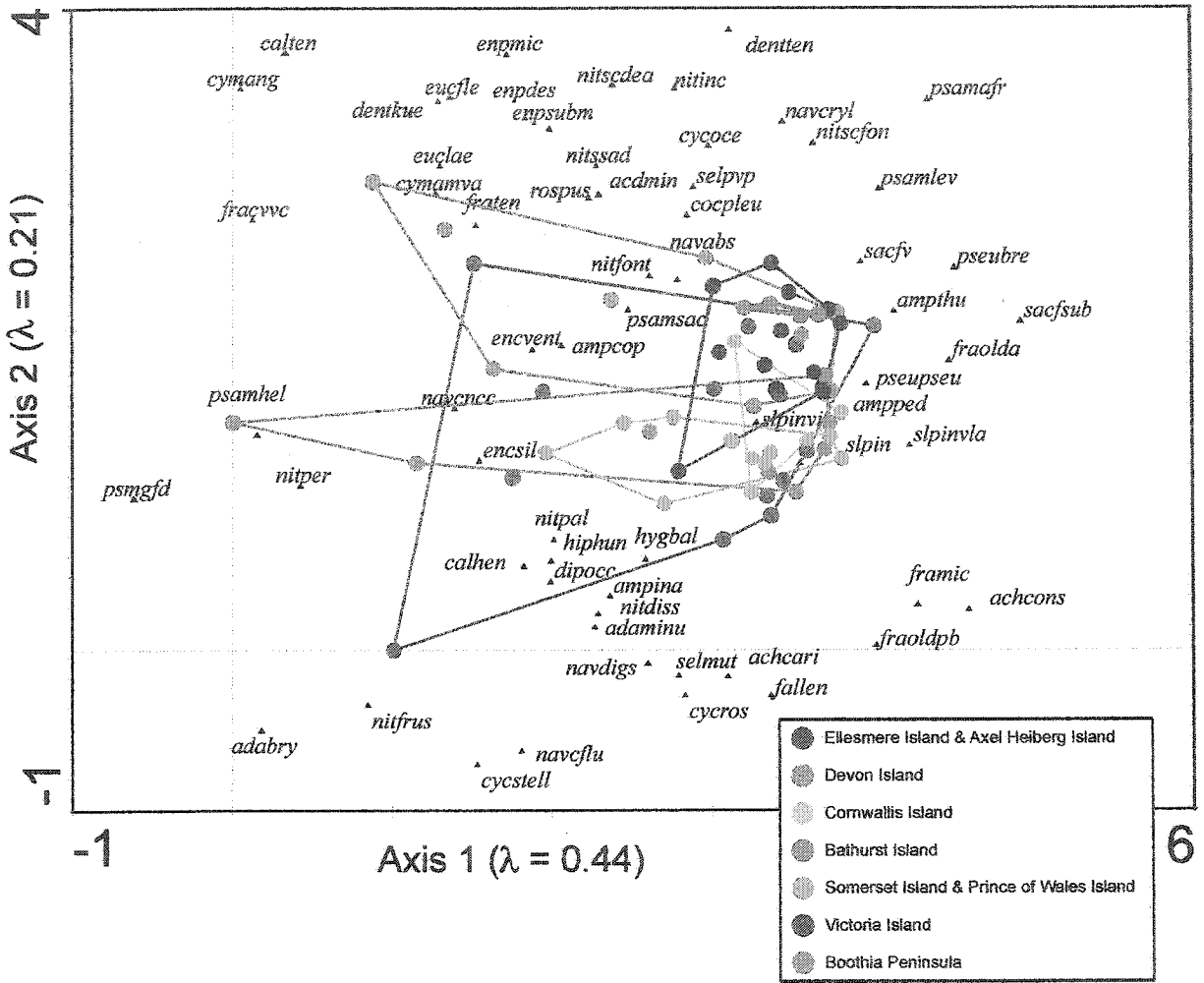


Figure 4.7. Joint plot of 62 lakes in the Canadian Arctic based on a Detrended Correspondence Analysis (DCA) of 145 diatom taxa. Convex hulls are placed around the lakes of each region. Taxa with a minimum 2% weight in the DCA are shown. The key to species is given in Table 4.3.

Canonical Correspondence Analysis (CCA) was used to assess possible relationships between the environmental variables and diatom assemblages. Spatial variables (latitude, longitude, elevation, and distance from coast) were excluded from the CCA analysis as their effects are reflected in lake water characteristics directly experienced by the diatoms. Air temperature is also correlated to lake water characteristics but is recognized as having a direct influence on diatom growth and distribution. Chlorophyll-*a* was not used in this analysis since it is a measure of algal growth and not an environmental variable. As expected, the exploratory CCA revealed collinear variables (Ca^{2+} , Cl^- , Na^+ , K^+ , and DIC) based on their high variance inflation factors ($\text{VIF} > 10$). High correlations between these variables were also evident in the PCA (Figure 4.1). This multicollinearity causes the canonical coefficients to be unstable and can produce an arch effect in the CCA biplot (ter Braak, 1986). Therefore, these variables were removed from further analysis.

Forward selection with unrestricted Monte Carlo permutation tests (199 random permutations) used in the CCA of the remaining 14 variables revealed three that significantly ($p \leq 0.05$) explained diatom assemblage variation. In decreasing order these were mean July air temperature (AT; $p < 0.01$), SiO_2 ($p < 0.01$), and total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN; $p < 0.03$). Other variables believed to be important in controlling diatom distributions were illustrated in the biplot as supplementary variables. Depth, Mg^{2+} , Surface Area (SfcA), and total unfiltered phosphorous (TPuf) were selected based on their canonical coefficients and associated approximate *t*-values from an exploratory CCA (highly collinear variables excluded). Intrasets correlations were also examined to assess the relative contributions of each variable to the first two axes (ter Braak, 1995).

Eigenvalues of the first three axes of the CCA (with forward selection) were 0.135, 0.08, and 0.06 respectively, together explaining 8.4% of the diatom assemblage variation. Although this only explains a small amount of the species variation, the first 3 axes of the CCA capture 35% of the species variation explained by the DCA (Table 4.4). All three were significant ($p \leq 0.05$) based on Monte Carlo permutation tests (199 permutations). The significance of the second and third axes was tested by including the constrained sample scores (linear combinations of the environmental variables) of the first and second axes of the CCA as a covariable in a new analysis (Leps & Šmilauer, 2003).

The first axis of the CCA is defined primarily by mean July air temperature (AT). SiO₂ also contributed significantly to axis 1 although it was also highly correlated with the third axis (Table 4.5). Axis 2 is associated with total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN) with an intra-set correlation of 0.87.

Table 4.5. Canonical coefficients, associated *t*-values, and intra-set correlations of the three forward selected variables in the final CCA for the first three axes.

Environmental variable	Canonical coefficients			<i>t</i> -values			Intra-set correlations		
	axis 1	axis 2	axis 3	axis 1	axis 2	axis 3	axis 1	axis 2	axis 3
AT	-1.02	-0.2	-0.42	-5.5*	-1.67	-2.81*	-0.79	-0.01	-0.61
SiO ₂	0.71	-0.53	-0.86	3.49*	-3.98*	-5.16*	0.38	0.04	-0.92
TKN	-0.05	1.23	0.04	-0.22	9.2*	0.21	0.04	0.87	-0.50

* denotes those significant at p<0.05

Lakes of similar vegetation classes were grouped in the CCA biplot (Figure 4.8A). Lakes surrounded by Graminoid tundra ordinated in the top-left quadrant of the biplot and those in Prostrate-shrub tundra are positioned on the left side of the biplot. Both groups positively associated with increasing air temperature on the first axis. These included lakes of various latitudes, particularly those of Boothia Peninsula and Victoria Island in the southern part of the study region and lakes of the Fosheim region on Ellesmere Island. Lakes in areas of Barren vegetation (polar desert) were positioned in the quadrant of higher SiO₂, Mg²⁺, Depth, and Surface area (SfcA) where temperatures were lower. Generally, this separated Devon Island from the other regions. Although lakes DV06 and DV05 are classified as Prostrate-shrub tundra, vegetation more characteristic of a Barren Polar Desert environment was observed in the field. As vegetation classifications used here were largely obtained through remote sensing techniques (CAVM team, 2003) some discrepancies are expected to occur.

A large number of taxa have strong, positive scores on the first axis indicating that the diatom assemblages in the study area are generally restricted to cold water (Figure 4.8B). Many species of the genera *Psammothidium* and *Nitzschia* are positioned on the right side of the diagram on the colder portion of axis 1. *Eucoconeis flexella*, *E. laevis*, and *E. leptostriata* all have low weighted averages (WA) with respect to air temperature while those of *Denticula tenuis* and *Navicula cryptotenella* were relatively high. Lakes void of the

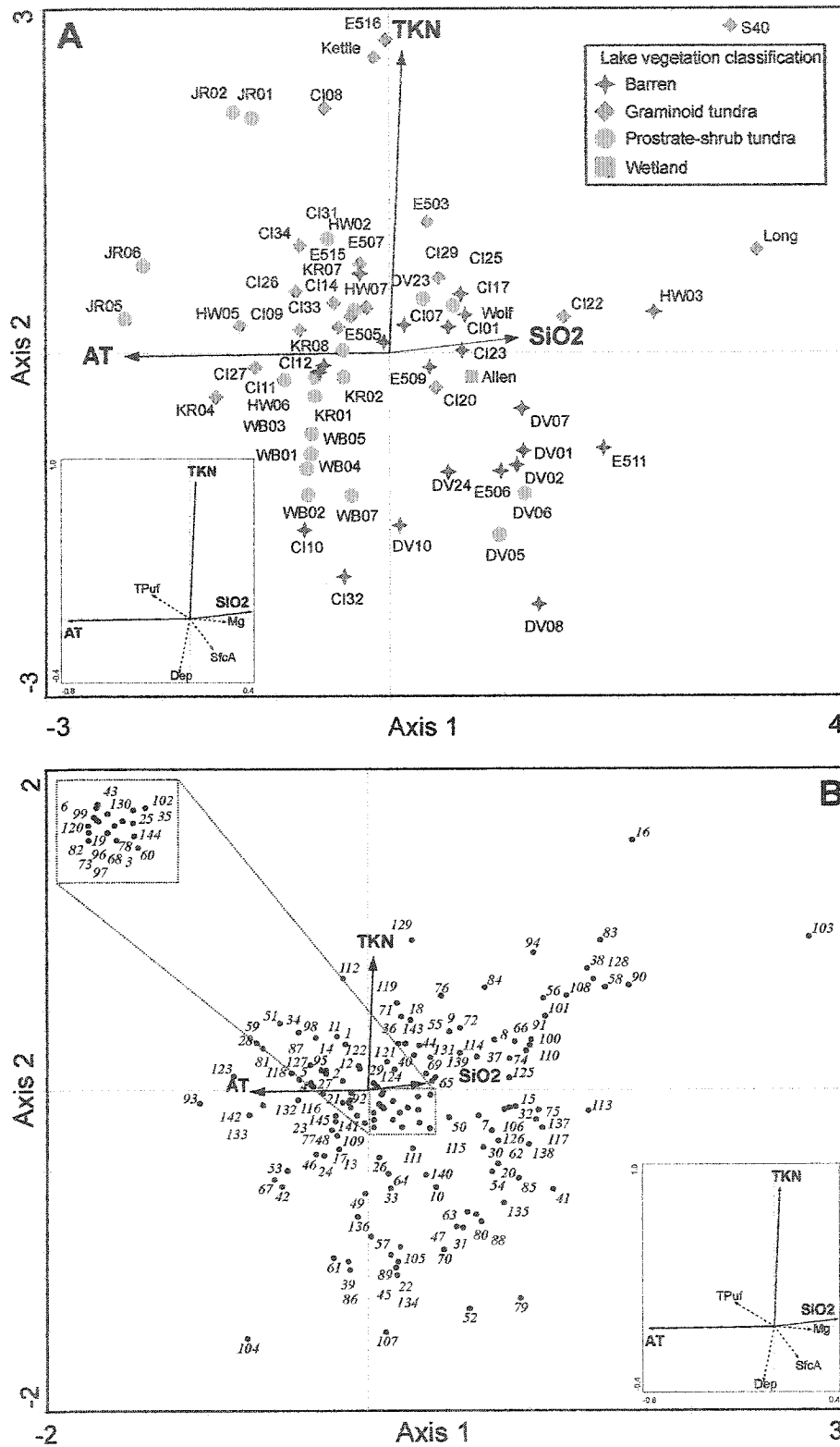


Figure 4.8. Biplots of the CCA (with forward selection) showing lakes (A), and diatoms (B) with the three forward selected variables. Lakes are represented by their respective vegetation classification. Supplementary variables are included in the inset ordination diagrams. Taxa names corresponding to numbers in (B) are provided in Table 4.3.

often dominant, small benthic forms of *Staurosira*, *Staurosirella*, *Pseudostaurosira*, and *Fragilaria* (fragilaroid taxa) were all positioned on the right side of the biplot, except for HW06 (Figure 4.8A). With the absence of these forms, other taxa reach higher abundances and diversity generally increased. The position of these lakes in the biplot suggests possible relationships between non-fragilaroid taxa with lake surface area and silica. Many stalked or tube-dwelling taxa, such as those belonging to *Gomphonema*, *Encyonopsis*, and *Cymbella* have high weighted averages with respect to surface area. These taxa are positioned in the bottom-right quadrant where the supplementary variable surface area is found (Figure 4.8B).

Other taxa were strongly associated with the second axis (total Kjeldahl Nitrogen; TKN). For example, *Stauroneis smithii* var. *borgei*, *Cyclotella stelligera* (form 2), and *Navicula dealpina* all had low weighted averages with respect to TKN and were positioned in the negative portion of axis 2 (Figure 4.8B).

A series of response surfaces were plotted to identify the response of several taxa to various combinations of environmental variables. Those exhibiting the strongest changes in relative abundance as a function of selected environmental gradients are presented (Figure 4.9). Higher abundances of *Nitzschia* spp., *Eucoconeis* spp., and *Caloneis* spp. were found with cooler mean July air temperature and relatively high Mg^{2+} (Figure 4.9a, b, c). *Staurosira* spp. consistently had higher abundances in smaller lakes with no clear relationship with total unfiltered phosphorous (TP_{uf}) concentrations (Figure 4.9e). In contrast, *Fallacia* spp. was more abundant at lower phosphorous values with little relationship to lake size (Figure 4.9f). Other groups, such as *Encyonema* spp. had no clear relationships with measured environmental variables (Figure 4.9d).

Many of the individual taxa showed relationships with temperature (Figure 4.10). *Psammothidium helveticum*, *Eucoconeis flexella*, *Caloneis tenuis*, *Encyonema* sp. aff. *designata*, and *Nitzschia perminuta* all exhibited preference for the colder environments of this study (Figure 4.10a, c, d, e, g). There seems to be little interaction of temperature and phosphorous in determining the abundance of these taxa, although *N. perminuta* seems to have higher abundances in cold lakes with high nutrient concentrations. Other taxa, such as *Denticula tenuis*, *Pseudostaurosira pseudoconstruens*, and *Navicula cryptotenella* exhibit preference for warmer lakes and *D. tenuis* also prefers higher total phosphorous levels

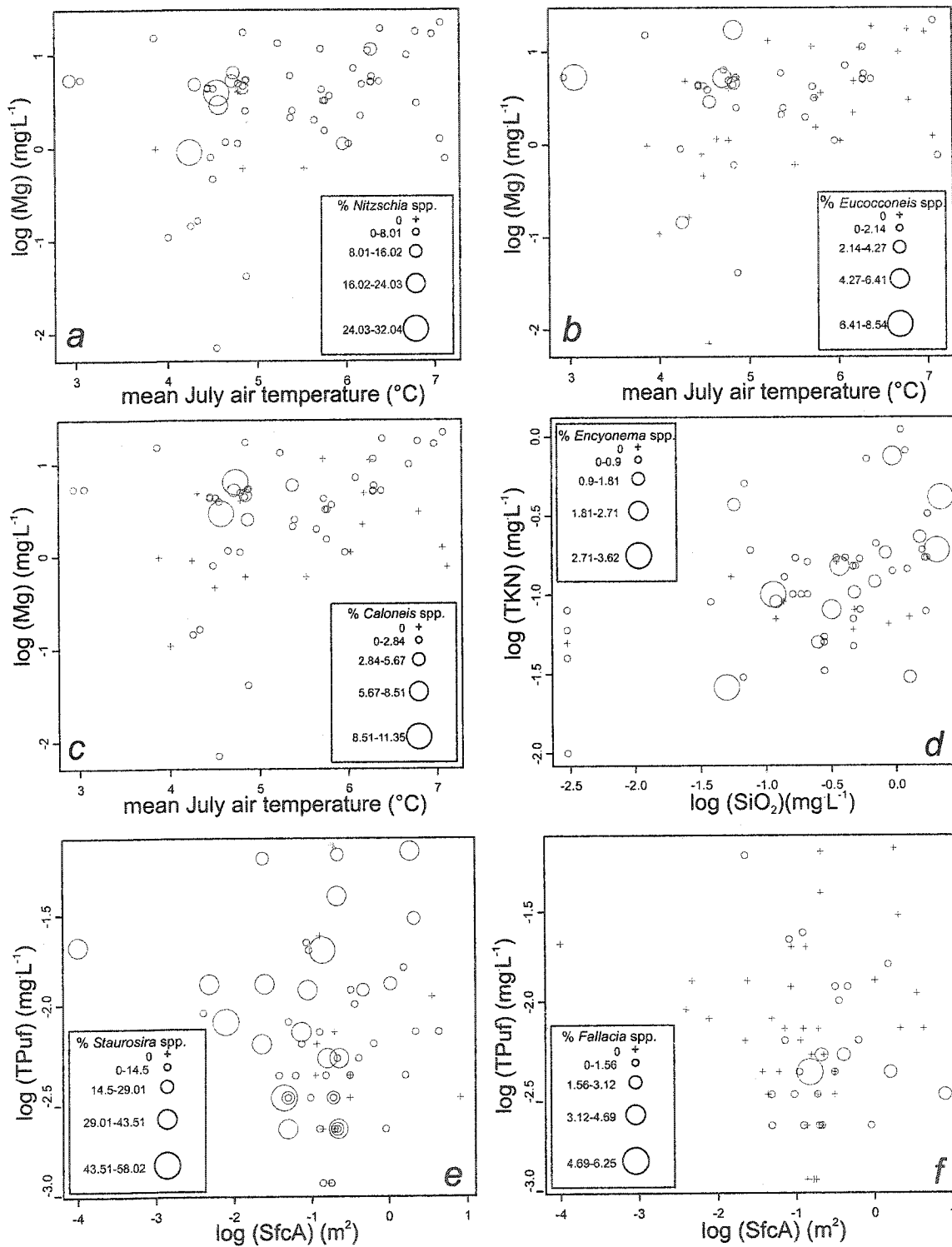


Figure 4.9. Response surfaces of selected genera assessing changes in relative abundance and diatom presence as a function of gradients in environmental variables. Note variables differ from graph to graph. Codes of environmental variables are TPuf (total unfiltered phosphorous), SfcA (lake surface area), and TKN (total Kjeldahl nitrogen).

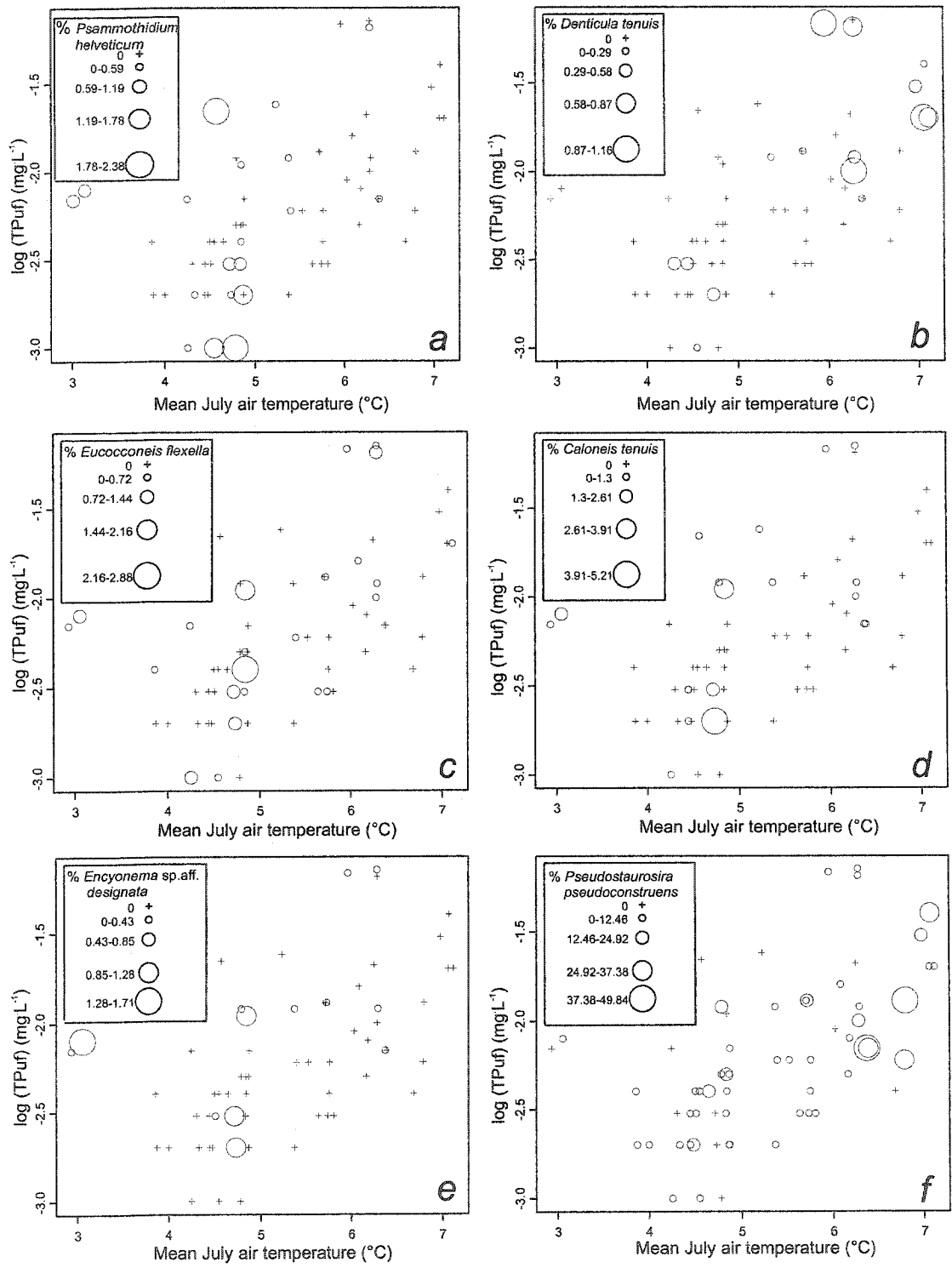


Figure 4.10. Response surfaces of various taxa along gradients of mean July air temperature, total unfiltered phosphorous (TPuf), total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN), SiO₂, and Mg²⁺. Note variables differ from graph to graph.

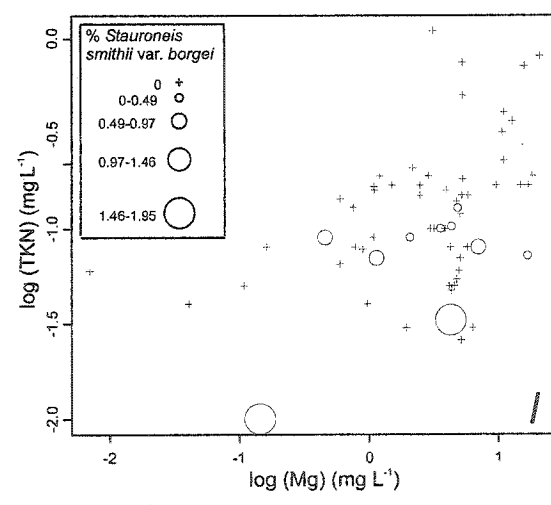
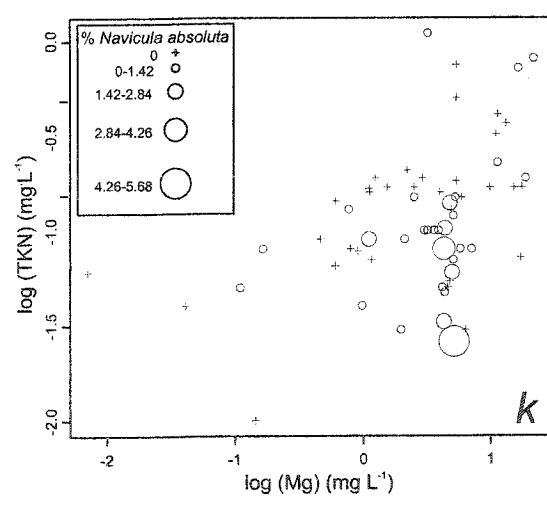
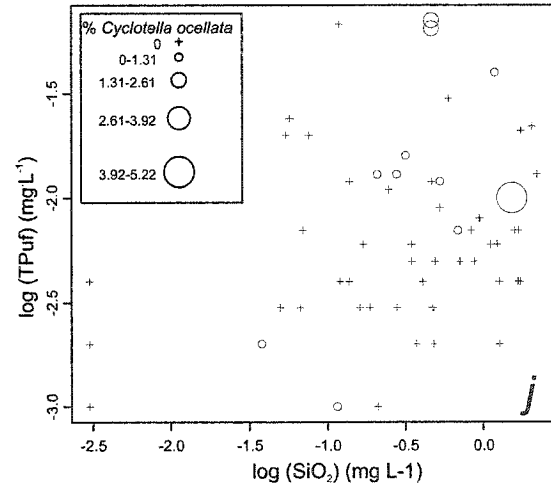
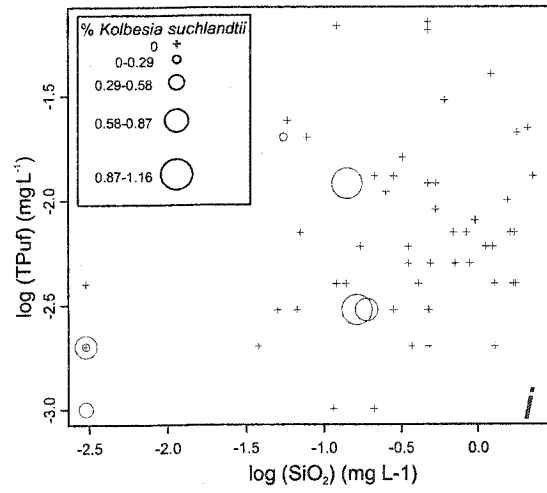
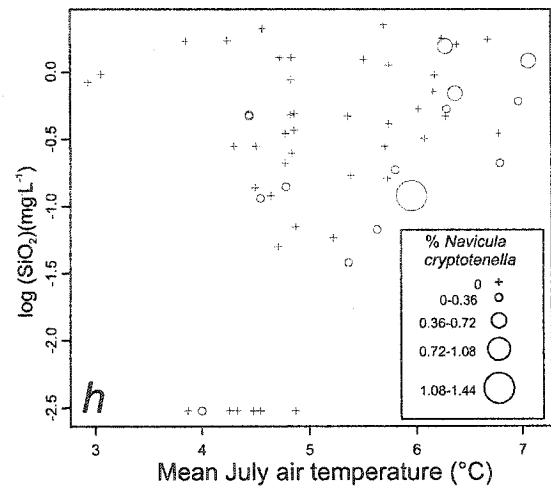
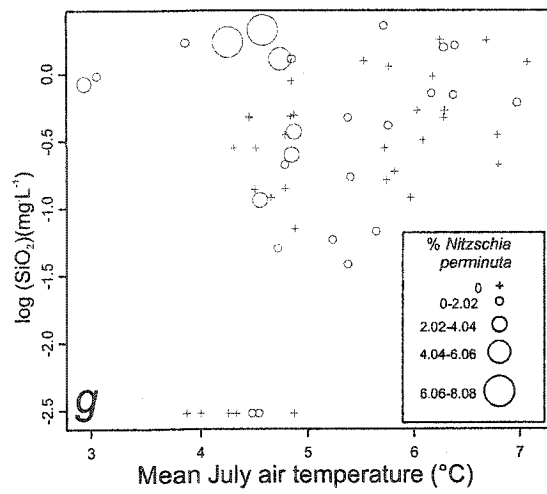


Figure 4.10 (continued)

(Figure 4.10b, f, h). *Cyclotella ocellata* is more abundant in lakes with low concentrations of SiO₂ and higher concentrations of phosphorous (Figure 4.10j). The positive relationship between this taxon and phosphorous was also reported by Wunsam et al. (1995). *Kolbesia suchlandtii* is more abundant at low values of SiO₂ than phosphorous (Figure 4.10i). The abundance of *Stauroneis smithii* var. *borgei* appears to increase with decreasing total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN) concentrations with little relationship to Mg²⁺ (Figure 4.10l). Similarly, *Navicula absoluta* is more abundant with low TKN concentrations but has a higher abundance in lakes with Mg²⁺ concentrations near the mean of all study lakes (Figure 4.10k). A summary of some observed relationships described above is provided in Table 4.6.

The direct relationship between mean July air temperature and the abundance of *Fragilaria sensu lato* (*Fragilaria*, *Pseudostaurosira*, *Staurosirella*, and *Staurosira*) was further examined (Figure 4.11). Both *Fragilaria* spp. and *Staurosirella* spp. showed a slight preference for colder temperatures. *Pseudostaurosira* spp. showed increased abundance with increased temperature while *Staurosira* spp. also exhibited a slightly positive relationship with temperature.

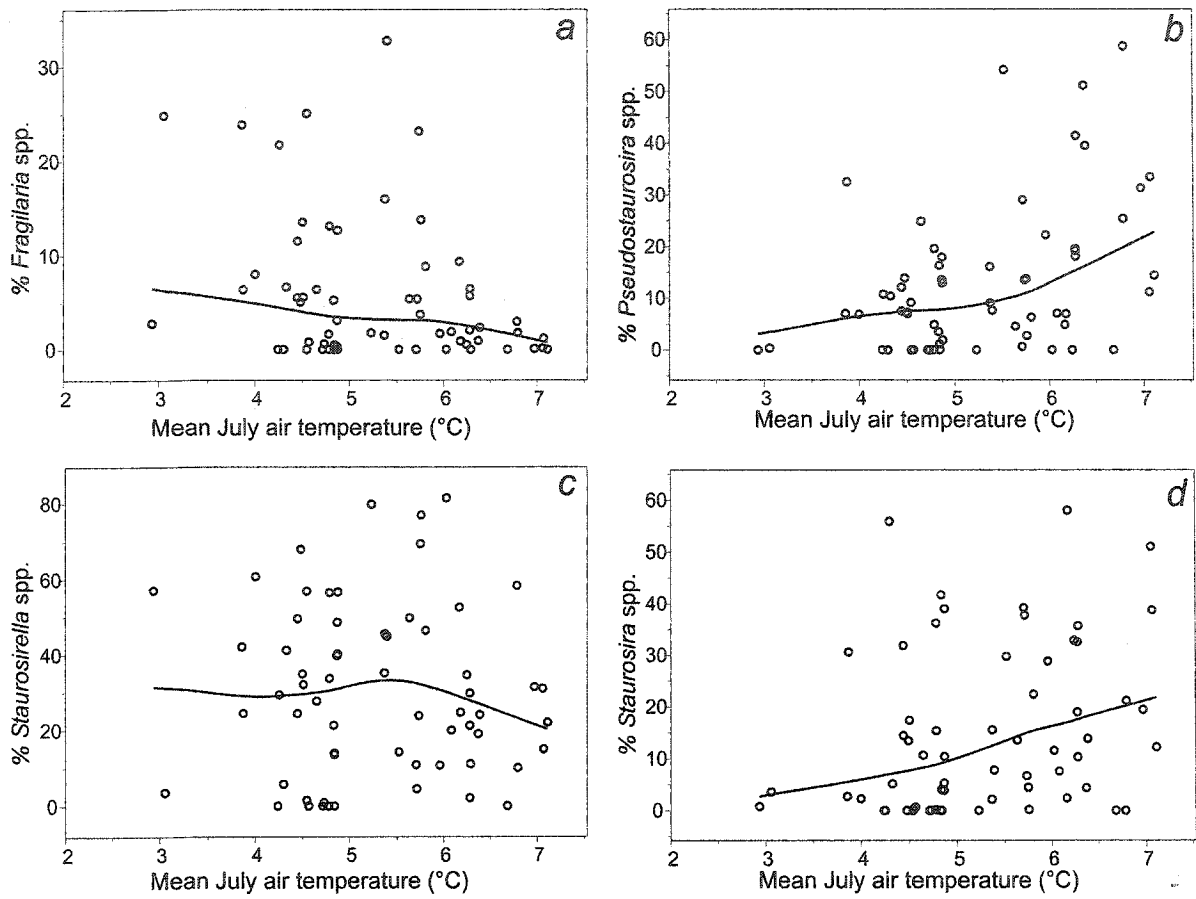


Figure 4.11. Relative abundance of *Fragilaria* spp. (a), *Pseudostaurosira* spp. (b), *Staurosirella* spp. (c), and *Staurosira* spp. (d) as a function of mean July air temperature. A loess scatterplot smoother was used to fit a curve to the data.

Table 4.6. Summary of some environmental preferences exhibited by selected diatom taxa.

Diatom taxa	General environmental	Figure #
<i>Psammothidium</i> (many taxa)	colder environment	4.8
<i>Psammothidium helveticum</i>	colder environment	4.10a; 4.8
<i>Eucoconeis</i> spp.	colder environment	4.8; 4.9b
<i>Eucoconeis flexella</i> , <i>E. leptostriata</i> , <i>E. laevis</i>	colder environment	4.8; 4.10c
<i>Caloneis</i> spp.	colder environment	4.9c
<i>Caloneis tenuis</i>	colder environment	4.10d
<i>Encyonema</i> sp. aff. <i>designata</i>	colder environment	4.10e
<i>Staurosirella</i> spp.	colder environment	4.11
<i>Pinnularia birnirkiana</i>	colder environment	4.8
<i>Nitzschia</i> (many taxa)	colder environment; larger lake	4.8; 4.9a
<i>Nitzschia perminuta</i>	colder environment; higher silica	4.10g
<i>Kolbesia suchlandtii</i>	lower silica	4.10i
<i>Gomphonema</i> (many taxa)	larger lake surface area	4.8
<i>Encyonopsis</i> (many taxa)	larger lake surface area	4.8
<i>Cymbella</i> (many taxa)	larger lake surface area	4.8
<i>Encyonema</i> (many taxa)	larger lake surface area	4.8
<i>Naviclua cryptotenella</i>	warmer environment	4.10h
<i>Denticula tenuis</i>	warmer environment	4.10b
<i>Pseudostaurosira pseudoconstruens</i>	warmer environment; higher total	4.11b
<i>Fallacia</i> spp.	lower total phosphorous	4.9f
<i>Stauroneis smithii</i> var. <i>borgei</i>	lower total Kjeldahl nitrogen	4.8; 4.10l
<i>Cyclotella stelligera</i> (form 2)	lower total Kjeldahl nitrogen	4.8
<i>Navicula dealpina</i>	lower total Kjeldahl nitrogen	4.8
<i>Navicula absoluta</i>	median Mg concentration	4.10k

5. Discussion

5.1 Limnology

The limnological characteristics of the lakes in this study are similar to other surface waters in the Canadian Arctic (e.g. Hamilton et al., 1994a; Douglas & Smol, 1993; Hamilton et al., 2001; Michelutti et al., 2002a, b; Lim et al., 2001c). Most lakes and ponds in the Arctic Archipelago are neutral to slightly alkaline since much of the region is underlain by sedimentary rock composed largely of calcareous materials (Trettin, 1991b). Exceptions to this generalization have been found. Michelutti et al. (2002a) reported two extremely acidic lakes from the central area of Axel Heiberg Island, which they suggest may be due to H_2SO_4 regeneration. Antonaides et al. (2003) attributed low pH values (mean = 6.8) in ponds and one lake on Ellef Ringnes Island to the shale and gabbro bedrock of that region. Although two lakes (WB01 and WB02) in this study are underlain by intrusive rocks containing diorite and gabbro, their pH values remain basic. This is likely due to the large influence of the surrounding carbonate bedrock on northern Victoria Island.

The Principal components analysis revealed two major gradients explaining the variation in lake characteristics; 1) major ions, conductivity, and DIC, and 2) nutrients and air temperature. There is a clear separation of the lakes based on the island or region where they are located, with the exception of lakes from the Fosheim region on Ellesmere and Axel Heiberg Islands. Some of these lakes more clearly resemble those from more southerly locations (Figure 4.1), as expected given the climate and vegetation of this area. The different geological and climatic conditions on the various islands of the Archipelago produce slightly different limnological characteristics.

Dissolved organic carbon (DOC) values were consistently higher in lakes of the Ellesmere/Axel Heiberg region both in the Fosheim area and northward (Table 4.1). For the most part, arctic lakes have lower DOC values than those in forested regions (Hamilton et al., 2001). Despite this, values observed in the Fosheim were comparable to values reported from lakes in the Boreal forest (Moser et al., 1998) and the Forest-Tundra (Rühland et al., 2003b). This is due to the unique mesoenvironment of the Fosheim region where warmer temperatures occur due to the high physical relief surrounding the region (Edlund & Alt, 1989). Warmer temperatures, more characteristics of mid-arctic regions lead to increased terrestrial plant growth, which is reflected in the lake water chemistry due to an increase in

allochthonous carbon to the lacustrine system. The degradation of peat that had accumulated in this region during the early Holocene may also be contributing carbon to the system, as do Tertiary deposits of sandstones, siltstones, mudstones, and coal (Hamilton et al., 1994a). Although DOC was only weakly correlated with air temperature, a strong correlation ($r=0.76$) was found between temperature and TKN. The highest value of TKN also occurred in the Fosheim region ($E516 = 1.1 \text{ mgL}^{-1}$) followed by the southernmost sites on Boothia Peninsula. The range in TKN presented here (0.02 to 1.1 mgL^{-1}) is similar to those reported in other surveys. However, TKN concentrations of the eight Bathurst Island sites in the present study were all below 0.19 mgL^{-1} while a higher range was reported from a combination of lakes and ponds on Bathurst Island by Lim et al. (2001c). The higher values reported by Lim et al. (2001c) likely reflect the difference between lakes and ponds. Ponds have a smaller volume than lakes causing them to be warmer. They also tend to have higher conductivity values and nutrient concentrations than lakes (see Lim et al., 2001c, Michelutti et al., 2002a, b) due to the smaller volume of water, higher evaporation, and greater interaction with the sediment and shoreline. Wildlife may have a greater impact on ponds than lakes since they can walk directly through them contributing nutrients through faeces and resuspending nutrients from the sediments. Also, allochthonous vegetation and nitrogen fixing algae, such as *Nostoc*, may contribute nitrogen to aquatic systems.

5.2 Diatoms

Diatom concentrations and richness

Increases in diatom (Gajewski et al., 1997; Smith, 2002; Wolfe, 2003) and pollen (Gajewski, 1995) concentrations in sediment cores have been used to infer warmer climates in the past. Pollen concentrations also decreased in modern sediment samples from mid- to high-arctic regions (Gajewski, 1995). Relationships between diatom concentration and climate were also observed in this study. The lowest values occurred in the two lakes on northeastern Ellesmere Island, the coldest sites in this study. Concentrations were consistently low on Devon Island, where vegetation is sparse (Edlund & Alt, 1989) and the lakes were generally dilute and low in nutrients (phosphorous, nitrogen and SiO_2). Temperature values in this central region are below the mean of all study sites. Diatoms were more abundant in the relatively warm Fosheim region of Ellesmere Island where

vegetation is more dense and diverse (Edlund & Alt, 1989; Figure 1.1D). Concentrations were computed on a volumetric basis, and some error may have been introduced due to varying proportions of water in the samples. However, comparison with previous studies suggests this is not significant. Sediments from lake JR01 had a concentration of 1.02×10^9 valves \cdot g $^{-1}$ wet sediment while LeBlanc et al. (2004) obtained 9.5×10^8 valves \cdot g $^{-1}$ dry sediment for the same lake. Similarly, Gajewski et al. (1997) recorded a value of 6.0×10^7 valves \cdot g $^{-1}$ dry sediment in a lake close to DV08 and DV10 in this study where wet weight values of 1.36×10^8 valves \cdot g $^{-1}$ and 6.17×10^7 valves \cdot g $^{-1}$ were obtained, respectively. Concentration values of two study lakes on northeastern Ellesmere Island are in the same range as those reported from the same region by Smith (2002). These comparisons suggest that the values in this study are reasonably accurate. Other factors influencing concentrations include sediment influx rates and the presence of inflows.

A total of 183 taxa were recorded from the 16 sites on Ellesmere and Axel Heiberg Islands, the northernmost region of the Canadian Arctic. Van de Vijver et al. (2003) compared studies of similar latitude, including Douglas & Smol (1993) on Ellesmere Island and Beyens & Van de Vijver (2000) on Svalbard. In all cases, the number of taxa reported from these regions were lower than what is presented here. However, it is difficult to compare taxonomic richness from different studies, since richness depends greatly on search effort and sample size (Birks & Line, 1992) and the environment of the particular region studied. The use of recent advances in taxonomy in this study should not largely impact these results since in most cases the difference is simply a taxonomic transfer (genus change) and not the creation of new species. There is only a slight decrease in richness to the north revealing that site characteristics, such as lake size, are important factors in determining taxa richness in each lake. Therefore, the differences in taxa richness from region to region appear to depend more on lake-to-lake variation. Unlike the vegetation, diatom richness in the Fosheim region was low suggesting that factors other than climate have a large role. Most of these sites were small, closed basin lakes with little shoreline vegetation. The larger lakes generally contained more diverse diatom communities, presumably due to the wide range of habitats available for diatoms of different forms. Large lakes tend to have larger littoral areas containing rocks, macrophytes and mosses that are habitats for different species of diatoms. The more gradual slopes around larger lakes also

lead to a greater area of benthic sediments around the lake perimeter being exposed to light. Pools, ponds and wetland areas are often observed surrounding larger lakes and inflows are generally larger. A diverse habitat allows for the growth of both small, more competitive benthic forms (i.e. fragilaroid taxa) and stalked or tube-dwelling forms (e.g. *Gomphonema* spp., *Encyonopsis* spp., *Encyonema* spp.) with decreased competition for space and resources. Further, between-lake richness comparisons must be made with caution due to unknown differences in sedimentation rates. For example, on Cornwallis Island two lakes in close proximity of one another showed sedimentation rates that varied over three orders of magnitude (Michelutti et al., 2003b).

Lake water characteristics also affect richness. High richness in small lakes on Bathurst Island may be attributed to the complex bedrock geology influencing lake water chemistry. In these cases, geochemical variables unrelated to climate may be influencing diatom quantities and richness. Limnological changes would affect diatom community composition and species distributions. An increase in productivity (i.e. diatom concentrations) could occur as a result of overall lake water changes not limited to increased nutrients (e.g. phosphorous or nitrogen) alone (Schindler et al., 1974).

5.3 Diatom biogeography & environment relationships

The flora of the 62 lakes in this study is similar to that of other alkaline, arctic surface waters (Hamilton et al., 1994a; Michelutti et al., 2003a; Weckström & Korhola, 2001; Van de Vijer et al., 2003; Cremer & Wagner, 2003). Dominant forms seemed to be most similar to those reported by Bigler & Hall (2002). On Baffin Island, Joynt & Wolfe (2001) found more species of *Eunotia* and *Aulacosira* due to the more acidic lake water than in this study. Generally, planktonic forms are rare in arctic diatom surveys likely because most sites are too shallow for them to thrive. Although few forms of planktonic taxa were encountered, taxa such as *Cyclotella antiqua* and *C. stelligera* (form 2) showed wide distributions across the study area.

The distributions of diatom genera were examined to assess the importance of spatial variables (i.e. latitude, longitude, and distance from coast) on their biogeography (Figures 4.4 and 4.5). Information about diatom ecology at the genus level is particularly important since it is at this level where structural features are quantitative (always present) in its

members and therefore taxa share strong similarities. Spatial patterns of newly delineated genera formerly grouped in *Achnanthes* were evident (Figure 4.5A). These results imply that more acute delineation of genera may enhance our understanding of diatom ecology. It is at the genus level where evolutionary changes are observed (Round, 1996) and biogeographic patterns are most distinct. The structural characteristics of each genus likely have a functional influence on the ecology of diatoms resulting in specific ecological preferences for each group. Examining relationships between genera and environmental variables increases our understanding of the factors controlling their specific distributions. For example, the distribution of *Eucoconeis* spp., *Caloneis* spp., and *Nitzshia* spp. along the gradient of mean July air temperature indicated a clear preference for colder environments (Figure 4.9).

Although east-west distinctions were difficult to assess in this study due to the limited range of sites, north-south patterns were observed. For example, *Brachysira* spp., *Karayevia* spp., *Amphora thumensis*, *Achnanthes gracillima*, *Cyclotella ocellata*, and *Stauroneis smithii* var. *borgei* were not found in any of the 16 sites of the Axel Heiberg Island and Ellesmere Island region (Figures 4.4 to 4.6). Other taxa had wide distributions but were not encountered in lakes in particular regions. For example, *Cyclotella stelligera* (form 2), *Cyclotella ocellata*, *Cymbella angustata*, *Psammothidium ventralis*, and *Hygropetra balfouriana* were not found on Cornwallis Island. Other species were absent from Devon, Somerset, and Bathurst Islands (Figure 4.6). These regional limitations in taxa distributions indicate the large influence of the physical and chemical characteristics on diatom distributions in the study region. In this study I am assuming that dispersal mechanisms have not limited diatom distributions in the Arctic. However, this remains to be further investigated.

Trends in individual taxa distributions along the gradients of selected variables were also evident (Figures 4.9 to 4.11). The CCA revealed potential relationships between individual taxa and environmental variables selected as the most important in controlling diatom assemblages. For example, the importance of air temperature in the CCA indicates that species distributions largely differ along this gradient (ter Braak, 1986). Although many oligothermal (cold-water) taxa were also shown to prefer the colder sites in this study, these results are limited by the short temperature gradient (3.9 to 7.1 °C) represented by the study

region. Since the entire study area is cold it is difficult to assess which taxa are strictly limited to cold environments and which are not. Knowledge of their distributions is therefore key to understanding diatom ecology and environmental preferences.

Similar dominant forms were found in both cold and warm lakes (i.e. *Staurosira venter*, *Staurosirella pinnata*, *Pseudostaurosira pseudoconstruens*, and *P. brevistriata*). These results are exemplified by the different relationships exhibited between air temperature and the *Staurosirella*, *Staurosira*, *Pseudostaurosira*, and *Fragilaria* genera (Figure 4.11). For example, *Pseudostaurosira* spp. showed increased abundance and *Staurosirella* spp. decreased abundance within the temperature range of this study (Figure 4.11). Joynt & Wolfe (2001) reported summer water temperature optima of 6.23 and 7.29 °C for *Staurosirella pinnata* and *Pseudostaurosira pseudoconstruens* respectively. These values are in the range of the highest values in the present study. However, the order of temperature preferences for these taxa is the same, with the latter preferring a slightly warmer environment than *S. pinnata*. Again, the short temperature range in this study makes it difficult to define diatom-environment relationships. For example, *Staurosira* spp. showed increased abundance with increased temperature. It is possible that the optimal temperature for this group occurs just above the temperature range of this data set and abundances would decline with increasing temperature.

The small, benthic diatoms of these genera are often grouped together (*Fragilaria sensu lato*) and defined as cold dwelling taxa, dominant in Arctic and Alpine lakes (Douglas & Smol, 1999). Most lakes in this study were also dominated by taxa of these groups. It has been suggested these taxa are *r*-strategists, as they colonize quickly and have high reproduction rates, which is more adaptive to a changing environment (Lotter & Bigler, 2000). The results in this study emphasize the importance of not grouping these taxa together since their ecological preferences appear to differ, at least with respect to temperature. As these diatoms are dominant in arctic systems, more research on their ecophysiology is needed to better understand how they influence the makeup of diatom communities in arctic surface waters, and what factors control their distributions.

The separation of lakes void of fragilaroid taxa in the CCA biplot (Figure 4.8A) indicates the potentially important role of SiO₂ in influencing diatom assemblages and distributions. Lakes with higher silica content had consistently lower abundance of these

taxa. Larger lakes (greater surface area) tended to have more rare species resulting in higher richness. These assemblages were largely composed of *Encyonema*, *Encyonopsis*, *Cymbella*, and *Gomphonema* taxa. Therefore, the abundance of non-fragilaroid taxa is likely related to the size and silica content of the lake. Kociolek & Spaulding (2000) have suggested that species adaptations and interactions between diatom taxa control the distribution of rare taxa. Fragilaroid taxa are described as highly competitive and the first group to colonize a lake given the proper conditions (Lotter & Bigler, 2000). Perhaps lakes with limited habitats (i.e. small littoral areas with little macrophyte development) and higher nitrogen or phosphorous concentrations favour the more competitive fragilaroid taxa. The diverse range of habitats available in larger lakes allows rare forms of diatoms to proliferate, thus deflating the relative abundance of the small fragilaroids.

Lakes on Ellesmere and Axel Heiberg Islands had DOC values closer to the ranges observed in southern, treeline regions. Despite this, some taxa characteristic of these southern regions were not found in the Fosheim region of this study. For example, *Brachysira* spp. are often reported from southern or low altitude, forested regions where lake water pH can be neutral to acidic and DOC concentrations are generally higher than in the Arctic (Bigler & Hall, 2002; Rühland et al., 2003a). In the present study, *Brachysira* taxa (*B. neoexillis*, *B. styriaca*, and *B. zellensis*) were only encountered in regions south of Devon Island. Similarly, Lim et al. (2001b) did not report *Brachysira* spp. as dominant in ponds or lakes of Bathurst Island. Van de Vijver et al. (2003) also reported *B. zellensis* from southern Victoria Island moss habitats. *Brachysira zellensis* and *B. vitrea* were both found in highest abundances in forested lake regions (as opposed to above tree-limit) and assigned relatively warm July water temperature optima in lakes of Arctic Sweden (Bigler & Hall, 2002). Until the publication of Lange-Bertalot & Moser (1994) the species *B. neoexillis* was grouped with *B. vitrea*. The present study indicates a southern Arctic distribution of *Brachysira* spp. However, Douglas and Smol (1993) reported the species *Anomoeneis styriaca* (Grunow) Hustedt (*Brachysira styriaca*) as rare in weakly-acid to alkaline ponds of eastern Ellesmere Island.

Although diatom assemblages of the different regions could be distinguished in the Detrended Correspondance Analysis, the largest differences occurred between lakes in one region. For example, lake E516 was dominated (99%) by small fragilaroid taxa whereas the

assemblage of nearby lake E511 completely lacked species from this group. These results may indicate that lake-specific chemical and physical characteristics (i.e. presence of inflow, steepness of slopes, habitat diversity) are equally important influences on diatom distributions as lake water properties. For example, *Hygropetra balfouriana* has been associated with moss habitats (Lim et al., 2001a; Michellutti et al., 2003a). This small diatom was dominant in Long Lake where moss was abundant along the shoreline and soils are acidic (Hamilton et al., 1994a). Although this species is widely distributed across the study area it is only present in one lake on Devon Island, where the highest lake water pH values are found. Therefore, it is suggested that the distribution of *H. balfouriana* is largely controlled by habitat availability and pH.

Generally speaking, endemic diatoms are most frequently described from ancient lakes in regions such as Indonesia (i.e. Hustedt, 1937, 1942). Although the study region is geologically young (i.e. deglaciated for less than 10,000 years) the presence of unique forms in the Canadian Arctic is plausible (Mann & Droop, 1996). For example, the diatom *Neidiopsis wulffii* (Petersen) Lange-Bertalot was only encountered in Long Lake in the northern region of Ellesmere Island. Lange-Bertalot (2001) states that this taxon is rare and has only been recorded from Greenland. The radiate and widely spaced striae differentiate it from *N. levanderi* forms recorded from the Rocky Mountains in Canada. The species *Kolbesia suchlandtii* (*Achnanthes suchlandtii*) was only identified in lakes of the central Arctic (Devon, Cornwallis, Somerset Islands and Boothia Peninsula). Others have reported this taxon from Labrador (Fallu et al., 2000), treeline regions (Laing et al., 1999; Ruhland & Smol, 2002), and Alaska (Foged, 1981; Gregory-Eaves et al., 1999) demonstrating the wider distribution of this species than what is exhibited in this study. This is likely the case for many apparently restricted taxa although comparisons are difficult as the distributions of rare forms are not often published in the literature. It is thus imperative that complete diatom counts be made available in published studies to allow for better determination of diatom biogeographic distributions.

6. Conclusion

This study has illustrated the distribution and abundance of diatom taxa from across the Canadian Arctic. Several different analyses have been used and each illustrates different aspects of diatom biogeography. Maps illustrating the abundance of taxa in the study lakes show both large-scale distributions and inter-regional variability. Response surfaces in one and two dimensions show the abundance of diatoms as a function of environmental variables while ordination illustrates community assemblages and their relation to environmental variables.

The 62 study lakes have similar characteristics (lakes were neutral to slightly alkaline and relatively dilute in nutrients) although regional differences are evident, demonstrating the strong influence of bedrock, climate, and surrounding vegetation. Therefore, the environmental gradients are not all simply related to geographic differences. For example, lakes from the Fosheim region of Ellesmere and Axel Heiberg Islands in some ways more closely resemble southern sites from Boothia Peninsula with similar air temperatures than more nearby sites on Devon and Cornwallis Islands.

Diatom richness in the study lakes showed high regional variability and was highly correlated with lake size. Examination of the diatom distributions in geographic space indicated that dominant species were generally widely distributed across the study area, although some genera and taxa were restricted to certain latitude bands. Also, distributions of newly delineated genera, such as those once grouped in *Achnanthes sensu lato*, were variable suggesting the importance of recent taxonomic work in improving our understanding of diatom ecology. Lakes of each region contained similar diatom assemblages with significant overlap between regions occurring due to lakes dominated by common taxa.

Although much of the variability of the diatom assemblages could be explained by lake water chemistry a significant proportion was not. Other environmental factors, specific to each lake that were not measured in this study, may also be influencing diatom distributions. Possible factors include the presence of large inflows, steepness of slope, light penetration, and habitat diversity. Surrounding vegetation also influences diatom assemblages and distributions indirectly by contributing nutrients to lake water. Also, diatom and vegetation distributions are influenced by similar environmental variables (e.g. air temperature).

Many of the taxa showed negative correlations with mean July air temperature, indicating their preference for colder environments. Four genera formerly grouped in *Fragilaria sensu lato* showed variable relationships with temperature, indicating the importance of accurate taxonomy and the relevance of separating these genera. Other strong relationships were observed between particular taxa with total unfiltered phosphorous, total Kjeldahl nitrogen, and SiO₂.

Several regional studies have defined diatom ecological optima and tolerances for various environmental factors, such as temperature, but in many of them ecological preferences are determined by few data points and short environmental gradients. Although these and the present study provide important information about diatom distributions and abundance, more work is needed to define the range of taxa more precisely as well as to define the relationship between diatoms and the environment over the entire range of the taxon. However, current practice in diatom work makes this task difficult. Several studies have documented diatom assemblages in Canadian Arctic lakes and ponds, although full species lists are not often provided in the literature making biogeographic comparisons of rare taxa difficult (Hamilton et al., 1994b). At present, preliminary records of diatom distributions are perhaps of greater importance than autecological information as we are still in the early stages of discerning biogeographic patterns of taxa common in northern regions. I suggest combining regional data sets existing from the circumpolar treeline limit to the High Arctic, thus incorporating a more complete range of environments where each taxon is found. This would incorporate the maximum amount of ecological information for northern taxa thus providing us with a more comprehensive understanding of their biogeography and the factors controlling it.

This study has illustrated the biogeography of diatoms in the Canadian Arctic Archipelago. Diatom distributions are determined by both geographic and environmental variables. Lake size is an important determinate of diatom richness, and water conditions also determine diatom community composition within any region.

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APPENDIX A Limnology metadata

Alkalinity and DIC

From 1989 to 1996 the National Laboratory for Inland Waters provided dissolved inorganic carbon (DIC; $\text{mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$) estimates whereas Alkalinity ($\text{mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ CaCO_3) was reported from 1997 to 2002. Both of these parameters are affected by pH but they are not equivalent measures. Alkalinity is defined as the acid-neutralizing capacity of water and is comprised of the sum of weak acid anions such as HCO_3^- and CO_3^{2-} (Kalff, 2002). A higher alkalinity indicates that the lake water is more buffered as reflected by small changes in pH. Alkalinity is correctly expressed in meq or $\mu\text{eq}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ (Kalff, 2002) but is often assigned the units $\text{mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ CaCO_3 . DIC is a measure of the carbon available for photosynthesis, which buffers fresh water against rapid changes in pH (Kalff, 2002). The different forms of DIC occur in varying proportions according to pH. Therefore, in the lakes of this study inorganic carbon occurs in the form of HCO_3^- as determined by the lake pH values, which ranged from 7–8.6. To convert alkalinity values to DIC, a measure of carbon expressed as $\text{mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ HCO_3^- , I used the following equation based on the atomic weights of H (1.00794), C (12.011), and O (15.9994):

$$(1) \text{H} + \text{C} + 3(\text{O}) / \text{C} = 1.00794 + 12.011 + 3(15.9994) / 12.011 = 5.08 \quad \text{and}$$

$$(2) \text{alkalinity (mg CaCO}_3\cdot\text{L}^{-1}) / 5.08 = \text{DIC (mg HCO}_3^-\cdot\text{L}^{-1}).$$

$\text{DIC (mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}) = \text{Alkalinity (mg CaCO}_3\cdot\text{L}^{-1}) / 4.2$ is an expression also used (Environment Canada, 1994). This obtains a slightly higher value than in equation 2. A third approach involves estimating the DIC value by multiplying alkalinity by a pH factor determined using the water temperature and pH (Wetzel & Likens, 2000). This approach obtained a value close to that using the Environment Canada equation.

Total Nitrogen

The nitrogen cycle is very complex. Forms of nitrogen are constantly changing, thus making it difficult to measure, let alone use with confidence in analysis. The various forms of nitrogen often used in surface water analysis include Total nitrogen (TN), nitrate-nitrite ($\text{NO}_2^- + \text{NO}_3^{2-}$), total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN), particulate nitrogen (PN), and ammonia (NH_3). Ammonium (NH_4^+) is the most valuable form of nitrogen for plants and

photosynthetic bacteria. Due to its positive charge, NH_4^+ is unstable and therefore often limiting and difficult to measure in isolation. The following relations are of interest:

Organic N = Particulate organic nitrogen (PON) + Dissolved organic nitrogen (DON)

$\text{TKN} = \text{NH}_3 + \text{Organic N}$

$\text{TKN (filtered)} = \text{NH}_3 + \text{DON}$

$\text{TN} = \text{NO}_2\text{-NO}_3 + \text{TKN(unfiltered)}$

$\text{TN} = \text{NO}_2\text{-NO}_3 + \text{TKN (filtered)} + \text{PN}$

$\text{PN} \neq \text{TKN} - \text{NH}_3$

$\text{TKN} \neq \text{PN} + \text{NH}_3$

The methods used to measure these are described in Environment Canada (1994). In measuring TKN, acid is added to the sample, converting all nitrogen components to NH_3 . It is standard protocol not to filter the sample for the measurement of TKN; to obtain TKN (filtered) one must filter the water through a $0.45 \mu\text{m}$ (or $0.22 \mu\text{m}$) pore size membrane filter and submit the sample for TKN analysis as a separate sample. Since $\text{NO}_2\text{-NO}_3$ cannot be easily converted to NH_3 , they must be measured and added separately in the calculation of TN.

Particulate Phosphorous

In some cases, particulate P was calculated as $\text{Particulate P} = \text{TP(unfiltered)} - \text{TP (filtered)}$. For this reason, some values are zero.

APPENDIX B Diatom concentrations & richness

Diatom concentrations

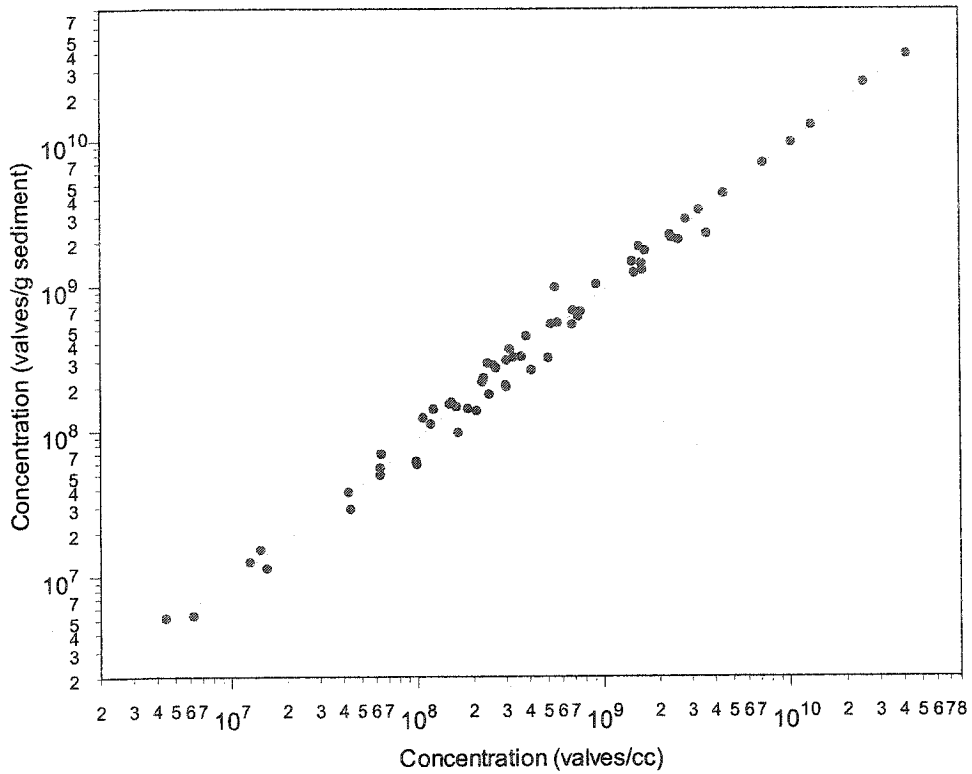


Figure B.1. Diatom concentrations measured in valves·g⁻¹ wet sediment versus concentrations in valves·cc⁻¹ wet sediment.

Rarefaction estimated richness

Figure B.2 illustrates that rarefaction richness estimates were notably lower than richness (number of taxa) values recorded in lakes with count sums greater than approximately 1,000 valves. These lakes were dominated by *Staurosirella* spp., *Staurosira* spp., *Pseudostaurosira* spp., and *Fragilaria* spp. (*Fragilaria sensu lato*) taxa. These results suggest that in addition to counting a set minimum number of valves, a maximum value for the dominant taxa should also be prescribed for every count. Otherwise, 'richness' values may more closely reflect the concentration of *Fragilaria sensu lato* taxa than the number of different species present in that lake.

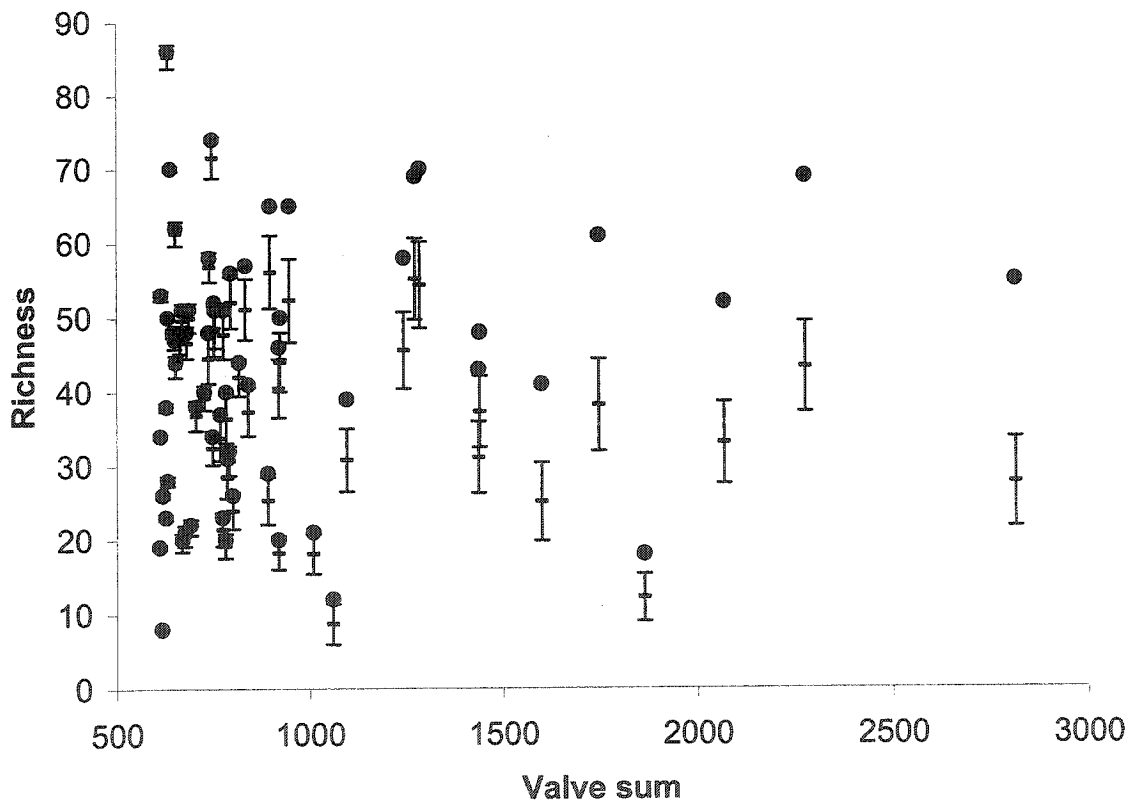


Figure B.2. Rarefaction estimated richness (-) with 95% confidence intervals and richness (number of taxa) (•) as a function of valve sum in 62 arctic lakes.

Table B.1. Diatom concentrations expressed as valves/cc⁻¹ and valves g⁻¹ wet sediment and rarefaction richness estimates for 62 lakes in the Canadian Arctic. Lakes are ordered by decreasing latitude.

Lake	Latitude d.d.	Longitude d.d.	Island	Richness Estimate	Diatom concentration	
					valves/cc	valves/g
S40	82.13	-66.98	Ellesmere	48	4.43E+06	5.13E+06
Long	82.11	-67.50	Ellesmere	49	1.42E+07	1.52E+07
Kettle	81.40	-76.75	Ellesmere	12	1.55E+09	1.85E+09
E509	80.83	-84.45	Ellesmere	9	1.68E+09	1.73E+09
E507	80.58	-83.97	Ellesmere	20	2.37E+08	2.90E+08
E506	80.57	-84.47	Ellesmere	22	6.27E+07	5.55E+07
HW06	80.26	-87.77	Axel Heiberg	32	2.97E+08	2.05E+08
HW05	80.18	-87.69	Axel Heiberg	18	1.60E+09	1.42E+09
E505	79.98	-82.97	Ellesmere	18	7.29E+08	6.09E+08
E503	79.92	-82.93	Ellesmere	19	1.51E+08	1.56E+08
HW03	79.73	-85.81	Ellesmere	34	4.06E+08	2.60E+08
HW02	79.73	-83.47	Ellesmere	28	4.47E+09	4.31E+09
HW07	79.72	-83.52	Ellesmere	33	3.29E+09	3.31E+09
E516	79.69	-87.51	Axel Heiberg	25	2.54E+09	2.07E+09
E515	79.65	-87.75	Axel Heiberg	44	1.46E+09	1.22E+09
E511	79.55	-87.91	Axel Heiberg	25	6.74E+08	5.35E+08
CI17	76.60	-98.87	Bathurst	47	3.61E+09	2.27E+09
DV23	76.56	-92.72	Devon	46	5.17E+08	5.40E+08
DV24	76.44	-92.63	Devon	38	6.22E+06	5.33E+06
CI20	76.37	-98.81	Bathurst	42	2.26E+08	2.29E+08
CI22	75.90	-99.21	Bathurst	50	1.62E+09	1.28E+09
DV07	75.53	-91.97	Devon	24	2.22E+08	2.16E+08
CI23	75.53	-98.21	Bathurst	31	1.32E+10	1.27E+10
DV10	75.53	-89.75	Devon	57	9.78E+07	6.17E+07
DV05	75.52	-92.05	Devon	50	1.85E+08	1.41E+08
CI25	75.52	-99.53	Bathurst	8	1.03E+10	9.67E+09
DV06	75.51	-91.99	Devon	36	3.11E+08	3.62E+08
CI27	75.46	-99.91	Bathurst	55	4.24E+10	3.91E+10
CI26	75.43	-99.65	Bathurst	28	2.34E+09	2.14E+09
CI34	75.40	-94.67	Cornwallis	38	2.77E+09	2.85E+09
DV08	75.37	-89.49	Devon	43	2.07E+08	1.36E+08
CI33	75.22	-93.65	Cornwallis	21	5.62E+08	5.51E+08
CI29	75.03	-100.20	Bathurst	34	1.54E+07	1.13E+07
DV01	74.98	-90.36	Devon	19	2.42E+08	1.77E+08
DV02	74.93	-88.68	Devon	23	4.34E+07	2.89E+07
CI32	74.91	-93.52	Cornwallis	37	1.17E+08	1.11E+08
CI31	74.68	-94.27	Cornwallis	47	2.63E+08	2.69E+08
CI01	73.88	-94.87	Somerset	72	9.87E+07	5.87E+07
Allen	73.62	-98.47	Prince of Wales	85	5.00E+08	3.15E+08
Wolf	73.58	-98.48	Prince of Wales	48	4.23E+07	3.77E+07
CI14	72.70	-93.87	Somerset	48	2.50E+10	2.51E+10
CI07	72.59	-95.06	Somerset	52	1.65E+08	9.69E+07
CI08	72.49	-95.09	Somerset	45	2.99E+08	1.99E+08
WB07	72.29	-109.87	Victoria	37	6.35E+07	6.89E+07
WB01	72.29	-109.99	Victoria	31	2.28E+09	2.24E+09
WB05	72.29	-109.83	Victoria	70	1.06E+08	1.22E+08
WB02	72.29	-109.97	Victoria	47	3.60E+08	3.22E+08
WB04	72.28	-109.94	Victoria	41	3.82E+08	4.44E+08
CI09	72.27	-95.09	Somerset	56	1.42E+09	1.46E+09
WB03	72.26	-109.97	Victoria	51	6.29E+07	4.96E+07
CI12	72.03	-94.62	Somerset	52	7.51E+08	6.58E+08
CI11	72.02	-94.75	Somerset	43	7.24E+09	6.99E+09
CI10	72.01	-94.87	Somerset	53	2.55E+08	2.82E+08
KR07	71.36	-113.81	Victoria	61	1.48E+08	1.53E+08
KR02	71.34	-113.78	Victoria	28	1.25E+07	1.25E+07
KR01	71.34	-113.82	Victoria	54	6.80E+08	6.72E+08
KR04	71.31	-113.94	Victoria	26	3.27E+08	3.19E+08
KR08	71.31	-113.67	Victoria	50	5.45E+08	9.69E+08
JR02	69.92	-94.97	Boothia	37	2.99E+08	3.04E+08
JR01	69.90	-95.07	Boothia	31	9.11E+08	1.02E+09
JR05	69.87	-95.00	Boothia	39	1.21E+08	1.40E+08
JR06	69.87	-94.92	Boothia	21	1.61E+08	1.46E+08

APPENDIX C Diatom distributions

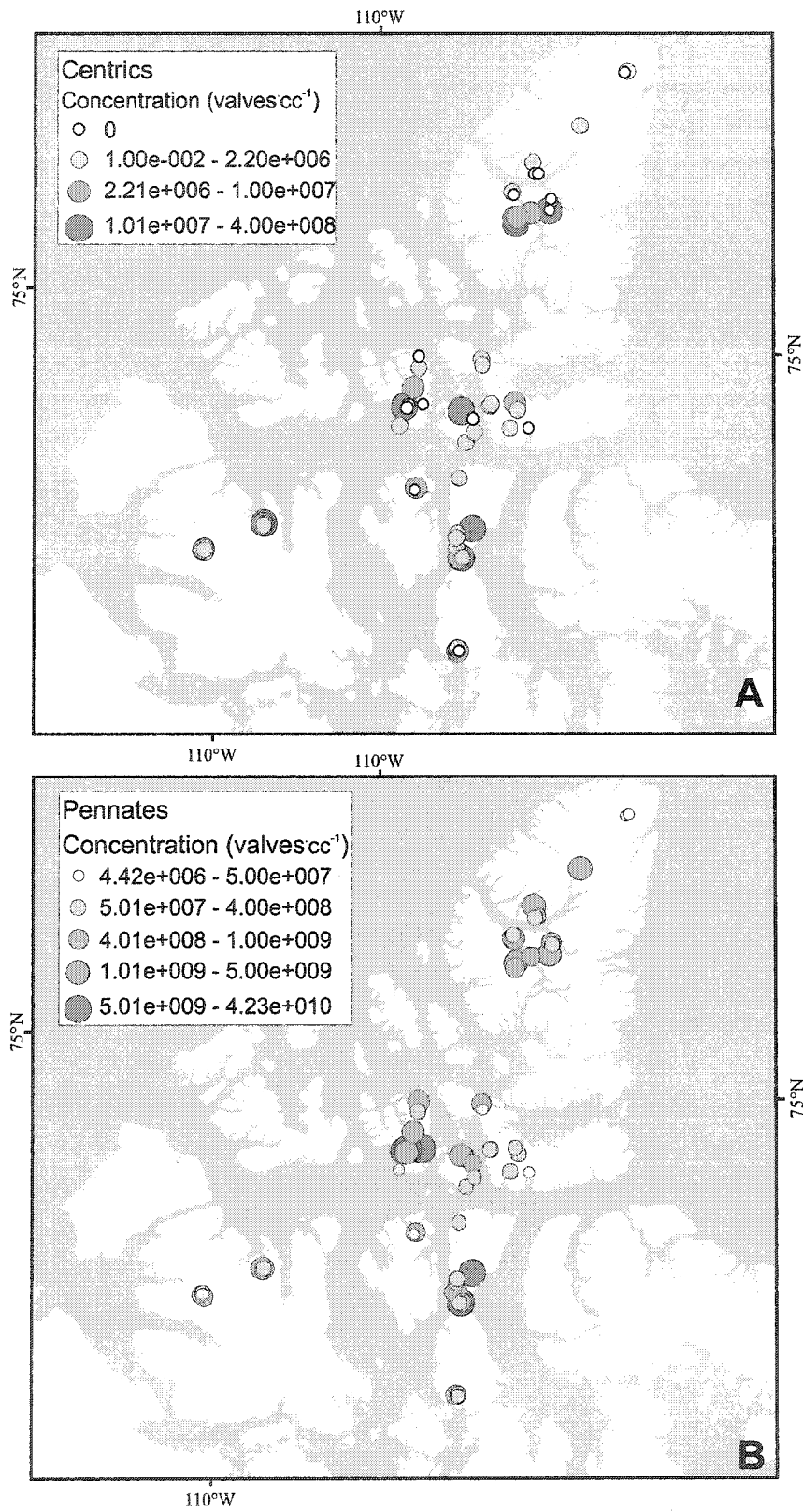


Figure C.1. Total concentration (valves cc⁻¹) of centric (A) and pennate (B) diatoms in lakes of the Canadian Arctic.

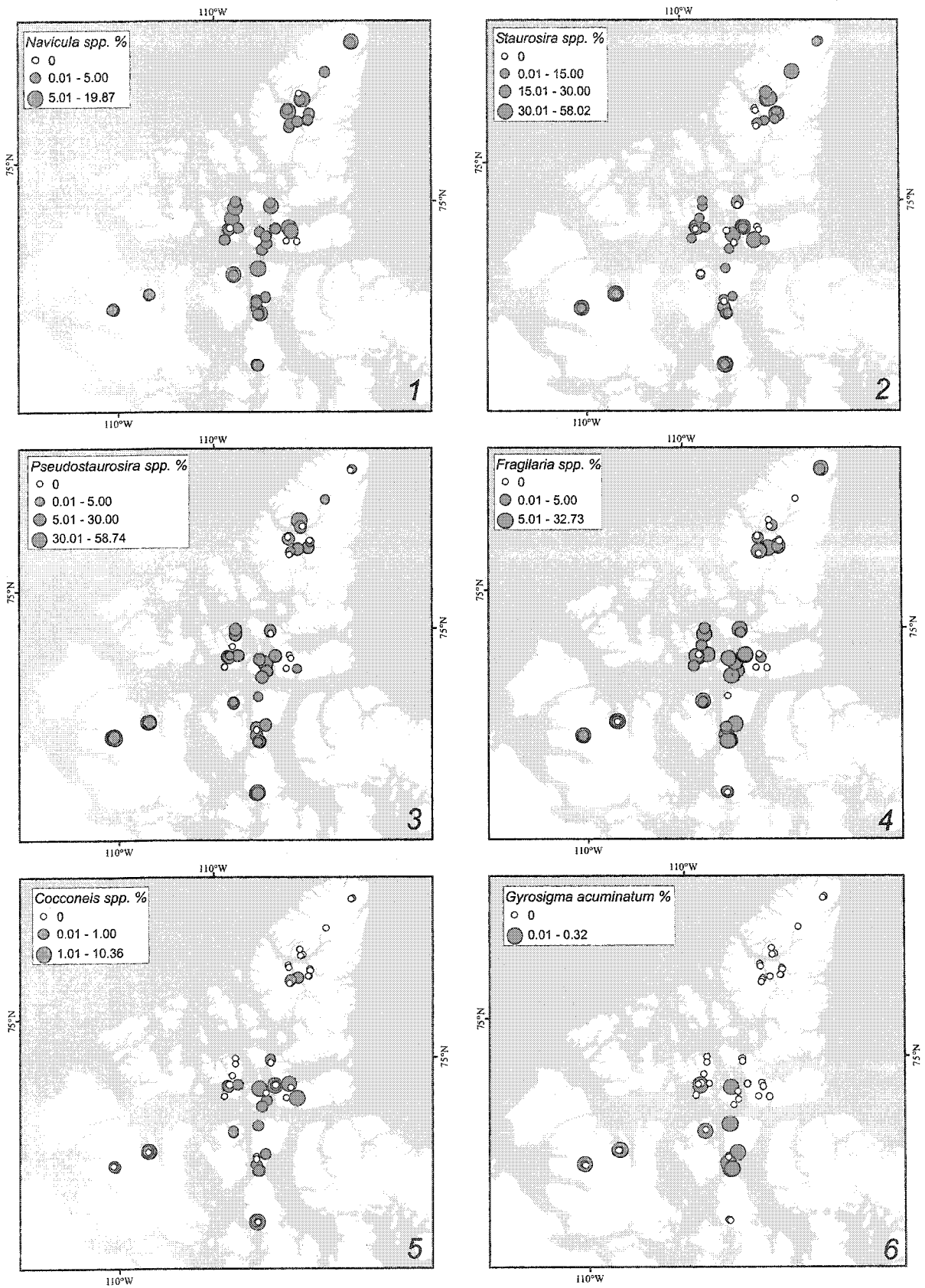


Figure C.2. Distribution of selected diatom genera in lakes of the Canadian Arctic Archipelago. Values are expressed in percent abundance.

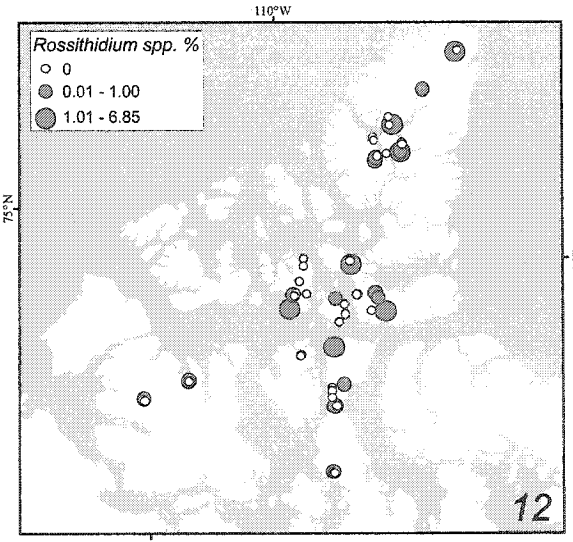
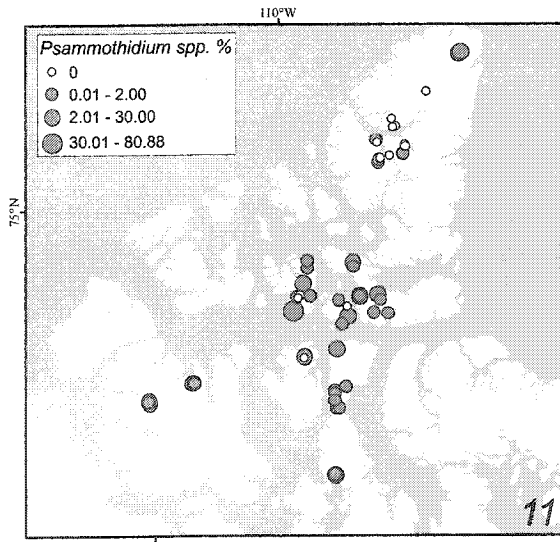
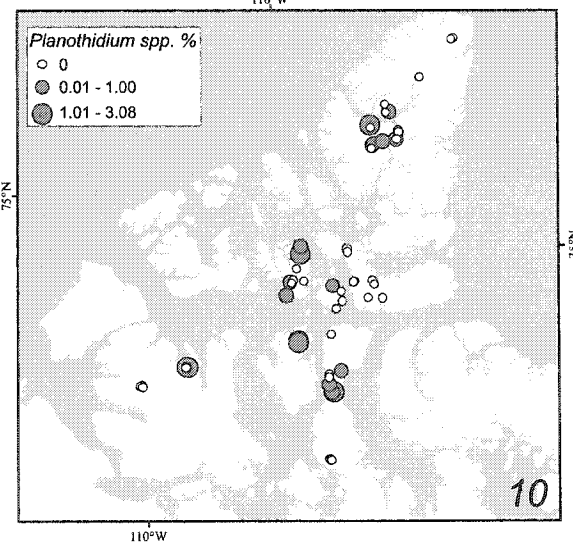
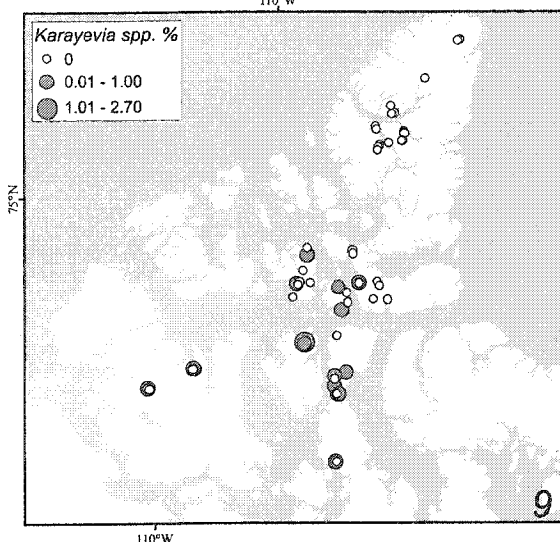
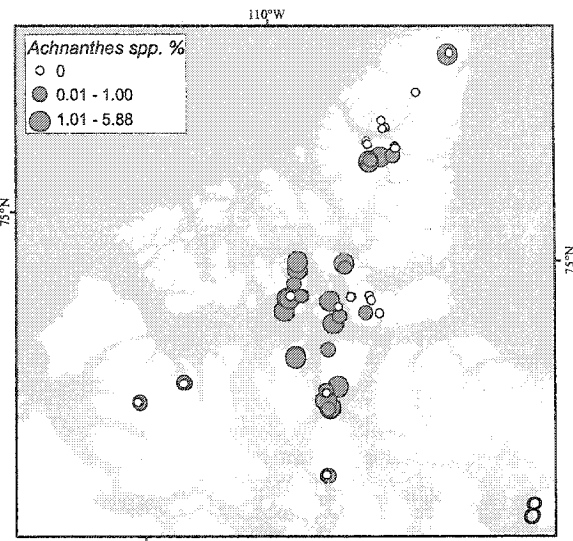
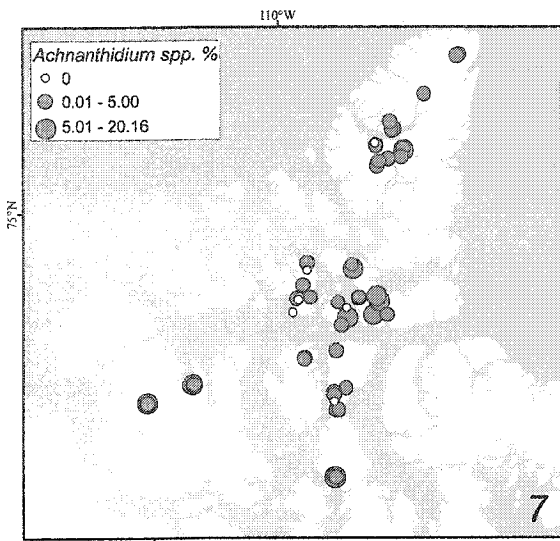


Figure C.2 (continued)

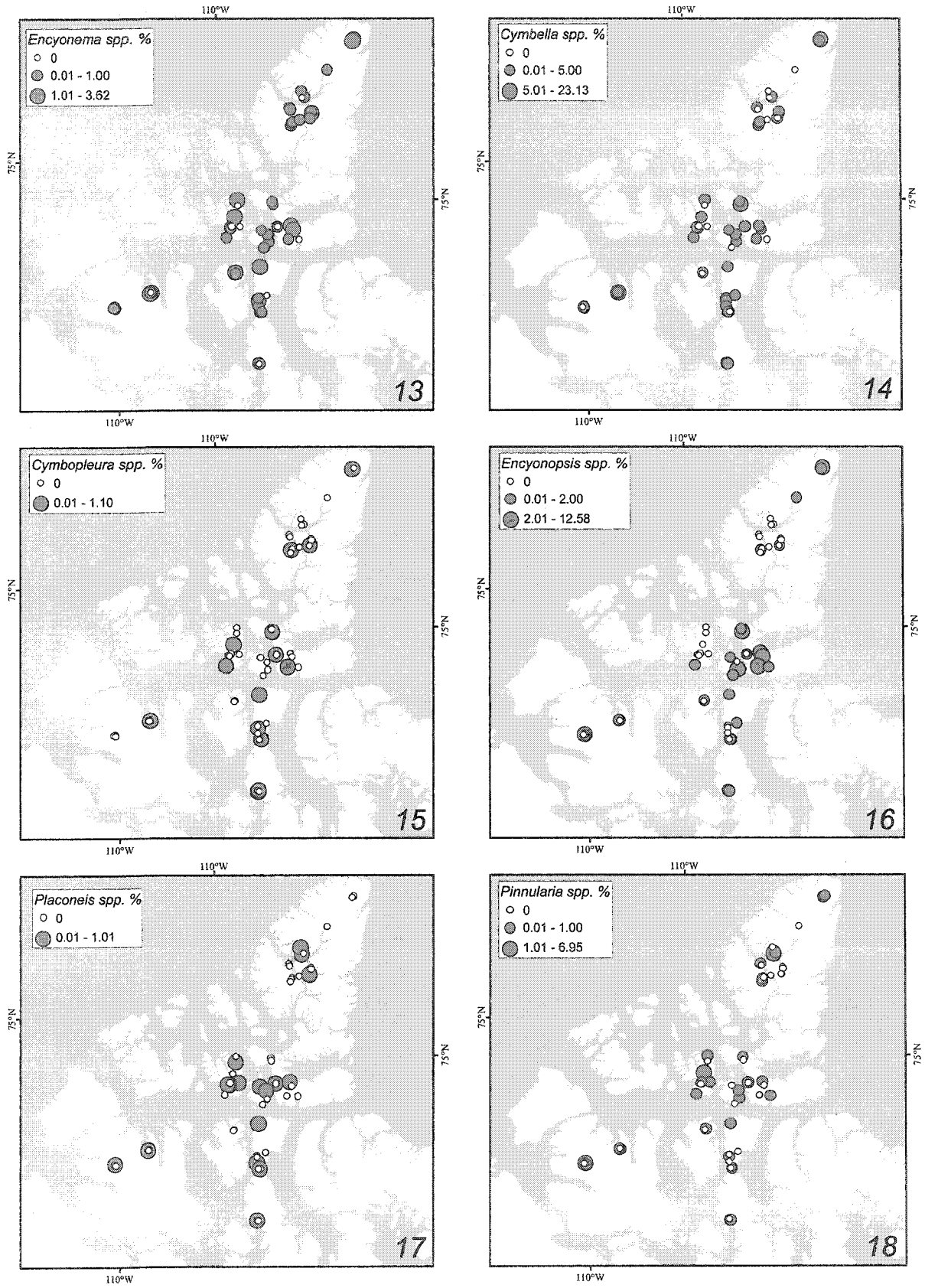


Figure C.2. (continued)

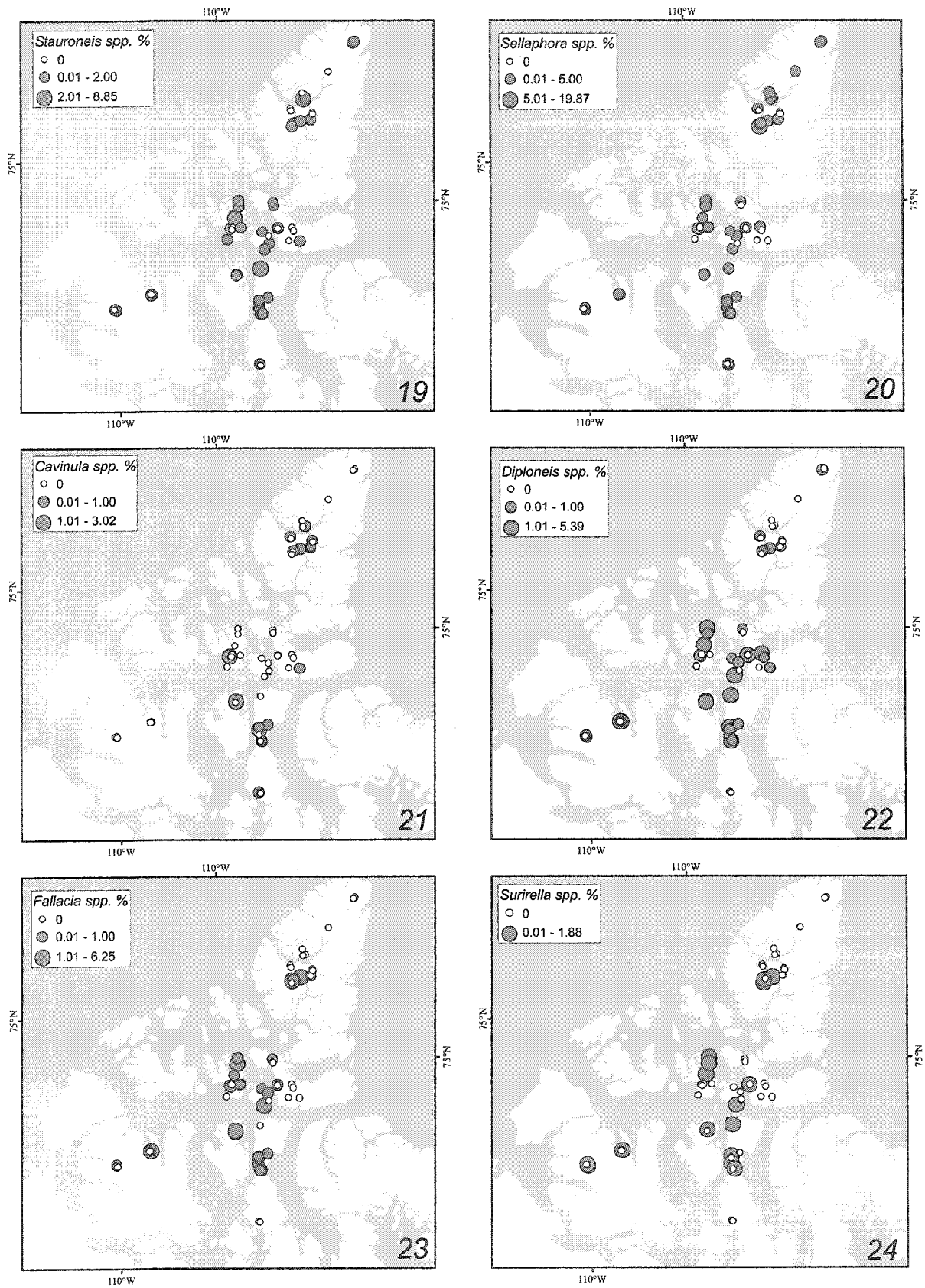


Figure C.2 (continued)

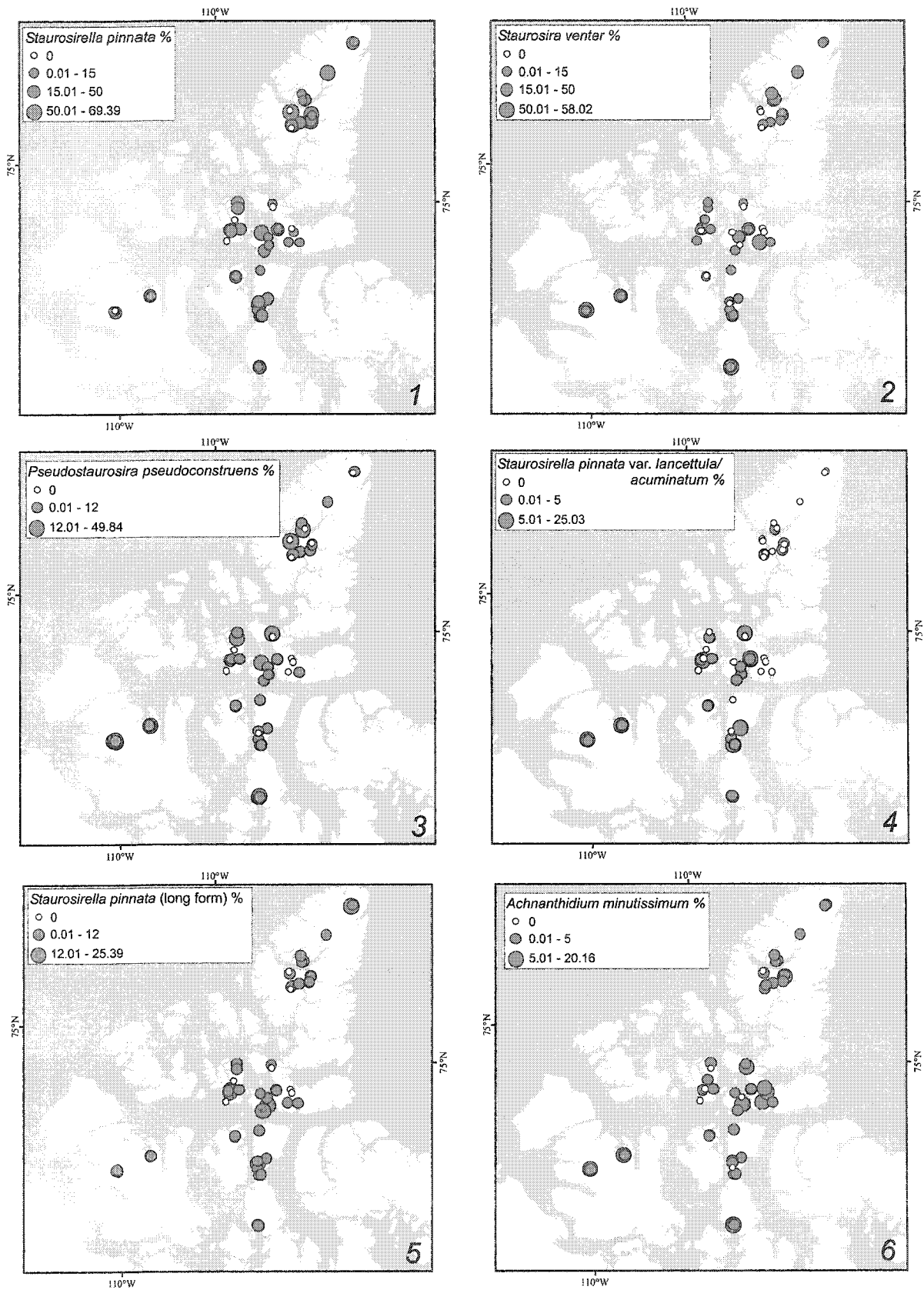


Figure C.3. Distribution of the 30 most common species in 62 lakes of the Canadian Arctic. Values are presented in percent abundance.

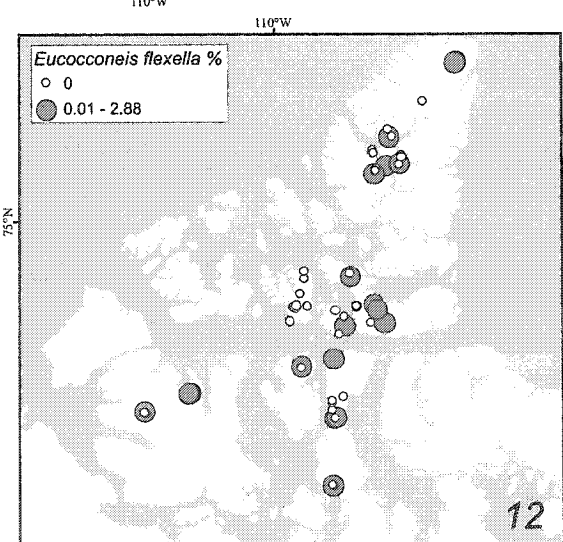
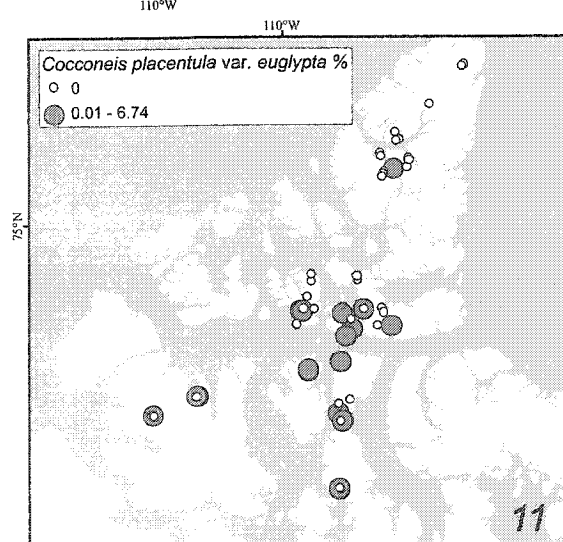
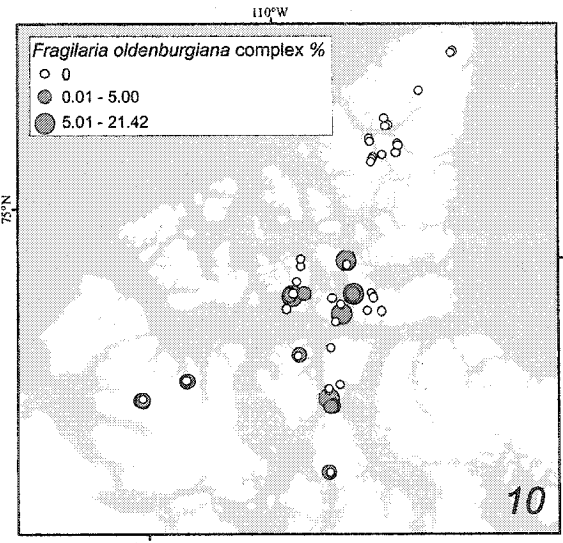
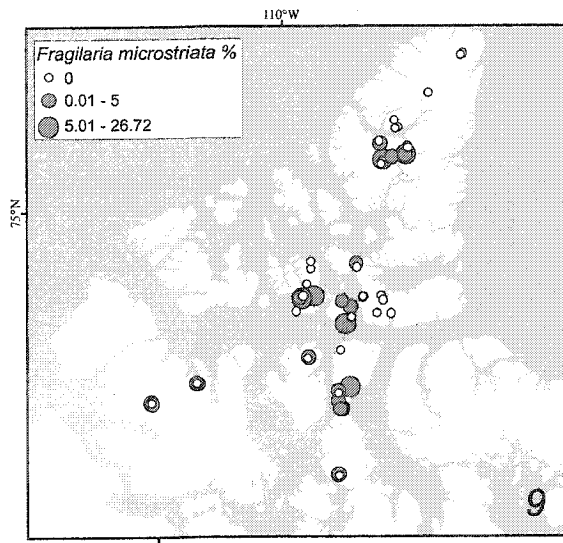
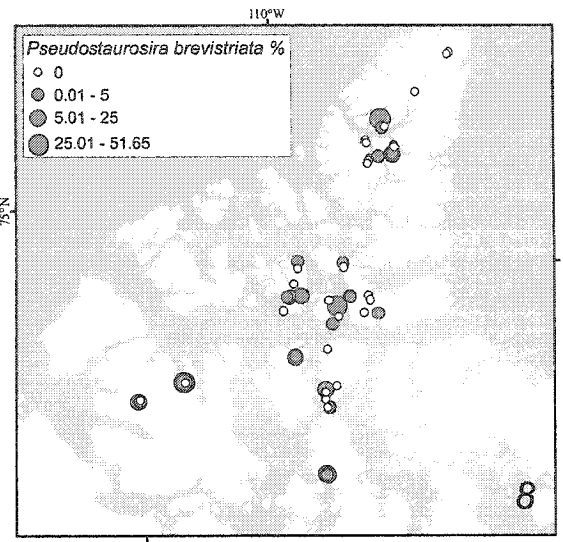
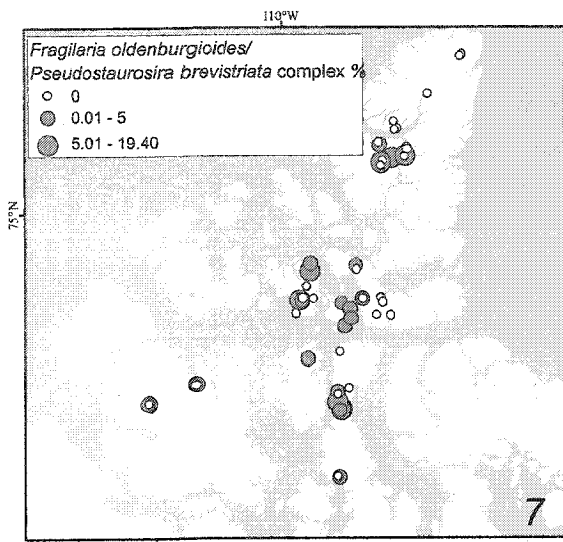


Figure C.3. (continued)

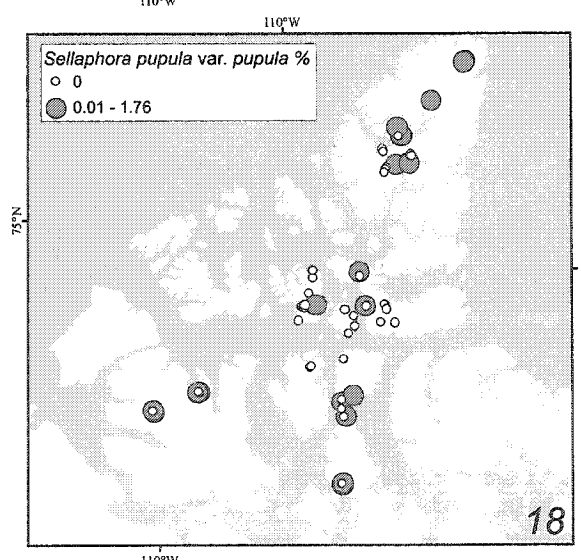
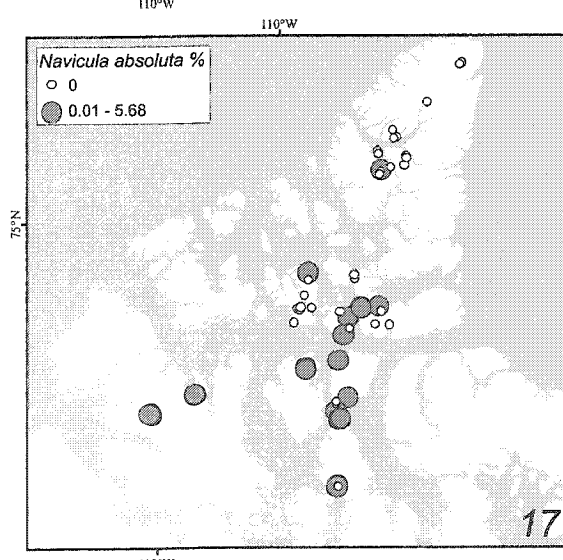
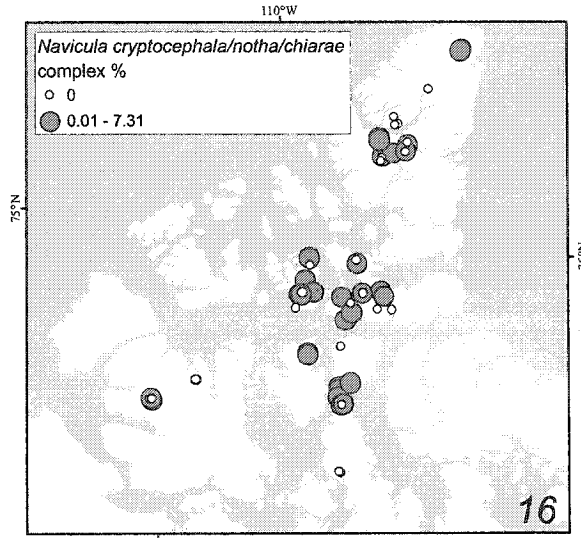
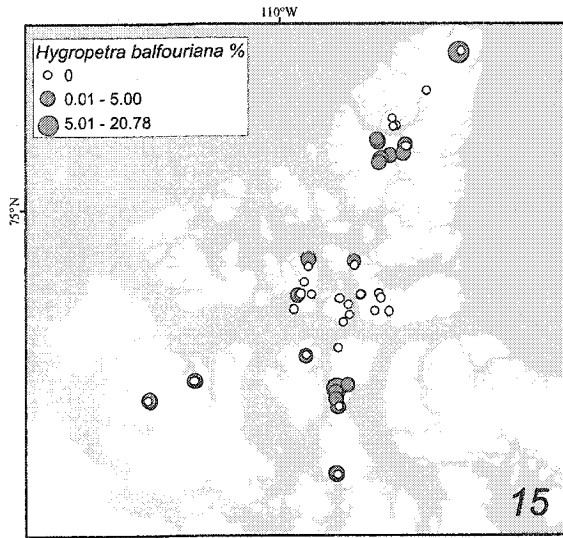
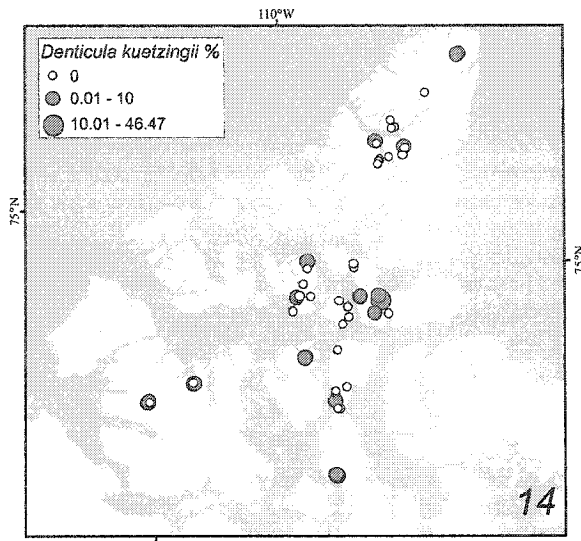
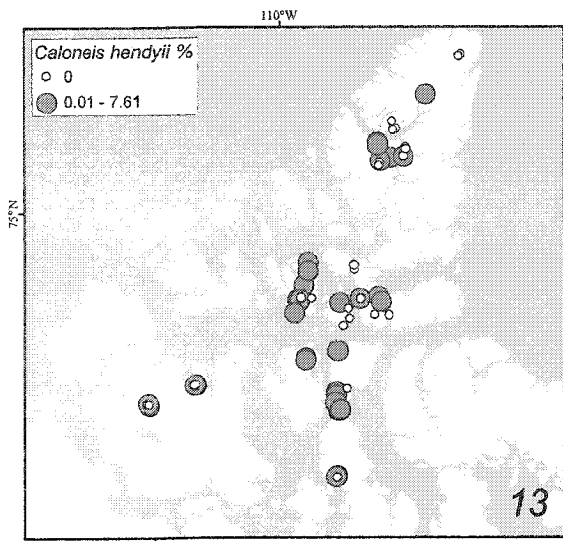


Figure C.3. (continued)

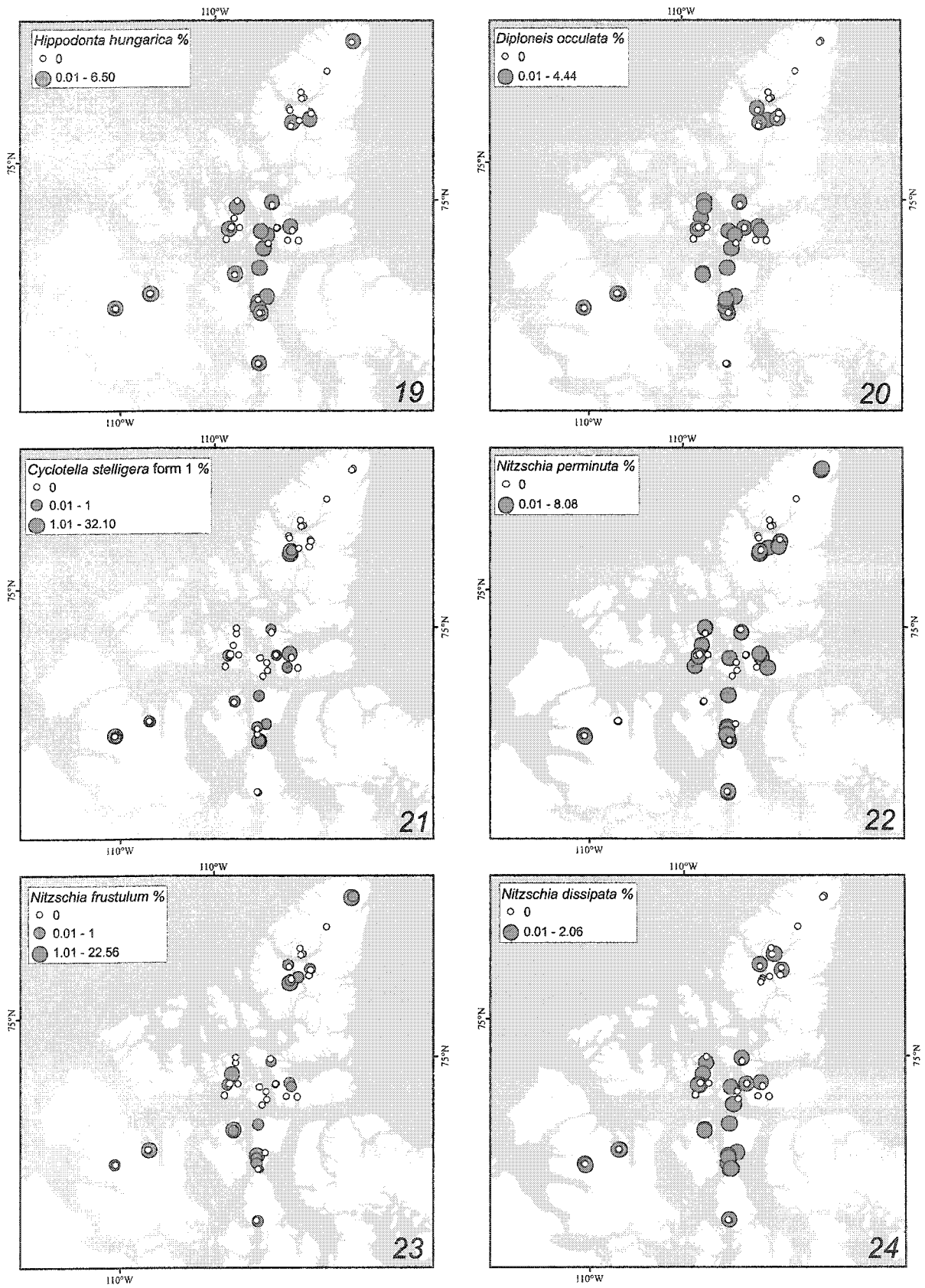


Figure C.3. (continued)

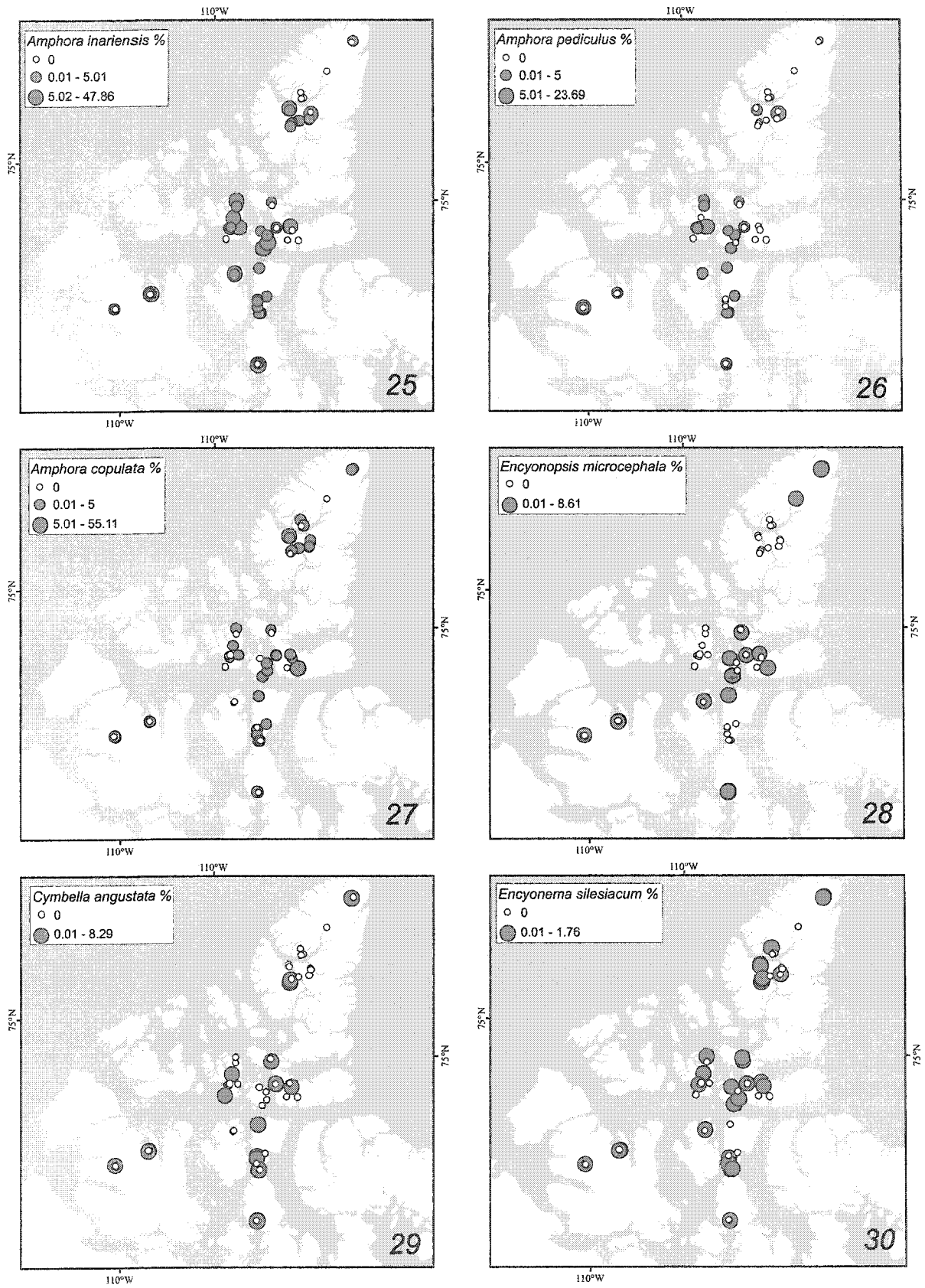


Figure C.3. (continued)

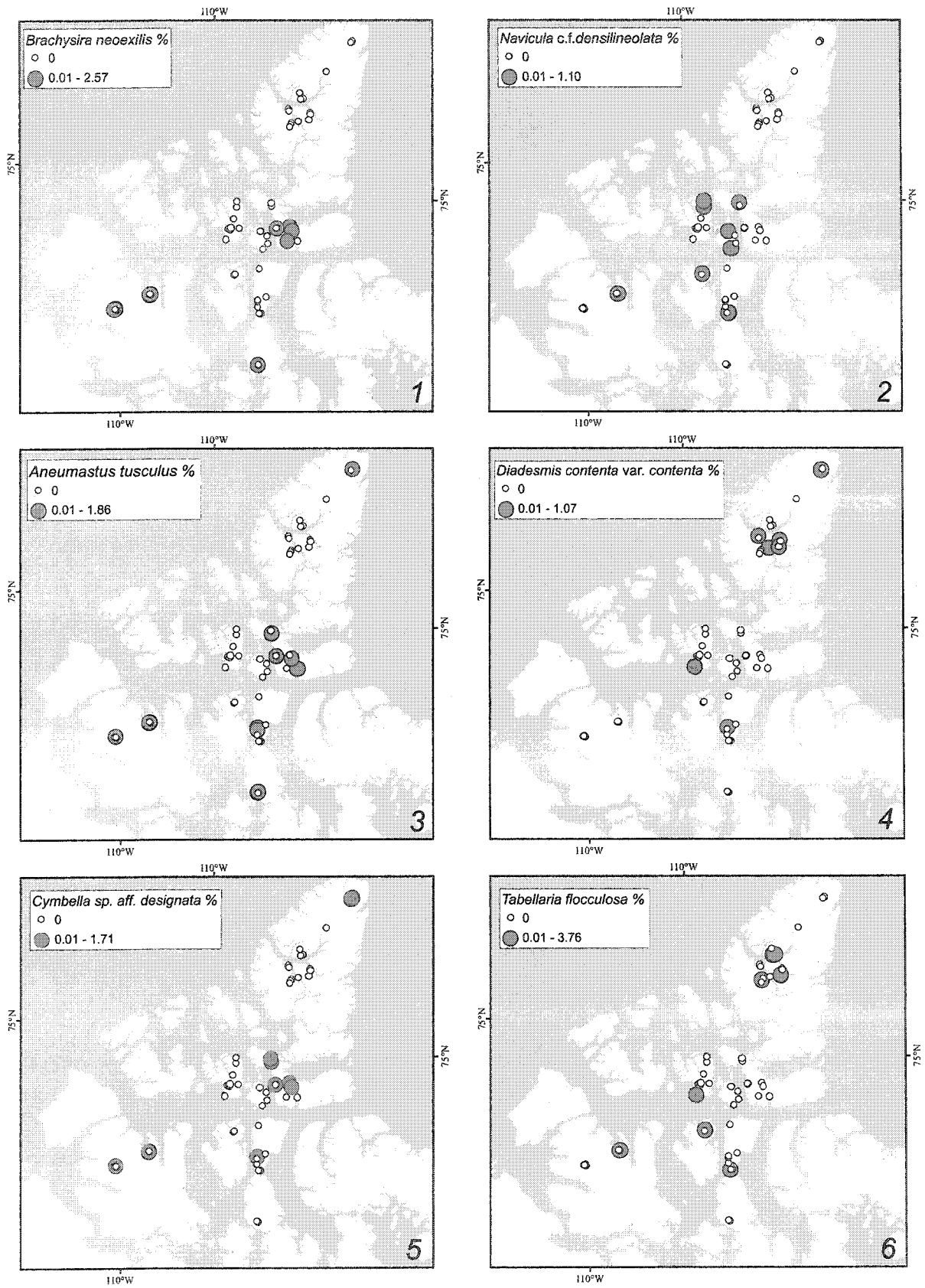


Figure C.4. Distributions of 12 selected taxa in 62 lakes of the Canadian Arctic. Values are in percent abundance for each lake. Note proportional circle classes vary between maps.

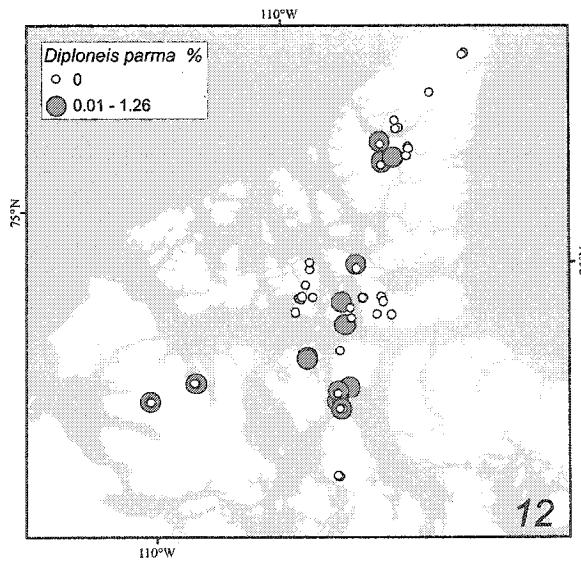
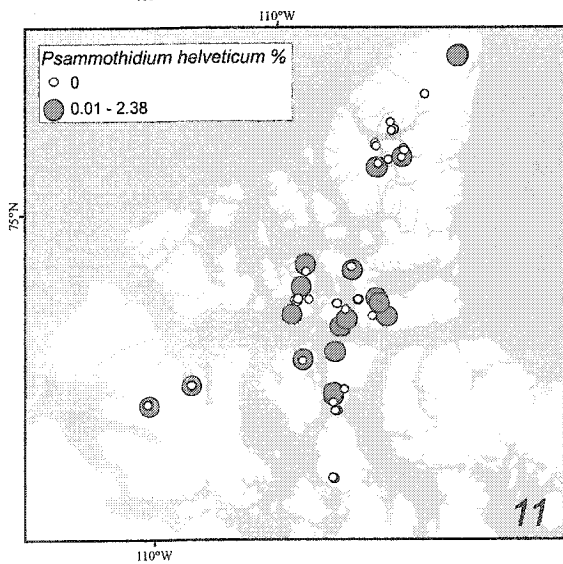
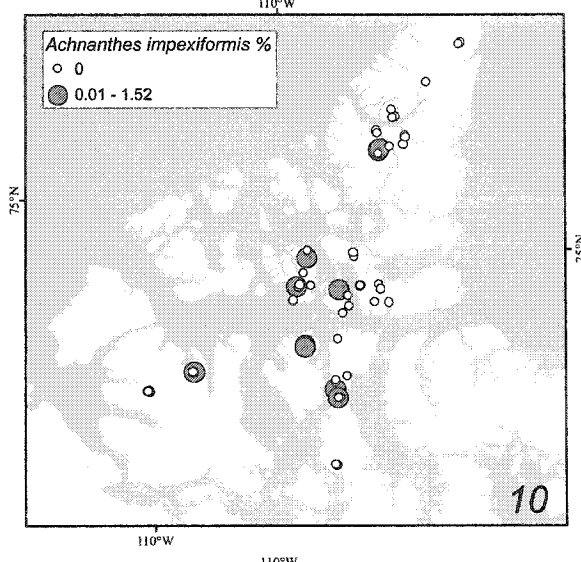
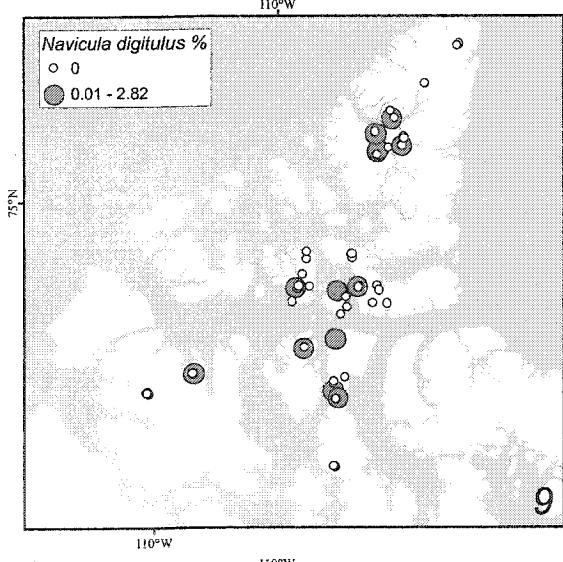
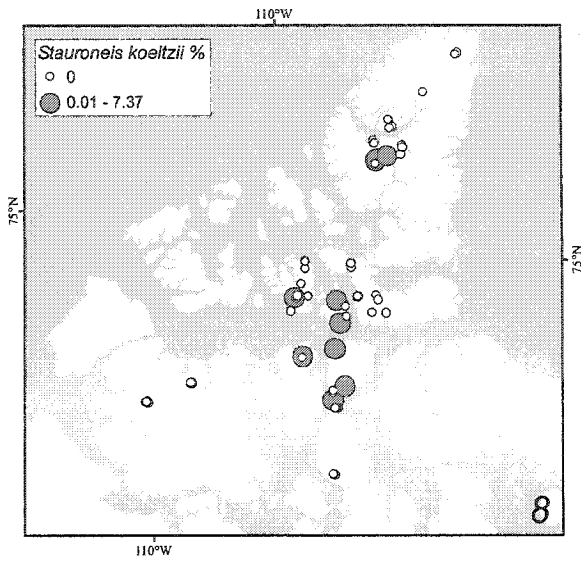
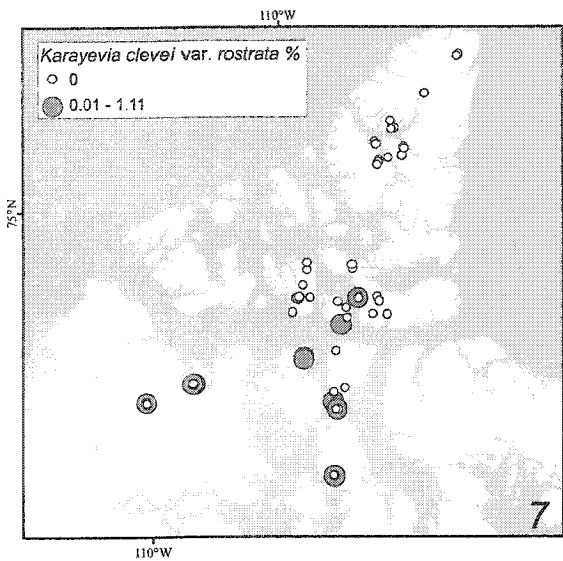


Figure C.4. (continued)

APPENDIX D S-plus programming

Below are the S-Plus commands used to perform the Principal Components Analysis (PCA) of the environmental data. Note that the variables were already transformed as required although this can be done using command functions as well. The command 'cex' changes the size of the default text by a specified factor. The term 'olab=island' is used to display sites in the biplot as the symbols given in the 'island' column, set as character type, of the data table. 'princomp' performs the analysis using the selected columns listed and 'cor=T' bases the analysis on a correlation matrix. The term 'c(1,3)' plots the first and third axes.

```
> attach(LIM)
> PCAALL.prc<-
princomp(~LAT+LONG+Erich+AT+Conc+DFC+Elev+SfcA+Dep+Cond+pH+Ca+Mg+Cl+Na+K+SO4+
DOC+DIC+TKN+NN+NH3+PP+TPuf+SIO2+CHLa,cor=T)
> summary(PCAALL.prc,loadings=T)
> PCAALL.prc$scores
> plot(PCAALL.prc)
> plot(loadings(PCAALL.prc))
> biplot(PCAALL.prc,olab=island)
> biplot(PCAALL.prc,c(1,3),olab=island)

> PCALAKE.prc<-
princomp(~AT+SfcA+Dep+Cond+pH+Ca+Mg+Cl+Na+K+SO4+DOC+DIC+TKN+NN+NH3+PP+TPuf+
SIO2+CHLa,cor=T)
> summary(PCALAKE.prc,loadings=T)
> PCALAKE.prc$scores
> plot(PCALAKE.prc)
> plot(loadings(PCALAKE.prc))
> biplot(PCALAKE.prc,olab=island)
> plot(PCALAKE.prc)
> biplot(PCALAKE.prc,olab=island)
> biplot(PCALAKE.prc,c(1,3),olab=island)
```

The following is the S-plus function used to plot the response surfaces. The program was written by Prof. Mike Sawada and modified for this study.

```
function()
{
  #this is a list of columns with taxa to be plotted in this order
  taxalist <- c(51, 58, 74, 88, 104, 164)
  thedata <- as.matrix(PERC2LIM[, taxalist])
  theXYvalues <- as.matrix(PERC2LIM[, c(209, 216)])
```

Above are column numbers of abundance data for six taxa. The program is written to make 18 graphs placed on 3 sheets. "PERC2LIM" contains both the diatom and limnology data. The two numbers in the last line are the column numbers of the two variables selected for the graphs.

```

  maxy <- max(theXYvalues[, 2], na.rm = T)
  miny <- min(theXYvalues[, 2], na.rm = T)
  maxx <- max(theXYvalues[, 1], na.rm = T)
  minx <- min(theXYvalues[, 1], na.rm = T)
  thelabs <- PERC1LIM
  #unlist(names.f(thedata, F))
  graphsheet(width = 8, height = 10.5, pointsize = 10, color.scheme = "user 1", font = c("Arial", "Arial Italic"),
  pages = "every graph")
  par(mfrow = c(3, 2), mar = c(6, 6, 0, 0), err = -1, )
  for(i in 1:length(taxalist)) {plot(theXYvalues[, 1], theXYvalues[, 2], xlim = c(minx, maxx), ylim = c(miny,
  maxy), cex = 0.75, type = "n", xlab = "", ylab = "")
    box(col = 2, fill = F)
    box()
    #((jks - min(jks))/(max(jks) - min(jks)))
    axes(xlab = "log (SiO2)(mg L-1)", ylab = "log (TP)(mg L-1)", axes = F, cex = 0.75)
```

The line above sets the axes labels and 'cex' is the font size.

```

  thedat <- as.vector(thedata[, i])
  vv <- (max(thedat) - min(thedat))
  mdat <- min(thedat)
  stdss <- (thedat - mdat)/vv
  startsize <- 0.75
  lower <- 0
  upper <- 0.25
  points(theXYvalues[which(stdss == 0), 1], theXYvalues[which(stdss == 0), 2], pch = 3, cex = 0.75,
  font = 2, lwd = 0.2)
  for(k in 1:4) {points(theXYvalues[which(stdss > lower & stdss <= upper), 1], theXYvalues[which(stdss
  > lower & stdss <= upper), 2], pch = 1, cex = startsize, lwd = 0.2)
    startsize <- startsize + 0.75
    lower <- lower + 0.25
    upper <- upper + 0.25
  }
  thesymboltext <- as.character(round(seq(0, max(thedat), length = 5), 2))
  # symbols(theXYvalues[, 1], theXYvalues[, 2], circles = stdss, add = T, inches = 0.1)
  aas <- paste(thesymboltext[1:4], "-", thesymboltext[2:5], sep = "")
  thesymboltext <- c("0", aas)
  par(usr = c(0, 1, 0, 1))
```

Above sets the circle size categories and symbols sizes.

```

  key(0.02, 0.9, text = list(thesymboltext, col = 1, font = 1, adj = 1), points = list(pch = c(3, rep(1, 4)), lwd
  = rep(0.2, 5), cex = c(0.75, 0.75, 1.5, 2.25, 3)), size = 4, border = T, between = 2, title = "Genera %")
  if(is.element(i, c(5, 6, 7:8, 10, 11, 14, 15, 17:18, c(9, 12, 13)))) { } else { } }
```

'key' is the legend with the coordinates for its position on the graph and the symbol sizes.

APPENDIX E - Diatom abundance data

Lake	Island	<i>Achnanthes acares</i>	<i>Achnanthes broenlundensis</i>	<i>Achnanthes carissima</i>	<i>Achnanthes conspicua</i>	<i>Achnanthes sp. aff. conspicua</i>	<i>Achnanthes dani</i>	<i>Achnanthes exigua</i>	<i>Achnanthes gracillima</i>	<i>Achnanthes grana</i>	<i>Achnanthes impexiformis</i>
S40	Ellesmere	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	Ellesmere	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	Ellesmere	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	Ellesmere	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	Ellesmere	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	Ellesmere	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	Axel Heiberg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	Axel Heiberg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	Ellesmere	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	Ellesmere	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	Ellesmere	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.82	0.00	0.00	1.43	0.00
HW02	Ellesmere	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	Ellesmere	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	Axel Heiberg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06
E515	Axel Heiberg	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.52
E511	Axel Heiberg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	Bathurst	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	Bathurst	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.98	3.68	0.12
CI22	Bathurst	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	Bathurst	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	Bathurst	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	Bathurst	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00	0.16
CI26	Bathurst	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	Bathurst	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	Devon	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	Devon	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	Devon	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	Devon	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	Devon	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	Devon	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	Devon	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	Devon	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	Devon	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	Cornwallis	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.06	0.69	0.00
CI33	Cornwallis	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	Cornwallis	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	Cornwallis	0.00	0.00	2.11	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	Prince of Wales	0.00	0.00	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.95
Wolf	Prince of Wales	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00	0.26
CI01	Somerset	0.00	0.13	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	Somerset	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	Somerset	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	Somerset	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	Somerset	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.11
CI12	Somerset	0.00	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00
CI11	Somerset	0.00	0.00	0.61	1.67	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00
CI10	Somerset	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	Victoria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	Victoria	0.14	0.00	0.07	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	Victoria	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.31	0.16
WB02	Victoria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	Victoria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	Victoria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	Victoria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	Victoria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
KR01	Victoria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	Victoria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	Victoria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
JR02	Boothia	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	Boothia	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	Boothia	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	Boothia	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
Max. abundance		0.25	0.64	2.11	1.67	0.61	1.82	0.13	0.98	3.68	1.52
Dominant taxa (>5%) in bold.											

Lake	<i>Achnanthes ingratiiformis</i>	<i>Achnanthes kriegeri</i>	<i>Achnanthes nitidiformis</i>	<i>Achnanthes nodosa</i>	<i>Achnanthes rupestris</i>	<i>Achnanthes ziegleri</i>	<i>Achnantheidium exilis</i>	<i>Achnantheidium minutissimum</i>	<i>Adalgia bryophila</i>	<i>Adalgia minuscula</i>	<i>Amphipleura cf. kriegeriana</i>	<i>Amphipleura pellucida</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	1.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.52	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.85	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
ES16	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.45	6.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.51	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.16	0.08	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	3.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.56	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.57	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.54	5.55	0.68	1.76	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.40	0.15	0.60	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.94	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.36	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.16	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.25	0.00	0.43	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.11	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	0.00	1.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	3.33	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.80	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	2.28	0.13	3.35	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.93	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.90	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.83	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	4.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.98	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.15
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.36	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.08
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.48	0.00	0.58	0.00	0.29
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.83
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1.99	1.14	1.43	0.76	3.10	0.14	0.79	20.16	6.85	3.35	0.46	0.83

Lake	<i>Amphora acqualis</i>	<i>Amphora copulata</i>	<i>Amphora copulata morph B</i>	<i>Amphora dissenii</i>	<i>Amphora hobbsatica</i>	<i>Amphora inariensis</i>	<i>Amphora neglecta</i>	<i>Amphora ovalis</i>	<i>Amphora pediculus</i>	<i>Amphora thumensis</i>	<i>Amphora veneta</i>	<i>Aneumastus fuscatus</i>
S40	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.86
Long	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	8.29	1.87	0.00	0.00	47.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.32	0.00	0.00	23.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.13	0.13	0.50	0.00	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.77	0.62	0.00	0.00	6.47	0.31	0.00	2.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.86	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	1.90	1.58	3.17	0.00	0.00	6.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.72	0.00	0.00	10.87	1.26	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.40	0.00	0.48	1.53	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12
DV10	0.81	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00
DV05	0.00	3.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.35	8.23	0.00	0.60	2.40	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	55.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	3.15	0.06	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.45	0.75	0.00	0.00	11.92	0.00	0.00	1.36	2.56	0.00	0.00
Allen	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	6.35	0.00	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	3.48	0.00	0.26	2.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.29	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.33	0.00	0.00	1.86	0.93	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50
CI08	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.45	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00	0.11	2.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.09	0.18	0.00	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	2.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	4.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.88	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.21	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	1.73	0.00	0.00	0.63	10.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.15	3.97	2.94	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.00	1.63	0.44	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.07	1.08	0.00	0.31
KR02	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.25	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.13	0.32	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.58	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.17	1.02	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.14	0.00	0.07
JR01	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09
JR05	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.90	0.00	0.00	3.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00
	1.90	55.11	3.17	0.38	0.95	47.86	8.23	0.31	23.69	2.94	0.54	1.86

Lake	<i>Aulacoseira distans</i>	<i>Bacillaria paradoxa</i>	<i>Brachysira brebissonii</i> morph. I	<i>Brachysira neoexilis</i>	<i>Brachysira sylvatica</i>	<i>Brachysira zellensis</i>	<i>Caloneis</i> (?nov) spec. cf. <i>aemula</i> var. <i>ventricosa</i>	<i>Caloneis bacillam</i>	<i>Caloneis hendyii</i> complex	<i>Caloneis schumanniana</i>	<i>Caloneis silicula</i>	<i>Caloneis silicula</i> var. <i>alpina</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
HW07	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	4.16	0.31	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	7.61	0.16	0.00	0.32
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.76	0.46	0.00	0.00	2.91
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.72	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.15	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.29
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.14
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.16	0.13	0.12	2.57	0.13	0.48	0.31	2.76	7.61	0.31	0.30	2.91

Lake	<i>Caloneis tenuis</i>	<i>Caloneis thermalis</i>	<i>Campylodiscus hibernicus</i>	<i>Cavinula cocconeiformis</i>	<i>Cavinula jaernefeltii</i>	<i>Cavinula pseudoscutiformis</i>	<i>Cavinula scutiformis</i>	<i>Chamaepinnularia gaudrappii</i> (var?)	<i>Chamaepinnularia krookii</i>	<i>Chamaepinnularia soehrensii</i>	<i>Chamaepinnularia sp.1</i>	<i>Cocconeis neothumensis</i>
S40	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long Kettle	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	19.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.07	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.82	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.22	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08
DV24	3.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.58	0.00	0.00
DV10	2.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	5.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.74	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27
CI07	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.78	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5.21	0.11	0.65	3.02	0.54	0.68	0.25	0.10	19.25	5.58	2.82	0.59

Lake	<i>Cocconeis pediculus</i>	<i>Cocconeis placentula</i> var. <i>anglypta</i>	<i>Coscinodiscus</i> sp.	<i>Cratichia cuspidata</i>	<i>Cratichia halophiloides</i>	<i>Cyclotella antiqua</i>	<i>Cyclotella bodanica</i> var. <i>lemnica</i> complex	<i>Cyclotella</i> cf. <i>atomus</i>	<i>Cyclotella michiganina</i>	<i>Cyclotella ocellata</i>	<i>Cyclotella rossii</i>	<i>Cyclotella stelligera</i> form 1
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.19	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.55	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.68
DV05	0.00	1.20	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
DV02	5.43	2.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.40	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.23
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
Wolf	0.26	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.54	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00
WB07	0.00	3.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.16	0.00	0.00
WB05	5.65	4.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.31	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.00	2.06	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.11
WB03	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	5.22	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.38
KR01	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	6.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.96	0.00	1.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5.65	6.74	0.32	0.07	0.05	0.64	0.96	0.93	1.79	5.22	1.19	0.68

Lake	<i>Cyclotella stelligera</i> form 2	<i>Cymatopleura solea</i>	<i>Cymbella amphicephala</i>	<i>Cymbella amphicephala</i> var. <i>hercynica</i>	<i>Cymbella angustata</i>	<i>Cymbella arctica</i>	<i>Cymbella botellus</i>	<i>Cymbella cf. ehrenbergii</i>	<i>Cymbella cleve-enterae</i>	<i>Cymbella delicatula</i>	<i>Cymbella incerta</i> var. <i>crassipunctata</i>	<i>Cymbella incerta</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.13	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	2.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
E511	32.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.63	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	1.12	0.00	8.29	0.00	3.19	0.00	0.64	0.00	7.66	0.00
DV10	3.65	0.00	0.95	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.13	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.69	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.92	0.00	0.31	0.00
DV01	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.27	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.67	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.25	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
CI12	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	2.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.40	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.15
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	1.08
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.92
KR02	1.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.23	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.29	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
	32.10	0.00	1.12	0.72	8.29	0.27	3.19	0.13	0.93	4.40	7.66	1.08

Lake	<i>Cymbella incerta</i> var. <i>linearis</i>	<i>Cymbella lanceolata</i>	<i>Cymbella neocistula</i>	<i>Cymbella</i> sp. aff. <i>designata</i>	<i>Cymbella subaequalis</i> morph B	<i>Cymbella subarctica</i>	<i>Cymbella subleptoceros</i>	<i>Cymbopleura cuspidata</i>	<i>Cymbopleura designata</i>	<i>Cymbopleura</i> <i>stauroneiformis</i>	<i>Denticula</i> (?) <i>tenuis</i> var.	<i>Denticula elegans</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.71	2.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.28	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	1.91	0.96
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.22	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.78	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.31	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.21	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.55	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.24	0.00	0.43	1.71	2.80	0.31	0.16	0.33	0.48	0.96	1.91	0.96

Lake	<i>Denticula kaetztingii</i>	<i>Denticula tenuis</i>	<i>Diademsis cf. gallica</i>	<i>Diademsis cf. gallica</i> var. ?	<i>Diademsis contenta</i>	<i>Diademsis perpusilla</i>	<i>Diatoma tenuis</i>	<i>Diploneis marginestrata</i>	<i>Diploneis</i> nov. spec. Nr. <i>I. Julna Olky</i>	<i>Diploneis oblongella</i>	<i>Diploneis oculata</i>	<i>Diploneis ovalis</i>
S40	9.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	3.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	2.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	1.69	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	4.44	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	18.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	1.49	0.00
DV05	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	3.14	0.60
DV06	0.26	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	46.47	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
DV01	0.33	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.29	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.21	0.00
Allen	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.32	0.00	1.27	0.32
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.39	0.64	0.26
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.88	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.13	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.33	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.49	0.00
WB07	0.12	0.24	3.10	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.63	0.31
WB02	0.00	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.29	0.00	0.44	0.00
WB04	0.22	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	1.56	1.08	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	1.08	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.08	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.54	0.00
KR04	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.14	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.37	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.28	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.39	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	46.47	1.16	18.34	0.24	1.07	1.23	0.62	0.95	1.14	0.95	4.44	0.60

Lake	<i>Diploneis ovalis</i> cf. <i>ssp. ovalis</i>	<i>Diploneis ovalis</i> ssp. <i>ovalis</i>	<i>Diploneis parma</i>	<i>Encyonema auerswaldii</i>	<i>Encyonema elginense</i>	<i>Encyonema gaeanumii</i>	<i>Encyonema latens</i>	<i>Encyonema minutum</i>	<i>Encyonema norvegicum</i>	<i>Encyonema obscurum</i>	<i>Encyonema obscurum</i> var. <i>alpina</i>	<i>Encyonema</i> cf. <i>obscurum</i> var. <i>alpina</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.93	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.53	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.27	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.13	0.27	0.00	0.00	2.01	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.63	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.27	0.63	1.26	0.14	0.61	0.93	0.81	0.96	0.63	0.27	2.01	0.32

Lake	<i>Encyonema silesiacum</i>	<i>Encyonema cf. subminutum</i>	<i>Encyonema ventricosum</i>	<i>Encyonopsis behrei</i>	<i>Encyonopsis cesatii</i>	<i>Encyonopsis cesatii</i>	<i>Encyonopsis descripta</i>	<i>Encyonopsis microcephala</i>	<i>Encyonopsis subminuta</i>	<i>Eucocconeis flexella</i>	<i>Eucocconeis alpestris</i>	<i>Eucocconeis laevis</i>
S40	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.78	0.00	2.95
Long	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.93
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	3.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.33	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	1.58	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.24	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.83	0.00	8.61	0.00	2.07	0.00	0.64
DV10	1.76	0.00	0.68	0.00	1.22	0.00	4.87	0.14	6.36	1.22	0.14	1.62
DV05	0.30	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25
DV08	1.07	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.68	0.00	0.77	0.77	0.00	0.15
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	2.88	0.00	1.44
CI34	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.14	0.00	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00	3.69	1.28	0.00	1.70
CI31	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.16	0.00	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.27	0.00	1.61
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
CI08	0.27	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.29	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.22	0.00	0.22
WB03	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.12
KR07	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.38	2.46	0.00	0.15	0.31	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.47	1.48	0.31	0.00	0.08	0.08
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.35	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.55	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1.76	0.30	3.33	0.16	1.24	3.83	4.87	8.61	6.36	2.88	0.31	2.95

Lake	<i>Eucocconeis leptostriata</i>	<i>Eunotia arcus</i>	<i>Eunotia bitanaris</i> var. <i>mucophila</i>	<i>Eunotia faba</i>	<i>Eunotia inflata</i>	<i>Eunotia praerupta</i>	<i>Fallacia lenii</i>	<i>Fallacia pygmaea</i>	<i>Fallacia subhamatula</i>	<i>Fallacia subcladula</i>	<i>Fragilaria capucina</i> var. <i>vaucheria</i> complex	<i>Fragilaria cycloppum</i>
S40	4.81	7.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	22.05	0.00
Long Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.79	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00
E506	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.08	0.00	0.00	1.17	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.65	0.00
E511	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.72	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00
CI22	2.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.16	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.63	0.00
DV23	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
DV10	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.63	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	1.49	0.00
CI09	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4.81	7.30	0.49	0.32	0.49	2.64	5.08	0.13	0.95	1.17	22.05	0.00

Lake	<i>Fragilaria microstriata</i>	<i>Fragilaria oldenburgiana</i> complex	<i>Fragilaria oldenburgioides</i> / <i>P. brevisiriata</i> complex	<i>Fragilaria tenera</i>	<i>Frustulia rhomboides</i> var. <i>saxonica</i>	<i>Geissleria cummerowi</i>	<i>Geissleria declivis</i>	<i>Geissleria schoenfeldii</i>	<i>Geissleria similis</i>	<i>Gomphonema gracile</i>	<i>Gomphonema acuminatum</i>	<i>Gomphonema angustatum</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.62	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	1.19	0.00	1.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.94	0.00	0.00
HW03	4.43	0.00	19.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	26.72	0.00	5.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.07
HW07	3.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
E516	13.63	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	8.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	6.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	11.63	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	4.16	0.47	7.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	5.23	17.12	2.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.48	9.73	2.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.60	4.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	9.58	1.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	5.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.29	0.00	4.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	4.29	0.00	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	21.42	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	5.43	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	1.90	1.11	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	3.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	7.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.76	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	1.12	8.59	6.03	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	4.23	4.33	14.59	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	1.23	1.40	6.19	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.65	1.14	3.26	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	4.40	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	4.24	0.00	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	2.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	2.92	0.00	3.23	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.51	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.16	0.62	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	1.29	0.16	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.15	0.58	1.17	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.09	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	26.72	21.42	19.40	2.80	0.16	0.79	0.32	0.81	0.27	2.94	0.62	0.07

Lake	<i>Gomphonema angustum</i>	<i>Gomphonema cf. clavatum</i>	<i>Gomphonema cf. leptoproductum</i>	<i>Gomphonema cf. micropus</i>	<i>Gomphonema lacus-wulcani</i>	<i>Gomphonema "parvulum var. undulatum"</i>	<i>Gomphonema pumilum var. elegans</i>	<i>Gomphonema sp.</i>	<i>Gomphonema sp.1</i>	<i>Gomphonema sp.2</i>	<i>Gomphonema sp.3</i>	<i>Gyrosigma acuminatum</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
WB07	2.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2.74	0.53	0.27	1.57	0.23	0.35	0.34	0.33	0.24	0.29	0.08	0.32

Lake	<i>Hannaea arcus</i>	<i>Hippodonta costulata</i>	<i>Hippodonta hungarica</i>	<i>Hygropetra balfouriana</i>	<i>Hygropetra cf. balfouriana</i>	<i>Karayevia clevei var. rostrata</i>	<i>Karayevia laterostrata</i>	<i>Kobayasiella jacjii</i>	<i>Kobesia suchlandtii</i>	<i>Licmophora cf. gracilis var. anglica</i>	<i>Meridiania circulare</i>	<i>Microcystatus krasskei</i>	<i>Navicula absoluta</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.13	0.00	4.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.14	0.14	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.13	0.06	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
E515	0.00	2.06	0.00	1.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.08	0.63	4.24	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	6.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.68
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.54
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.25
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.15
Allen	0.16	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.00	1.11	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.22	1.43
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.71	0.00	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	3.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	1.21
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.07
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.78	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.81	2.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.22	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.89
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.61	0.00	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.92
CI10	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14
WB05	0.00	0.16	1.26	0.16	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.31
WB02	0.00	0.00	1.32	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.62
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	2.16
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.53
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.16	1.17	0.93	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.19
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.83
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.22	2.06	6.50	20.78	0.93	1.11	1.59	0.36	1.16	0.13	0.27	2.22	5.68

Lake	<i>Navicula aff. phlypta</i>	<i>Navicula cf. trophicatrix</i>	<i>Navicula aurora</i> (incl. <i>aurora</i> var?)	<i>Navicula cf. arvensis</i>	<i>Navicula cf. fluens</i>	<i>Navicula cincta</i>	<i>Navicula concentrica</i>	<i>Navicula cryptocephala/votha/chiarae</i> complex	<i>Navicula cryptotenella</i>	<i>Navicula cryptotenelloides</i>	<i>Navicula dealpina</i>	<i>Navicula difficilima</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.27	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	7.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90
CI17	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00	7.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.16	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00	0.00	7.31	0.00	0.41	1.89	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.60	0.30	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.13	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.86	0.00	0.32	0.00	1.27
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.54
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.85	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.09	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.62	0.39	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	7.64	1.10	0.25	0.46	2.93	2.27	0.12	7.31	1.44	0.75	1.89	1.27

Lake	<i>Navicula digituloides</i>	<i>Navicula digitulus</i>	<i>Navicula gastrum</i> var. <i>signata</i>	<i>Navicula interglacialis</i>	<i>Navicula tibonensis</i>	<i>Navicula lucinensis</i>	<i>Navicula menisculus</i>	<i>Navicula modica</i>	<i>Navicula muraloides</i>	<i>Navicula oblonga</i>	<i>Navicula pseudosilicula</i>	<i>Navicula radiosa</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
E506	0.00	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04
HW07	0.00	0.24	0.72	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.37	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	2.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.31
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1.12	2.82	0.72	0.22	5.37	0.31	6.43	2.57	0.22	0.15	0.35	0.46

Lake	<i>Navicula reinhardtii</i>	<i>Navicula rhyndotella</i>	<i>Navicula rhyndoccephala</i>	<i>Navicula schmassmannii</i>	<i>Navicula seminulum</i>	<i>Navicula sp.</i>	<i>Navicula vitosa</i>	<i>Navicula vulpina</i>	<i>Navicula(dicta) cf. praederiae</i>	<i>Navicula(dicta) praederiae</i>	<i>Neidopsis wulffii</i>	<i>Neidium affine var. longiceps</i>
S40	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
Kettle	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.74	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.27	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.24	0.00	0.00	2.20	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	17.86	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.38	0.10	0.45	1.74	18.63	0.22	2.20	5.07	0.24	17.86	0.40	0.49

Lake	<i>Neidium ampliatum</i>	<i>Neidium bergii</i>	<i>Neidium bisulcatum</i>	<i>Neidium distinctepunctatum</i>	<i>Neidium dubium</i>	<i>Neidium dubium fo. constrictum</i>	<i>Neidium kozlowii var. ellipticum</i>	<i>Neidium ladogensis</i>	<i>Neidium sp. aff. alpinum</i>	<i>Neidium sp. nov.</i>	<i>Neidium sp. nov. Lange-Bertalot</i>	<i>Nitzschia aff. draveillensis</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	5.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.40	0.00	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	3.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.38	0.48	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94
CI14	0.13	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.68
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.12	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.15	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5.93	3.01	0.31	1.60	0.27	0.00	0.32	0.65	0.32	2.38	0.48	0.94

Lake	<i>Nitzschia amphibia</i> f. <i>frauenfeldii</i>	<i>Nitzschia amphibia</i> f. <i>rostrata</i>	<i>Nitzschia angustata</i>	<i>Nitzschia angustiforaminata</i>	<i>Nitzschia bryophila</i>	<i>Nitzschia</i> cf. <i>amphibia</i>	<i>Nitzschia commutata</i>	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 2 cf. <i>dealpina</i>	<i>Nitzschia debilis</i>	<i>Nitzschia dissipata</i>	<i>Nitzschia dissipata</i> var. <i>media</i>	<i>Nitzschia fonticola</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.25
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.40
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.47	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.60
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.57	0.57
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.45
Allen	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.16	0.63	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.06	0.00	0.95
Wolf	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00	6.30
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.22
CI12	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.21
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.65
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.21
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.32
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	2.88
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.15	0.29	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.32	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.24
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.32	0.26	0.32	0.54	0.63	1.43	0.80	11.97	0.13	2.06	0.57	6.30

Lake	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 1 cf. <i>fonticola</i>	<i>Nitzschia frustulum</i>	<i>Nitzschia frustulum</i> var. <i>inconspicua</i>	<i>Nitzschia gracillius</i>	<i>Nitzschia inconspicua</i>	<i>Nitzschia palea</i>	<i>Nitzschia palea</i> var. <i> tenuirostris</i>	<i>Nitzschia perminuta</i>	<i>Nitzschia pura</i>	<i>Nitzschia recta</i>	<i>Nitzschia sinuata</i> var. 1	<i>Nitzschia sinuata</i> var. <i>deloqueti</i>
S40	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.27	3.19	2.12	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.53	3.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	22.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.92	0.00	0.00	2.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	6.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.08	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.47	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
DV10	0.00	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00	5.83	0.31	0.00	0.92	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.48	3.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.54	12.87	0.94	3.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.25	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.27	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	2.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	10.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	5.53	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.31	0.77	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.47	0.00	0.47	0.78	0.00	0.00	1.17	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.28	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	2.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.00	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.78	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5.53	22.56	2.12	0.80	10.10	12.87	0.94	8.08	1.74	0.62	0.92	0.16

Lake	<i>Nitzschia sinuata</i> var. <i>sinuata</i>	<i>Nitzschia sinuata</i> var. <i>tabellaria</i>	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp.	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 3 aff. <i>dealtyna</i>	<i>Nitzschia</i> sp. 4	<i>Pinnularia biceps</i>	<i>Pinnularia birnirkiana</i>	<i>Pinnularia borealis</i> var. <i>lancoolata</i>	<i>Pinnularia brebissonii</i>	<i>Pinnularia</i> cf. <i>brebissonii</i>	<i>Pinnularia nodosa</i> morph 1	<i>Pinnularia nodosiformis</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.95	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.79	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.32	0.48	0.25	4.45	4.29	0.63	2.54	0.00	0.40	0.16	6.95	0.18

Lake	<i>Pinnularia rhombarea</i>	<i>Pinnularia</i> sp.	<i>Pinnularia</i> sp. 1	<i>Placoneis elgimensis</i>	<i>Placoneis explanata</i>	<i>Placoneis placentula</i>	<i>Placoneis pseudanglica</i>	<i>Planorhynchium calcar</i>	<i>Planorhynchium frequentissimum</i>	<i>Planorhynchium lanceolatum</i> (ssp. oder aff.) ssp. lanceoloides(?)	<i>Planorhynchium oestrupii</i>	<i>Planorhynchium perregalii</i>
S40	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.67
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.19
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.13
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.25	0.00	0.37	0.00	1.72	0.00
CI22	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1.54	0.32	0.27	0.47	1.01	0.32	0.45	0.27	2.06	0.49	1.72	2.67

Lake	<i>Planorhynchus rostratum</i>	<i>Psammophilium abundans f. rosenstockii</i>	<i>Psammophilium bioretii</i>	<i>Psammophilium didymum</i>	<i>Psammophilium grischanum f. duonensis</i>	<i>Psammophilium helveticum</i>	<i>Psammophilium levanderi</i>	<i>Psammophilium marginatum</i>	<i>Psammophilium saccatum</i>	<i>Psammophilium subatomoides</i>	<i>Psammophilium ventralis</i>	<i>Pseudostaurastrum brevisirata</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	1.24	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.00	1.46	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.66	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	51.65
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.16
HW06	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.73
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.02
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.32
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.16
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	2.38	0.00	1.74	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00	6.70
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.92
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	2.12
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.80
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	42.16	1.96	0.00	33.17	0.00	0.00	3.59	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.14	0.00	0.24	0.64	0.00	3.70
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	1.35	0.00	3.25	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00	0.54	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50
DV06	0.00	5.11	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.51
DV07	0.00	16.50	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	3.38
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.16
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	27.22
CI32	0.00	2.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	3.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.30	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.87
Allen	0.16	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00	0.63	0.63
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.31
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.94	1.34	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.40	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.08
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.21	0.00	4.55
CI11	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00	2.50
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.81
WB01	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.92
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	1.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.24	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	9.56
WB04	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.00	30.90
WB03	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.26
KR07	0.00	2.92	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.31	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	1.27	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
KR01	0.00	0.16	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	1.79
KR04	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.90
KR08	0.00	0.58	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.58	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.48
JR02	0.00	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.00	11.32
JR01	0.00	0.55	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.67
JR05	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	3.44
JR06	0.00	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.11
	0.40	16.50	1.35	0.75	42.16	2.38	3.40	33.17	1.84	0.64	3.59	51.65

Lake	<i>Pseudostaurastrum brevisriata (form L)</i>	<i>Pseudostaurastrum pseudocostruens</i>	<i>Reimeria sinuata</i>	<i>Rhopalodia aff. gibba</i>	<i>Rossthidium petersenii</i>	<i>Rossthidium pusillum</i>	<i>Sellaphora bacillum</i>	<i>Fallacia (Sellaphora?) helenis</i>	<i>Sellaphora laevissima</i>	<i>Sellaphora mutata</i>	<i>Sellaphora pupula morph 4</i>	<i>Sellaphora pupula var. pupula</i>
S40	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.93
Long	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.80	0.53	0.40	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	1.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38
E509	0.00	2.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.76
E506	0.00	15.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	25.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	4.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26
HW02	0.00	4.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.07
HW07	0.00	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.05	1.26	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.05
E516	0.00	2.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	4.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.06	0.22	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.87	0.00
CI17	0.00	11.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	24.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.37	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88
CI25	0.00	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	10.84	0.24	0.00	0.16	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.71	0.00
CI26	0.00	5.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	2.25	13.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	5.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45
DV06	0.38	6.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	8.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	13.91	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	5.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00	0.00
CI32	7.23	3.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	7.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	2.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.43	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	7.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	6.92	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.13	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.13
CI07	0.00	5.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27
CI09	0.00	9.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	8.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	3.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	4.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	1.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	15.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	5.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	7.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.16
WB02	0.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
WB04	0.76	9.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22
WB03	0.00	6.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12
KR07	0.00	18.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31
KR02	0.00	6.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	49.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	49.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	37.03	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.73
JR02	0.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21
JR01	0.00	25.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	11.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96
JR06	0.00	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.78
	7.23	49.84	0.69	0.29	4.15	6.85	0.44	2.06	1.96	2.06	19.87	1.76

Lake	<i>Sellaphora verecundiae</i>	<i>Simonsenia delognei</i>	<i>Stauroneis</i> (?nov) spec. cf. <i>amphicephala</i>	<i>Stauroneis anceps</i>	<i>Stauroneis cf. gracilima</i>	<i>Stauroneis cf. undata</i>	<i>Stauroneis koeltzii</i>	<i>Stauroneis neohyalina</i>	<i>Stauroneis phoenicentron</i>	<i>Stauroneis smithii</i>	<i>Stauroneis smithii</i> var. <i>borgei</i>	<i>Stauroneis sp.-1</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35
E506	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.16	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.25	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.74	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.51	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.95	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.13	0.00	7.37	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.09	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.32	0.46	0.04	2.06	0.13	0.16	7.37	1.16	1.16	1.74	1.95	0.35

Lake	<i>Stauroneis</i> sp.2	<i>Staurosira construens</i> f. <i>subsalina</i>	<i>Staurosira venter</i>	<i>Staurosira construens</i> f. <i>exigua</i>	<i>Staurosirella pinnata</i>	<i>Staurosirella pinnata</i> (long form)	<i>Staurosirella pinnata</i> var. <i>lanceolata/acuminatum</i>	<i>Stephanodiscus medius</i>	<i>Surirella bifrons</i>	<i>Surirella brebissonii</i>	<i>Surirella linearis</i>	<i>Surirella linearis</i> var. <i>constricta</i>
S40	0.00	0.00	3.57	0.00	2.33	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Long	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.00	43.29	13.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kettle	0.00	0.00	38.99	0.00	56.61	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E509	0.00	0.00	29.75	0.00	14.16	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E507	0.00	0.00	32.86	0.00	33.74	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E506	0.00	3.18	38.49	0.00	10.85	0.14	2.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	58.04	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E505	0.00	2.72	8.82	0.00	69.39	9.69	2.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E503	0.00	0.00	39.18	0.00	7.55	3.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW03	0.00	0.00	2.73	0.00	39.45	2.60	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00
HW02	0.00	0.00	7.78	0.00	44.63	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HW07	0.00	0.10	4.35	0.00	66.47	2.51	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E516	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00	67.73	9.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E515	0.00	0.00	2.39	0.00	39.05	10.52	3.04	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	0.00	0.11
CI17	0.15	0.00	3.85	0.00	30.05	9.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI20	0.00	0.74	9.93	0.00	21.32	2.45	3.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI22	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI23	0.00	4.30	9.10	0.00	26.68	5.06	3.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI25	0.00	0.00	36.20	0.00	36.04	20.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI27	0.00	4.01	6.36	0.00	35.27	3.85	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.99	13.95	16.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV23	0.00	4.26	11.09	0.00	12.54	9.81	11.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV05	0.00	0.30	17.07	0.00	16.77	11.23	4.04	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV06	0.00	0.00	14.43	0.00	17.62	6.90	25.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV07	0.00	5.13	26.75	0.00	7.63	8.00	8.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV01	0.00	0.00	55.90	0.00	1.64	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DV02	0.00	0.00	3.99	0.00	1.76	11.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	65.31	2.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI33	0.00	0.00	30.62	0.00	14.79	8.28	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	25.39	2.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI31	0.00	0.00	5.13	0.00	24.89	15.23	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Allen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.06	4.44	4.76	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wolf	0.00	0.00	5.28	0.00	33.63	11.34	3.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI01	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.94	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.27	0.00	0.00
CI14	0.00	0.00	2.26	0.00	43.81	5.73	11.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI07	0.00	0.00	2.14	0.00	32.87	2.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	64.18	15.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI09	0.00	3.46	12.05	0.00	34.49	6.36	4.69	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00
CI12	0.00	1.37	5.29	0.00	16.38	3.07	4.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI11	0.00	3.82	18.60	0.00	32.16	9.83	4.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CI10	0.00	0.00	13.21	0.33	36.70	5.87	7.18	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB07	0.00	0.00	37.74	0.00	2.74	1.31	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB01	0.00	0.00	32.57	0.00	22.62	3.06	4.11	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB05	0.00	0.00	7.54	0.00	7.54	8.63	3.77	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00
WB02	0.00	0.00	18.97	0.00	10.59	2.65	7.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB04	0.00	11.21	24.48	0.00	7.73	2.07	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WB03	0.00	4.57	24.28	0.00	5.89	1.56	3.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR07	0.00	0.00	10.29	0.00	0.00	1.08	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15
KR02	0.00	0.00	58.02	0.00	13.49	3.18	8.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR01	0.00	0.00	4.36	0.00	10.27	4.51	4.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR04	0.00	0.16	21.04	0.00	6.96	2.10	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KR08	0.00	0.87	12.97	0.00	20.85	2.33	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
JR02	0.00	0.00	19.44	0.00	25.56	5.42	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR01	0.00	7.21	31.51	0.00	9.86	3.56	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR05	0.00	0.00	12.24	0.00	19.26	2.20	0.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JR06	0.00	0.00	51.03	0.00	22.22	8.27	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.15	11.21	58.02	0.33	69.39	25.39	25.03	0.16	0.94	1.12	0.58	0.15

Lake	<i>Surirella minuta</i>	<i>Surirella turgida</i>	<i>Tabellaria flocculosa</i>	unidentifiable <i>Fragilaria sensu lato</i>	unidentifiable valves	Maximum %	# taxa per lake	# genera	Total Concentration (valves/cc)	Diatom sums (valves)
S40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.73	22.05	48	26	4,426,036	644
Long	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	43.29	51	29	14,231,700	753
Kettle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	56.61	18	13	1,548,439,200	1,862
E509	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.51	0.00	51.65	12	9	1,681,268,400	1,059
E507	0.00	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	33.74	20	18	236,590,200	669
E506	0.00	0.00	3.76	0.00	2.32	38.49	22	14	62,687,520	691
HW06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.48	47.86	34	22	296,881,200	748
HW05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	58.04	21	13	1,600,300,800	1,008
E505	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	69.39	20	13	728,708,400	918
E503	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	39.18	20	10	151,299,225	781
HW03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	1.56	39.45	37	24	406,425,600	768
HW02	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.04	44.63	55	32	4,467,506,400	2,814
HW07	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.05	66.47	52	32	3,286,332,000	2,070
E516	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	67.73	41	25	2,538,572,400	1,599
E515	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	1.95	39.05	50	32	1,460,862,900	922
E511	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	32.10	29	19	673,996,950	891
CI17	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	30.05	47	27	3,606,233,400	649
CI20	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	2.45	24.88	44	24	226,195,200	816
CI22	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.74	8.08	50	24	1,618,252,892	631
CI23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	2.02	26.68	32	19	13,185,811,800	791
CI25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	36.20	8	5	10,268,596,800	616
CI27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	35.27	69	35	42,441,310,800	1,273
CI26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.99	28	16	2,337,476,400	631
CI29	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.33	42.16	34	22	15,422,400	612
DV23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	13.67	58	27	517,255,200	1,244
DV24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.34	38	22	6,221,408	627
DV10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.03	7.31	58	22	97,769,700	739
DV05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	17.07	51	29	185,169,600	668
DV06	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.89	25.03	40	21	310,772,700	783
DV07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.50	26.75	26	16	221,760,000	800
DV08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	46.47	44	22	207,023,040	652
DV01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	55.90	19	15	242,109,000	610
DV02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.44	55.11	23	18	43,381,800	626
CI34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.34	65.31	61	31	2,773,537,200	1,747
CI33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	30.62	21	14	562,161,600	676
CI32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.28	25.39	38	22	117,255,600	705
CI31	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.00	1.51	24.89	48	25	263,144,700	663
Allen	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.32	1.27	12.06	86	37	500,094,000	630
Wolf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.77	33.63	51	27	42,253,200	776
CI01	0.13	0.54	0.00	0.00	3.22	12.87	74	32	98,695,800	746
CI14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	43.81	52	28	25,038,039,600	751
CI07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.27	32.87	56	28	165,072,600	794
CI08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.27	64.18	48	28	299,148,300	737
CI09	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.90	0.00	34.49	65	30	1,422,489,600	896
CI12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	17.86	65	31	750,934,800	946
CI11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	32.16	69	35	7,236,280,800	2,279
CI10	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	1.47	36.70	53	27	254,885,400	613
WB07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	37.74	41	24	63,504,000	840
WB01	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.44	1.46	32.57	43	22	2,281,381,200	1,437
WB05	0.00	0.63	1.57	0.00	5.02	10.99	70	35	105,945,840	637
WB02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.15	18.97	48	27	359,856,000	680
WB04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	30.90	46	23	382,120,200	919
WB03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.44	24.28	57	31	62,899,200	832
KR07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.54	18.13	62	30	147,646,800	651
KR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	58.02	31	16	12,478,536	786
KR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	49.42	70	28	680,022,000	1,285
KR04	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.46	0.16	49.84	26	13	327,045,600	618
KR08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.75	37.03	51	26	544,546,800	686
JR02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.14	25.56	48	24	299,376,000	1,440
JR01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	31.51	39	22	910,602,000	1,095
JR05	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.93	2.61	19.26	40	23	120,914,640	727
JR06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	51.03	23	16	160,914,600	774
	0.32	0.63	3.76	2.44	5.02	69.39	86	37	42,441,310,800	2,814
						7.31	8	5	4,426,036	610